

# FSB50250A, FSB50250AT Motion SPM<sup>®</sup> 5 FRFET<sup>®</sup> Series



### **Features**

- 500 V R\_{\rm DS(on)}= 3.8  $\Omega({\rm Max})$  FRFET MOSFET 3-Phase Inverter Including HVICs
- Three Separate Open-Source Pins from Low Side MOSFETs for Three Leg Current Sensing
- HVIC for Gate Driving and Undervoltage Protection
- Active-High Interface, Can Work With 3.3 V / 5 V Logic
- · Optimized for Low Electromagnetic Interference
- · Isolation Voltage Rating of 1500 Vrms for 1 min.
- · Temperature Sensing Built in HVIC
- · Embedded Bootstrap Diode in the Package
- · RoHS Compliant

## **Applications**

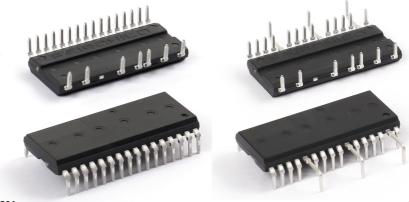
 3-Phase Inverter Driver for Small Power AC Motor Drives

## **General Description**

FSB50250A and FSB50250AT are an Advanced Motion SPM5 Series Based on Fast-Recovery MOSFET(FR FET) Technology as a Compact Inverter Solution for Small Power Motor Drive Applications Such as Fans and Pumps. FSB50250A and FSB50250AT Contains Six FRFET MOSFETs. Three Half-Bridge Gate Drive HVICs with Temperature Sensing, and Three Bootstrap Diodes in a Compact Package Fully Isolated and Optimized for Thermal Performance. FSB50250A and FSB50250AT Features Low Electromagnetic Interference(EMI) Characteristics Through Optimizing Switching Speed and Reducing Parasitic Inductance. Since FSB50250A and FSB50250AT Employs MOSFETs as Power Switches, It Povides Much More Ruggedness and Larger Safe Operating Area(SOA) than IGBT-Based Power Modules. FSB50250A and FSB50250AT are the Right Solution for Compact and Reliable Inverter Designs Where the Assembly Space is Constrained.

### **Related Source**

- RD-FSB50450A: Reference Design for Motion SPM5 Series Ver.2
- AN-9082: Motion SPM5 Series Thermal Performance by Contact Pressure



FSB50250A FSB50250AT

## **Package Marking & Ordering Information**

<b>Device Marking</b>	ce Marking Device Pa		ackage Reel Size		Quantity	
FSB50250A	FSB50250A	SPM5P-023	-	RAIL	15	
FSB50250AT	FSB50250AT	SPM5N-023	-	RAIL	15	

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Inverter Part (Each MOSFET® Unless Otherwise Specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Rating	Unit
V <sub>PN</sub>	DC Link Input Voltage, Drain-Source Voltage of Each MOSFET		500	V
*I <sub>D 25</sub>	Each MOSFET Drain Current, Continuous	T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	1.2	Α
*I <sub>D 80</sub>	Each MOSFET Drain Current, Continuous	T <sub>C</sub> = 80°C	0.9	Α
*I <sub>DP</sub>	Each MOSFET Drain Current, Peak	T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C, PW < 100 μs	3.1	Α
*I <sub>DRMS</sub>	Each MOSFET Drain Current, Rms	T <sub>C</sub> = 80°C, F <sub>PWM</sub> < 20 KHz	0.6	A <sub>rms</sub>
*P <sub>D</sub>	Maximum Power Dissipation	T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C, For Each MOSFET	13.4	W

## Control Part (Each HVIC Unless Otherwise Specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Rating	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	Control Supply Voltage	Applied Between V <sub>CC</sub> and COM	20	V
$V_{BS}$	High-side Bias Voltage	Applied Between V <sub>B</sub> and V <sub>S</sub>	20	V
$V_{IN}$	Input Signal Voltage	Applied Between IN and COM	- 0.3 ~ V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V

## Bootstrap Diode Part (Each Bootstrap diode Unless Otherwise Specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Rating	Unit
V <sub>RRMB</sub>	Maximum Repetitive Reverse Voltage		500	V
* I <sub>FB</sub>	Forward Current	T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	0.5	Α
* I <sub>FPB</sub>	Forward Current (Peak)	T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C, Under 1ms Pulse Width	1.5	А

## **Thermal Resistance**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Rating	Unit
$R_{ heta JC}$	Junction to Case Thermal Resistance	Each MOSFET under Inverter Operating Condition (Note 1)	9.3	°C/W

## **Total System**

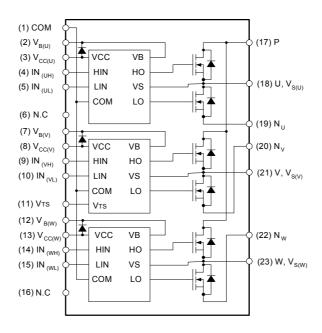
Symbol	Parameter Conditions		Rating	Unit
$T_J$	Operating Junction Temperature		-40 ~ 150	°C
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature		-40 ~ 125	°C
V <sub>ISO</sub>	Isolation Voltage	60 Hz, Sinusoidal, 1 minute, Connection Pins to Heatsink	1500	V <sub>rms</sub>

#### Note

- 1. For the Measurement Point of Case Temperature  $T_C$ , Please refer to Figure 4.
- 2. Marking " \* " Is Calculation Value or Design Factor.

## Pin descriptions

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Description	
1	СОМ	IC Common Supply Ground	
2	V <sub>B(U)</sub>	Bias Voltage for U Phase High Side MOSFET® Driving	
3	V <sub>CC(U)</sub>	Bias Voltage for U Phase IC and Low Side MOSFET Driving	
4	IN <sub>(UH)</sub>	Signal Input for U Phase High-Side	
5	IN <sub>(UL)</sub>	Signal Input for U Phase Low-Side	
6	N.C	N.C	
7	V <sub>B(V)</sub>	Bias Voltage for V Phase High Side MOSFET Driving	
8	V <sub>CC(V)</sub>	Bias Voltage for V Phase IC and Low Side MOSFET Driving	
9	IN <sub>(VH)</sub>	Signal Input for V Phase High-Side	
10	IN <sub>(VL)</sub> Signal Input for V Phase Low-Side		
11	11 V <sub>TS</sub> Output for HVIC Temperature Sensing		
12	V <sub>B(W)</sub>	Bias Voltage for W Phase High Side MOSFET Driving	
13	V <sub>CC(W)</sub>	Bias Voltage for W Phase IC and Low Side MOSFET Driving	
14	IN <sub>(WH)</sub>	Signal Input for W Phase High-Side	
15	IN <sub>(WL)</sub>	Signal Input for W Phase Low-Side	
16	N.C	N.C	
17	Р	Positive DC-Link Input	
18	U, V <sub>S(U)</sub>	Output for U Phase & Bias Voltage Ground for High Side MOSFET Driving	
19	N <sub>U</sub>	Negative DC-Link Input for U Phase	
20	N <sub>V</sub>	Negative DC–Link Input for V Phase	
21	V, V <sub>S(V)</sub>	Output for V Phase & Bias Voltage Ground for High Side MOSFET Driving	
22	N <sub>W</sub>	Negative DC-Link Input for W Phase	
23	W, V <sub>S(W)</sub>	Output for W Phase & Bias Voltage Ground for High Side MOSFET Driving	



### Note:

Source Terminal of Each Low-Side MOSFET is Not Connected to Supply Ground or Bias Voltage Ground Inside Motion SPM®. External Connections Should be Made as Indicated in Figure 3

Figure 1. Pin Configuration and Internal Block Diagram (Bottom View)

## **Electrical Characteristics** ( $T_J = 25$ °C, $V_{CC} = V_{BS} = 15$ V Unless Otherwise Specified)

Inverter Part (Each MOSFET® Unless Otherwise Specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0V, I <sub>D</sub> = 1 mA (Note 1)	500	-	-	V
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0V, V <sub>DS</sub> = 500 V	-	-	1	mA
R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>BS</sub> = 15 V, V <sub>IN</sub> = 5 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 0.5 A	-	2.5	3.8	Ω
$V_{SD}$	Drain-Source Diode Forward Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>BS</sub> = 15V, V <sub>IN</sub> = 0V, I <sub>D</sub> = -0.5 A	-	-	1.2	V
t <sub>ON</sub>			-	1150	-	ns
t <sub>OFF</sub>		$V_{PN}$ = 300 V, $V_{CC}$ = $V_{BS}$ = 15 V, $I_D$ = 0.5 A $V_{IN}$ = 0 V $\leftrightarrow$ 5 V, Inductive Load L= 3 mH High- and Low-Side MOSFET Switching (Note 2)	-	950	-	ns
t <sub>rr</sub>	Switching Times		-	190	-	ns
E <sub>ON</sub>			-	40	-	μJ
E <sub>OFF</sub>			-	10	-	μJ
RBSOA	Reverse-Bias Safe Operating Area $V_{PN} = 400 \text{ V}, V_{CC} = V_{BS} = 15 \text{ V}, I_D = I_{DP}, V_{DS} = BV_{DSS}, I_D = 150 ^{\circ}C$ High- and Low-Side MOSFET Switching (Note 3)			Full	Square	

### Control Part (Each HVIC Unless Otherwise Specified)

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions		Тур	Max	Unit
I <sub>QCC</sub>	Quiescent V <sub>CC</sub> Current	V <sub>CC</sub> =15 V, V <sub>IN</sub> =0V	Applied Between V <sub>CC</sub> and COM	-	-	200	μΑ
I <sub>QBS</sub>	Quiescent V <sub>BS</sub> Current	V <sub>BS</sub> =15 V, V <sub>IN</sub> =0V	Applied Between $V_{B(U)}$ -U, $V_{B(V)}$ -V, $V_{B(W)}$ -W	-	-	100	μΑ
UV <sub>CCD</sub>	Low-Side Undervoltage V <sub>CC</sub> Undervoltage Protection Detection Level		7.4	8.0	9.4	V	
UV <sub>CCR</sub>	Protection (Figure 8)	V <sub>CC</sub> Undervoltage Protection Reset Level		8.0	8.9	9.8	V
UV <sub>BSD</sub>	High-Side Undervoltage	V <sub>BS</sub> Undervoltage F	Protection Detection Level	7.4	8.0	9.4	V
UV <sub>BSR</sub>	Protection (Figure 9)	V <sub>BS</sub> Undervoltage Protection Reset Level		8.0	8.9	9.8	V
V <sub>TS</sub>	HVIC Temperature Sens- ing Voltage Output	V <sub>CC</sub> = 15 V, T <sub>HVIC</sub> = 25°C (Note 4)		600	790	980	mV
V <sub>IH</sub>	ON Threshold Voltage	Logic High Level	Applied between IN and COM	-	-	2.9	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	OFF Threshold Voltage	Logic Low Level Applied between IN and COM		0.8	-	-	V

## Bootstrap Diode Part (Each Bootstrap diode Unless Otherwise Specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V <sub>FB</sub>	Forward Voltage	I <sub>F</sub> = 0.1 A, T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C (Note 5)	-	2.5	-	V
t <sub>rrB</sub>	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F = 0.1 \text{ A}, T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	80	-	ns

#### Note

- BV<sub>DSS</sub> is the Absolute Maximum Voltage Rating Between Drain and Source Terminal of Each MOSFET Inside Motion SPM<sup>®</sup>. V<sub>PN</sub> Should be Sufficiently Less Than This Value Considering the Effect of the Stray Inductance so that V<sub>DS</sub> Should Not Exceed BV<sub>DSS</sub> in Any Case.
- 2. t<sub>ON</sub> and t<sub>OFF</sub> Include the Propagation Delay Time of the Internal Drive IC. Listed Values are Measured at the Laboratory Test Condition, and They Can be Different According to the Field Applications Due to the Effect of Different Printed Circuit Boards and Wirings. Please see Figure 6 for the Switching Time Definition with the Switching Test Circuit of Figure 7.
- 3. The peak current and voltage of each MOSFET during the switching operation should be included in the safe operating area (SOA). Please see Figure 7 for the RBSOA test circuit that is same as the switching test circuit.
- 4.  $V_{ts}$  is only for sensing temperature of module and cannot shutdown MOSFETs automatically.
- 5. Built in bootstrap diode includes around  $15\Omega$  resistance characteristic. Please refer to Figure 2.

## **Recommended Operating Condition**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Value			Unit
Symbol	Farailletei	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Oilit
V <sub>PN</sub>	Supply Voltage	Applied Between P and N	-	300	400	V
V <sub>CC</sub>	Control Supply Voltage	Applied Between V <sub>CC</sub> and COM	13.5	15	16.5	V
V <sub>BS</sub>	High-Side Bias Voltage	Applied Between $V_B$ and $V_S$	13.5	15	16.5	V
V <sub>IN(ON)</sub>	Input ON Threshold Voltage	Applied Between IN and COM	3.0	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
V <sub>IN(OFF)</sub>	Input OFF Threshold Voltage		0	-	0.6	V
t <sub>dead</sub>	Blanking Time for Preventing Arm-Short	$V_{CC} = V_{BS} = 13.5 \sim 16.5 \text{ V}, T_{J} \le 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	1	-	-	μs
f <sub>PWM</sub>	PWM Switching Frequency	T <sub>J</sub> ≤ 150°C	-	15	-	kHz

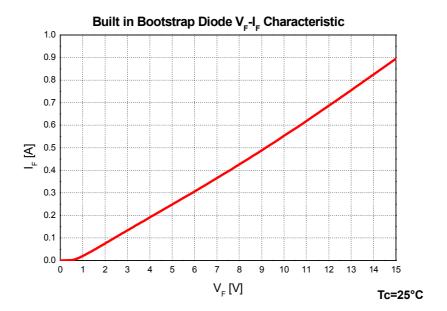
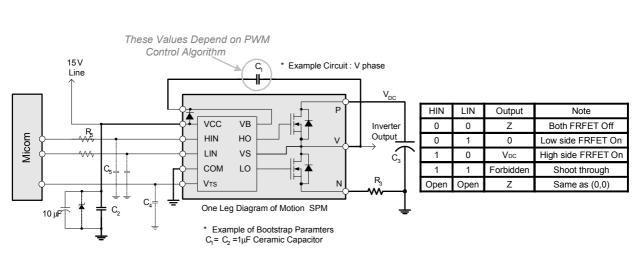


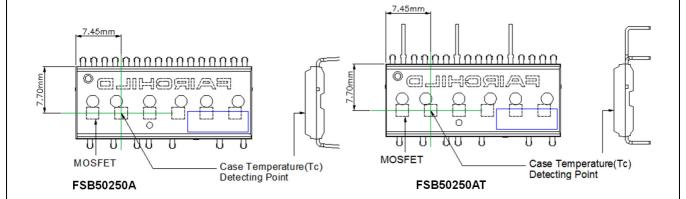
Figure 2. Built in Bootstrap Diode Characteristics (Typ.)



#### Note

- 1. Parameters for Bootstrap Circuit Elements are Dependent on PWM Algorithm. For 15 kHz of Switching Frequency, Typical Example of Parameters is Shown Above.
- 2. RC coupling (R<sub>5</sub> and C<sub>5</sub>) and C<sub>4</sub> at Each Input of Motion SPM® and Micom (Indicated as Dotted Lines) May be Used to Prevent Improper Signal Due to Surge Noise.
- 3. Bold lines should be short and thick in PCB pattern to have small stray inductance of circuit, which results in the reduction of surge voltage. Bypass capacitors such as C<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>2</sub> and C<sub>3</sub> Should Have Good High-Frequency characteristics to Absorb High-Frequency Ripple Current.

Figure 3. Recommended MCU Interface and Bootstrap Circuit with Parameters



### Note:

Attach the thermocouple on top of the heatsink-side of Motion SPM (between Motion SPM and heatsink if applied) to get the correct temperature measurement.

### **Figure 4. Case Temperature Measurement**

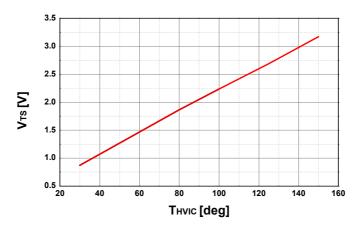
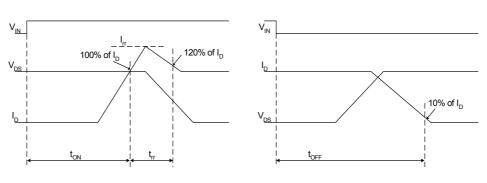


Figure 5. Temperature Profile of VTS (Typ.)



(a) Turn-on (b) Turn-off Figure 6. Switching Time Definitions

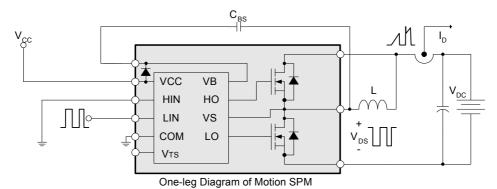


Figure 7. Switching and RBSOA (Single-pulse) Test Circuit (Low-side)

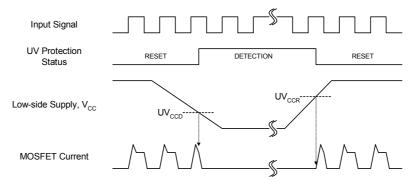


Figure 8. Undervoltage Protection (Low-side)

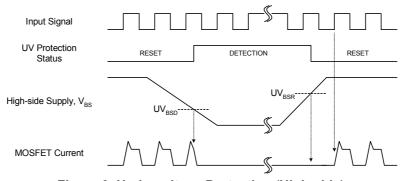
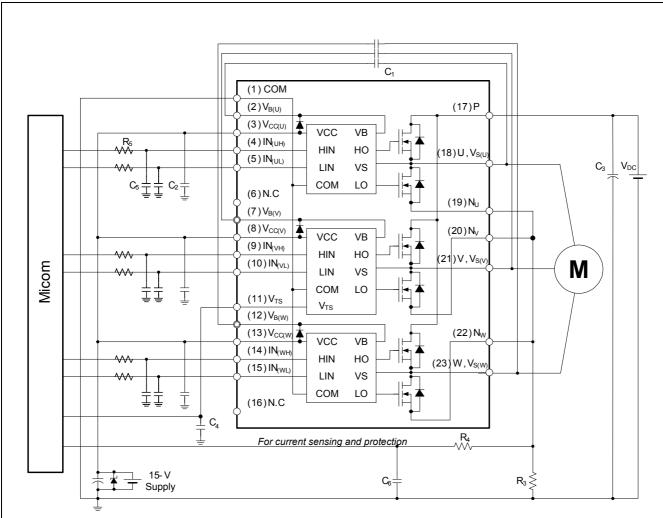


Figure 9. Undervoltage Protection (High-side)

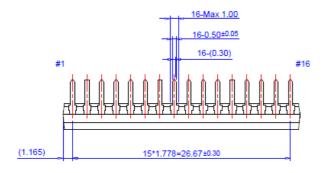


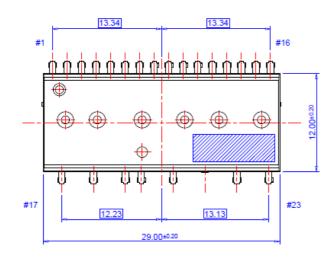
#### Note:

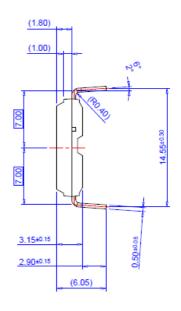
- 1. About Pin Position, Refer to Figure 1.
- 2. RC Coupling (R<sub>5</sub> and C<sub>5</sub>, R<sub>4</sub> and C<sub>6</sub>) and C<sub>4</sub> at Each Input of Motion SPM® and Micom are Useful to Prevent Improper Input Signal Caused by Surge Noise.
- 3. The voltage Drop Across R<sub>3</sub> Affects the Low Side Switching Performance and the Bootstrap Characteristics Since it is Placed Between COM and the Source Terminal of the Low Side MOSFET. For this Reason, the Voltage Drop Across R<sub>3</sub> Should Be Less Than 1 V in the Steady-State.
- $4. \ Ground \ Wires \ and \ Output \ Terminals, \ Should \ Be \ Thick \ and \ Short \ in \ Order \ to \ Avoid \ Surge \ Voltage \ and \ Malfunction \ of \ HVIC.$
- 5. All the Filter Capacitors Should Be Connected Close to Motion SPM, and They Should Have Good Characteristics for Rejecting High-Frequency Ripple Current.

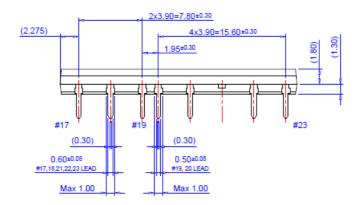
Figure 10. Example of Application Circuit

## **Detailed Package Outline Drawings (FSB50250A)**

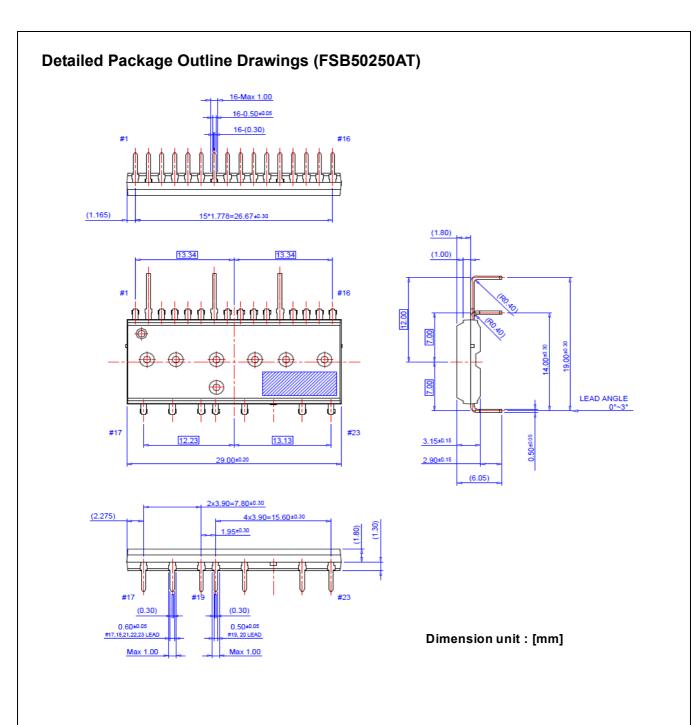








Dimension unit: [mm]







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