

RD2.0ES to RD39ES

400 mW DHD ZENER DIODE

(DO-34)

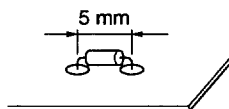
DESCRIPTION

NEC Type RD2.0ES to RD39ES Series are planar type diodes into DO-34 Package (Body length 2.4 mm MAX.) with DHD (Double Heatsink Diode) construction having allowable power dissipation of 400 mW.

FEATURES

- DO-34 Glass sealed package

This diode can be inserted into a PC board with a shorter pitch (5 mm)



- Planar process
- DHD (Double Heatsink Diode) construction
- Vz Applied E24 standard

ORDERING INFORMATION

RD2.0ES to RD39ES with suffix "AB1", "AB2", or "AB3" should be applied for orders for suffix "AB".

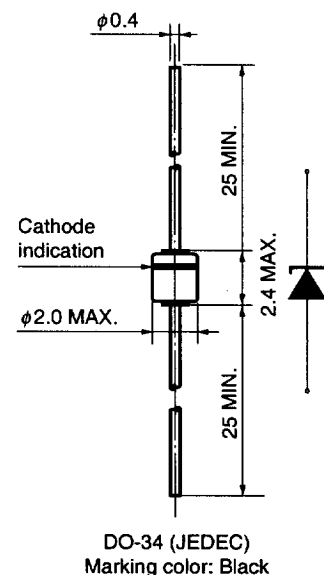
APPLICATIONS

Circuits for Constant Voltage, Constant Current, Waveform clipper, Surge absorber, etc.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta = 25 °C)

Forward Current	I _F	150 mA	
Power Dissipation	P	400 mW	to see Fig. 6
Surge Reverse Power	P _{RSM}	100 W (t = 10 μs)	to see Fig. 10
Junction Temperature	T _j	175 °C	
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	-65 to +175 °C	

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS (in millimeters)



The information in this document is subject to change without notice. Before using this document, please confirm that this is the latest version.
Not all devices/types available in every country. Please check with local NEC representative for availability and additional information.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = 25 °C)

Type Number	Suffix	Zener Voltage V _Z (V)Note 1			Dynamic Impedance Z _Z (Ω)Note 2		Knee Dynamic Impedance Z _{ZK} (Ω)Note 2		Reverse Current I _R (μA)	
		MIN.	MAX.	I _Z (mA)	MAX.	I _Z (mA)	MAX.	I _Z (mA)	MAX.	V _R (V)
RD2.0ES	AB	1.88	2.24	5	100	5	1000	0.5	120	0.5
	AB1	1.88	2.12							
	AB2	2.01	2.24							
RD2.2ES	AB	2.11	2.44	5	100	5	1000	0.5	120	0.7
	AB1	2.11	2.34							
	AB2	2.22	2.44							
RD2.4ES	AB	2.32	2.65	5	100	5	1000	0.5	120	1.0
	AB1	2.32	2.54							
	AB2	2.41	2.65							
RD2.7ES	AB	2.52	2.93	5	110	5	1000	0.5	100	1.0
	AB1	2.52	2.77							
	AB2	2.68	2.93							
RD3.0ES	AB	2.84	3.24	5	120	5	1000	0.5	50	1.0
	AB1	2.84	3.08							
	AB2	2.99	3.24							
RD3.3ES	AB	3.15	3.54	5	120	5	1000	0.5	20	1.0
	AB1	3.15	3.39							
	AB2	3.31	3.54							
RD3.6ES	AB	3.46	3.84	5	120	5	1100	0.5	10	1.0
	AB1	3.46	3.69							
	AB2	3.60	3.84							
RD3.9ES	AB	3.74	4.16	5	120	5	1200	0.5	5	1.0
	AB1	3.74	4.01							
	AB2	3.89	4.16							
RD4.3ES	AB	4.04	4.57	5	120	5	1200	0.5	5	1.0
	AB1	4.04	4.29							
	AB2	4.17	4.43							
	AB3	4.30	4.57							
RD4.7ES	AB	4.44	4.93	5	100	5	1200	0.5	5	1.0
	AB1	4.44	4.68							
	AB2	4.55	4.80							
	AB3	4.68	4.93							
RD5.1ES	AB	4.81	5.37	5	70	5	1200	0.5	5	1.5
	AB1	4.81	5.07							
	AB2	4.94	5.20							
	AB3	5.09	5.37							
RD5.6ES	AB	5.28	5.91	5	40	5	900	0.5	5	2.5
	AB1	5.28	5.55							
	AB2	5.45	5.73							
	AB3	5.61	5.91							
RD6.2ES	AB	5.78	6.44	5	30	5	500	0.5	5	3.0
	AB1	5.78	6.09							
	AB2	5.96	6.27							
	AB3	6.12	6.44							
RD6.8ES	AB	6.29	7.01	5	25	5	150	0.5	2	3.5
	AB1	6.29	6.63							
	AB2	6.49	6.83							
	AB3	6.66	7.01							
RD7.5ES	AB	6.85	7.67	5	25	5	120	0.5	0.5	4.0
	AB1	6.85	7.22							
	AB2	7.07	7.45							
	AB3	7.29	7.67							
RD8.2ES	AB	7.53	8.45	5	20	5	120	0.5	0.5	5.0
	AB1	7.53	7.92							
	AB2	7.78	8.19							
	AB3	8.03	8.45							
RD9.1ES	AB	8.29	9.30	5	20	5	120	0.5	0.5	6.0
	AB1	8.29	8.73							
	AB2	8.57	9.01							
	AB3	8.83	9.30							
RD10ES	AB	9.12	10.39	5	20	5	120	0.5	0.2	7.0
	AB1	9.12	9.65							
	AB2	9.46	10.02							
	AB3	9.82	10.39							

Type Number	Suffix	Zener Voltage V _Z (V) ^{Note 1}			Dynamic Impedance Z _Z (Ω) ^{Note 2}		Knee Dynamic Impedance Z _{ZK} (Ω) ^{Note 2}		Reverse Current I _R (μA)	
		MIN.	MAX.	I _Z (mA)	MAX.	I _Z (mA)	MAX.	I _Z (mA)	MAX.	V _R (V)
RD11ES	AB	10.18	11.38	5	20	5	120	0.5	0.2	8.0
	AB1	10.18	10.71							
	AB2	10.50	11.05							
	AB3	10.82	11.38							
RD12ES	AB	11.13	12.35	5	25	5	110	0.5	0.2	9.0
	AB1	11.13	11.71							
	AB2	11.44	12.03							
	AB3	11.74	12.35							
RD13ES	AB	12.11	13.66	5	25	5	110	0.5	0.2	10
	AB1	12.11	12.75							
	AB2	12.55	13.21							
	AB3	12.99	13.66							
RD15ES	AB	13.44	15.09	5	25	5	110	0.5	0.2	11
	AB1	13.44	14.13							
	AB2	13.89	14.62							
	AB3	14.35	15.09							
RD16ES	AB	14.80	16.51	5	25	5	150	0.5	0.2	12
	AB1	14.80	15.57							
	AB2	15.25	16.04							
	AB3	15.69	16.51							
RD18ES	AB	16.22	18.33	5	30	5	150	0.5	0.2	13
	AB1	16.22	17.06							
	AB2	16.82	17.70							
	AB3	17.42	18.33							
RD20ES	AB	18.14	20.45	5	30	5	200	0.5	0.2	15
	AB1	18.14	19.07							
	AB2	18.80	19.76							
	AB3	19.45	20.45							
RD22ES	AB	20.15	22.63	5	30	5	200	0.5	0.2	17
	AB1	20.15	21.20							
	AB2	20.64	21.71							
	AB3	21.08	22.17							
	AB4	21.52	22.63							
RD24ES	AB	22.05	24.85	5	35	5	200	0.5	0.2	19
	AB1	22.05	23.18							
	AB2	22.61	23.77							
	AB3	23.12	24.31							
	AB4	23.63	24.85							
RD27ES	AB	24.26	27.64	5	45	5	250	0.5	0.2	21
	AB1	24.26	25.52							
	AB2	24.97	26.26							
	AB3	25.63	26.95							
	AB4	26.29	27.64							
RD30ES	AB	26.99	30.51	5	55	5	250	0.5	0.2	23
	AB1	26.99	28.39							
	AB2	27.70	29.13							
	AB3	28.36	29.82							
	AB4	29.02	30.51							
RD33ES	AB	29.68	33.11	5	65	5	250	0.5	0.2	25
	AB1	29.68	31.22							
	AB2	30.32	31.88							
	AB3	30.90	32.50							
	AB4	31.49	33.11							
RD36ES	AB	32.14	35.77	5	75	5	250	0.5	0.2	27
	AB1	32.14	33.79							
	AB2	32.79	34.49							
	AB3	33.40	35.13							
	AB4	34.01	35.77							
RD39ES	AB	34.68	38.52	5	85	5	250	0.5	0.2	30
	AB1	34.68	36.47							
	AB2	35.36	37.19							
	AB3	36.00	37.85							
	AB4	36.63	38.52							

Notes 1. tested with pulse (40 ms)

2. Z_Z and Z_{ZK} are measured at I_Z by given a very small A.C. current signal.

3. Suffix AB is Suffix AB1, AB2, AB3 or AB4.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

Fig. 1 ZENER CURRENT vs. ZENER VOLTAGE

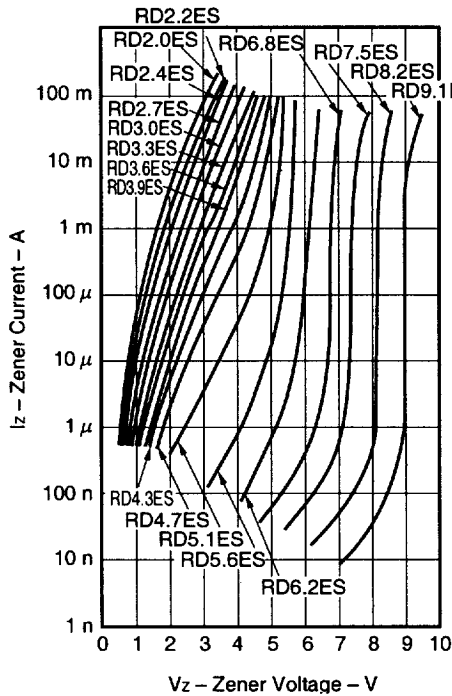


Fig. 2 ZENER CURRENT vs. ZENER VOLTAGE

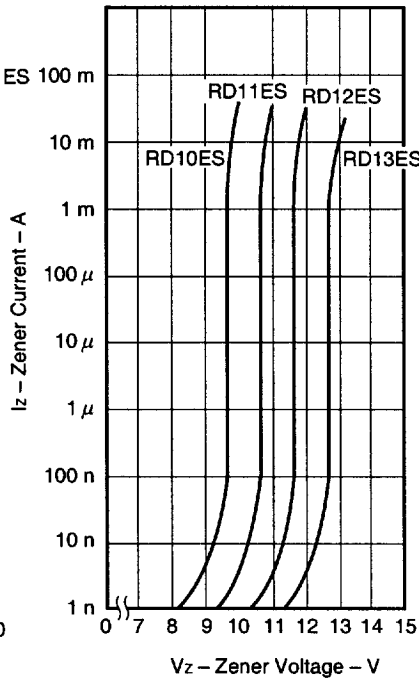


Fig. 3 ZENER CURRENT vs. ZENER VOLTAGE

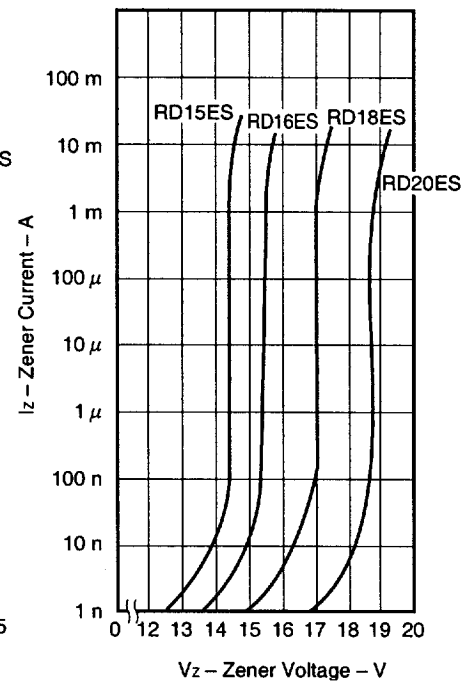


Fig. 4 ZENER CURRENT vs. ZENER VOLTAGE

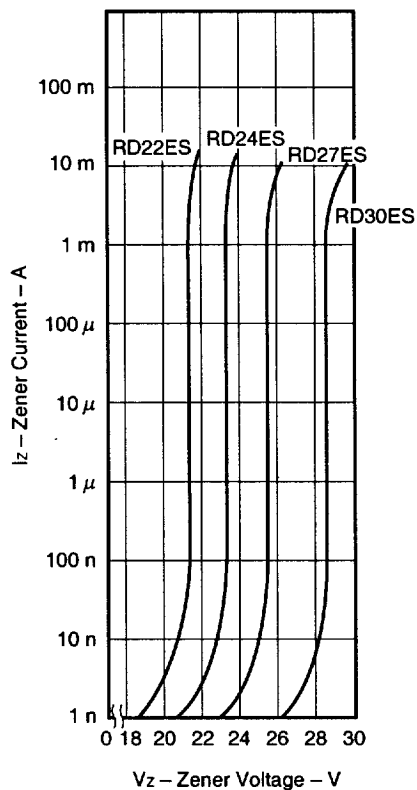


Fig. 5 ZENER CURRENT vs. ZENER VOLTAGE

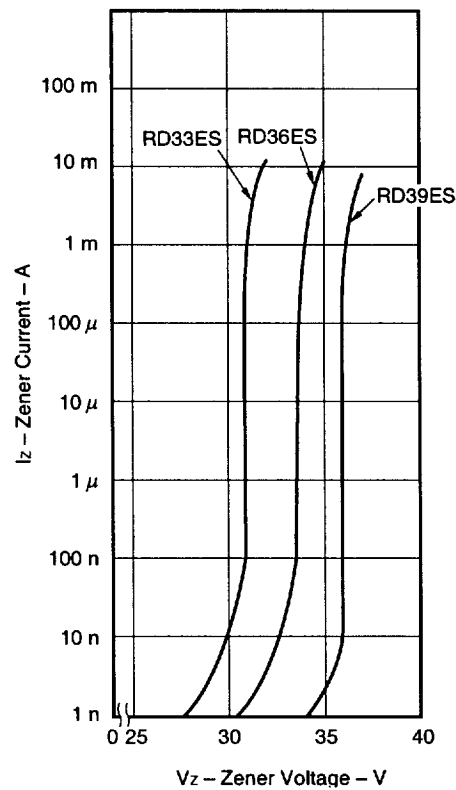


Fig. 6 POWER DISSIPATION vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

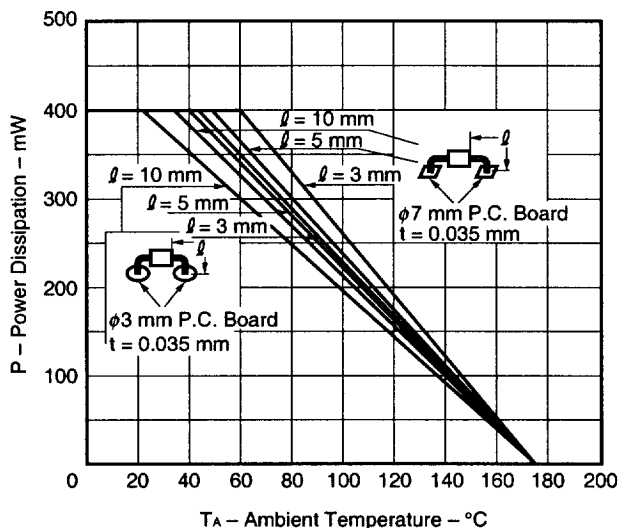


Fig. 7 THERMAL RESISTANCE vs. SIZE OF P.C. BOARD

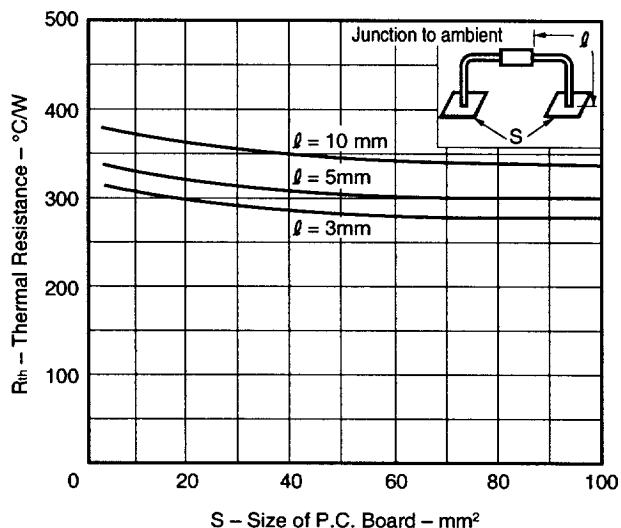


Fig. 8 DYNAMIC IMPEDANCE vs. ZENER CURRENT

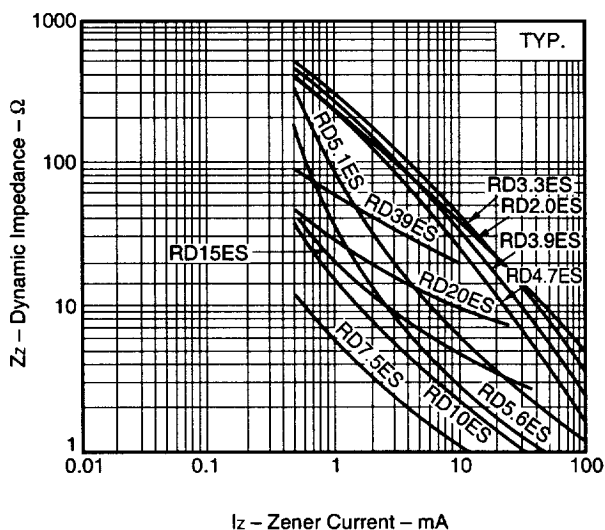


Fig. 9 ZENER VOLTAGE TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT vs. ZENER VOLTAGE

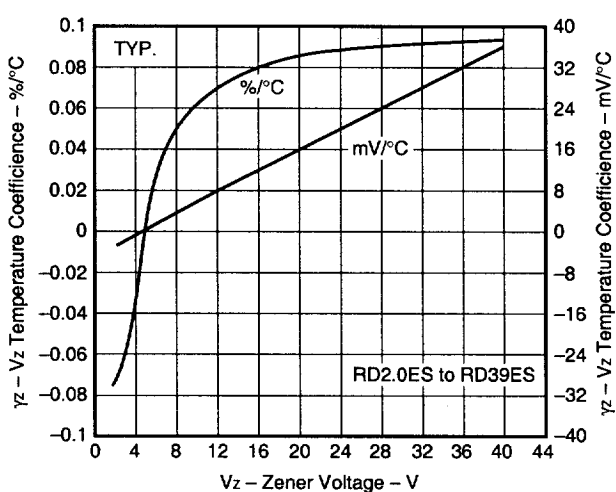


Fig. 10 SURGE REVERSE POWER RATINGS

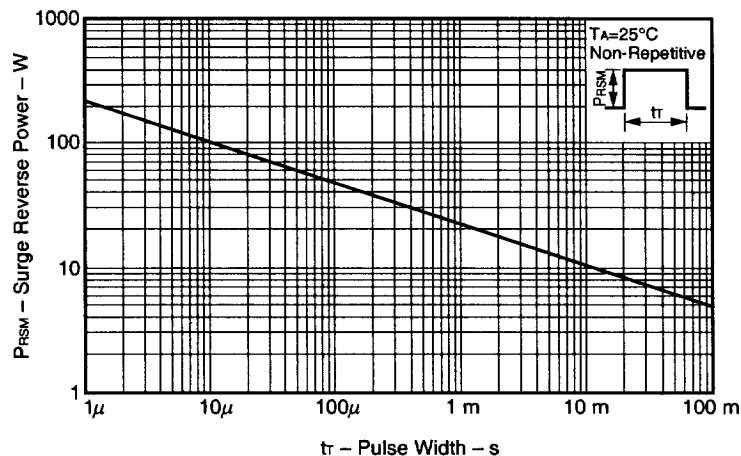
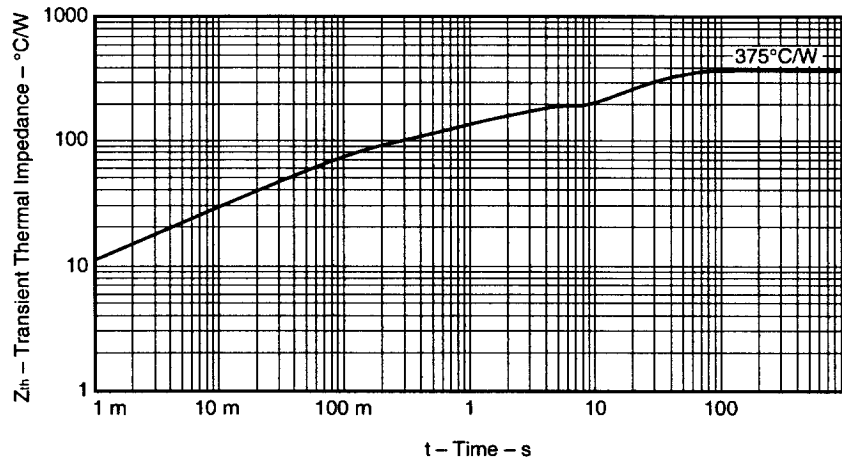


Fig. 11 TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE CHARACTERISTIC



[MEMO]

[MEMO]

- **The information in this document is subject to change without notice. Before using this document, please confirm that this is the latest version.**
 - No part of this document may be copied or reproduced in any form or by any means without the prior written consent of NEC Corporation. NEC Corporation assumes no responsibility for any errors which may appear in this document.
 - NEC Corporation does not assume any liability for infringement of patents, copyrights or other intellectual property rights of third parties by or arising from use of a device described herein or any other liability arising from use of such device. No license, either express, implied or otherwise, is granted under any patents, copyrights or other intellectual property rights of NEC Corporation or others.
 - Descriptions of circuits, software, and other related information in this document are provided for illustrative purposes in semiconductor product operation and application examples. The incorporation of these circuits, software, and information in the design of the customer's equipment shall be done under the full responsibility of the customer. NEC Corporation assumes no responsibility for any losses incurred by the customer or third parties arising from the use of these circuits, software, and information.
 - While NEC Corporation has been making continuous effort to enhance the reliability of its semiconductor devices, the possibility of defects cannot be eliminated entirely. To minimize risks of damage or injury to persons or property arising from a defect in an NEC semiconductor device, customers must incorporate sufficient safety measures in its design, such as redundancy, fire-containment, and anti-failure features.
 - NEC devices are classified into the following three quality grades:
 "Standard", "Special", and "Specific". The Specific quality grade applies only to devices developed based on a customer designated "quality assurance program" for a specific application. The recommended applications of a device depend on its quality grade, as indicated below. Customers must check the quality grade of each device before using it in a particular application.
 - Standard: Computers, office equipment, communications equipment, test and measurement equipment, audio and visual equipment, home electronic appliances, machine tools, personal electronic equipment and industrial robots
 - Special: Transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.), traffic control systems, anti-disaster systems, anti-crime systems, safety equipment and medical equipment (not specifically designed for life support)
 - Specific: Aircraft, aerospace equipment, submersible repeaters, nuclear reactor control systems, life support systems or medical equipment for life support, etc.
- The quality grade of NEC devices is "Standard" unless otherwise specified in NEC's Data Sheets or Data Books. If customers intend to use NEC devices for applications other than those specified for Standard quality grade, they should contact an NEC sales representative in advance.

 [NEC Corporation]

 Discrete

Taping Specification

 What's


SC-76 (SSP)


 EET

There are two types (-T1, -T2) of taping depending on the direction of the device.

 Bicolor

 Diode

 -T1, -T2

 Image

Devices are taped in the direction as shown in the figure above, 3000 devices are w one reel, as shown below.

 Figure of Reel

You can get information about the dimensions of the taping and the reel by downlo the PDF files below.

- [Taping drawing](#)
- [Reel drawing](#)

Caution

The part number consists of a device name and a taping specification.
For example, if you want to buy a RD6.2S in -T1 taping, the part number is: **RD6.2**

 [Back](#)

 [(C)NEC Corporation 1995-2000]