

### DESCRIPTION

The MP3001 is a dual function WLED driver intended for camera phone applications. It can drive up to 4 backlight WLEDs at up to 30mA each and a flash WLED at up to 250mA. Backlight brightness can be adjusted with a 5-bit register plus one bit for precise low brightness control.

The MP3001 employs a super efficient inductorless charge pump with 1x, 1.5x and 2x automatic mode control to achieve high efficiency power conversions.

Monolithic Power System's single wire MPC™ serial data link provides a simple and fast interface used to enable, disable and set current levels for each LED. In addition, soft-start limits the inrush current during startup and mode switching.

Each output is current limited, providing controlled brightness and short circuit protection. Thermal shutdown protection guards against excessive loads and shorts.

The tiny 3mm x 3mm QFN 16-pin package and small external capacitors deliver the most compact white LED solution available.

### FEATURES

- Simultaneous Support of Backlight and Flash LEDs up to 370mA
- Three Independent Controls on WLED Currents
  - Backlight: up to 4 WLEDs at 30mA Each
  - Flashlight: up to 250mA Total
  - Preview: up to 120mA Total
- Single Wire Serial Bus (MPC™ Serial Data Link) Simple, Low Overhead Solution Fast Data Transfer Rate
- Good Current Matching at Low LED Current Level
- Thermal Shutdown Protection
- Under-Voltage Protection
- Available in a 3mm x 3mm 16-Pin QFN Package
- Low EMI Noise

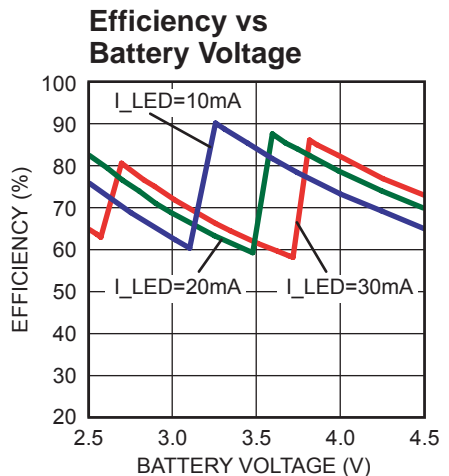
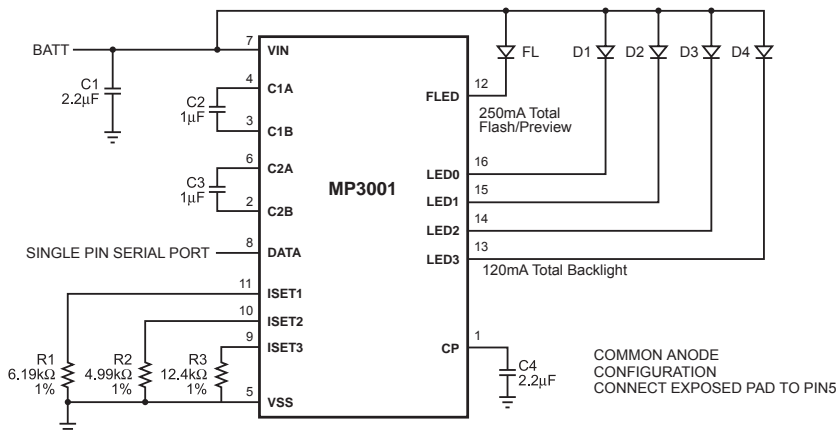
### APPLICATIONS

- Cellular Phones
- PDA Phones
- PDAs

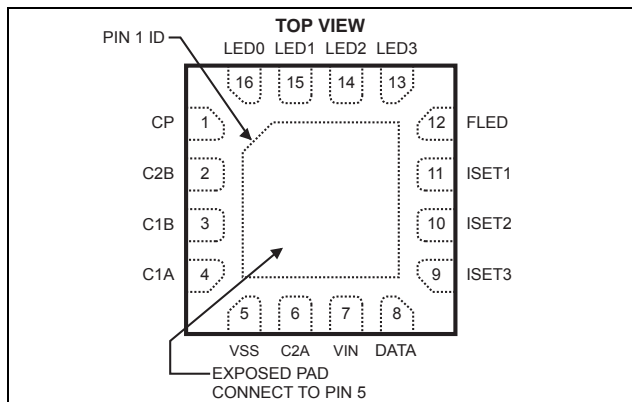
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### TYPICAL APPLICATION



**PACKAGE REFERENCE**



Part Number*	Package	Temperature
MP3001DQ	QFN16 (3mm x 3mm)	-40°C to +85°C

\* For Tape & Reel, add suffix -Z (eg. MP3001DQ-Z)  
For RoHS compliant packaging, add suffix -LF (eg. MP3001DQ-LF-Z)

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS <sup>(1)</sup>**

All Other Pins..... -0.3V to +6.5V  
 Junction Temperature..... 150°C  
 Lead Temperature ..... 260°C  
 Storage Temperature ..... -65°C to +150°C  
 Supply Voltage VIN ..... 2.5V to 6V  
 Operating Temperature ..... -40°C to +85°C

**Recommended Operating Conditions <sup>(2)</sup>**

Supply Voltage V<sub>IN</sub>..... 2.7V to 5.5V  
 Operating Temperature ..... -40°C to +85°C

**Thermal Resistance <sup>(3)</sup>**      $\theta_{JA}$       $\theta_{JC}$   
 QFN16 (3mm x 3mm)..... 60..... 12... °C/W

**Notes:**

- 1) Exceeding these ratings may damage the device.
- 2) The device is not guaranteed to function outside of its operating conditions.
- 3) Measured on approximately 1" square of 1 oz copper.

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

V<sub>BATT</sub> = 3.6V, T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Input Supply Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>		2.7		5.5	V
Supply Current	I <sub>IN</sub>	No Load, CP = 2x		6		mA
		No Load, CP = 1.5x		4		mA
		No Load, CP = 1x		0.5		mA
Supply Current Shutdown	I <sub>IN SHDN</sub>	V <sub>DATA</sub> = 0V		0.1	1.0	µA
Current Matching <sup>(4)</sup>	I <sub>LED MATCH</sub>	I <sub>LED</sub> = 30mA		1.5		%
DATA Voltage, High	V <sub>DATA (HIGH)</sub>		1.2			V
DATA Voltage, Low	V <sub>DATA (LOW)</sub>				0.4	V
DATA Pin Leakage	I <sub>DATA</sub>	V <sub>DATA</sub> = 5V	-1.0		+1.0	µA
Data Acceptance Pulse Width	T <sub>DAPW</sub>		1.5		3.5	µs
Data Stop Pulse Width	T <sub>DSPW</sub>		8			µs
Charge Pump Frequency	F <sub>CP</sub>		1.0	1.2	1.4	MHz
Voltage of ISET1/2/3	V <sub>ISET</sub>			1.25		V
Backlight LED Current for each LED	I <sub>BL</sub>	HC/LC = 0	1		30	mA
		HC/LC = 1	0.1		3	mA
Total Flash LED Current (Continuous)	I <sub>FL</sub>		15		120	mA
Total Flash LED Current		Pulsed < 500ms, 3V < V <sub>IN</sub> < 5.5V			250	mA
Total LED Current	I <sub>TOTAL</sub>	3V < V <sub>IN</sub> < 5.5V			370	mA
Thermal Shutdown <sup>(5)</sup>	T <sub>S</sub>			150		°C

**Note:**

- 4) Current matching definition: (Max - Min)/(Max + Min)
- 5) Guaranteed by design.

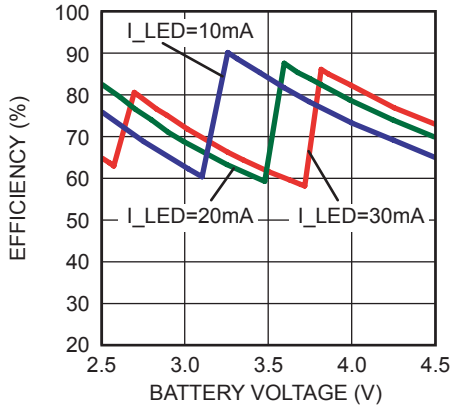
## PIN FUNCTIONS

Pin #	Name	Description
1	CP	Charge pump bypass for common anode version. Connect a 2.2 $\mu$ F bypass capacitor to GND.
2	C2B	Charge Pump Capacitor #2 Negative Node. Connect the negative side of the #2 charge pump capacitor to C2B.
3	C1B	Charge Pump Capacitor #1 Negative Node. Connect the negative side of the #1 charge pump capacitor to C1B.
4	C1A	Charge Pump Capacitor #1 Positive Node. Connect the positive side of the #1 charge pump capacitor to C1A. Typical applications require C1 to be 1 $\mu$ F.
5	VSS	Battery Power Ground. Connect the exposed pad to this pin.
6	C2A	Charge Pump Capacitor #2 Positive Node. Connect the positive side of the #2 charge pump capacitor to C2A. Typical applications require C2 to be 1 $\mu$ F.
7	VIN	Battery Power Input. Connect the 2.5V to 5.5V input source between BATT and GND. Bypass BATT to GND with a 2.2 $\mu$ F or greater capacitor.
8	DATA	Data Input and Single Pin Serial Port for Control of All Functions. See <i>Part Description</i> . An external pull down resistor with a typical value of 100k $\Omega$ is required
9	ISET3	Current Control Input. Connect a resistor between ISET3 and GND to set the flash preview LED current up to 120mA.
10	ISET2	Current Control Input. Connect a resistor between ISET2 and GND to set the flash LED current up to 250mA.
11	ISET1	Current Control Input. Connect a resistor between ISET1 and GND to set the backlight LED string current up to 30mA each
12	FLED	Driver for Flashlight. Connect the flashlight LED between this pin and BATT, with the anode at BATT. If Flash is not used, leave the pin open.
13	LED3	#4 LED Driver for Backlight. Connect a backlight LED between this pin and BATT, with the anode at BATT. If this pin is not used, leave the pin open.
14	LED2	#3 LED Driver for Backlight. Connect a backlight LED between this pin and BATT, with the anode at BATT. If this pin is not used, leave the pin open.
15	LED1	#2 LED Driver for Backlight. Connect a backlight LED between this pin and BATT, with the anode at BATT. If this pin is not used, leave the pin open.
16	LED0	#1 LED Driver for Backlight. Connect a backlight LED between this pin and BATT, with the anode at BATT. If this pin is not used, leave the pin open.

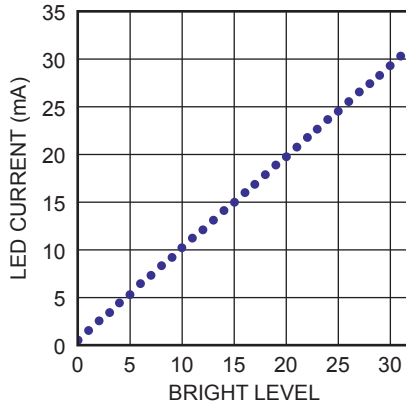
**TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS**

$V_{BATT} = 4.2V$ ,  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted.

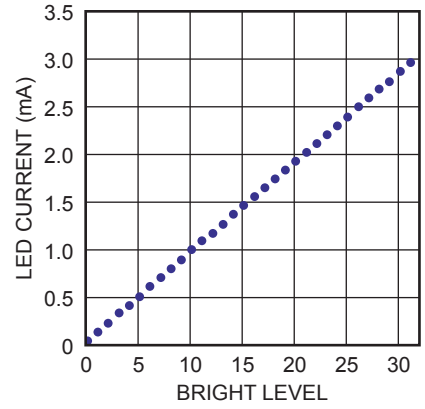
**Efficiency vs Battery Voltage**



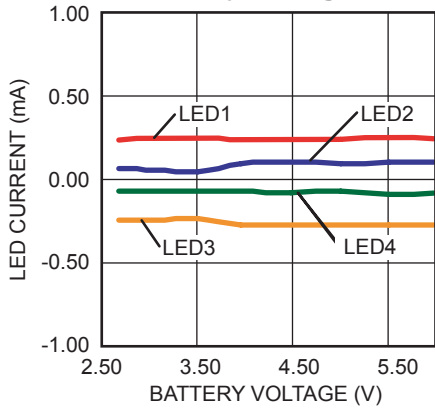
**LED Current (HC) Over 32 Brightness Levels**



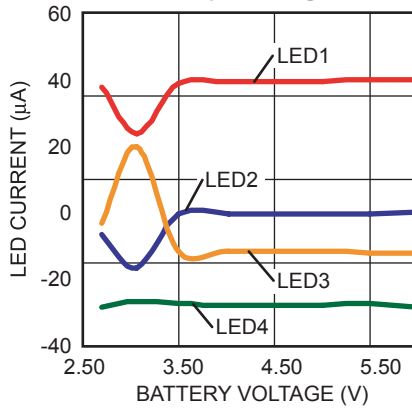
**LED Current (LC) Over 32 Brightness Levels**



**LED Current Deviation (HC) vs Battery Voltage**



**LED Current Deviation (LC) vs Battery Voltage**

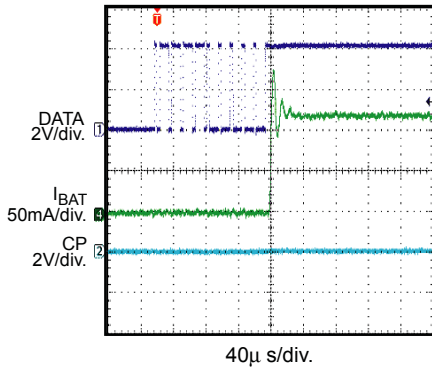


**TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

$V_{BATT} = 4.2V$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.

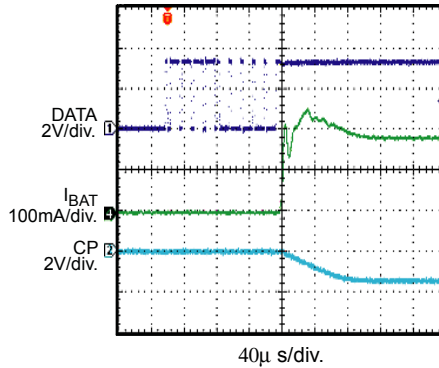
**Soft Start to 1X Mode**

$V_{IN} = 4.2V$ , 1X Mode, 4 LED Full Brightness



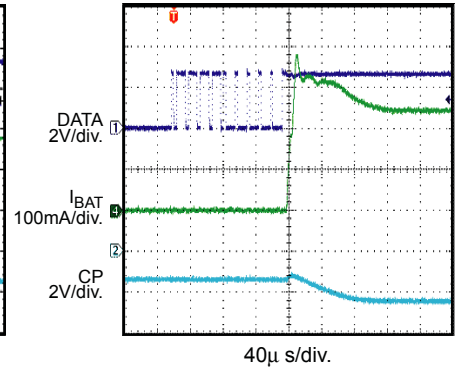
**Soft Start to 1.5X Mode**

$V_{IN} = 3.5V$ , 1.5X Mode, 4 LED Full Brightness



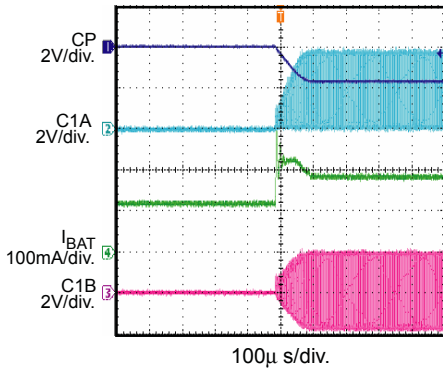
**Soft Start to 2X Mode**

$V_{IN} = 2.7V$ , 2X Mode, 4 LED Full Brightness



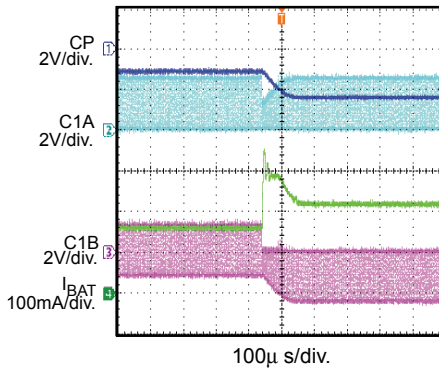
**Mode Change From 1X to 1.5X**

$V_{IN} = 3.3V$ , 4 LED Full Brightness



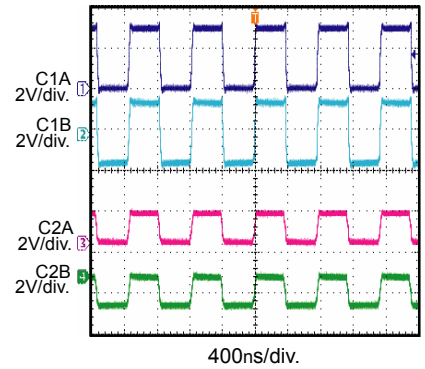
**Mode Change From 1.5X to 2X**

$V_{IN} = 2.7V$ , 4 LED Full Brightness



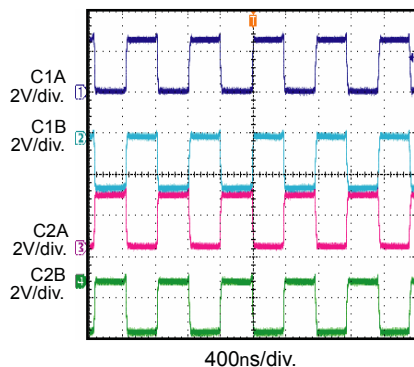
**Charge Pump Waveform at 1.5X Mode**

$V_{IN} = 3.06V$ , 4 LED Full Brightness, 1.5X Mode



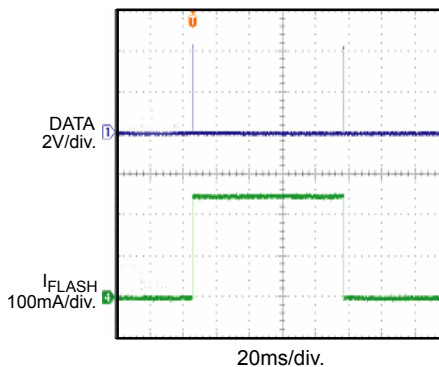
**Charge Pump Waveform at 2X Mode**

$V_{IN} = 3.06V$ , 4 LED Full Brightness, 2X Mode



**Flash Current**

Battery Voltage = 4.2V



## OPERATION

The MP3001 uses a charge pump architecture optimized to support both white LED backlight and flash driver needs. To maximize power efficiency, it automatically switches between 1X, 1.5X, and 2X modes. The device provides regulated current for up to four backlight LEDs and one flash LED.

The charge pump automatically responds to changing conditions such as supply voltage, forward diode voltage and mode selection in order to maintain LED current and maximize efficiency.

The single pin interface provides on/off control, individual WLED selection, mode selection, and brightness control for the backlight. A 5-bit backlight brightness register provides 32 levels of current (brightness) control. ISET1 controls the maximum brightness of the backlights, ISET2 sets the brightness of the flash and ISET3 sets the brightness for preview mode. Furthermore, the MP3001 is equipped with a low brightness backlight mode where the backlight current can be set accurately down to 100µA.

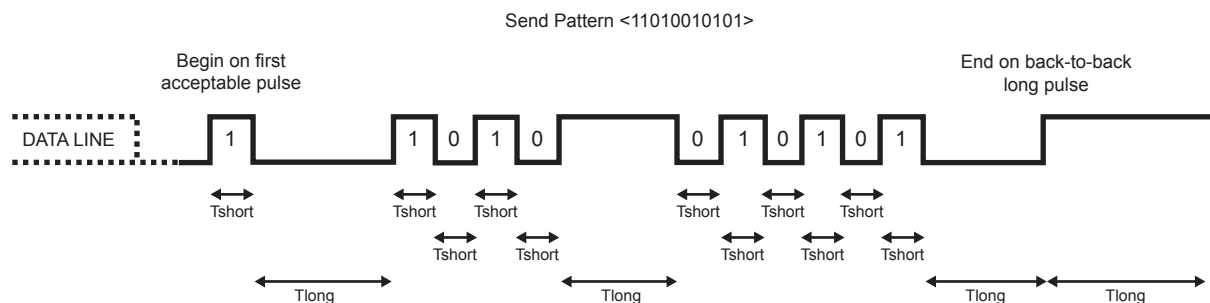
Soft-start and mode changes limit the inrush current in the MP3001. The MP3001 uses charge pump derating over a period of 200µs to limit inrush current. Before startup the part checks for a shorted charge pump and pre-charges its capacitors. This further prevents inrush and over-current situations in the part.

### Single Pin Serial Port Operation

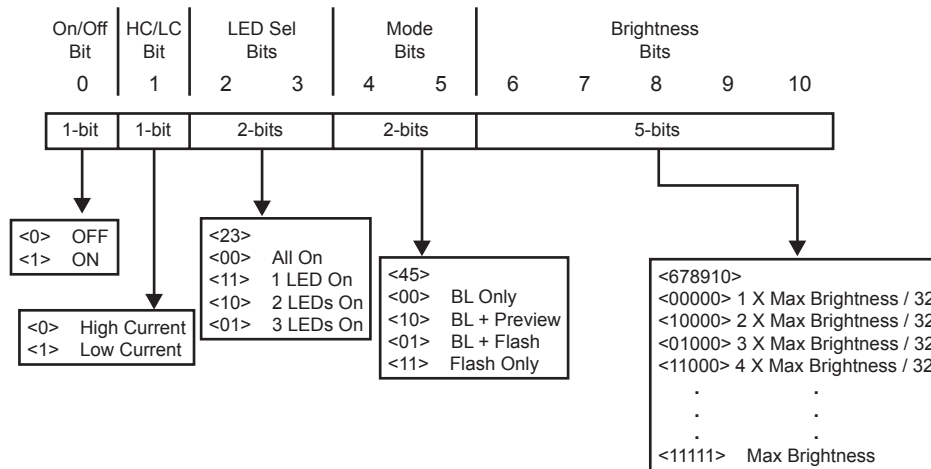
The DATA pin acts as a single wire port for sending brightness data, LED selection and LED control to the MP3001. The MPC™ protocol is very flexible and easy to use and is based entirely on short and long pulses, see Table 1 below. Short pulses having a width within the specified range are accepted as data. Polarity of the data matches the pulse polarity. Long pulses having a pulse width greater than the minimum specified serve two purposes in the communication. First, they are used to separate two similar data values. For example, back-to-back “1” data must be separated by a long low pulse otherwise a “0” would be seen between. Similarly, back-to-back “0”s must be separated by a long high. Second, long pulses are used to indicate end of communication by sending two back-to-back long pulses.

**Table 1—MPC™ Pulse Detail**

Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Note
Tshort	1.5µs	3.5µs	Accepted Pulse
Tlong	8µs	NA	Ignored Pulse



**Figure 1—Protocol Waveforms**



**Figure 2—Control Register**

**Control Register Definition**

The control register is as follows:

- Bit 0 is the enable bit and determines whether the part is active or in shutdown
- Bit 1 allows the part to be put into a low current mode
- Bits 2-3 control which backlight WLED pins are active
- Bits 4-5 control the mode [BL=backlight]
- Bits 6-10 control the brightness. Step size and max brightness depend on R1 and Bit1. Bit 6 is the LSB.
- Default is all “0” and the register is reset only upon power up.

**Shutdown**

Setting the DATA-bit low [DATA:0] causes shutdown. During shutdown, the charge-pump output is switched to VSS through a weak path. The supply current will be less than 1µA in shutdown.

**Soft-Start**

During startup and mode switching, an internal soft-start prevents excessive input current thus preventing excessive loading of the battery or input power source.

**Setting the Backlight LED Current**

The full-scale backlight LED regulation current is set through the resistor R1 (refer to the typical application circuit on page 1). The voltage across R1 is fixed at 1.25V, and the internal current gain ( $I_{LED}/I_{R1}$ ) is set at 100. Choose R1 for the desired full-scale LED current according to the equation:

$$R1 = 125k\Omega \times \frac{1mA}{I_{MAX}}$$

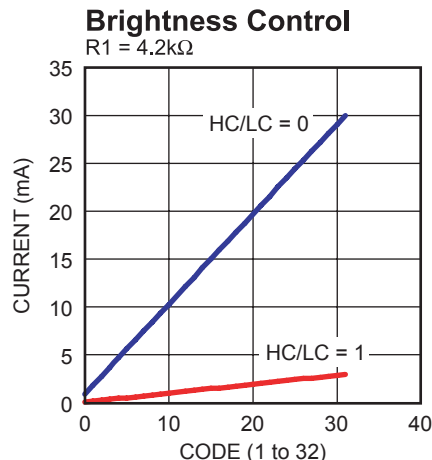
Where R1 is in kΩ, and  $I_{LED}$  is in mA. Suitable values for R1 are greater than 4.2kΩ.

The exact LED current between 0 and the max set by R1 is determined by the brightness code and the HC/LC bit.

The HC/LC bit allows for fine control at low current settings. The following table and graph exhibit the possible settings for a R1 of 4.2kΩ.

**Table 2—Setting Backlight LED Current**

5-Bit Brightness Code	I <sub>LED</sub> (mA) HC/LC = 0	I <sub>LED</sub> (mA) HC/LC = 1
0	0.94	0.09
1	1.88	0.19
2	2.81	0.28
3	3.75	0.38
4	4.69	0.47
5	5.63	0.56
6	6.56	0.66
7	7.50	0.75
8	8.44	0.84
9	9.38	0.94
10	10.31	1.03
11	11.25	1.13
12	12.19	1.22
13	13.13	1.31
14	14.06	1.41
15	15.00	1.50
16	15.94	1.59
17	16.88	1.69
18	17.81	1.78
19	18.75	1.88
20	19.69	1.97
21	20.63	2.06
22	21.56	2.16
23	22.50	2.25
24	23.44	2.34
25	24.38	2.44
26	25.31	2.53
27	26.25	2.63
28	27.19	2.72
29	28.13	2.81
30	29.06	2.91
31	30.00	3.00



**Figure 3—Brightness Control**

**Setting the Flash LED Current**

The Flash LED regulation current is set through the resistors R2 and R3 (refer to the typical application circuit on page 1). R2 sets the current for Flash mode and R3 sets the current for Preview mode. The internal current gain (I<sub>FLED</sub>/I<sub>R2</sub>) is set at 1000.

Choose R2 for the desired flash current according to the equation:

$$R2 = 1250k\Omega \times \frac{1mA}{I_{FLED}}$$

Where R2 is in kΩ, and I<sub>FLED</sub> is in mA. Suitable values for R2 are greater than 5kΩ.

Choose R3 for the desired preview current according to the equation:

$$R3 = 1250k\Omega \times \frac{1mA}{I_{FLED}}$$

Where R3 is in kΩ, and I<sub>FLED</sub> is in mA. Suitable values for R3 are greater than 10.4kΩ.

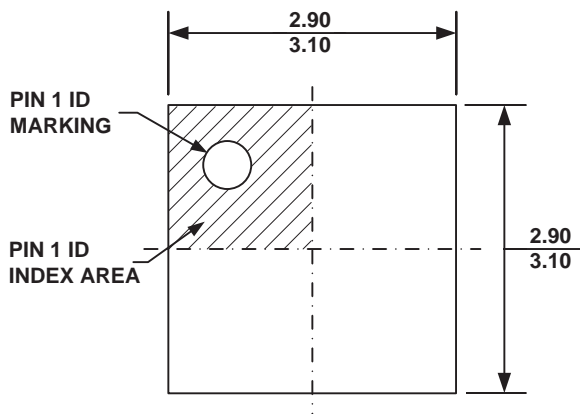
**CP Pin**

Do not drive or force CP as it may be shorted to ground or may be pumped down by the controller in the MP3001 at any time. Excessive capacitance on the CP node can cause the internal controller to time out before the charge pump can be ready. Missing the timeouts will cause excessive pumping and a loss of efficiency. The MP3001 requires C1 and C2 be of the same value and type.

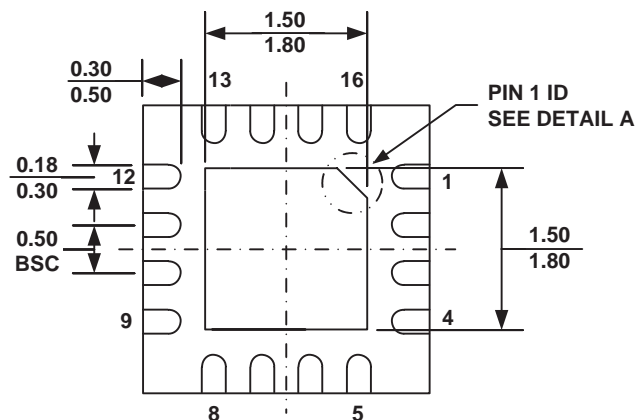


**PACKAGE INFORMATION**

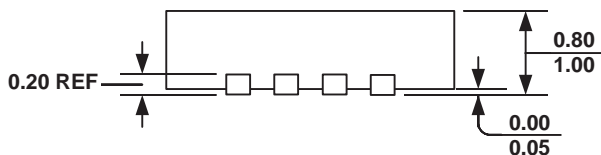
**QFN16 (3mm x 3mm)**



**TOP VIEW**



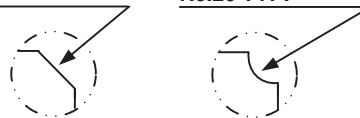
**BOTTOM VIEW**



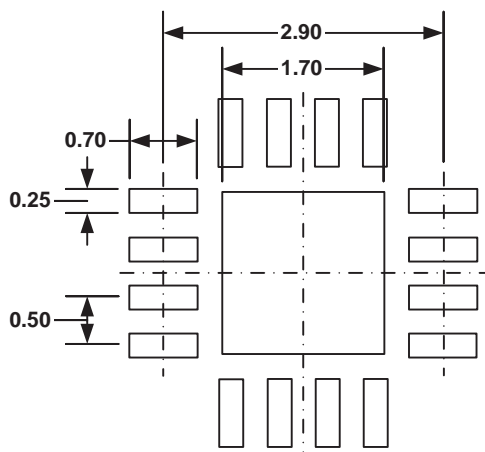
**SIDE VIEW**

**PIN 1 ID OPTION A**  
0.30x45° TYP.

**PIN 1 ID OPTION B**  
R0.20 TYP.



**DETAIL A**



**RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN**

**NOTE:**

- 1) ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- 2) EXPOSED PADDLE SIZE DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH.
- 3) LEAD COPLANARITY SHALL BE 0.10 MILLIMETER MAX.
- 4) DRAWING CONFORMS TO JEDEC MO-220, VARIATION VEED-4.
- 5) DRAWING IS NOT TO SCALE.