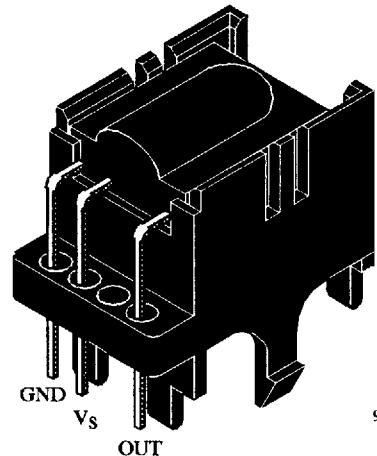


## Photo Modules for PCM Remote Control Systems

Special series with short integration time for short burst codes or enhanced data rates

### Available types for different carrier frequencies

Type	$f_0$	Type	$f_0$
TFMT 1300	30 kHz	TFMT 1330	33 kHz
TFMT 1360	36 kHz	TFMT 1370	36.7 kHz
TFMT 1380	38 kHz	TFMT 1400	40 kHz
TFMT 1560	56 kHz		



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### Description

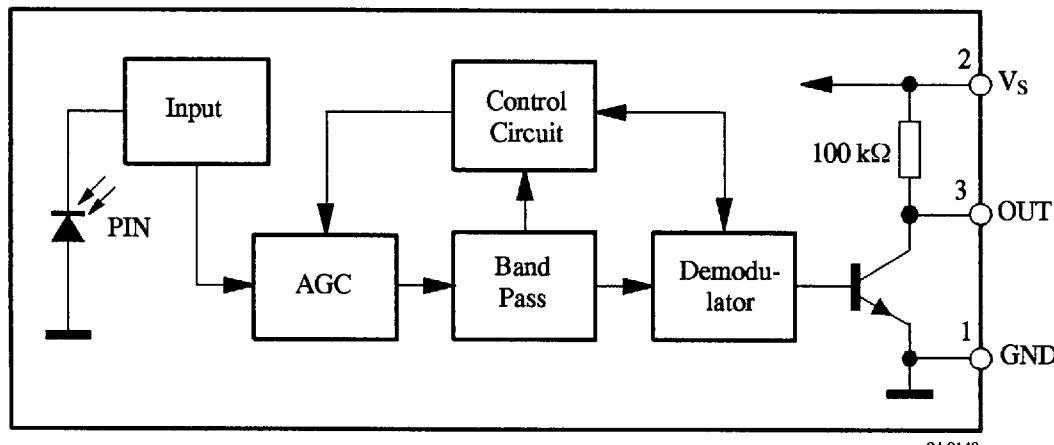
The TFMT 1..0 - series are miniaturized receivers for infrared remote control systems. PIN diode and preamplifier are assembled on lead frame, the epoxy package is designed as IR filter.

The demodulated output signal can directly be decoded by a microprocessor. The main benefit is the reliable function even in disturbed ambient and the protection against uncontrolled output pulses.

### Features

- Receiver module for transmission codes with short bursts ( $N \geq 6$  pulses per bit)
- Photo detector and preamplifier in one package
- Output active low (active high modules: TFMT 1..9)
- Internal filter for PCM frequency
- High immunity against ambient light, optimized against burst noise
- Improved shielding against electric field disturbance
- 5 Volt supply voltage, low power consumption
- TTL and CMOS compatibility
- Low power consumption (typical 2.5 mW)
- 2.4 kbit/s data transmission rate possible ( $N=6$ ,  $f_0=56$  kHz)

### Block Diagram



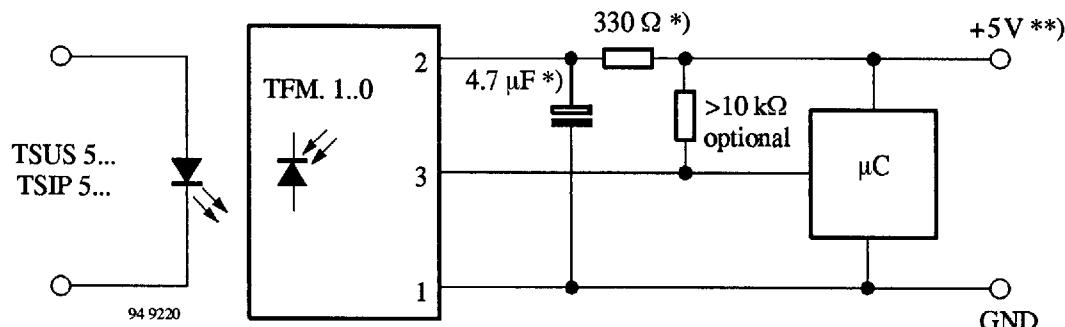
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**Absolute Maximum Ratings** $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$ 

Parameter	Test Conditions	Symbol	Value	Unit
Supply Voltage	(Pin 2)	$V_S$	-0.3...6.0	V
Supply Current	(Pin 2)	$I_S$	5	mA
Output Voltage	(Pin 3)	$V_O$	-0.3...6.0	V
Output Current	(Pin 3)	$I_O$	5	mA
Junction Temperature		$T_j$	100	$^\circ C$
Storage Temperature Range		$T_{stg}$	-25...+85	$^\circ C$
Operating Temperature Range		$T_{amb}$	-25...+85	$^\circ C$
Power Consumption	( $T_{amb} \leq 85^\circ C$ )	$P_{tot}$	50	mW
Soldering Temperature	$t \leq 10 s$	$T_{sd}$	260	$^\circ C$

**Basic Characteristics** $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$ 

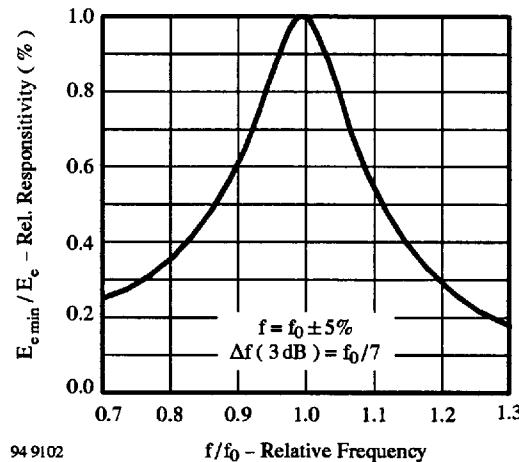
Parameter	Test Conditions	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply Current (Pin 2)	$V_S = 5 V, E_v = 0$	$I_{SD}$	0.4	0.5	0.8	mA
Supply Current (Pin 2)	$V_S = 5 V, E_v = 40 \text{ klx, sunlight}$	$I_{SH}$		1.0		mA
Transmission Distance	$E_v = 0$ , Test signal see Fig.7, IR diode TSIP5201, $I_F = 1.5 A$	$d$		32		m
Output Voltage Low (Pin 3)	$I_{OSL} = 0.5 \text{ mA}, E_e = 0.7 \text{ mW/m}^2$ , $f = f_o$ , Test signal see Fig.7	$V_{OSL}$			250	mV
Irradiance (30 - 40 kHz)	Test signal see Fig.7	$E_e \text{ min}$		0.4	0.6	$\text{mW/m}^2$
Irradiance (56 kHz)	Test signal see Fig.7	$E_e \text{ min}$		0.45	0.7	$\text{mW/m}^2$
Irradiance	Test signal see Fig.7	$E_e \text{ max}$	20			$\text{W/m}^2$
Directivity	Angle of half transmission distance	$\varphi_{1/2}$		$\pm 55$		deg

**Application Circuit**

\*) only necessary to suppress power supply disturbances

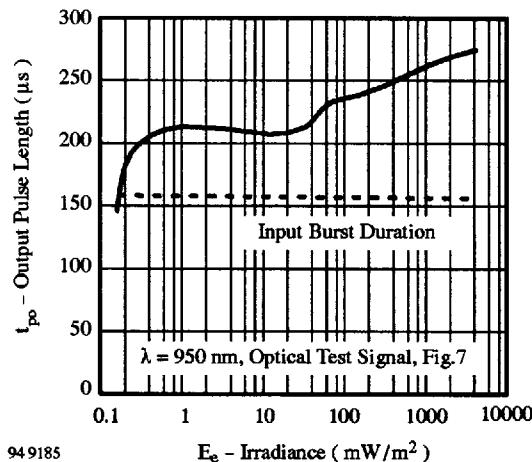
\*\*) tolerated supply voltage range :  $4.5 V < V_S < 5.5 V$

## Typical Characteristics ( $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$ unless otherwise specified)



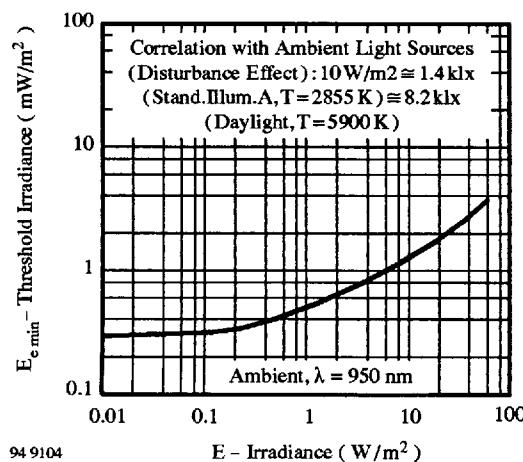
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Figure 1 : Frequency Dependence of Responsivity



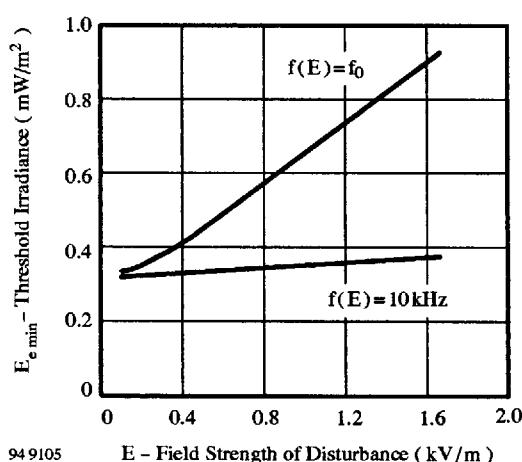
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Figure 2 : Sensitivity in Dark Ambient



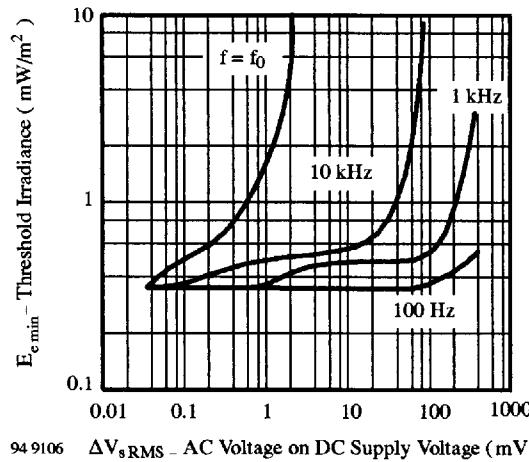
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Figure 3 : Sensitivity in Bright Ambient



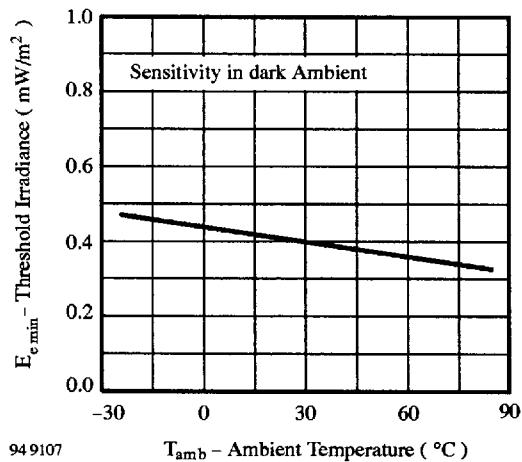
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Figure 4 : Sensitivity vs. Electric Field Disturbances



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Figure 5 : Sensitivity vs. Supply Voltage Disturbances



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Figure 6 : Sensitivity vs. Ambient Temperature

# TFMT 1.0

TEMIC

TELEFUNKEN Semiconductors

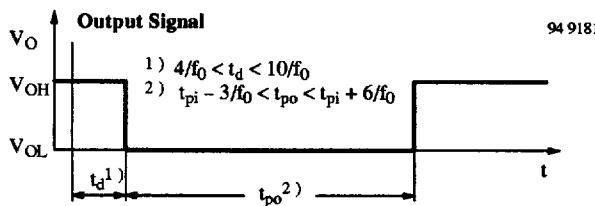
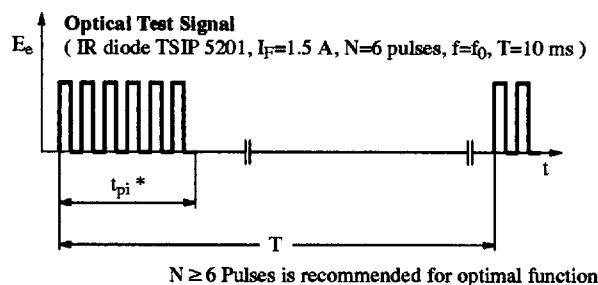


Figure 7 : Output Function

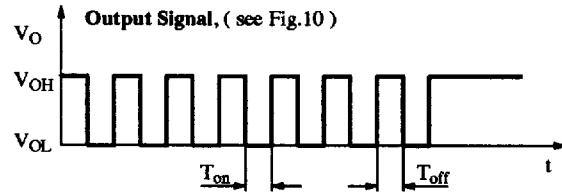
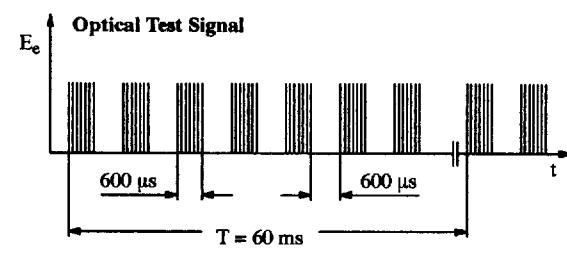


Figure 8 : Output Function

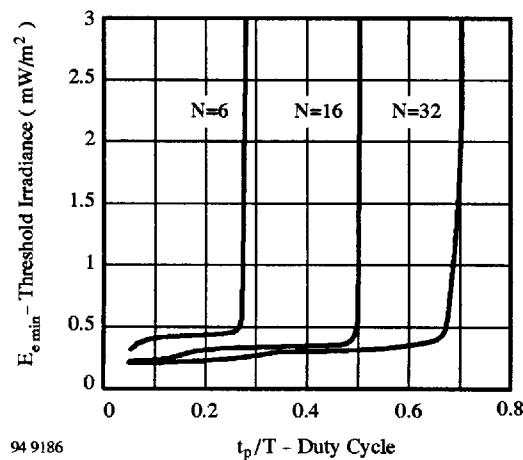


Figure 9 : Sensitivity vs. Duty Cycle

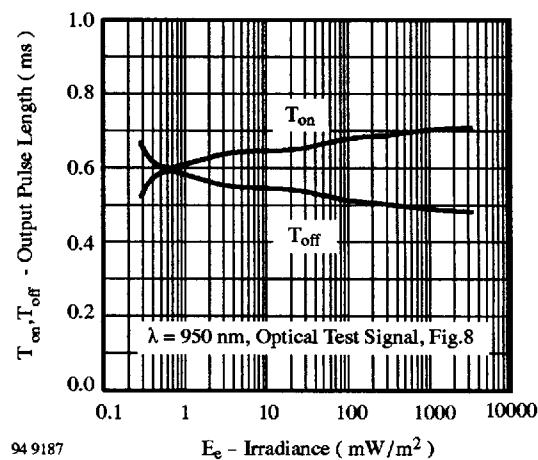


Figure 10 : Output Pulse Diagram

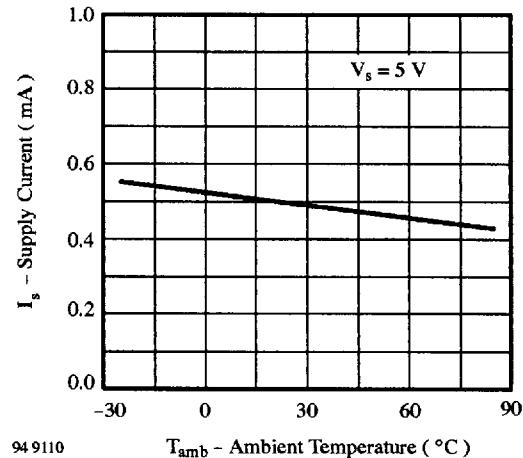


Figure 11 : Supply Current vs. Ambient Temperature

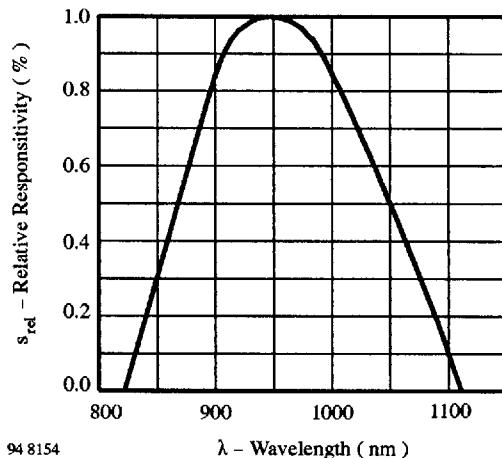
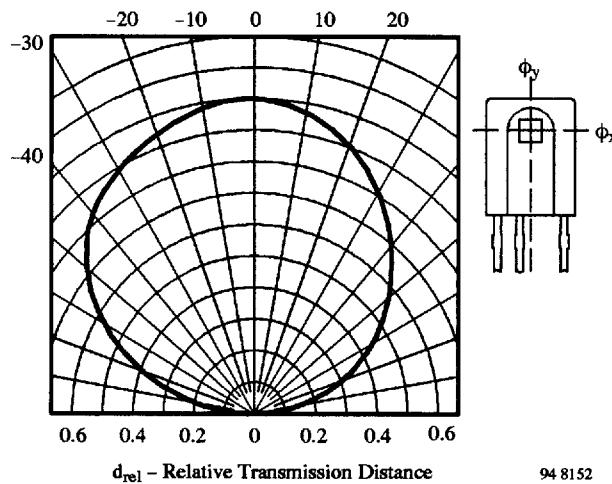
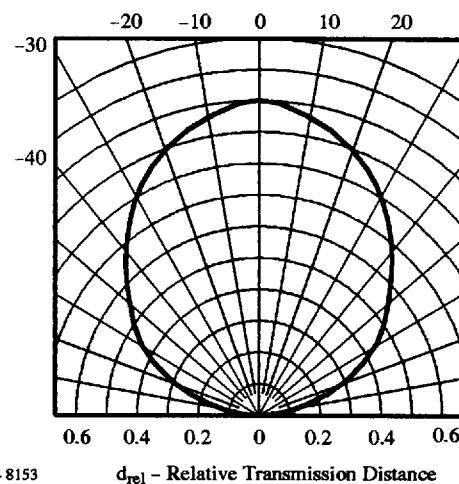


Figure 12 : Spectral Response

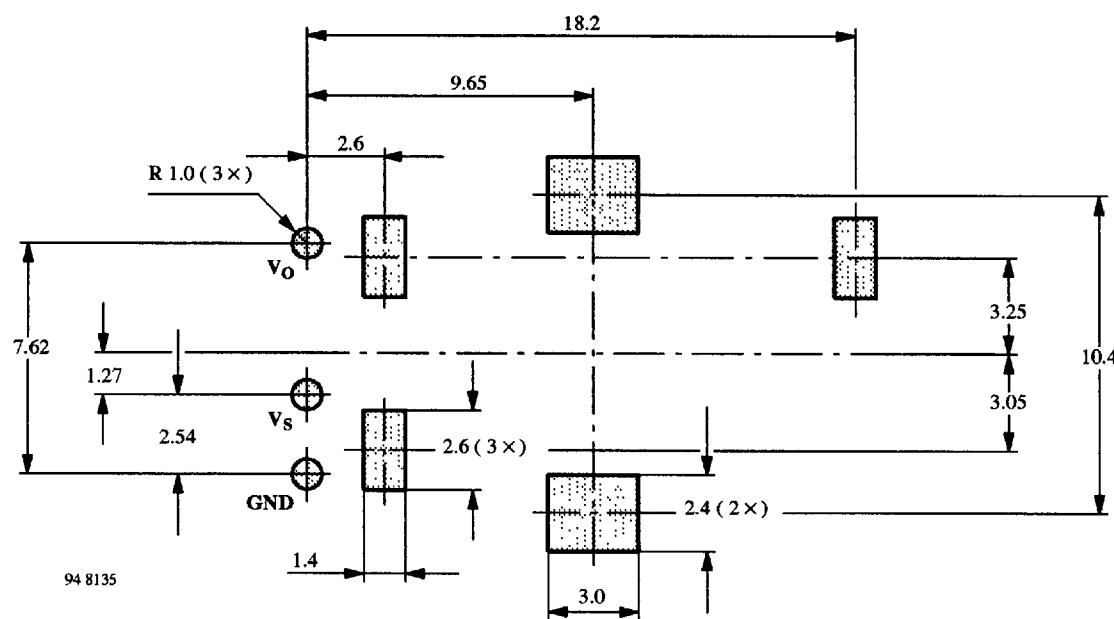


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**Board Hole Diagram (Solder side, dimensions in mm, tolerances  $\pm 0.3$  mm)**



## Dimensions in mm

