### OVAL SOLID STATE LAMP

Part Number: WP5603SIDLK/SD/J3 Hyper Red

#### Features

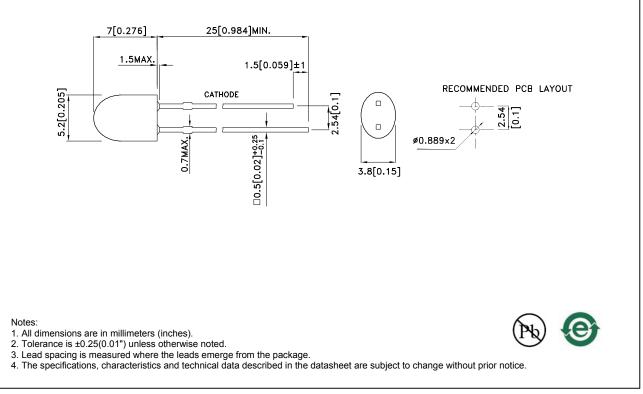
- Outstanding material efficiency.
- Reliable and rugged.
- High glass transition temperature epoxy.
- RoHS compliant.

#### Description

The Hyper Red device is based on light emitting diode chip made from AlGaInP.

High glass transition temperature epoxy.

#### **Package Dimensions**



SPEC NO: DSAN5572 APPROVED: WYNEC REV NO: V.3A CHECKED: Allen Liu DATE: JAN/09/2015 DRAWN: L.Q.Xie PAGE: 1 OF 6 ERP: 1101033401

#### **Selection Guide** Viewing lv (mcd) [2] @ 20mÅ Angle [1] Part No. Dice Lens Type 201/2 Min. Тур. 1900 3800 80°(H) WP5603SIDLK/SD/J3 Hyper Red (AlGaInP) Red Semi Diffused 40°(V) \*1000 \*2000

Notes:

1.  $\theta$ 1/2 is the angle from optical centerline where the luminous intensity is 1/2 of the optical peak value.

Luminous intensity/ luminous Flux: +/-15%.
\* Luminous intensity value is traceable to the CIE127-2007 compliant national standards.

#### Electrical / Optical Characteristics at TA=25°C

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
λpeak	Peak Wavelength	Hyper Red	640		nm	I⊧=20mA
λD [1]	Dominant Wavelength	Hyper Red	625		nm	I⊧=20mA
Δλ1/2	Spectral Line Half-width	Hyper Red	20		nm	I⊧=20mA
С	Capacitance	Hyper Red	27		pF	VF=0V;f=1MHz
VF [2]	Forward Voltage	Hyper Red	2.2	2.8	V	I⊧=20mA
lr	Reverse Current	Hyper Red		10	uA	VR = 5V

Notes:

1.Wavelength: +/-1nm.

2.Forward Voltage: +/-0.1V.

3.Wavelength value is traceable to the CIE127-2007 compliant national standards.

4.Excess driving current and/or operating temperature higher than recommended conditions may result in severe light degradation or premature failure.

#### Absolute Maximum Ratings at TA=25°C

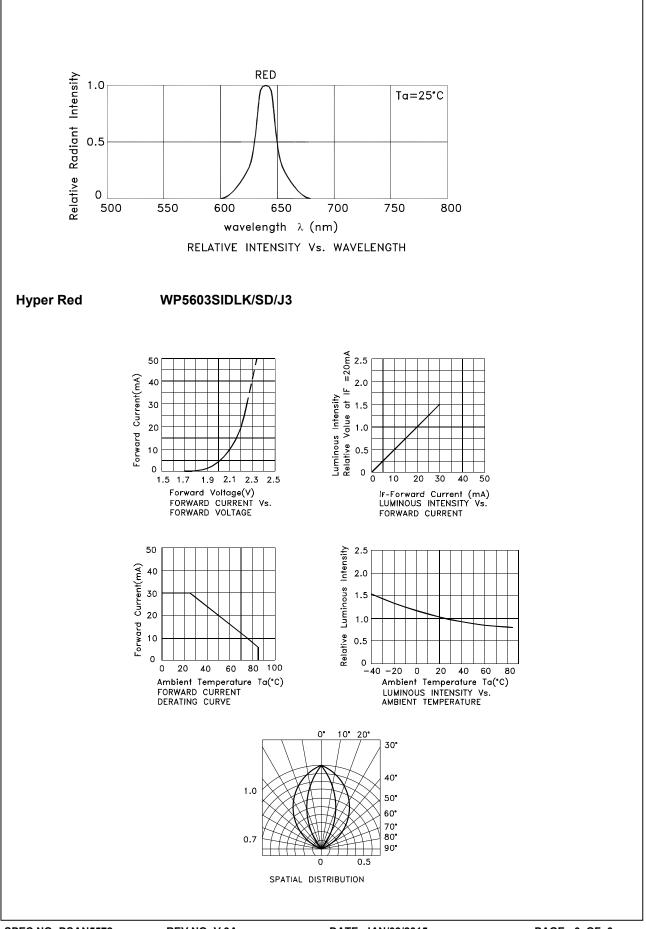
Parameter	Hyper Red			
Power dissipation	84			
DC Forward Current	30	mA		
Peak Forward Current [1]	150			
Reverse Voltage	5	V		
Operating/Storage Temperature	-40°C To +85°C			
Lead Solder Temperature [2]	260°C For 3 Seconds			
Lead Solder Temperature [3]	260°C For 5 Seconds			

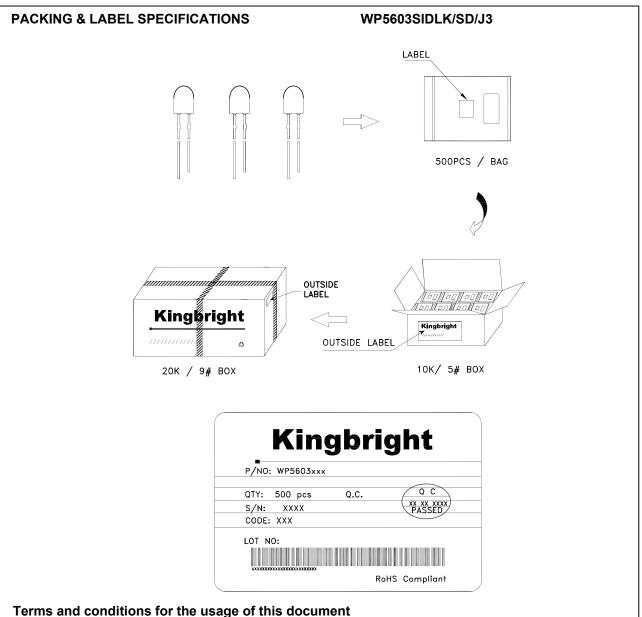
Notes:

1. 1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width.

2. 2mm below package base.

3. 5mm below package base.

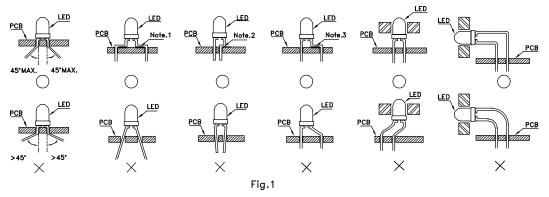




- 1. The information included in this document reflects representative usage scenarios and is intended for technical reference only.
- 2. The part number, type, and specifications mentioned in this document are subject to future change and improvement without notice. Before production usage customer should refer to the latest datasheet for the updated specifications.
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#### PRECAUTIONS

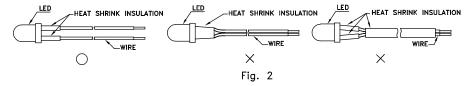
- 1. Storage conditions:
  - a.Avoid continued exposure to the condensing moisture environment and keep the product away from rapid transitions in ambient temperature.
  - b.LEDs should be stored with temperature  $\leq$  30°C and relative humidity < 60%.
  - c.Product in the original sealed package is recommended to be assembled within 72 hours of opening. Product in opened package for more than a week should be baked for 30 (+10/-0) hours at 85 ~ 100°C.
- 2. The lead pitch of the LED must match the pitch of the mounting holes on the PCB during component placement. Lead-forming may be required to insure the lead pitch matches the hole pitch. Refer to the figure below for proper lead forming procedures. (Fig. 1)



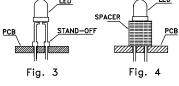
"  $\bigcirc$  " Correct mounting method "imes" Incorrect mounting method

Note 1-3: Do not route PCB trace in the contact area between the leadframe and the PCB to prevent short-circuits.

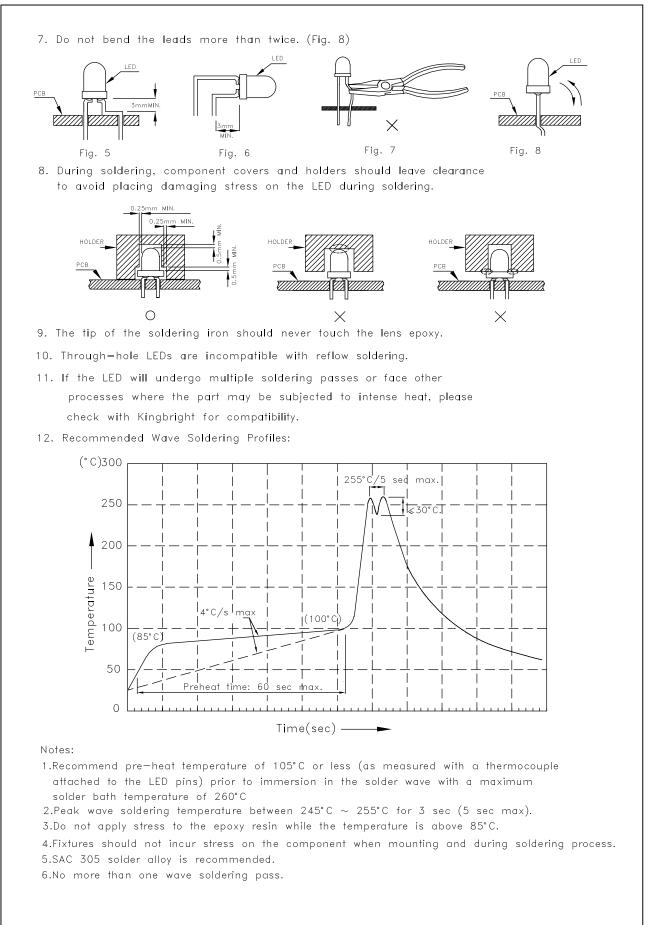
3. When soldering wires to the LED, each wire joint should be separately insulated with heat-shrink tube to prevent short-circuit contact. Do not bundle both wires in one heat shrink tube to avoid pinching the LED leads. Pinching stress on the LED leads may damage the internal structures and cause failure. (Fig. 2)



4. Use stand-offs (Fig.3) or spacers (Fig.4) to securely position the LED above the PCB.



- 5. Maintain a minimum of 3mm clearance between the base of the LED lens and the first lead bend. (Fig. 5 and 6)
- 6. During lead forming, use tools or jigs to hold the leads securely so that the bending force will not be transmitted to the LED lens and its internal structures. Do not perform lead forming once the component has been mounted onto the PCB. (Fig. 7)



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