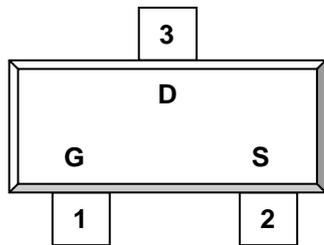


ST2302M

DESCRIPTION

The ST2302M is the N-Channel logic enhancement mode power field effect transistor are produced using high cell density, DMOS trench technology. This high density process is especially tailored to minimize on-state resistance. These devices are particularly suited for low voltage application such as cellular phone and notebook computer power management and other batter powered circuits, and low in-line power loss are needed in a very small outline surface mount package.

PIN CONFIGURATION SOT-23

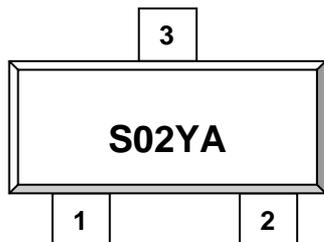


1.Gate 2.Source 3.Drain

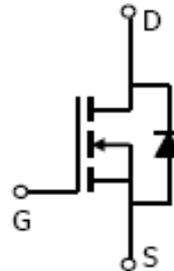
FEATURE

- 20V/3.6A, $R_{DS(ON)} = 90\text{m-ohm}$ (Typ.) @VGS = 4.5V
- 20V/3.1A, $R_{DS(ON)} = 130\text{m-ohm}$ @VGS = 2.5V
- Super high density cell design for extremely low $R_{DS(ON)}$
- Exceptional on-resistance and maximum DC current capability
- SOT-23 package design

PART MARKING SOT-23



Y: Year Code A: Process Code



ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Package	Part Marking
ST2302MSRG	SOT-23	S02YA

※ Process Code : A ~ Z ; a ~ z

※ ST2302MSRG S : SOT-23 ; R : Tape Reel ; G : Pb – Free

ST2302M
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta = 25°C Unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Typical	Unit
Drain-Source Voltage	V _{DSS}	20	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V _{GSS}	±12	V
Continuous Drain Current (T _J =150°C)	I _D	T _A =25°C 3.2	A
		T _A =70°C 2.6	
Pulsed Drain Current	I _{DM}	10	A
Continuous Source Current (Diode Conduction)	I _S	1.6	A
Power Dissipation	P _D	T _A =25°C 1.25	W
		T _A =70°C 0.8	
Operation Junction Temperature	T _J	150	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T _{STG}	-55/150	°C
Thermal Resistance-Junction to Ambient	R _{θJA}	100	°C/W

ST2302M
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = 25°C Unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Static						
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	$V_{GS}=0V, I_D=250\mu A$	20			V
Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu A$	0.5		1.2	V
Gate Leakage Current	I_{GSS}	$V_{DS}=0V, V_{GS}=\pm 12V$			± 100	nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I_{DSS}	$V_{DS}=20V, V_{GS}=0V$			1	uA
		$V_{DS}=20V, V_{GS}=0V$ $T_J=55^\circ C$			10	
On-State Drain Current	$I_{D(on)}$	$V_{DS} \geq 5V, V_{GS}=4.5V$ $V_{DS} \geq 5V, V_{GS}=2.5V$	6 4			A
Drain-source On-Resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	$V_{GS}=4.5V, I_D=3.6A$ $V_{GS}=2.5V, I_D=3.1A$		0.09 0.13		Ω
Forward Transconductance	g_{fs}	$V_{DS}=5V, I_D=3.6V$		10		S
Diode Forward Voltage	V_{SD}	$I_S=1.6A, V_{GS}=0V$		0.85	1.2	V
Dynamic						
Total Gate Charge	Q_g	$V_{DS}=10V$ $V_{GS}=4.5V$ $I_D=3.6A$		5.4	10	nC
Gate-Source Charge	Q_{gs}			0.65		
Gate-Drain Charge	Q_{gd}			1.4		
Input Capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{DS}=10V$ $V_{GS}=0V$ $F=1MHz$		340		pF
Output Capacitance	C_{oss}			115		
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{rss}			33		
Turn-On Time	$t_{d(on)tr}$	$V_{DD}=10V$ $R_L=5.5\Omega$ $I_D=3.6A$ $V_{GEN}=4.5V$ $R_G=6\Omega$		12	25	nS
Turn-Off Time	$t_{d(off)tf}$			36	60	
				34	60	
				10	25	