

# Triacs

(0.8 – 25 Amps)

### General Description

These gated triacs from Teccor Electronics are part of a broad line of bidirectional semiconductors. The devices range in current ratings from 0.8 to 25 amperes and in voltages from 200 to 800 volts.

The triac may be gate triggered from a blocking to conduction state for either polarity of applied voltage and is designed for AC switching and phase control applications such as speed and temperature modulation controls, lighting controls and static switching relays. The triggering signal is normally applied between the gate and MT1.


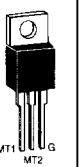
Teccor's gated triacs are available in a choice of different packages as shown above. Isolated packages are offered with internal construction, having the case or mounting tab electrically isolated from the semiconductor chip. This feature facilitates the use of low-cost assembly and convenient packaging techniques. Tape-and-reel capability is available. See "Packing Options" section of this catalog.

All Teccor triacs have glass-passivated junctions to ensure long term device reliability and parameter stability. Teccor's glass offers a rugged, reliable barrier against junction contamination.

Variations of devices covered in this data sheet are available for custom design applications. Please consult factory for more information.

- ### Features
- **Electrically-isolated packages**
  - **Glass-passivated junctions**
  - **Voltage capability — up to 800 Volts**
  - **Surge capability — up to 200 Amps**

# Electrical Specifications

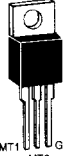
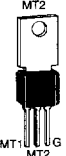
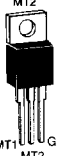
$I_{T(RMS)}$	Part Number				$V_{DRM}$	$I_{GT}$				$I_{DRM}$			$V_{TM}$	$V_{GT}$		
	 TO-92	 THERMOTAB TO-220AB	Non-Isolated			Repetitive Peak Blocking Voltage (1)	DC Gate Trigger Current in Specific Operating Quadrants $V_D = 12VDC$ $R_L = 60\Omega$ (3) (7)				Peak Off-State Current Gate Open $V_{DRM} = \text{Max}$ Rated Value (1) (16)			Peak On-State Voltage at Max Rated RMS Current $T_C = 25^\circ C$ (1) (5)	DC Gate Trigger Voltage $V_D = 12VDC$ $R_L = 60\Omega$ (2) (6) (18)	
See "Package Dimensions" section for variations.				Volts	mAmps				mAmps			Volts	Volts			
MAX					MIN	MAX				TYP	MAX			MAX	MIN	MAX
0.5 Amp	Q2X3E3				200	10	10	10	25	.02	0.5	1.0	1.6	0.2	2.0	
	Q4X3E3				400	10	10	10	25	.02	0.5	1.0	1.6	0.2	2.0	
	Q6X3E3				600	10	10	10	25	.02	0.5	1.0	1.6	0.2	2.0	
	Q8X3E3				800	10	10	10	25	.02	0.5	1.0	1.6	0.2	2.0	
	Q2X3E4				200	25	25	25	50	.02	0.5	1.0	1.6	0.2	2.5	
	Q4X3E4				400	25	25	25	50	.02	0.5	1.0	1.6	0.2	2.5	
	Q6X3E4				600	25	25	25	50	.02	0.5	1.0	1.6	0.2	2.5	
1.0 Amp	Q201E3				200	10	10	10	25	.02	0.5	1.0	1.6	0.2	2.0	
	Q401E3				400	10	10	10	25	.02	0.5	1.0	1.6	0.2	2.0	
	Q501E3				500	10	10	10	25	.02	0.5	1.0	1.6	0.2	2.0	
	Q601E3				600	10	10	10	25	.02	0.5	1.0	1.6	0.2	2.0	
	Q201E4				200	25	25	25	50	.02	0.5	1.0	1.6	0.2	2.5	
	Q401E4				400	25	25	25	50	.02	0.5	1.0	1.6	0.2	2.5	
	Q501E4				500	25	25	25	50	.02	0.5	1.0	1.6	0.2	2.5	
4.0 Amps	Q2004L3	Q2004F31			200	10	10	10	25	.05	0.5	2.0	1.6	0.2	2.0	
	Q4004L3	Q4004F31			400	10	10	10	25	.05	0.5	2.0	1.6	0.2	2.0	
	Q6004L3	Q6004F31			600	10	10	10	25	.05	0.5	2.0	1.6	0.2	2.0	
	Q8004L3	Q8004F31			800	10	10	10	25	.05	0.5	2.0	1.6	0.2	2.0	
	Q2004L4	Q2004F41			200	25	25	25	50	.05	0.5	2.0	1.6	0.2	2.5	
	Q4004L4	Q4004F41			400	25	25	25	50	.05	0.5	2.0	1.6	0.2	2.5	
	Q6004L4	Q6004F41			600	25	25	25	50	.05	0.5	2.0	1.6	0.2	2.5	
	Q8004L4	Q8004F41			800	25	25	25	50	.05	0.5	2.0	1.6	0.2	2.5	
	Q7004L4				700	25	25	25	50	.05	0.5	2.0	1.6	0.2	2.5	
Q8004L4				800	25	25	25	50	.05	0.5	2.0	1.6	0.2	2.5		
6.0 Amps	Q2006L4	Q2006F41	Q2006R4		200	25	25	25	50	.05	0.5	2.0	1.6	0.2	2.5	
	Q4006L4	Q4006F41	Q4006R4		400	25	25	25	50	.05	0.5	2.0	1.6	0.2	2.5	
	Q5006L4	Q5006F41	Q5006R4		500	25	25	25	50	.05	0.5	2.0	1.6	0.2	2.5	
	Q6006L5	Q6006F51	Q6006R5		600	50	50	50	75	.05	0.5	2.0	1.6	0.2	2.5	
	Q7006L5		Q7006R5		700	50	50	50	75	.05	0.5	2.0	1.6	0.2	2.5	
8.0 Amps	Q2008L4	Q2008F41	Q2008R4		200	25	25	25	50	.05	0.5	2.0	1.6	0.2	2.5	
	Q4008L4	Q4008F41	Q4008R4		400	25	25	25	50	.05	0.5	2.0	1.6	0.2	2.5	
	Q6008L4	Q6008F41	Q6008R4		600	25	25	25	50	.05	0.5	2.0	1.6	0.2	2.5	
	Q8008L4	Q8008F41	Q8008R4		800	25	25	25	50	.05	0.5	2.0	1.6	0.2	2.5	
	Q7008L5	Q7008F51	Q7008R5		700	50	50	50	75	.05	0.5	2.0	1.6	0.2	2.5	
Q8008L5		Q8008R5		800	50	50	50	75	.05	0.5	2.0	1.6	0.2	2.5		

See General Notes and Electrical Specification Notes on page 2-4.

$I_H$	$I_{GT(M)}$	$P_{GM}$	$P_{G(AV)}$	$I_{TSM}$		$dv/dt (c)$	$dv/dt$		$t_{GT}$	$I^2t$	$di/dt$							
												Peak One Cycle Surge (9) (13)		Critical Rate-of-Rise of Commutation Voltage at Rated $V_{DRM}$ and $I_{T(RMS)}$ Commutating $di/dt = 0.54$ Rated $I_{T(RMS)}$ /ms Gate Unenergized (1) (4) (13)	Critical Rate-of-Rise of Off-State Voltage at Rated $V_{DRM}$ Gate Open (1)	Gate Controlled Turn-On Time $I_{GT} = 200mA$ 0.1 $\mu$ s Rise Time (10)	RMS Surge (Non-Repetitive) On-State Current for Period of 8.3ms for Fusing	Maximum Rate-of-Change of On-State Current $I_{GT} = 200mA$ with 0.1 $\mu$ s Rise Time
												Amps						
Holding Current (DC) Gate Open (1) (8) (12)	Peak Gate Trigger Current (14)	Peak Gate Power Dissipation (14) $I_{GT} \leq I_{GT(M)}$	Average Gate Power Dissipation				Volts/ $\mu$ Sec											
mAmps							$T_C = 100^\circ C$	$T_C = 125^\circ C$										
MAX	Amps	Watts	Watts	60Hz	50Hz	TYP	MIN		TYP	Amp <sup>2</sup> Sec	Amps/ $\mu$ Sec							
15	1.0	10	0.2	10	8.3	1.0	40	30	2.5	0.41	20							
15	1.0	10	0.2	10	8.3	1.0	35	25	2.5	0.41	20							
15	1.0	10	0.2	10	8.3	1.0	30	20	2.5	0.41	20							
15	1.0	10	0.2	10	8.3	1.0	25	15	2.5	0.41	20							
25	1.0	10	0.2	10	8.3	2.0	50	40	3	0.41	20							
25	1.0	10	0.2	10	8.3	2.0	45	35	3	0.41	20							
25	1.0	10	0.2	10	8.3	2.0	40	30	3	0.41	20							
25	1.0	10	0.2	10	8.3	2.0	35	25	3	0.41	20							
15	1.0	10	0.2	20	16.7	1.0	40	30	2.5	1.6	30							
15	1.0	10	0.2	20	16.7	1.0	40	30	2.5	1.6	30							
15	1.0	10	0.2	20	16.7	1.0	30	20	2.5	1.6	30							
15	1.0	10	0.2	20	16.7	1.0	30	20	2.5	1.6	30							
25	1.0	10	0.2	20	16.7	1.0	50	40	3	1.6	30							
25	1.0	10	0.2	20	16.7	1.0	50	40	3	1.6	30							
25	1.0	10	0.2	20	16.7	1.0	40	30	3	1.6	30							
25	1.0	10	0.2	20	16.7	1.0	40	30	3	1.6	30							
20	1.2	15	0.3	55	46	2.0	50	40	2.5	12.5	50							
20	1.2	15	0.3	55	46	2.0	50	40	2.5	12.5	50							
20	1.2	15	0.3	55	46	2.0	40	30	2.5	12.5	50							
20	1.2	15	0.3	55	46	2.0	40	30	2.5	12.5	50							
30	1.2	15	0.3	55	46	2.0	100	75	3	12.5	50							
30	1.2	15	0.3	55	46	2.0	100	75	3	12.5	50							
30	1.2	15	0.3	55	46	2.0	75	50	3	12.5	50							
30	1.2	15	0.3	55	46	2.0	75	50	3	12.5	50							
30	1.2	15	0.3	55	46	2.0	60	40	3	12.5	50							
30	1.2	15	0.3	55	46	2.0	60	40	3	12.5	50							
50	1.6	18	0.5	80	65	4.0	200	120	3	26.5	70							
50	1.6	18	0.5	80	65	4.0	200	120	3	26.5	70							
50	1.6	18	0.5	80	65	4.0	150	100	3	26.5	70							
50	1.6	18	0.5	80	65	4.0	150	100	3	26.5	70							
50	1.6	18	0.5	80	65	4.0	125	85	3	26.5	70							
50	1.6	18	0.5	80	65	4.0	125	85	3	26.5	70							
50	1.8	20	0.5	100	83	4.0	250	150	3	41	70							
50	1.8	20	0.5	100	83	4.0	250	150	3	41	70							
50	1.8	20	0.5	100	83	4.0	220	125	3	41	70							
50	1.8	20	0.5	100	83	4.0	220	125	3	41	70							
50	1.8	20	0.5	100	83	4.0	150	100	3	41	70							
50	1.8	20	0.5	100	83	4.0	150	100	3	41	70							

See General Notes and Electrical Specification Notes on page 2-4.

# Electrical Specifications

I <sub>TRMS</sub>	Part Number			V <sub>DRM</sub>	I <sub>GT</sub>					I <sub>TRMS</sub>			V <sub>GT</sub>		
	Isolated	Non-Isolated			mAmps					mAmps			Volts		
RMS On-State Current Conduction Angle of 360° (4) (16)	 THERMOTAB TO-220AB	 TO-202AB	 TO-220AB	Repetitive Peak Blocking Voltage (1)	DC Gate Trigger Current In Specific Operating Quadrants V <sub>D</sub> = 12VDC (3) (7) (15)					Peak Off-State Current Gate Open V <sub>DRM</sub> = Max Rated Value (1) (16)			DC Gate Trigger Voltage V <sub>D</sub> = 12VDC (2) (6) (15) (18)		
MAX	See "Package Dimensions" section for variations.			MIN	MAX					TYP	MAX			MIN	MAX
10.0 Amps	Q2010L5	Q2010F51	Q2010R5	200	50	50	50	75	.05	0.5	2.0	0.2	2.5		
	Q4010L5	Q4010F51	Q4010R5	400	50	50	50	75	.05	0.5	2.0	0.2	2.5		
	Q5010L5	Q5010F51	Q5010R5	500	50	50	50	75	.05	0.5	2.0	0.2	2.5		
	Q6010L5	Q6010F51	Q6010R5	600	50	50	50	75	.05	0.5	2.0	0.2	2.5		
	Q7010L5		Q7010R5	700	50	50	50	75	.05	0.5	2.0	0.2	2.5		
	Q8010L5		Q8010R5	800	50	50	50	75	0.1	1.0	3.0	0.2	2.5		
15.0 Amps	Q2015L5		Q2015R5	200	50	50	50		.05	0.5	2.0	0.2	2.5		
	Q4015L5		Q4015R5	400	50	50	50		.05	0.5	2.0	0.2	2.5		
	Q5015L5		Q5015R5	500	50	50	50		.05	0.5	2.0	0.2	2.5		
	Q6015L5		Q6015R5	600	50	50	50		.05	0.5	2.0	0.2	2.5		
	Q7015L5		Q7015R5	700	50	50	50		0.1	1.0	3.0	0.2	2.5		
	Q8015L5		Q8015R5	800	50	50	50		0.1	1.0	3.0	0.2	2.5		
25.0 Amps			Q2025R5	200	50	50	50		0.1	1.0	3.0	0.2	2.5		
			Q4025R5	400	50	50	50		0.1	1.0	3.0	0.2	2.5		
			Q5025R5	500	50	50	50		0.1	1.0	3.0	0.2	2.5		
			Q6025R5	600	50	50	50		0.1	1.0	3.0	0.2	2.5		
			Q7025R5	700	50	50	50		0.1	1.0	3.0	0.2	2.5		
			Q8025R5	800	50	50	50		0.1	1.0	3.0	0.2	2.5		

## General Notes

- All measurements are made at 60 Hz with a resistive load at an ambient temperature of +25°C unless specified otherwise.
- Operating temperature range (T<sub>J</sub>) is -65°C to +125°C for TO-92, and -40°C to +125°C for all other devices
- Storage temperature range (T<sub>S</sub>) is -65°C to +150°C for TO-92, and -40°C to +150°C for TO-202 devices, and -40°C to +125°C for all other devices.
- Lead solder temperature is a maximum of 230°C for 10 seconds, maximum; ≥ 1/16" (1.59mm) from case
- The case temperature (T<sub>C</sub>) is measured as shown on the dimensional outline drawings. See "Package Dimensions" section of this catalog.

## Electrical Specification Notes

- For either polarity of MT2 with reference to MT1 terminal.
- For either polarity of gate voltage (V<sub>GT</sub>) with reference to MT1 terminal.
- See Definition of Quadrants.
- See Figures 2.1 through 2.7 for current rating at specific operating temperature.
- See Figures 2.8 through 2.10 for I<sub>T</sub> vs V<sub>T</sub>.
- See Figure 2.12 for V<sub>GT</sub> vs T<sub>C</sub>.
- See Figure 2.11 for I<sub>GT</sub> vs T<sub>C</sub>.
- See Figure 2.14 for I<sub>H</sub> vs T<sub>C</sub>.
- See Figure 2.13 for surge rating with specific durations.
- See Figure 2.15 for t<sub>gt</sub> vs I<sub>GT</sub>.
- See package outlines for lead form configurations. When ordering special lead forming, add type number as suffix to part number.
- Initial on-state current = 200mA(DC) for 1-10 amp devices, 400 mA(DC) for 15 amp to 25 amp devices.
- See Figures 2.1 through 2.6 for maximum allowable case temperature at maximum rated current.
- Pulse width ≤ 10μs.
- R<sub>L</sub> = 60Ω for 0.8-10 amp triacs; R<sub>L</sub> = 30Ω for 15-25 amp triacs.
- T<sub>C</sub> = T<sub>J</sub> for test conditions in off-state.
- I<sub>GT</sub> = 500 mA for 25 amp devices.
- Quadrants I, II, and III only.

$V_{RM}$	$I_H$	$I_{GTM}$	$P_{GM}$	$P_G(AV)$	$I_{TSM}$		$dv/dt(c)$	$dv/dt$		$t_{GT}$	$I^2t$	$di/dt$
Peak On-State Voltage at Maximum Rated RMS Current $T_C = 25^\circ C$ (1) (5)	Holding Current (DC) Gate Open (1) (8) (12)	Peak Gate Trigger Current (14)	Peak Gate Power Dissipation (14) $I_{GT} \leq I_{GTM}$	Average Gate Power Dissipation	Peak One-Cycle Surge (9) (13)		Critical Rate-of-Rise of Commutation Voltage at Rated $V_{DRM}$ & $I_T(RMS)$ Commutating $di/dt = 0.54$ Rated $I_T(RMS)/ms$ Gate Unenergized (1) (4) (13)	Critical Rate-of-Rise of Off-State Voltage at Rated $V_{DRM}$ Gate Open (1)		Gate Controlled Turn-On Time $I_{GT} = 200mA$ 0.1 $\mu s$ Rise Time (10) (17)	RMS Surge (Non-Repetitive) On-State for Period of 8.3ms For Fusing $I_{GT} = 200mA$ with 0.1 $\mu s$ Rise Time	Maximum Rate-of-Change of On-State Current $I_{GT} = 200mA$ with 0.1 $\mu s$ Rise Time
					Amps			Volts/ $\mu Sec$				
Volts	mAmps	Amps	Watts	Watts	60Hz	50Hz	Volts/ $\mu Sec$	Volts/ $\mu Sec$		$\mu Sec$	Amps <sup>2</sup> Sec	Amps/ $\mu Sec$
MAX	MAX						TYP	MIN		TYP		
1.5	50	1.5	20	0.5	120	100	4	350	225	3	60	70
1.5	50	1.5	20	0.5	120	100	4	350	225	3	60	70
1.5	50	1.5	20	0.5	120	100	4	300	200	3	60	70
1.5	50	1.5	20	0.5	120	100	4	300	200	3	60	70
1.5	50	1.5	20	0.5	120	100	4	250	175	3	60	70
1.5	50	1.5	20	0.5	120	100	4	250	175	3	60	70
1.6	70	2.0	20	0.5	200	167	4	400	275	4	166	100
1.6	70	2.0	20	0.5	200	167	4	400	275	4	166	100
1.6	70	2.0	20	0.5	200	167	4	350	225	4	166	100
1.6	70	2.0	20	0.5	200	167	4	350	225	4	166	100
1.6	70	2.0	20	0.5	200	167	4	300	200	4	166	100
1.6	70	2.0	20	0.5	200	167	4	300	200	4	166	100
1.5	100	2.0	20	0.5	200	167	5	400	275	4	220	100
1.5	100	2.0	20	0.5	200	167	5	400	275	4	220	100
1.5	100	2.0	20	0.5	200	167	5	350	225	4	220	100
1.5	100	2.0	20	0.5	200	167	5	350	225	4	220	100
1.5	100	2.0	20	0.5	200	167	5	300	200	4	220	100
1.5	100	2.0	20	0.5	200	167	5	300	200	4	220	100

# Electrical Specifications

## Gate Characteristics

Teccor triacs may be turned on between gate and MT1 terminals in the following ways:

- With in-phase signals (using standard AC line) Quadrants I and III are used.
- By applying unipolar pulses (gate always positive or negative)—with negative gate pulses Quadrants II and III are used and with positive gate pulses Quadrants I and IV are used.

However, due to higher gate requirements for Quadrant IV, it is recommended that only negative pulses be applied. If positive pulses are required, see sensitive triac sections of catalog or contact factory.

In all cases, if maximum surge capability is required, pulses should be a minimum of one magnitude above  $I_{GT}$  rating with a steep rising waveform ( $\leq 1 \mu\text{sec}$  rise time).

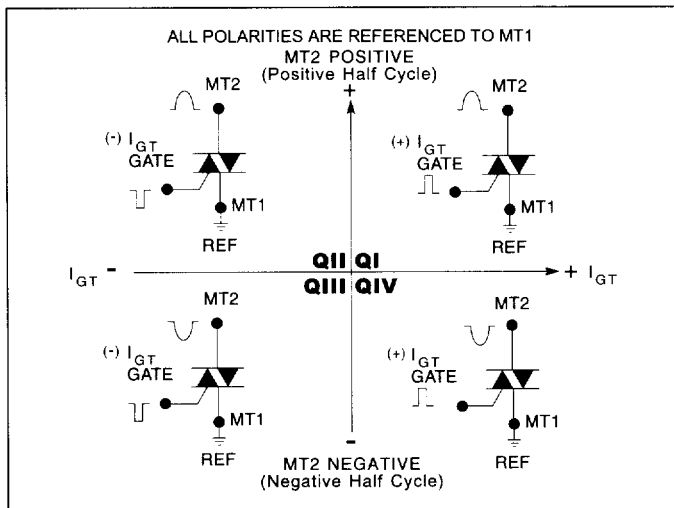
## Electrical Isolation

Teccor's isolated triac packages will withstand a minimum high potential test of 2500VAC (RMS) from leads to mounting tab, over the operating temperature range of the device. See isolation table below for standard and optional isolation ratings.



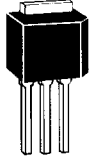


ELECTRICAL ISOLATION FROM LEADS TO MOUNTING TAB	
VAC (RMS)	Isolated ** TO-220AB
<b>2500</b>	<b>Standard</b>
<b>4000</b>	<b>Optional *</b>

\* For 4000V isolation, use V suffix in part number.

\*\* UL Recognized File E71639



Definition of Quadrants

Type	THERMAL RESISTANCE (STEADY STATE) $R_{\theta JC}$ [ $R_{\theta JA}$ ] (TYP.) °C/W				
	 TO-92	 TYPE 1 TO-202AB	 TYPE 2 TO-202AB	 THERMOTAB TO-220AB	 NON-ISOLATED TO-220AB
<b>0.8 Amp</b>	<b>60 [135]</b>				
<b>1.0 Amp</b>	<b>50 [95]</b>				
<b>4.0 Amps</b>		<b>3.5 [45]</b>	<b>6 [70]</b>	<b>3.6 [50]</b>	
<b>6.0 Amps</b>		3.8		3.3	2.1 [45]
<b>8.0 Amps</b>		3.3		2.6	1.8
<b>10.0 Amps</b>		3.5		2.6	1.5
<b>15.0 Amps</b>				2.1	1.3
<b>25.0 Amps</b>					1.1

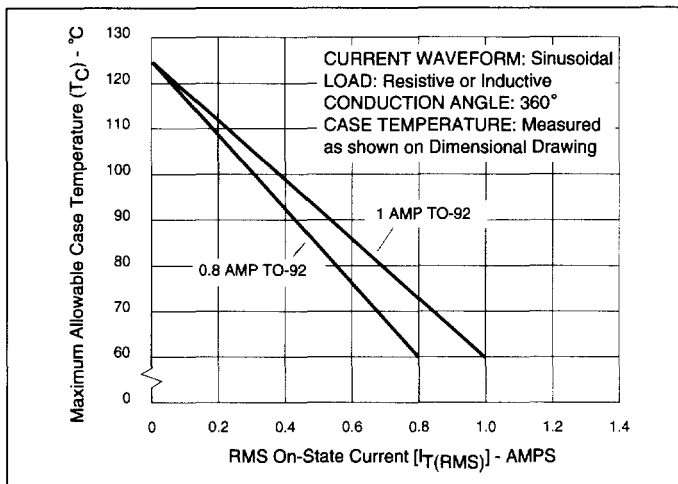


Figure 2.1 Maximum Allowable Case Temperature vs On-State Current (0.8 and 1.0 Amp)

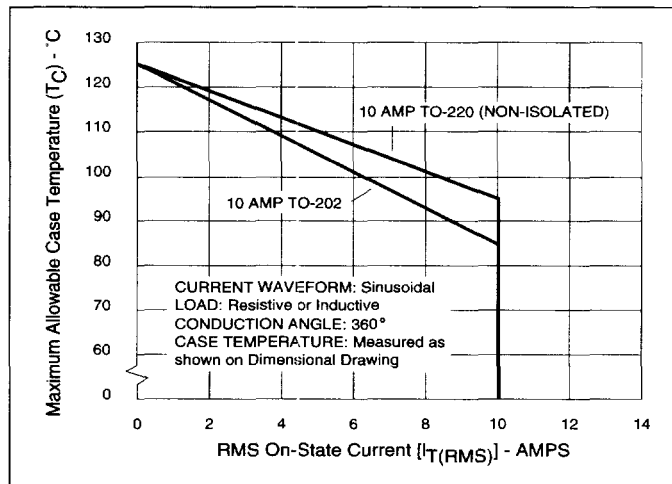


Figure 2.4 Maximum Allowable Case Temperature vs On-State Current (10 Amp)

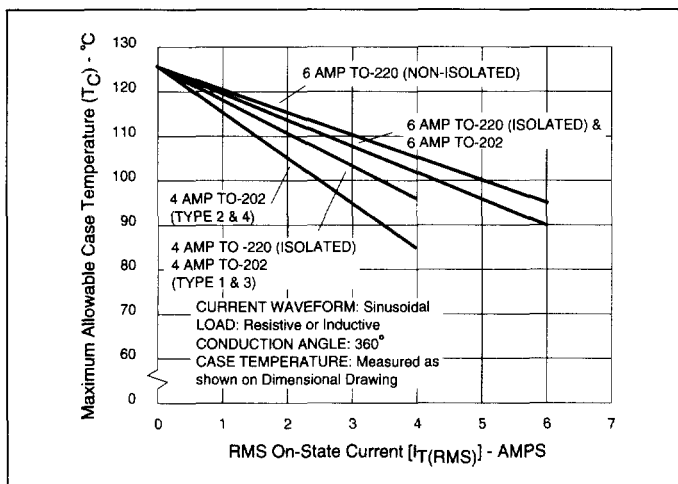


Figure 2.2 Maximum Allowable Case Temperature vs On-State Current (4 and 6 Amp)

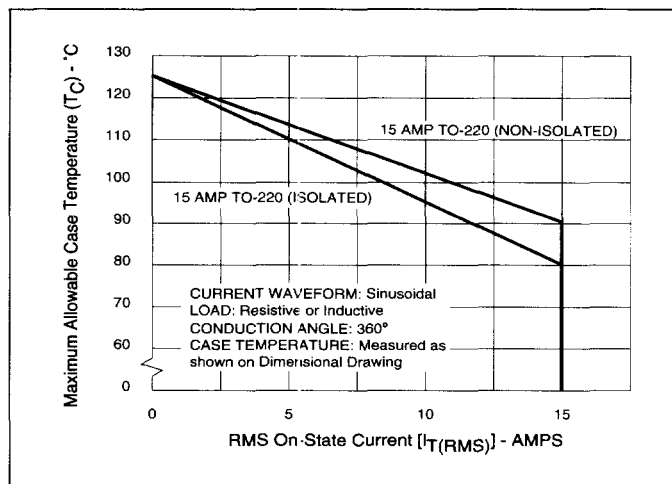


Figure 2.5 Maximum Allowable Case Temperature vs On-State Current (15 Amp)

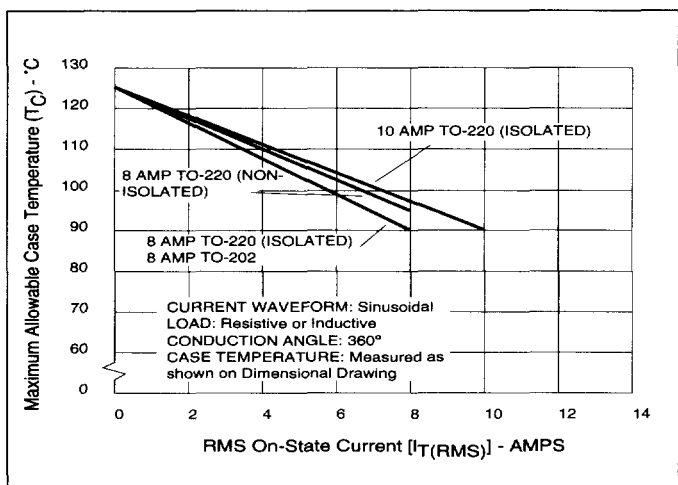


Figure 2.3 Maximum Allowable Case Temperature vs On-State Current (8 and 10 Amp)

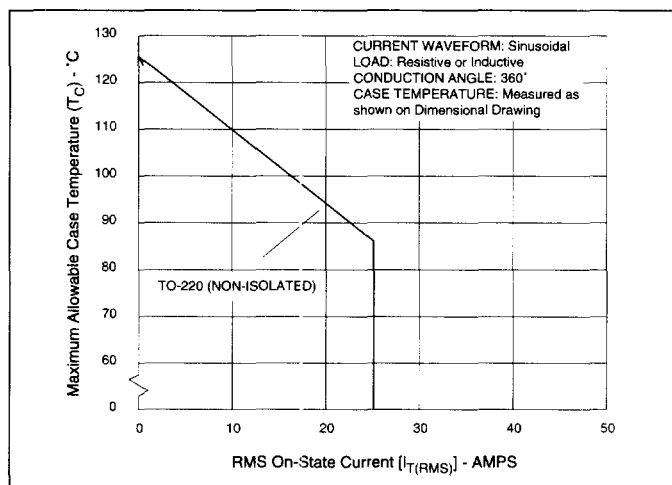


Figure 2.6 Maximum Allowable Case Temperature vs On-State Current (25 Amp)

# Electrical Specifications

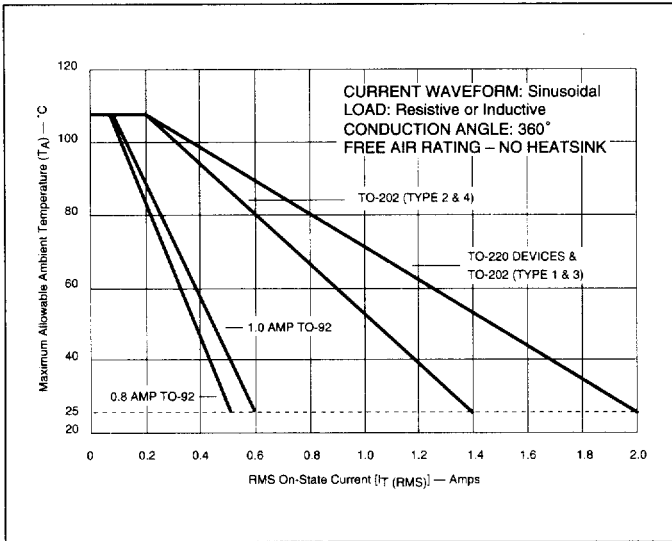


Figure 2.7 Maximum Allowable Ambient Temperature vs On-State Current

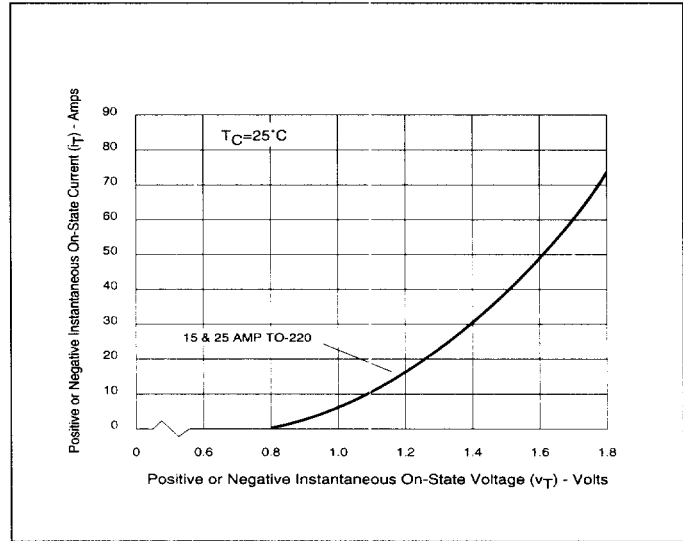


Figure 2.10 On-State Current vs On-State Voltage (Typical) (15 and 25 Amp)

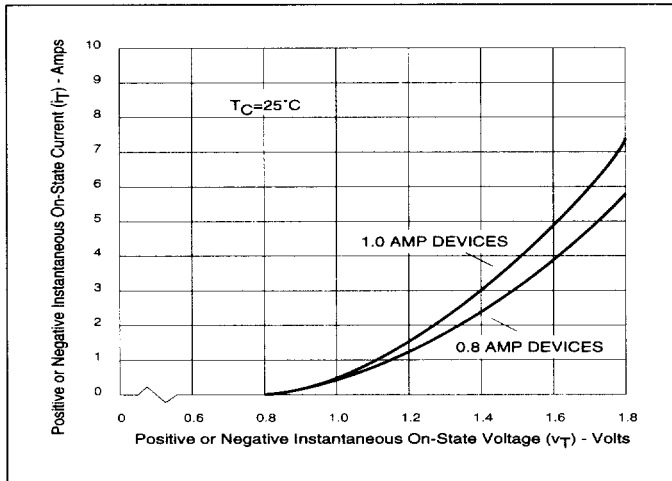


Figure 2.8 On-State Current vs On-State Voltage (Typical) (0.8 and 1.0 Amp)

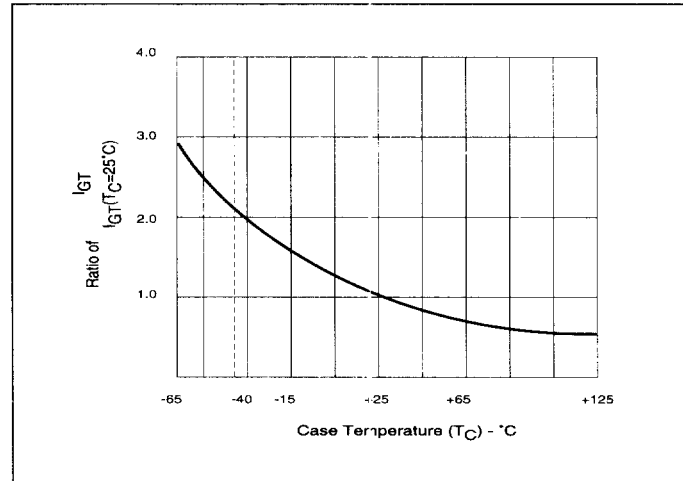


Figure 2.11 Normalized DC Gate Trigger Current for All Quadrants vs Case Temperature

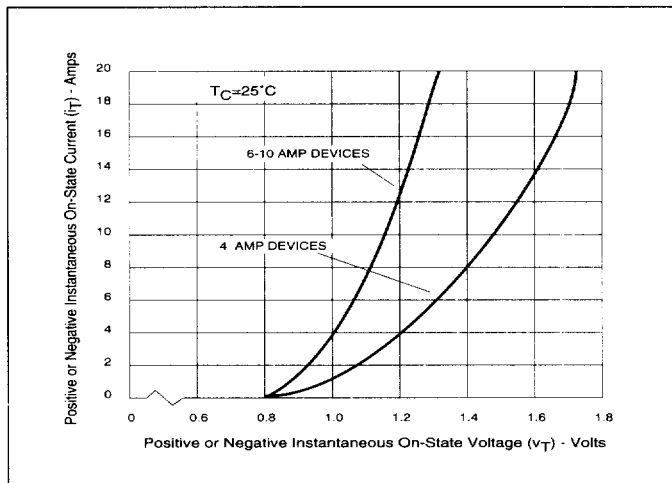


Figure 2.9 On-State Current vs On-State Voltage (Typical) (4, 6, 8, and 10 Amp)

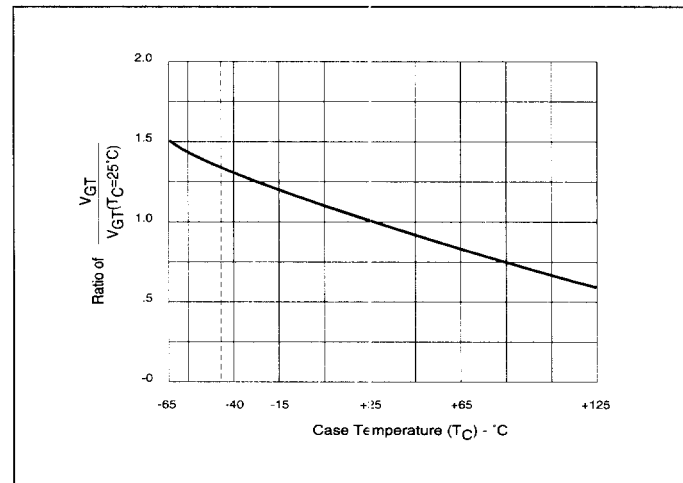


Figure 2.12 Normalized DC Gate Trigger Voltage for All Quadrants vs Case Temperature



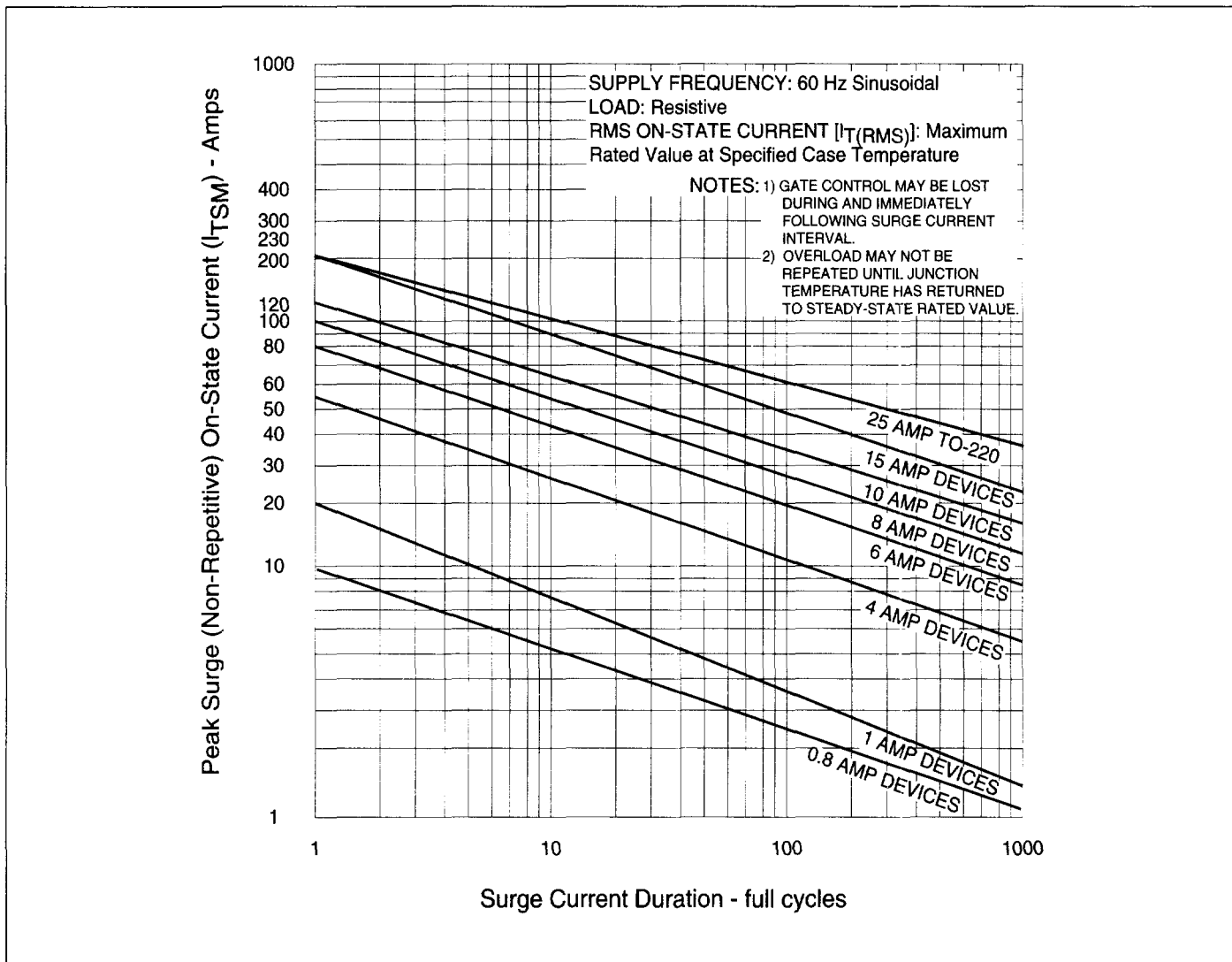


Figure 2.13 Peak Surge Current vs Surge Current Duration

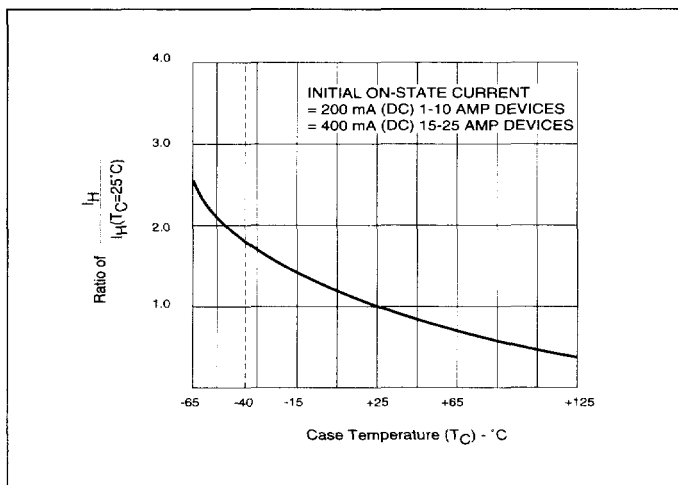


Figure 2.14 Normalized DC Holding Current vs Case Temperature

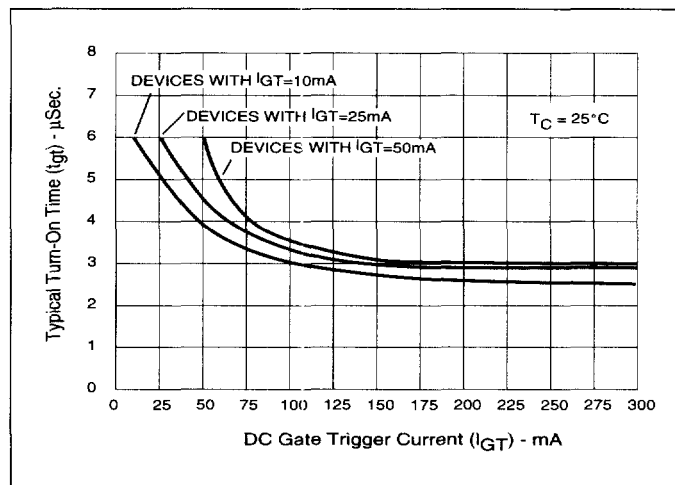


Figure 2.15 Turn-On Time vs Gate Trigger Current (Typical)

# Electrical Specifications

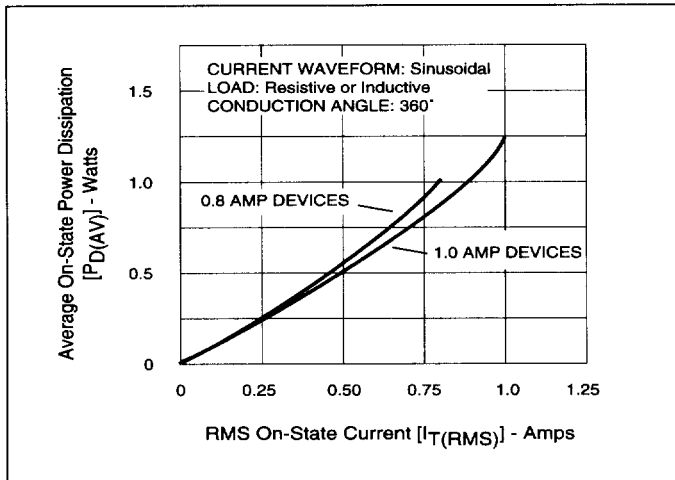


Figure 2.16 Power Dissipation (Typical) vs On-State Current (0.8 and 1.0 Amp)

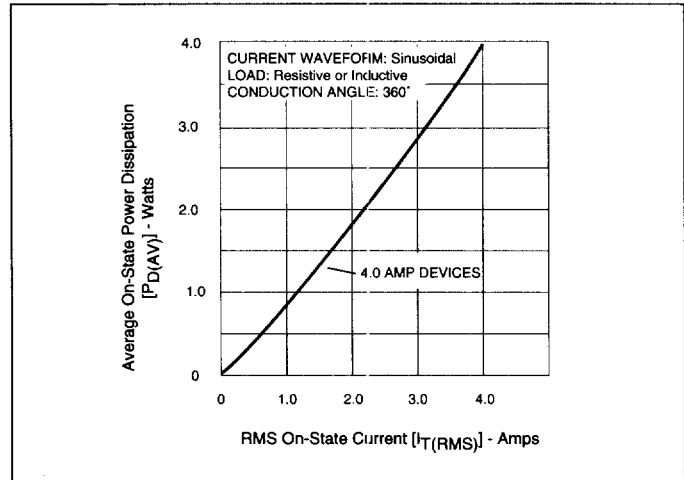


Figure 2.19 Power Dissipation (Typical) vs RMS On-State Current (4 Amp)

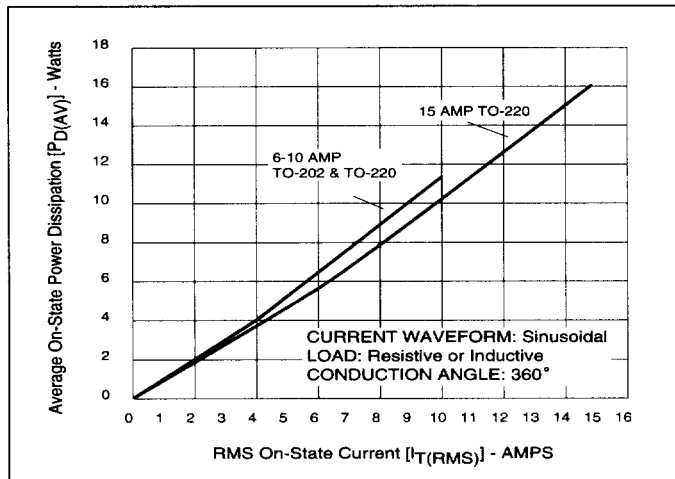


Figure 2.17 Power Dissipation (Typical) vs On-State Current (6-10 and 15 Amp)

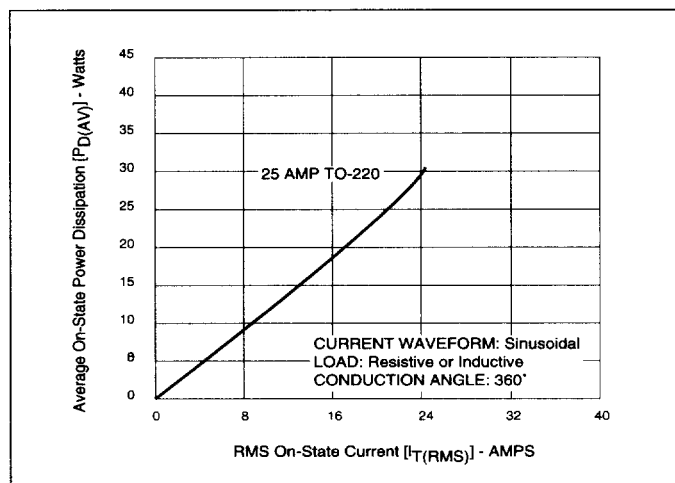


Figure 2.18 Power Dissipation (Typical) vs On-State Current (25 Amp)