Am27C1024

1 Megabit (65,536 x 16-Bit) CMOS EPROM

**Advanced
Micro
Devices**

DISTINCTIVE CHARACTERISTICS

- **Fast access time**
  - — 85 ns
- **Low power consumption**
  - — 20 μA typical CMOS standby current
- **JEDEC-approved 40-Pin DIP and 44-Pin LCC pinouts**
- **Single +5 V power supply**
- **±10% power supply tolerance available**

- **100% Flashrite™ programming**
  - — Typical programming time of 8 seconds
- **Latch-up protected to 100 mA from –1 V to V_{CC} + 1 V**
- **High noise immunity**
- **Versatile features for simple interfacing**
  - — Both CMOS and TTL input/output compatibility
  - — Two line control functions
- **DESC SMD No. 5962-86805**

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The Am27C1024 is a 1 Mbit ultraviolet erasable programmable read-only memory. It is organized as 64K words by 16 bits per word, operates from a single +5 V supply, has a static standby mode, and features fast single address location programming. Products are available in windowed ceramic DIP and LCC packages as well as plastic one time programmable (OTP) PDIP and PLCC packages.

Typically, any byte can be accessed in less than 85 ns, allowing operation with high-performance microprocessors without any WAIT states. The Am27C1024 offers separate Output Enable ($\overline{OE}$) and Chip Enable ($\overline{CE}$)

controls, thus eliminating bus contention in a multiple bus microprocessor system.

AMD's CMOS process technology provides high speed, low power, and high noise immunity. Typical power consumption is only 125 mW in active mode, and 100 μW in standby mode.

All signals are TTL levels, including programming signals. Bit locations may be programmed singly, in blocks, or at random. The Am27C1024 supports AMD's Flashrite™ programming algorithm (100 μs pulses) resulting in a typical programming time of 8 seconds.
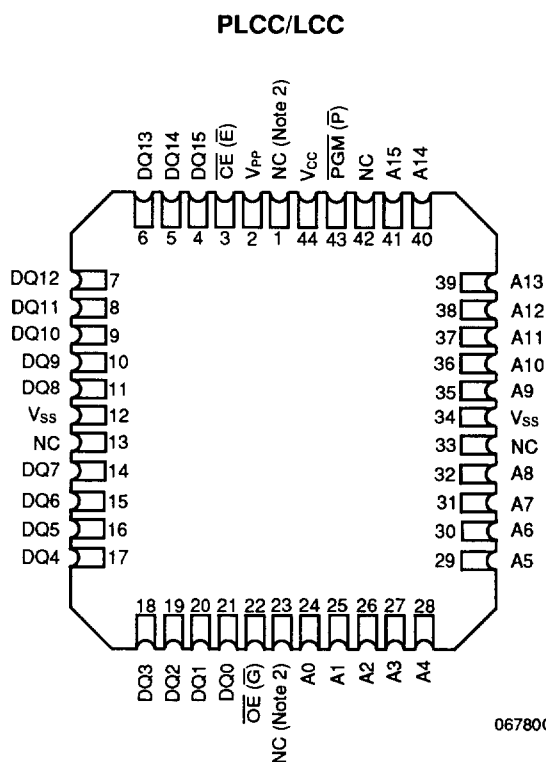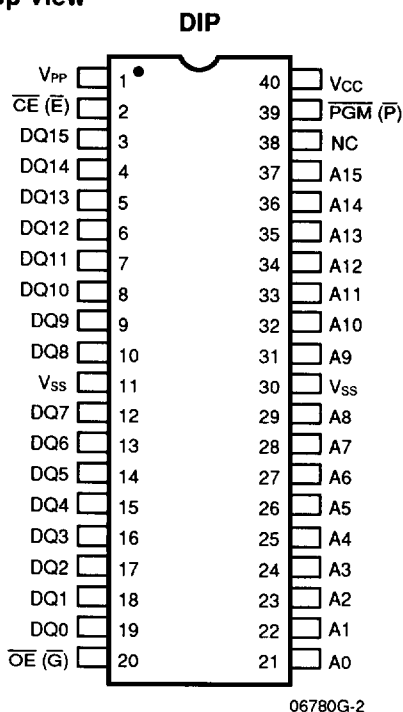
BLOCK DIAGRAM
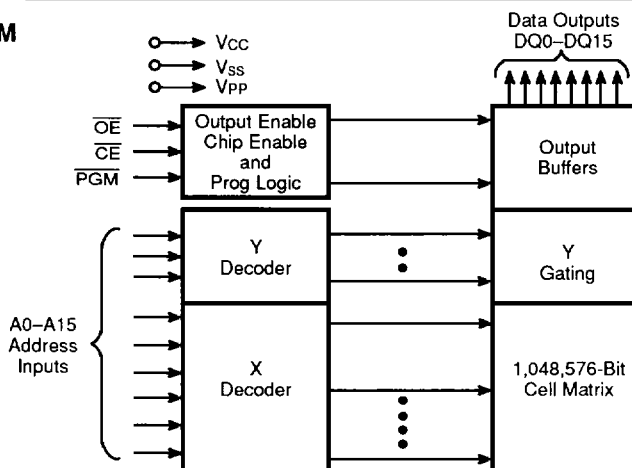
06780G-1

PRODUCT SELECTOR GUIDE

Family Part No.	Am27C1024					
Ordering Part No: $V_{CC} \pm 5\%$	-85					-255
$V_{CC} \pm 10\%$		-90	-120	-150	-200	-250
Max Access Time (ns)	85	90	120	150	200	250
$\overline{CE}$ (E) Access Time (ns)	85	90	120	150	200	250
$\overline{OE}$ (G) Access Time (ns)	45	45	50	65	75	100

CONNECTIONS DIAGRAMS
Top View

DIP

06780G-2

PLCC/LCC

06780G-3

Notes:

1. JEDEC nomenclature is in parentheses.

2. Don't use (DU) for PLCC.

PIN DESIGNATIONS

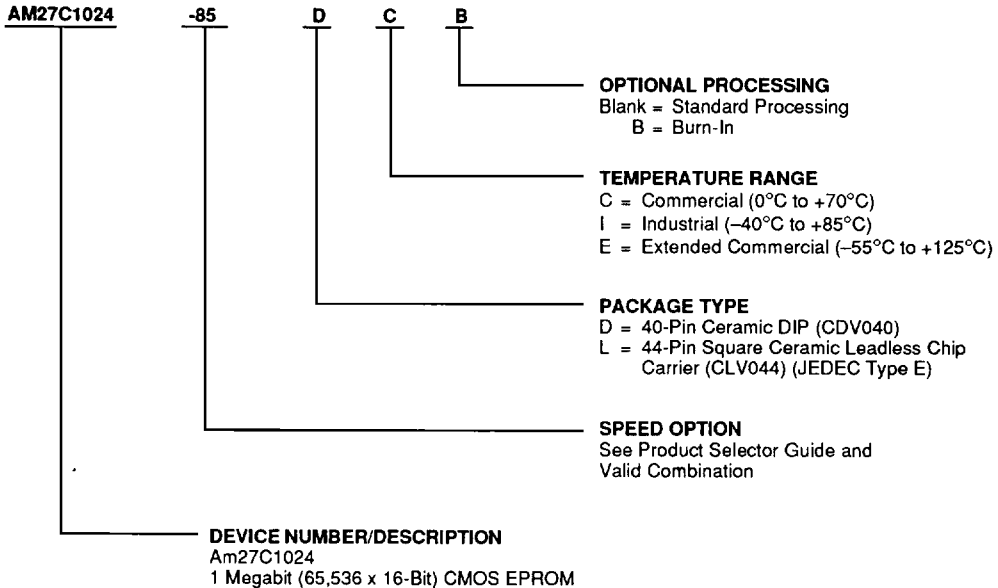|		
A0–A15	=	Address Inputs
$\overline{CE}$ (E)	=	Chip Enable
DQ0–DQ15	=	Data Inputs/Outputs
$\overline{OE}$ (G)	=	Output Enable Input
$\overline{PGM}$	=	Program Enable Input
V_{CC}	=	V_{CC} Supply Voltage
V_{PP}	=	Program Supply Voltage
V_{SS}	=	Ground

LOGIC SYMBOL

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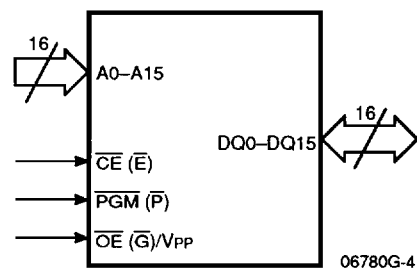
ORDERING INFORMATION

EPROM Products

AMD standard products are available in several packages and operating ranges. The order number (Valid Combination) is formed by a combination of:

```
AM27C1024        -85        D        C        B
```

OPTIONAL PROCESSING
Blank = Standard Processing
   B = Burn-In

TEMPERATURE RANGE
C = Commercial (0°C to +70°C)
I = Industrial (–40°C to +85°C)
E = Extended Commercial (–55°C to +125°C)

PACKAGE TYPE
D = 40-Pin Ceramic DIP (CDV040)
L = 44-Pin Square Ceramic Leadless Chip
      Carrier (CLV044) (JEDEC Type E)

SPEED OPTION
See Product Selector Guide and
Valid Combination

DEVICE NUMBER/DESCRIPTION
Am27C1024
1 Megabit (65,536 x 16-Bit) CMOS EPROM

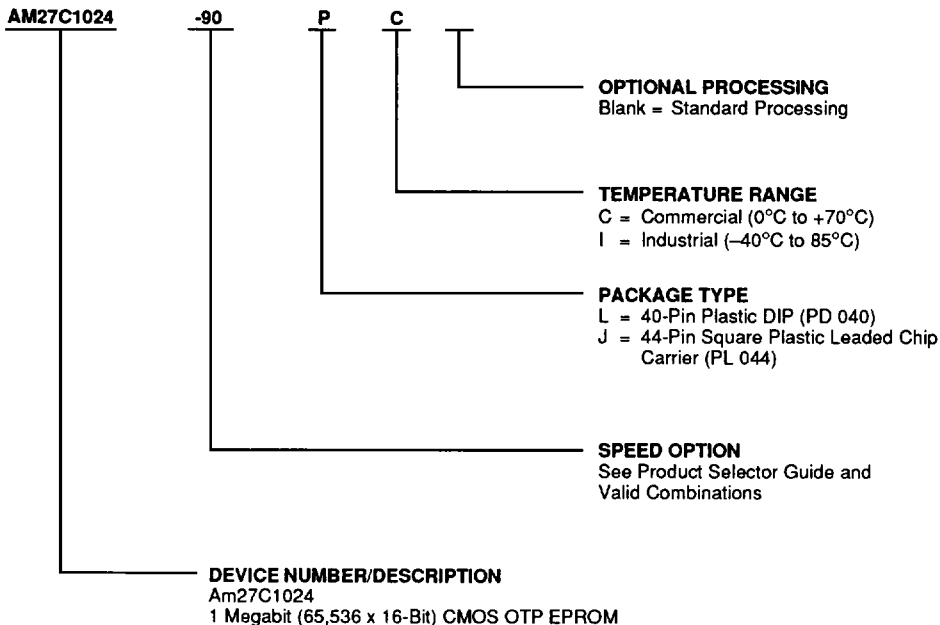| Valid Combinations	
AM27C1024-85	DC, DCB, DI, DIB,
AM27C1024-90	LC, LCB, LI, LIB
AM27C1024-120	DC, DCB, DI,
AM27C1024-150	DIB, DE, DEB,
AM27C1024-200	LCB, LIB, LE,
AM27C1024-255	LEB, LC, LI

Valid Combinations

Valid Combinations list configurations planned to be supported in volume for this device. Consult the local AMD sales office to confirm availability of specific valid combinations and to check on newly released combinations.

ORDERING INFORMATION

OTP Products

AMD standard products are available in several packages and operating ranges. The order number (Valid Combination) is formed by a combination of:

```
AM27C1024      -90      P      C
```

OPTIONAL PROCESSING
Blank = Standard Processing

TEMPERATURE RANGE
C = Commercial (0°C to +70°C)
I = Industrial (−40°C to 85°C)

PACKAGE TYPE
L = 40-Pin Plastic DIP (PD 040)
J = 44-Pin Square Plastic Leaded Chip
   Carrier (PL 044)

SPEED OPTION
See Product Selector Guide and
Valid Combinations

DEVICE NUMBER/DESCRIPTION
Am27C1024
1 Megabit (65,536 x 16-Bit) CMOS OTP EPROM

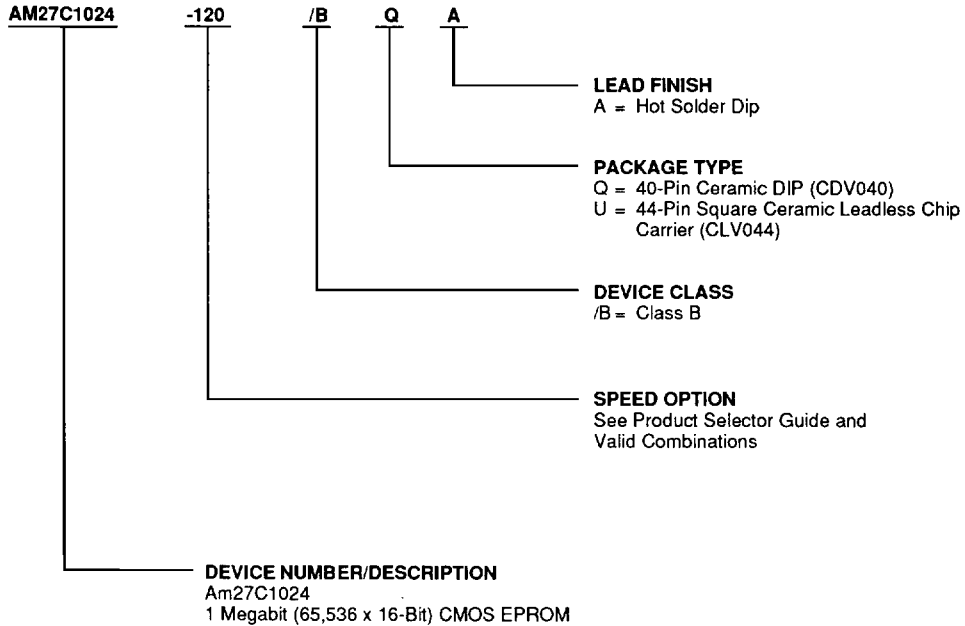| Valid Combinations	
AM27C1024-90	PC, JC
AM27C1024-120	PC, JC, PI, JI
AM27C1024-150	
AM27C1024-200	
AM27C1024-255	

Valid Combinations
Valid Combinations list configurations planned to be supported in volume for this device. Consult the local AMD sales office to confirm availability of specific valid combinations and to check on newly released combinations.

ORDERING INFORMATION
Military APL Products

AMD products for Aerospace and Defense applications are available in several packages and operating ranges. APL (Approved Products List) products are fully compliant with MIL-STD-883 requirements. The order number (Valid Combination) is formed by a combination of:

```
AM27C1024      -120      /B      Q      A
```

LEAD FINISH
A = Hot Solder Dip

PACKAGE TYPE
Q = 40-Pin Ceramic DIP (CDV040)
U = 44-Pin Square Ceramic Leadless Chip
      Carrier (CLV044)

DEVICE CLASS
/B = Class B

SPEED OPTION
See Product Selector Guide and
Valid Combinations

DEVICE NUMBER/DESCRIPTION
Am27C1024
1 Megabit (65,536 x 16-Bit) CMOS EPROM

Valid Combinations	
AM27C1024-120	
AM27C1024-150	
AM27C1024-170	/BQA, /BUA
AM27C1024-200	
AM27C1024-250	

Valid Combinations

Valid Combinations list configurations planned to be supported in volume for this device. Consult the local AMD sales office to confirm availability of specific valid combinations and to check on newly released combinations.

Group A Tests

Group A tests consist of Subgroups
1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11.

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

Erasing the Am27C1024

In order to clear all locations of their programmed contents, it is necessary to expose the Am27C1024 to an ultraviolet light source. A dosage of 15 W seconds/cm^2 is required to completely erase an Am27C1024. This dosage can be obtained by exposure to an ultraviolet lamp—wavelength of 2537 (Å)—with intensity of 12,000 μW/cm^2 for 15 to 20 minutes. The Am27C1024 should be directly under and about one inch from the source and all filters should be removed from the UV light source prior to erasure.

It is important to note that the Am27C1024 and similar devices will erase with light sources having wavelengths shorter than 4000 Å. Although erasure times will be much longer than with UV sources at 2537 Å, exposure to fluorescent light and sunlight will eventually erase the Am27C1024 and exposure to them should be prevented to realize maximum system reliability. If used in such an environment, the package window should be covered by an opaque label or substance.

Programming the Am27C1024

Upon delivery or after each erasure the Am27C1024 has all 1,048,576 bits in the "ONE" or HIGH state. "ZEROs" are loaded into the Am27C1024 through the procedure of programming.

The programming mode is entered when 12.75 V $\pm$ 0.25 V is applied to the V$_{PP}$ pin and $\overline{CE}$ and $\overline{PGM}$ are at V$_{IL}$.

For programming, the data to be programmed is applied 16 bits in parallel to the data output pins.

The Flashrite algorithm reduces programming time by using 100 μs programming pulses and by giving each address only as many pulses as is necessary in order to reliably program the data. After each pulse is applied to a given address, the data in that address is verified. If the data does not verify, additional pulses are given until it verifies or the maximum is reached. This process is repeated while sequencing through each address of the Am27C1024. This part of the algorithm is done at V$_{CC}$ = 6.25 V to assure that each EPROM bit is programmed to a sufficiently high threshold voltage. After the final address is completed, the entire EPROM memory is verified at V$_{CC}$ = V$_{PP}$ = 5.25 V.

Please refer to Section 6 for programming flow chart and characteristics.

Program Inhibit

Programming of multiple Am27C1024 in parallel with different data is also easily accomplished. Except for $\overline{CE}$, all like inputs of the parallel Am27C1024 may be common. A TTL low-level program pulse applied to an Am27C1024 $\overline{CE}$ input with V$_{PP}$ = 12.75 V $\pm$ 0.25 V, and

$\overline{PGM}$ Low will program that Am27C1024. A high-level $\overline{CE}$ input inhibits the other Am27C1024 devices from being programmed.

Program Verify

A verify should be performed on the programmed bits to determine that they were correctly programmed. The verify should be performed with $\overline{OE}$ and $\overline{CE}$ at V$_{IL}$, $\overline{PGM}$ at V$_{IH}$ and V$_{PP}$ between 12.75 V $\pm$ 0.25 V.

Auto Select Mode

The auto select mode allows the reading out of a binary code from an EPROM that will identify its manufacturer and type. This mode is intended for use by programming equipment for the purpose of automatically matching the device to be programmed with its corresponding programming algorithm. This mode is functional in the 25°C $\pm$ 5°C ambient temperature range that is required when programming the Am27C1024.

To activate this mode, the programming equipment must force 12.0 V $\pm$ 0.5 V open address the A9 of the Am27C1024. Two identifier bytes may then be sequenced from the device outputs by toggling address line A0 from V$_{IL}$ to V$_{IH}$. All other address lines must be held at V$_{IL}$ during auto select mode.

Byte 0 (A0 = V$_{IL}$) represents the manufacturer code, and byte 1 (A0 = V$_{IH}$), the device code. For the Am27C1024, these two identifier bytes are given in the Mode Select Table. All identifiers for manufacturer and device codes will possess odd parity, with the MSB (DQ7) defined as the parity bit.

Read Mode

The Am27C1024 has two control functions, both of which must be logically satisfied in order to obtain data at the outputs. Chip Enable ($\overline{CE}$) is the power control and should be used for device selection. Output Enable ($\overline{OE}$) is the output control and should be used to gate data to the output pins, independent of device selection. Assuming that addresses are stable, address access time (t$_{ACC}$) is equal to the delay from $\overline{CE}$ to output (t$_{CE}$). Data is available at the outputs t$_{OE}$ after the falling edge of $\overline{OE}$, assuming that $\overline{CE}$ has been LOW and addresses have been stable for at least t$_{ACC}$ –t$_{OE}$.

Standby Mode

The Am27C1024 has a CMOS standby mode which reduces the maximum V$_{CC}$ current to 100 μA. It is placed in CMOS-standby when $\overline{CE}$ is at V$_{CC}$ $\pm$ 0.3 V. The Am27C1024 also has a TTL-standby mode which reduces the maximum V$_{CC}$ current to 1.0 mA. It is placed in TTL-standby when $\overline{CE}$ is at V$_{IH}$. When in standby mode, the outputs are in a high-impedance state, independent of the $\overline{OE}$ input.

Output OR-Tieing

To accommodate multiple memory connections, a two-line control function is provided to allow for:

- Low memory power dissipation
- Assurance that output bus contention will not occur

It is recommended that $\overline{CE}$ be decoded and used as the primary device-selecting function, while $\overline{OE}$ be made a common connection to all devices in the array and connected to the READ line from the system control bus. This assures that all deselected memory devices are in low-power standby mode and that the output pins are only active when data is desired from a particular memory device.

System Applications

During the switch between active and standby conditions, transient current peaks are produced on the rising and falling edges of Chip Enable. The magnitude of these transient current peaks is dependent on the output capacitance loading of the device. At a minimum, a 0.1 µF ceramic capacitor (high frequency, low inherent inductance) should be used on each device between V_{CC} and V_{SS} to minimize transient effects. In addition, to overcome the voltage drop caused by the inductive effects of the printed circuit board traces on EPROM arrays, a 4.7 µF bulk electrolytic capacitor should be used between V_{CC} and V_{SS} for each eight devices. The location of the capacitor should be close to where the power supply is connected to the array.

MODE SELECT TABLE

Mode	Pins	$\overline{CE}$	$\overline{OE}$	$\overline{PGM}$	A0	A9	V_{PP}	Outputs
Read		V_{IL}	V_{IL}	X	X	X	V_{CC}	D_{OUT}
Output Disable		X	V_{IH}	X	X	X	V_{CC}	Hi-Z
Standby (TTL)		V_{IH}	X	X	X	X	V_{CC}	Hi-Z
Standby (CMOS)		$V_{CC} \pm 0.3$ V	X	X	X	X	V_{CC}	Hi-Z
Program		V_{IL}	X	V_{IL}	X	X	V_{PP}	D_{IN}
Program Verify		V_{IL}	V_{IL}	V_{IH}	X	X	V_{PP}	D_{OUT}
Program Inhibit		V_{IH}	X	X	X	X	V_{PP}	Hi-Z
Auto Select (Note 3)	Manufacturer Code	V_{IL}	V_{IL}	V_{IH}	V_{IL}	V_H	V_{CC}	01H
	Device Code	V_{IL}	V_{IL}	V_{IH}	V_{IH}	V_H	V_{CC}	8CH

Notes:

1. $V_H = 12.0$ V ± 0.5 V

2. X = Either V_{IH} or V_{IL}

3. A1–A8 = A0–A15 = V_{IL}

4. See DC Programming Characteristics for V_{PP} voltage during programming.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Storage Temperature
OTP Products ....·......... −65°C to +125°C
All Other Products .... −65°C to +150°C

Ambient Temperature
with Power Applied .... −55°C to +125°C

Voltage with Respect to V_{SS}
All pins except A9, V_{PP}, V_{CC} . −0.6 V to V_{CC} + 0.5 V

A9 and V_{PP} .... −0.6 V to +13.5 V

V_{CC} .... −0.6 V to +7.0 V

Notes:

1. *Minimum DC voltage on input or I/O pins is −0.5 V. During transitions, the inputs may overshoot V_{SS} to −2.0 V for periods of up to 20 ns. Maximum DC voltage on input and I/O pins is V_{CC} + 0.5 V which may overshoot to V_{CC} + 2.0 V for periods up to 20 ns.*

2. *For A9 and V_{PP} the minimum DC input is −0.5 V. During transitions, A9 and V_{PP} may overshoot V_{SS} to −2.0 V for periods of up to 20 ns. A9 and V_{PP} must not exceed 13.5 V for any period of time.*

Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure of the device to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

OPERATING RANGES

Commercial (C) Devices
Case Temperature (T_C) .... 0°C to +70°C

Industrial (I) Devices
Case Temperature (T_C) .... −40°C to +85°C

Extended Commercial (E) Devices
Case Temperature (T_C) .... −55°C to +125°C

Military (M) Devices
Case Temperature (T_C) .... −55°C to +125°C

Supply Read Voltages
V_{CC} for Am27C1024-XX5 .... +4.75 V to +5.25 V

V_{CC} for Am27C1024-XX0 .... +4.50 V to +5.50 V

Operating ranges define those limits between which the functionality of the device is guaranteed.

DC CHARACTERISTICS over operating range unless otherwise specified (Notes 1, 2 and 4) (for APL Products, Group A, Subgroups 1, 2, 3, 7 and 8 are tested unless otherwise noted)

Parameter Symbol	Parameter Description	Test Conditions		Min	Max	Unit
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	$I_{OH} = -400\ \mu A$		2.4		V
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	$I_{OL} = 2.1\ mA$			0.45	V
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage			2.0	$V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage			−0.5	+0.8	V
I_{LI}	Input Load Current	$V_{IN} = 0\ V$ to $+V_{CC}$	C/I Devices		1.0	μA
			E/M Devices		5.0	
I_{LO}	Output Leakage Current	$V_{OUT} = 0\ V$ to $+V_{CC}$	C/I Devices		1.0	μA
			E/M Devices		5.0	
I_{CC1}	V_{CC} Active Current (Note 3)	$\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$, $f = 5$ MHz $I_{OUT} = 0\ mA$	C/I Devices		30	mA
			E/M Devices		50	
I_{CC2}	V_{CC} TTL Standby Current	$\overline{CE} = V_{IH}$			1.0	mA
I_{CC3}	V_{CC} CMOS Standby Current	$\overline{CE} = V_{CC} \pm 0.3\ V$			100	μA
I_{PP1}	V_{PP} Current During Read	$\overline{CE} = \overline{OE} = V_{IL}$, $V_{PP} = V_{CC}$			100	μA

Notes:

1. V_{CC} must be applied simultaneously or before V_{PP}, and removed simultaneously or after V_{PP}.

2. **Caution:** The Am27C1024 must not be removed from (or inserted into) a socket when V_{CC} or V_{PP} is applied.

3. I_{CC1} is tested with $\overline{OE}/V_{PP} = V_{IH}$ to simulate open outputs.

4. Minimum DC Input Voltage is −0.5 V. During transitions, the inputs may overshoot to −2.0 V for periods less than 20 ns. Maximum DC Voltage on output pins is $V_{CC} + 0.5$ V, which may overshoot to $V_{CC} + 2.0$ V for periods less than 20 ns.
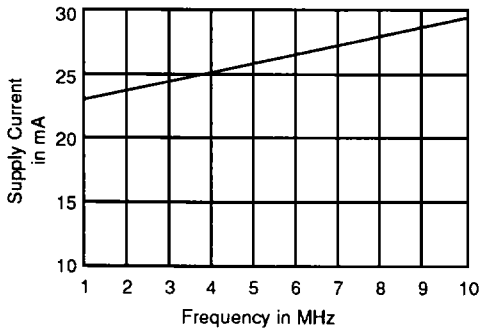

Figure 1. Typical Supply Current vs. Frequency
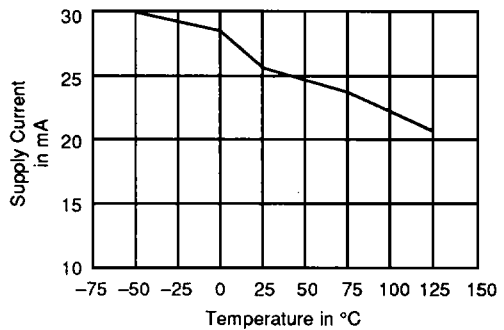$V_{CC} = 5.5$ V, $T = 25°C$

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Figure 2. Typical Supply Current vs. Temperature
$V_{CC} = 5.5$, $f = 5$ MHz

CAPACITANCE

Parameter Symbol	Parameter Description	Test Conditions	CDV040 Typ	CDV040 Max	CLV044 Typ	CLV044 Max	PD 040 Typ	PD 040 Max	PL 044 Typ	PL 044 Max	Unit
C_{IN}	Input Capacitance	$V_{IN} = 0$	9	12	8	12	7	12	8	10	pF
C_{OUT}	Output Capacitance	$V_{OUT} = 0$	12	14	11	14	11	14	11	14	pF

Notes:

1. This parameter is only sampled and not 100% tested.

2. $T_A = +25°C$, $f = 1$ MHz.

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS over operating range unless otherwise specified (Notes 1, 3 and 4) (for APL Products, Group A, Subgroups 9, 10 and 11 are tested unless otherwise noted)

| Parameter Symbols JEDEC	Parameter Symbols Standard	Parameter Description	Test Conditions		Am27C1024 -85	-90	-120	-150	-200	-255 -250	Unit
tAVQV	tACC	Address to Output Delay	$\overline{CE} = \overline{OE} = V_{IL}$	Min							
				Max	85	90	120	150	200	250	ns
tELQV	tCE	Chip Enable to Output Delay	$\overline{OE} = V_{IL}$	Min							
				Max	85	90	120	150	200	250	ns
tGLQV	tOE	Output Enable to Output Delay	$\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$	Min							
				Max	45	45	50	65	75	75	ns
tEHQZ	tDF	Chip Enable HIGH or Output Enable HIGH, whichever comes first, to Output Float		Min	–	–	–	–	–	–	ns
tGHQZ	(Note 2)			Max	40	40	50	50	50	50	ns
tAXQX	tOH	Output Hold from Addresses, CE, or OE, whichever occurred first		Min	0	0	0	0	0	0	ns
				Max							

Notes:

1. V_{CC} must be applied simultaneously or before V_{PP}, and removed simultaneously or after V_{PP}.

2. This parameter is only sampled and not 100% tested.

3. **Caution:** The Am27C1024 must not be removed from (or inserted into) a socket or board when V_{PP} or V_{CC} is applied.

4. Output Load: 1 TTL gate and $C_L = 100$ pF
   Input Rise and Fall Times: 20 ns
   Input Pulse Levels: 0.45 V to 2.4 V
   Timing Measurement Reference Level: 0.8 V and 2 V inputs and outputs

SWITCHING TEST CIRCUIT

$C_L = 100$ pF including jig capacitance
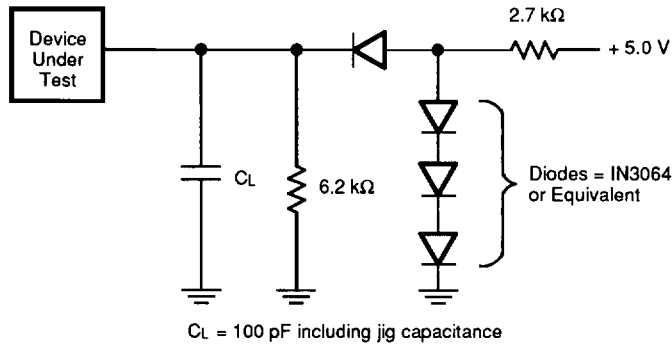
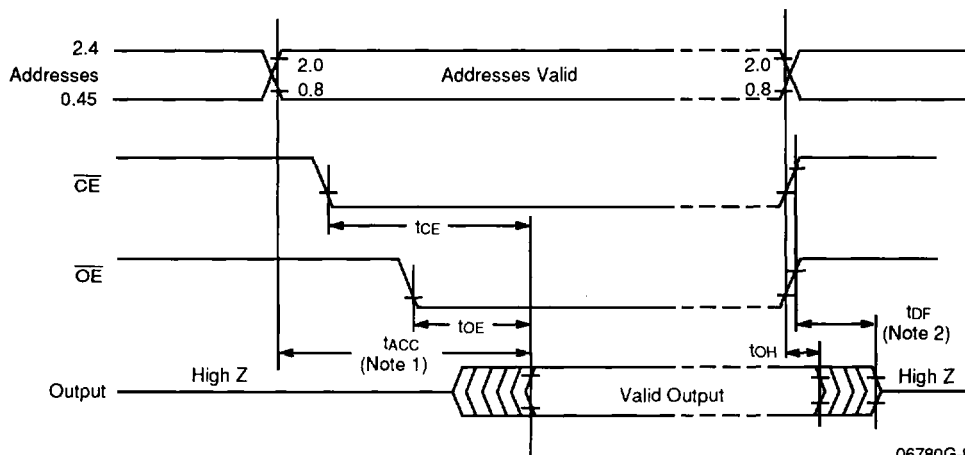06780G-6

SWITCHING TEST WAVEFORM
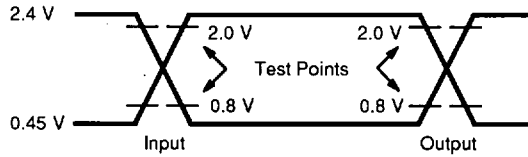
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AC Testing: Inputs are driven at 2.4 V for a logic "1" and 0.45 V for a logic "0." Input pulse rise and fall times are < 20 ns.

KEY TO SWITCHING TEST WAVEFORMS

WAVEFORM	INPUTS	OUTPUTS
	Must Be Steady	Will Be Steady
	May Change from H to L	Will Be Changing from H to L
	May Change from L to H	Will Be Changing from L to H
	Don't Care, Any Change Permitted	Changing State Unknown
	Does Not Apply	Center Line is High Impedence "Off" State

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SWITCHING WAVEFORMS

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Notes:

1. $\overline{OE}$ may be delayed up to $t_{ACC} - t_{OE}$ after the falling edge of the addresses without impact on t_{ACC}.

2. t_{DF} is specified from $\overline{OE}$ or $\overline{CE}$, whichever occurs first.