

## SILICON PLANAR DARLINGTON TRANSISTOR

N-P-N silicon planar darlington transistor in a plastic TO-92 package.  
P-N-P complement is BC516.

### QUICK REFERENCE DATA

Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	$V_{CEO}$	max.	30 V
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	$V_{CBO}$	max.	40 V
Collector current	$I_C$	max.	400 mA
Junction temperature	$T_j$	max.	150 °C
Total power dissipation up to $T_{amb} = 25$ °C	$P_{tot}$	max.	625 mW
D.C. current gain $I_C = 20$ mA; $V_{CE} = 2$ V	$h_{FE}$	>	30 000
Collector-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = 100$ mA; $I_B = 0,1$ mA	$V_{CEsat}$	max.	1 V
Transition frequency at $f = 100$ MHz $I_C = 30$ mA; $V_{CE} = 5$ V	$f_T$	typ.	220 MHz

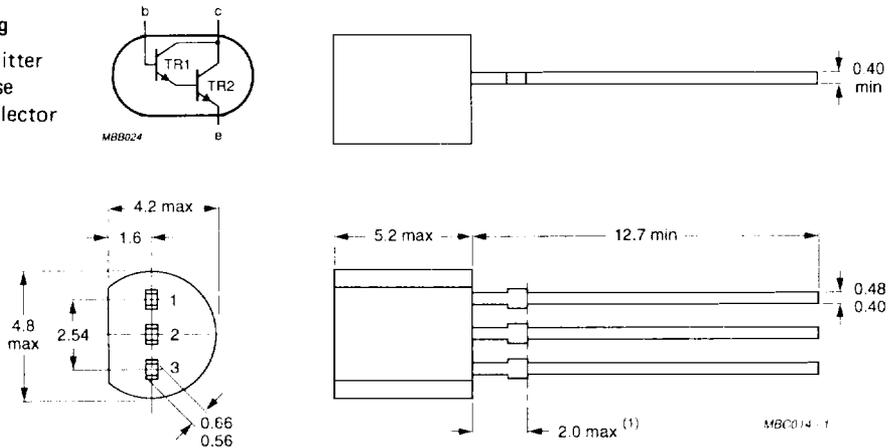
### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Fig. 1 TO-92.

#### Pinning

- 1 = emitter
- 2 = base
- 3 = collector



Note (1) Terminal dimensions within this zone are uncontrolled to allow for flow of plastic and terminal irregularities.

**RATINGS**

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	$V_{CEO}$	max.	30 V
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	$V_{CBO}$	max.	40 V
Emitter-base voltage (open collector)	$V_{EBO}$	max.	10 V
Collector current	$I_C$	max.	400 mA
Total power dissipation up to $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	$P_{tot}$	max.	625 mW
Junction temperature	$T_j$	max.	150 $^{\circ}\text{C}$
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$		-65 to + 150 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

**THERMAL RESISTANCE**

From junction to ambient in free air	$R_{th\ j-a}$	max.	200 K/W
From junction to case	$R_{th\ j-c}$	max.	90 K/W

**CHARACTERISTICS** $T_j = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  unless otherwise stated

Collector cut-off current $V_{CB} = 30\text{ V}$	$I_{CBO}$	max.	100 nA
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage $I_C = 2\text{ mA}$	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	min.	30 V
Collector-base breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)CBO}$	min.	40 V
Emitter-base breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)EBO}$	min.	10 V
D.C. current gain $I_C = 20\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 2\text{ V}$	$h_{FE}$	>	30 000
Collector-emitter saturation voltage $I_C = 100\text{ mA}; I_B = 0,1\text{ mA}$	$V_{CEsat}$	max.	1 V
Base-emitter voltage $I_C = 10\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$	$V_{BE}$	max.	1,4 V
Transition frequency at $f = 100\text{ MHz}$ $I_C = 30\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$	$f_T$	typ.	220 MHz