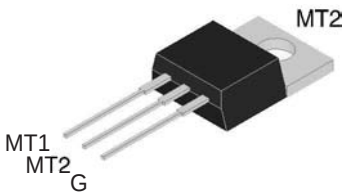
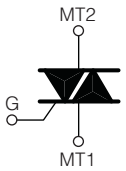
LOGIC LEVEL TRIAC

TO-220A B





On-State Current
16 Amp

Gate Trigger Current
< 10 mA

Off-State Voltage
200 V ÷ 800 V

This series of TRIACs uses a high performance PNPN technology.

These parts are intended for general purpose AC switching applications with highly inductive loads.

Absolute Maximum Ratings, according to IEC publication No. 134

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	Value	Unit
$I_{T(RMS)}$	RMS On-state Current (full sine wave)	All Conduction Angle, T_C = 95 °C	16	A
I_{TSM}	Non-repetitive On-State Current	Full Cycle, 60 Hz (t = 16.7 ms)	176	A
I_{TSM}	Non-repetitive On-State Current	Full Cycle, 50 Hz (t = 20 ms)	160	A
I^2t	Fusing Current	tp = 10 ms, Half Cycle	144	A^2s
I_{GM}	Peak Gate Current	20 µs max. T_j =125 °C	4	A
$P_{G(AV)}$	Average Gate Power Dissipation	T_j =125 °C	1	W
dI/dt	Critical rate of rise of on-state current	I_G = 2x I_{GT}, t_r ≤100ns f= 120 Hz, T_j =125 °C	50	A/µs
T_j	Operating Temperature		(-40 + 125)	°C
T_{stg}	Storage Temperature		(-40 + 150)	°C
T_{sld}	Soldering Temperature	10s max	260	°C

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VOLTAGE					Unit
		B	D	M	S	N	
V_{DRM} V_{RRM}	Repetitive Peak Off State Voltage	200	400	600	700	800	V

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Electrical Characteristics

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	Quadrant		SENSITIVITY	Unit
					08	
I_{GT} (1)	Gate Trigger Current	V_D = 12 V_{DC}, R_L = 33Ω, T_j = 25 °C	Q1÷Q3	MAX	10	mA
			Q4	MAX		mA
V_{GT}	Gate Trigger Voltage	V_D = 12 V_{DC}, R_L = 33Ω, T_j = 25 °C	Q1÷Q3	MAX	1.3	V
			Q1÷Q4	MAX		V
V_{GD}	Gate Non Trigger Voltage	V_D = V_{DRM}, R_L = 3.3 KΩ, T_j = 125 °C	Q1÷Q3	MIN	0.2	V
			Q1÷Q4	MIN		V
I_H (2)	Holding Current	I_T = 100 mA, Gate open, T_j = 25 °C		MAX	15	mA
I_L	Latching Current	I_G = 1.2 I_{GT}, T_j = 25 °C	Q1,Q3	MAX	25	mA
			Q1,Q3,Q4	MAX		mA
			Q2	MAX	30	mA
dV/dt (2)	Critical Rate of Voltage Rise	V_D = 0.67 x V_{DRM}, Gate open T_j = 125 °C		MIN	40	V/µs
(dI/dt)c (2)	Critical Rate of Current Rise	(dv/dt)c = 0.1 V/µs T_j = 125 °C		MIN	8.5	A/ms
		(dv/dt)c = 10 V/µs T_j = 125 °C		MIN	3.0	A/ms
		without snubber T_j = 125 °C		MIN	-	
V_{TM} (2)	On-state Voltage	I_T = 22.5 Amp, tp = 380 µs, T_j = 25 °C		MAX	1.6	V
$V_{t(o)}$ (2)	Threshold Voltage	T_j = 125 °C		MAX	0.85	V
r_d (2)	Dynamic resistance	T_j = 125 °C		MAX	25	mΩ
I_{DRM}/I_{RRM}	Off-State Leakage Current	V_D = V_{DRM}, T_j = 125 °C		MAX	2	mA
		V_R = V_{RRM}, T_j = 25 °C		MAX	5	µA
$R_{th(j-c)}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-Case	for AC 360° conduction angle			1.1	°C/W
$R_{th(j-a)}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-Ambient	S = 1 cm^2			60	°C/W

(1) Minimum I_{GT} is guaranted at 5% of I_{GT} max.

(2) For either polarity of electrode MT2 voltage with reference to electrode MT1.

PART NUMBER INFORMATION

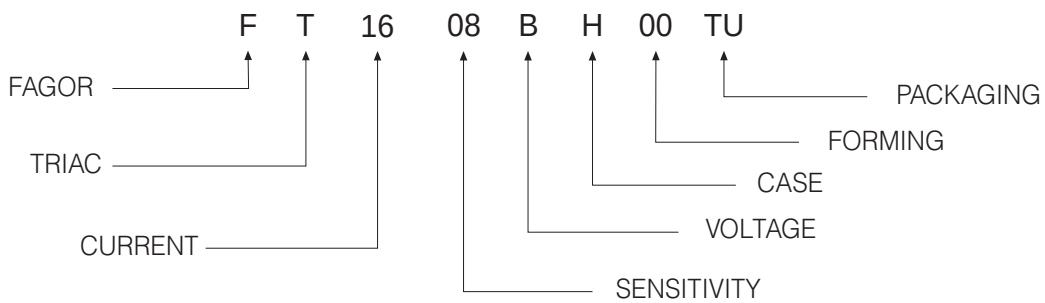

Fig. 1: Maximum power dissipation versus RMS on-state current (full cycle).

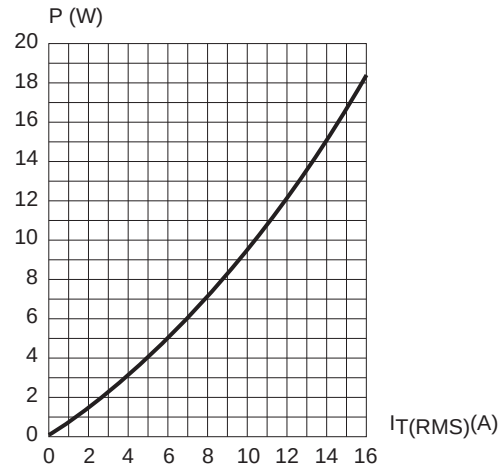

Fig. 2: RMS on-state current versus case temperature (full cycle).

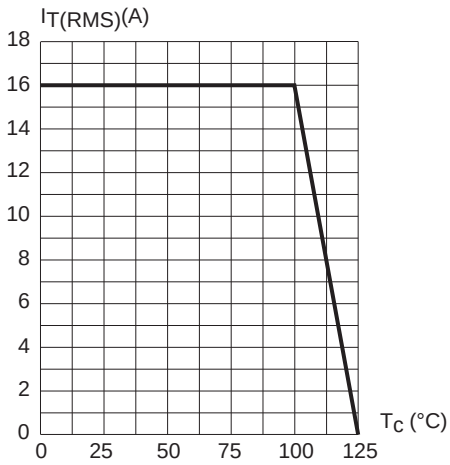

Fig. 3: Relative variation of thermal impedance versus pulse duration.

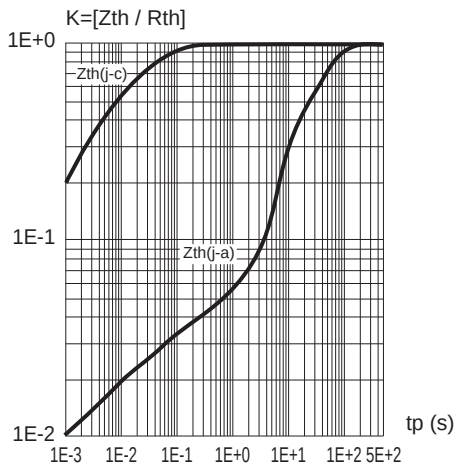

Fig. 4: On-state characteristics (maximum values)

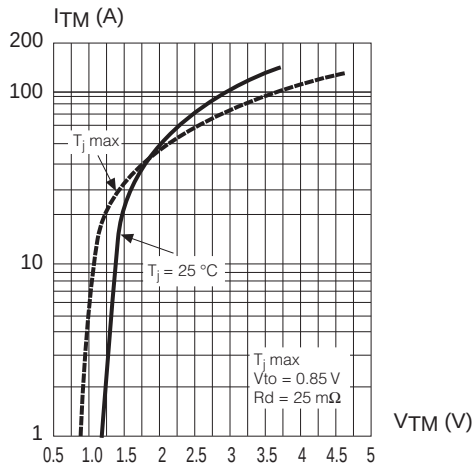

Fig. 5: Surge peak on-state current versus number of cycles

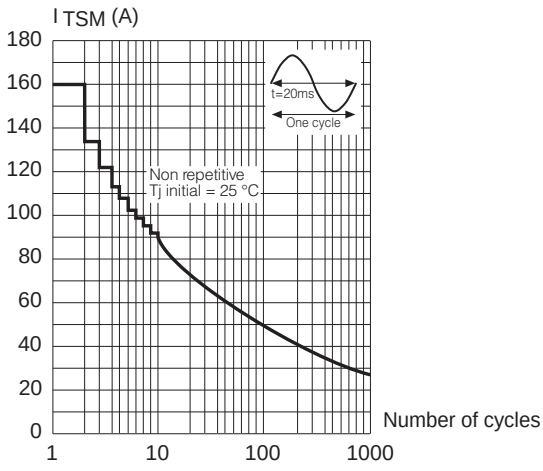

Fig. 6: Non repetitive surge peak on-state current for a sinusoidal pulse with width: tp < 10 ms, and corresponding value of I^2t.

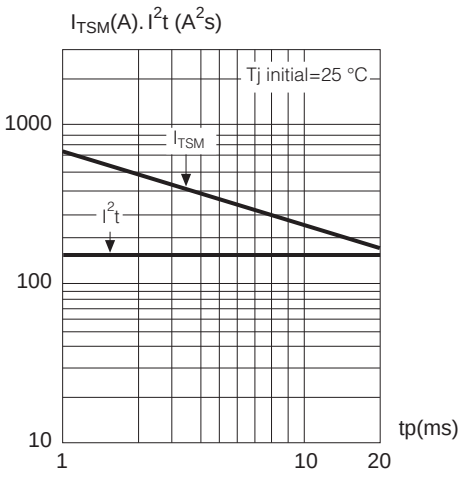

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Fig. 7: Relative variation of gate trigger current, holding current and latching versus junction temperature (typical values)

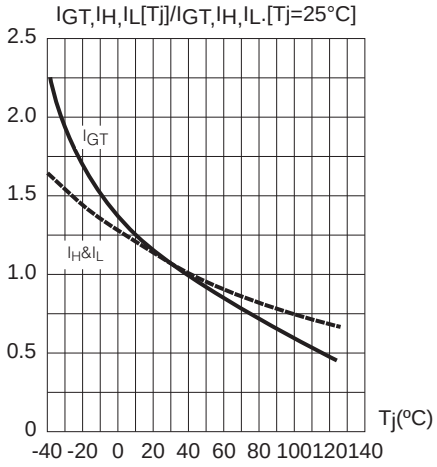


Fig. 8: Relative variation of critical rate of decrease of main current versus junction temperature

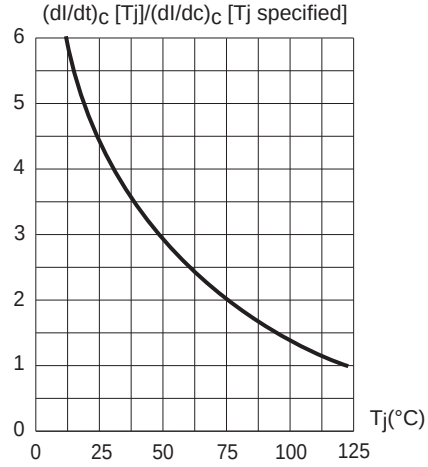
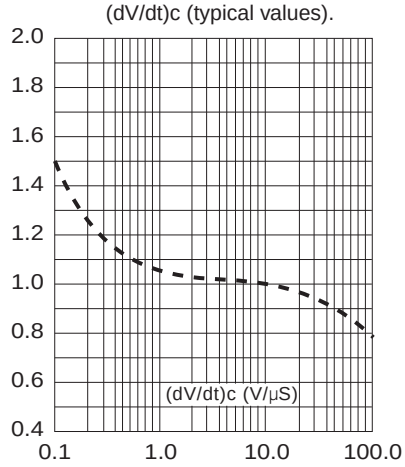
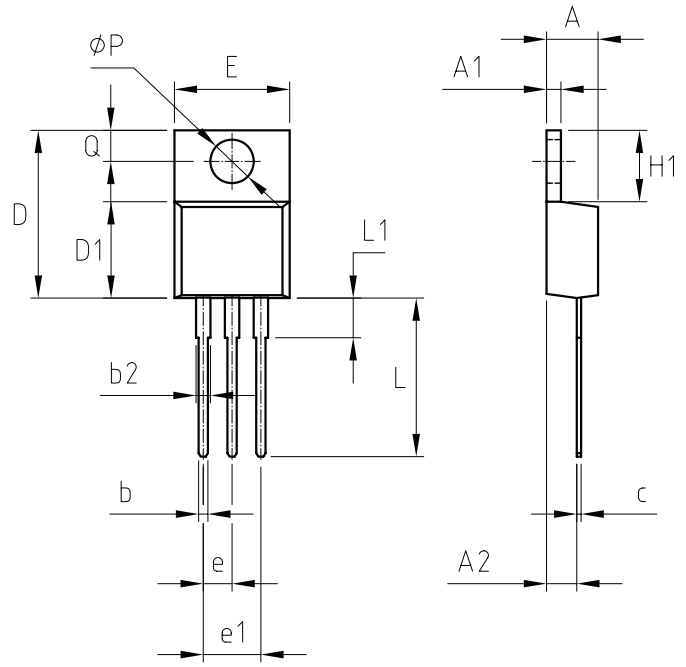


Fig. 9: Relative variation of critical rate of decrease of main current versus



PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

TO-220AB



REF.	DIMENSIONS Milimeters	
	Min.	Max.
A	3.56	4.83
A1	0.50	1.40
A2	2.00	2.92
b	0.38	1.02
b2	1.14	1.78
c	0.31	0.61
D	14.22	16.51
D1	8.38	9.02
E	9.65	10.67
e	2.49	2.59
e1	5.03	5.18
H1	5.84	6.86
L	12.70	14.74
L1		6.35
P	3.53	4.09
Q	2.54	3.43

Mounting Torque	**1 N.m**

(*) Limiting values and life support applications, see Web page.