TOSHIBA

TC574200D-10, -120, -150

SILICON STACKED GATE CMOS

262,144 WORD x 16 BIT CMOS UV ERASABLE AND ELECTRICALLY PROGRAMMABLE READ ONLY MEMORY

Description

The TC574200D is a 262,144 word x 16 bit CMOS ultraviolet light erasable and electrically programmable read only memory. It is organized as either 256K words by 16 bits or 512K words by 8 bits.

The TC574200D is compatible with the 40-pin 4M bit Mask ROM and is available in a 40-pin standard cerdip package. The TC574200D is fabricated using CMOS technology. Advanced circuit techniques result in both high speed and low power features with access times of 100ns/120ns/150ns and a maximum operating current of 70mA/10MHz.

The programming time of the TC574200D (except for EPROM programmer overhead) is only 28 seconds when using the high speed programming algorithm.

Features

Peripheral circuit : CMOS
Memory cell : NMOS

· Fast access time

	-10	-120	-150					
V _{DD}	5V±5%	5V±10%						
Temp		0°C ~ 70°C						
t _{ACC}	100ns	120ns	150ns					

- Single 5V power supply
- · Low power dissipation

- Active : 70mA/10MHz

- Standby : 100μA

Fully static operation

- Inputs and outputs TTL compatible
- Three state outputs

High speed programming mode : t_{PW} = 50µs
4M MROM compatible pinout : TC534200P

• Standard 40-pin DIP cerdip package : WDIP40-P-600B

Pin Names

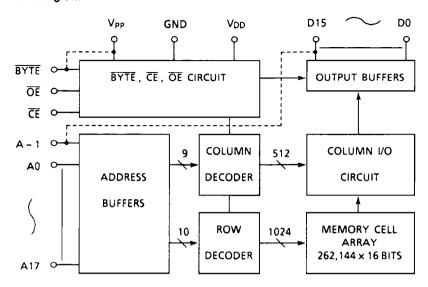
Address Inputs
Outputs (Inputs)
Chip Enable Input
Output Enable Input
Output (Input)/Address Input
Word, Byte Select Input/ Program Supply Voltage
Power Supply Voltage (+5V)
Ground

(Reference) Pin Connection (Top View) 40 A8 A17 [D 48 A17 🗆 40 A7 🗌 □ A9 A7 [39 2 38 A10 A6 🗆 □ A10 A6 [38 37 E A11 A5 🗀 37 **DA11** A5 🗆 4 36 A12 A4 🗌 □ A12 A4 [36 35 A13 ∐ A13 A3 🗌 A3 [35 A2 [□ Δ14 34 🗆 A14 A2 [33 🗆 A15 A1 [33 🗆 A15 A1 [32 A16 A0 [32 A16 A0 🗆 9 31 BYTE / Vpp CE 🗆 10 31 BYTE Œ 🗆 10 GND 11 30 GND GND [11 30 GND 29 D15/A-1 OE | 12 29 D15/A-1 ŌE ☐ 12 28 🗖 D7 D0 🗆 13 00 🗆 13 28 🗆 07 D8 🗖 14 27 014 D8 🗆 14 27 D D14 21 🗆 15 26 D D6 26 🗆 06 01 🗆 15 25 D13 09 🗆 16 25 🗆 013 D9 🗆 16 02 🛮 17 24 D D5 D2 🗆 17 24 D5 D10 🗆 18 23 🗆 012 D10 🗆 18 23 🗆 D12 D3 🔲 19 22 D4 22 D4 03 🗌 19 21 D VDD D11 🗆 20 D11 🗌 20 21 D VDD

4M Mask ROM TC534200P

TC574200D

Block Diagram



Operating Mode

MODE	CE	ŌĒ	BYTE/ V _{PP}	V _{DD}	D0 ~ D7	D8 ~ D14	D15/A - 1	POWER			
Read (16 Bits)	L	L	Н								
Read (Lower 8 Bits)	L	L	L		Data Out (Lower 8 Bits)	High Impedance	L	•			
Read (Upper 8 Bits)	L	L	L	5V	Data Out (Upper 8 Bits)	High Impedance	н	Active			
Output Deselect	,	Н	Н		High Impedance						
- Catpat Besciect	L-	11	L		High Im	pedance	*	! i			
Standby	Н	*	Н		High Impedance						
otandby	П		Ĺ	i	High Im	*	Standby				
Program	L	Н				•	-				
Program Inhibit	Н	Н	12.5V	6.25V	High Impedance			High Impedance			Active
Program Verify	•	L	1								

Note : H = V_{iH} , L = V_{iL} , * = V_{iH} or $V_{i...}$

Maximum Ratings

Maximum Hatings								
SYMBOL	ITEM	RATING	UNIT					
V _{DD}	Power Supply Voltage	-0.6 ~ 7.0						
V _{PP} Program Supply Voltage V _{IN} Input Voltage V _{IN} (A9) Input Voltage (A9)		-0.6 ~ 14.0						
		-0.6 ~ 7.0	_ v					
		-0.6 ~ 13.5						
V _{I/O}	Input/Output Voltage	-0.6 ~ V _{DD} + 0.5	V					
P _D	Power Dissipation	1.5	W					
T _{SOLDER}	Soldering Temperature • Time	260 • 10	°C • sec					
T _{STRG}	Storage Temperature	-65 ~ 150	1					
T _{OPR} Operating Temperature		0 ~ 70	°C					
OF N	F) 70						

Read Mode

DC Recommended Operating Conditions

SYMBOL	TC574200D-10			TC574200D-120/150				
	PARAMETER	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage	2.2	_	V _{DD} + 0.3	2.2	-	V _{DD} + 0.3	
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage	-0.3	_	0.8	-0.3		0.8] _{\/}
V _{DD}	Power Supply Voltage	4.75	5.00	5.25	4.50	5.00	5.50	"
V _{PP}	Program Supply Voltage	0	-	V _{DD} + 0.6	0	_	V _{DD} + 0.6	

DC Characteristics (Ta = 0 ~ 70°C)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
ILI	Input Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = 0V \sim V_{DD}$	_		±10	μА
	Operating Current	CE = 0V, I _{OUT} = 0mA, f = 10MHz	_	_	70	
I _{DDO1}		CE = 0V, I _{OUT} = 0mA, f = 8.3MHz	_	-	60	m A
I _{DDO2}		CE = 0V. I _{OUT} = 0mA, f = 1MHz	-	-	30	- MA
I _{DDS1}	Chandhy Current	CE = V _{IH}	-		1	
I _{DDS2}	Standby Current	CE = V _{DD} - 0.2V	-	-	100	μA
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage	I _{OH} = -400μA	2.4	_	_	V
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage	I _{OL} = 2.1mA	-	_	0.4	
I _{PP1}	V _{PP} Current	$V_{PP} = 0V \sim V_{DD} + 0.6V$	-	-	±10	
lLO	Output Leakage Current	$V_{OUT} = 0.4V \sim V_{DD}$	-	_	±10	μΑ

AC Characteristics (Ta = 0 ~ 70°C)

OVMOO	DADAMETER	-1	10	-120		-1	50	UNIT
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	UNII
t _{ACC}	Address Access Time	_	100	-	120		150	
t _{CE}	CE to Output Valid	_	100	-	120	_	150	
t _{OE}	OE to Output Valid	_	50	-	60	_	70	
t _{DF1}	CE to Output in High-Z	0	50	0	50	0	60	
t _{DF2}	OE to Output in High-Z	0	50	0	50	0	60	ns
t _{OH}	Output Data Hold Time	0	-	0		0	_	
t _{BT}	BYTE to Output Valid	-	100		120	-	150	1
t _{BTD}	BYTE to Output in High Impedance	-	60	-	60	_	70	

AC Test Conditions

Input Pulse Levels	2.4V/0.45V
Input Pulse Rise and Fall Times	10ns max.
Input Timing Measurement Reference Levels	2.2V/0.8V
Output Timing Measurement Reference Levels	2.0V/0.8V
Output Load	1 TTL Gate and C _L = 100 pF

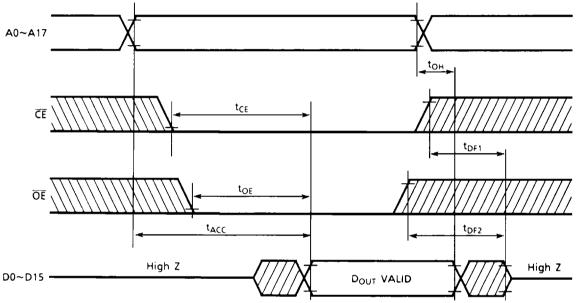
Capacitance* (Ta = 25°C, f = 1MHz)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	MiN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
C _{IN1}	Input Capacitance	V _{IN} = 0V	_	6	10	
C _{IN2}	Input Capacitance (BYTE/V _{PP})	V _{IN} = 0V	_	110	120	pF
C _{OUT}	Output Capacitance	V _{OUT} = 0V	-	10	12	1

^{*}This parameter is periodically sampled and is not 100% tested.

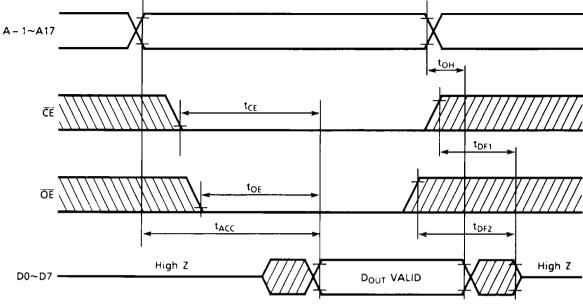
Timing Waveforms

Word-Wide (16 Bit) Read Mode



Note: $\overline{BYTE} / V_{PP} = V_{IH}$

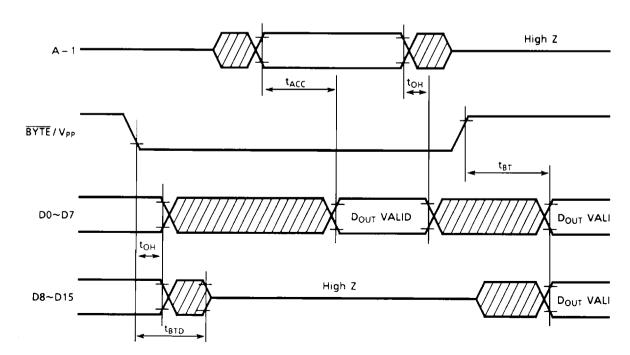
Byte-Wide (8 Bit) Read Mode



Note: $\overline{BYTE} / V_{PP} = V_{IL}$

BYTE Transition

A0~A17



Note: \overline{CE} , $\overline{OE} = V_{IL}$

High Speed Programming Mode

DC Recommended Operating Conditions

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	Min.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage	2.2	_	V _{DD} + 1.0	
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage	-0.3	-	0.8	1
V _{DD}	Power Supply Voltage	6.00	6.25	6.50]
V _{PP}	Program Supply Voltage	12.20	12.50	12.80	

DC Characteristics (Ta = $25\pm5^{\circ}$ C, V_{DD} = $6.25V\pm0.25V$, V_{PP} = $12.50V\pm0.30V$)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
l _{Ll}	Input Leakage Current	V _{IN} = 0V ~ V _{DD}	_	_	±10	μА
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage	I _{OH} = -400μA	2.4	_		
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage	I _{OL} = 2.1mA	_		0.4	, v
I _{DD}	V _{DD} Supply Current	-	_	-	40	
I _{PP2}	V _{PP} Supply Current	V _{PP} = 12.8V	_	_	50	mA

AC Programming Characteristics (Ta = $25\pm5^{\circ}$ C, V_{DD} = $6.25V\pm0.25V$, V_{PP} = $12.50V\pm0.30V$)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
tas	Address Setup Time	_	2	_	-	
t _{AH}	Address Hold Time	_	2	-		
t _{CES}	CE Setup Time	-	0	_	_	
t _{CEH}	CE Hold Time	-	0	_	_	
toes	OE Setup Time	-	2	_	_	
t _{DS}	Data Setup Time	-	2	-	_	μs
t _{DH}	Data Hold Time	_	2	- 1	_	
t _{VPS}	V _{PP} Setup Time	-	2	-	_	
t _{VDS}	V _{DD} Setup Time	_	2	-	_	
t _{PW}	Program Pulse Width	-	45	50	55	
t _{OPW}	Overprogram Pulse Width	Note 1	45	50	55	
toE	OE to Output Valid	CE = V _{IH}	_	-	100	ns
t _{DFP}	OE to Output in High-Z	CE = V _{IH}	_	-	90	

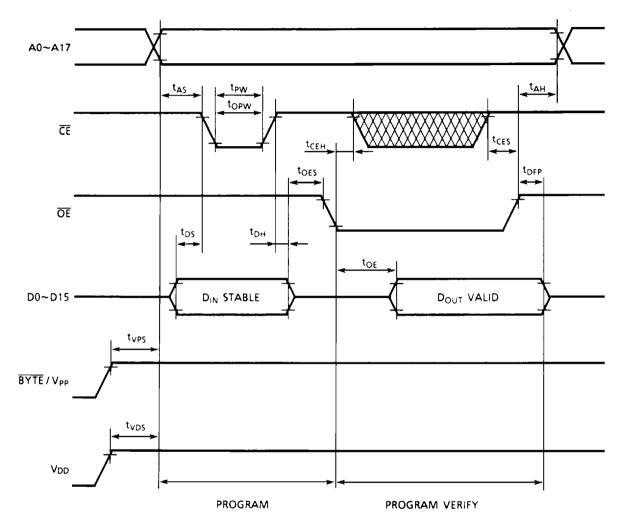
Note 1: t_{OPW} depends on the program pulse width which is required in the initial programming.

AC Test Conditions

Input Pulse Levels	2.4V/0.45V
Input Pulse Rise and Fall Times	10ns max.
Input Timing Measurement Reference Levels	2.2V/0.8V
Output Timing Measurement Reference Levels	2.0V/0.8V
Output Load	1 TTL Gate and C _L = 100 pF

Timing Waveforms (Program)

High Speed Programming Mode



Notes:

- 1. V_{DD} must be applied simultaneously or before V_{PP} and cut off simultaneously or after V_{PP}
- 2. Removing the device from a programming socket and replacing the device in the socket while $V_{PP} = 12.5V$ may cause permanent damage to the device.
- 3. The V_{PP} supply voltage is permitted to be up to 14V for programming. Voltages over 14V should not be applied to the V_{PP} terminal. When the programming voltage is applied to the V_{PP} terminal, the overshoot voltage should not exceed 14V.

Erasure Characteristics

Erasure is achieved by applying shortwave ultraviolet light which has a wavelength of 2537Å (Angstroms) to the chip through the transparent window.

The integrated dose (ultraviolet light intensity [W/cm²] x exposure time [sec.]) necessary for erasure should be a minimum of 15 [W • sec/cm²].

When the Toshiba sterilizing lamp (GL-15) is used and the device is exposed at a distance of 1 cm from the lamp surface, erasure will be achieved within 60 minutes. Using commercial lamps whose ultraviolet light intensity is 12000 [μ W/cm²] will reduce the exposure time to about 20 minutes. (In this case, the integrated dose is 12000 [μ W/cm²] x (20 x 60) [sec] \cong 15 [W • sec/cm²].)

Erasure begins to occur when exposed to light with a wavelength shorter than 4000Å. Sunlight and fluorescent lights have 3000 ~ 4000Å wavelength components. Therefore, when used under these lighting conditions for extended periods of time, opaque seals should be used (Toshiba EPROM Protect Seal AC907).

Operation Information

The TC574200D's eight operating modes are listed in the following table. Mode selection is achieved by applying TTL level signals to appropriate inputs.

MODE	CE	OE	BYTE/ V _{PP}	V _{DD}	D0 ~ D7	D8 ~ D14	D15/A - 1	POWER
Read (16 Bits)	L	L	H					
Read (Lower 8 Bits)	L	L	L		Data Out (Lower 8 Bits)	High Impedance	L	Active
Read (Upper 8 Bits)	L	L	L	5V	Data Out (Upper 8 Bits)	High Impedance	Н	
Output Deselect		Н	Н		Hi			
	L	,	L	1	High Im	*		
Standby	Н		Н		Hi		Canadh	
			L		High Im	*	Standby	
Program	L	Н						
Program Inhibit	Н	Н	12.5V	6.25V	Hi		Active	
Program Verify	•	L	1					

Notes: $H = V_H$, $L = V_J$, $^* = V_H$ or V_J

Read Mode

The TC574200D has a $\overline{\text{BYTE/V}_{PP}}$ terminal that selects word-wide (16 bit) output or byte-wide (8 bit) output. When $\overline{\text{BYTE/V}_{PP}}$ is set to V_{IH} , word-wide output is selected, and the D15/A - 1 pin is used for D15 data output. When $\overline{\text{BYTE/V}_{PP}}$ is set to V_{IL} , byte-wide output is selected, and the D15/A - 1 pin is used for A - 1 address input. When A - 1 is set to V_{IL} in this condition, the data that is output is the lower 8 bits of the 16 bits which had been programmed. When A - 1 is set to V_{IH} , the data output is the upper 8 bits.

The TC574200D has two control inputs. The chip enable (\overline{CE}) input controls the operating power and should be used for device selection while the output enable (\overline{OE}) input controls the output buffers. Assuming that $\overline{CE} = \overline{OE} = V_{IL}$, once the address has stabilized, output data will be valid after the address access time has elapsed. The \overline{CE} to output valid time (t_{CE}) is equal to the address access time (t_{ACC}). Assuming that $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$, and that the address has been stable for at least t_{ACC} , then output data will be valid after t_{OE} from the falling edge of \overline{OE} .

Output Deselect Mode

If $\overline{CE} = V_{IH}$ or $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$, the outputs will be in a high impedance state.

Therefore, two or more devices can be connected together on a common bus if the output of only one device is enabled. When CE is used for device selection, all deselected devices are in the low power standby mode.

Standby Mode

The TC574200D has a low power standby mode controlled by the \overline{CE} signal. By applying a MOS high level voltage (V_{DD}) to the \overline{CE} input, the TC574200D is placed in the standby mode which reduces the operating current to 100 μ A and puts the outputs in a high impedance state, independent of the \overline{OE} input.

Program Mode

When the TC574200D is initially received by customers, all bits of the device are in the "1" state, which is the erased state,

Therefore, the object of the program operation is to introduce "0" data into the desired bit locations. The TC574200D is in the programming mode when $V_{PP} = 12.5V$, $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$, and $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$. Data to be programmed must be applied 16 bits in parallel to the data pins.

The TC574200D can be programmed at any address location at any time - either individually, sequentially, or at random.

Program Verify Mode

The verify mode is used to check that the desired data has been correctly programmed. The verify mode is activated when $\overline{OE} = V_{\parallel}$. The programmed data should be compared with the original word-wide (16 bit) data.

Program Inhibit Mode

When the programming voltage (12.5V) is applied to the V_{PP} terminal, a high level \overline{CE} input inhibits the TC574200D from being programmed. The programming of two or more EPROMs in parallel with different data is easily accomplished. All inputs except for \overline{CE} and \overline{OE} may be commonly connected, then a TTL low level program pulse is applied to the \overline{CE} of the desired device only while a TTL high level signal is applied to the \overline{CE} of the other devices.

High Speed Programming Mode

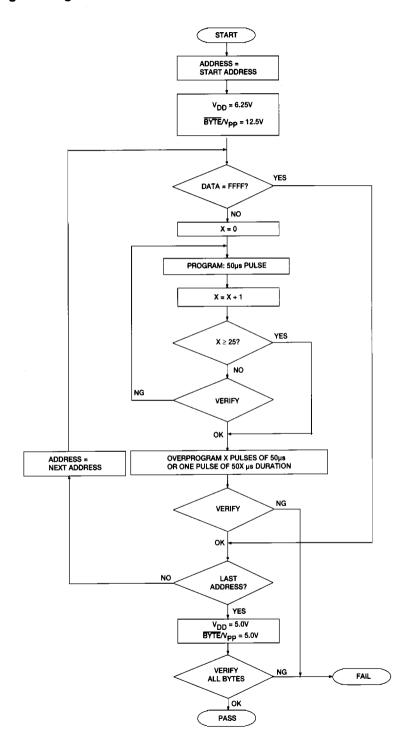
The device is set up in high speed programming mode when the programming voltage (12.5V) is applied to the V_{PP} terminal with $V_{DD} = 6.25V$.

Programming is achieved by applying a single 50µs TTL low level pulse to the CE input after addresses and data are stable. Then the programmed data is verified by using the program verify mode. If the programmed data is not correct, another program pulse of 50µs is applied and then the programmed data is verified. This should be repeated until the data has programmed correctly (max. 25 times).

After correctly programming the selected address, an overprogram pulse with the same width as that needed for initial programming should be applied. When programming has been completed, the data in all addresses should be verified with $V_{DD} = V_{PP} = 5V$.

High Speed Programming Mode

Flow Chart



Electric Signature Mode

The electric signature mode allows one to read out a code from the TC574200D which identifies its manufacturer and device type.

The programming equipment may read out the manufacturer code and device code from the TC574200D by using this mode before programming and automatically set the programming voltage (V_{PP}) and algorithm.

The electric signature mode is set up when 12V is applied to address line A9 and the rest of the address lines are set to V_{IL} during a read operation. Data output under these conditions is the manufacturer code. The device code is output when address A0 is set to V_{IH} . These two codes possess an odd parity with the parity bit being (D7).

The following table shows the electric signature of the TC574200D.

PINS	AO	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	DO	HEX. Data
Manufacturer Code	V _{IL}	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	**98
Device Code	V _{IH}	•	*	*	*	*	*	•	•	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	**8F

Notes: A9 = 12.0V \pm 0.5V A1 ~ A8, A10 ~ A17, \overline{CE} , \overline{OE} = V $_{\parallel L}$ BYTE/V_{PP} = V $_{\parallel H}$

* Don't care

