

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS		
Nominal Frequency	49.152MHz	
Frequency Tolerance/Stability	±25ppm Maximum (Inclusive of all conditions: Calibration Tolerance at 25°C, Frequency Stability over the Operating Temperature Range, Supply Voltage Changem Output Load Change, Output Load Change, 1st Year Aging at 25°C, Shock, and Vibration)	
Aging at 25°C	±5ppm/year Maximum	
Operating Temperature Range	0°C to +70°C	
Supply Voltage	3.3Vdc ±0.3Vdc	
Input Current	35mA Maximum (No Load)	
Output Voltage Logic High (Voh)	2.7Vdc Minimum (IOH = -8mA)	
Output Voltage Logic Low (Vol)	0.5Vdc Maximum (IOL = +8mA)	
Rise/Fall Time	6nSec Maximum (Measured at 20% to 80% of waveform)	
Duty Cycle	50 ±5(%) (Measured at 50% of waveform)	
Load Drive Capability	30pF Maximum	
Output Logic Type	CMOS	
Pin 1 Connection	Tri-State (High Impedance)	
Tri-State Input Voltage (Vih and Vil)	70% of Vdd Minimum to Enable Output, 20% of Vdd Maximum to Disable Output, No Connect to Enable Output.	
Absolute Clock Jitter	±250pSec Maximum, ±100pSec Typical	
One Sigma Clock Period Jitter	±50pSec Maximum, ±40pSec Typical	
Start Up Time	10mSec Maximum	
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to +125°C	

ENVIRONMENTAL & MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS		
Fine Leak Test	MIL-STD-883, Method 1014, Condition A	
Gross Leak Test	MIL-STD-883, Method 1014, Condition C	
Lead Integrity	MIL-STD-883, Method 2004	
Mechanical Shock	MIL-STD-202, Method 213, Condition C	
Resistance to Soldering Heat	MIL-STD-202, Method 210	
Resistance to Solvents	MIL-STD-202, Method 215	
Solderability	MIL-STD-883, Method 2003	
Temperature Cycling	MIL-STD-883, Method 1010	
Vibration	MIL-STD-883, Method 2007, Condition A	



CONNECTION

Tri-State (High

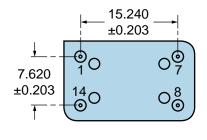
Ground/Case Ground

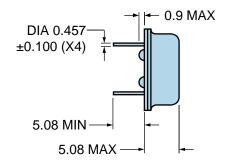
Impedance)

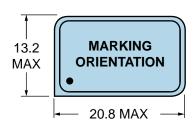
Output

8

### **MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS (all dimensions in millimeters)**

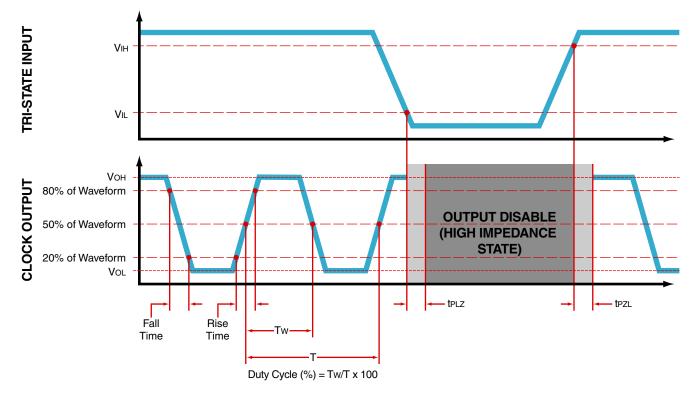






14	Supply Voltage
LINE	MARKING
1	ECLIPTEK
2	EH13TS EH13=Product Series
3	49.152M
4	XXYZZ XX=Ecliptek Manufacturing Code Y=Last Digit of the Year ZZ=Week of the Year

#### **OUTPUT WAVEFORM & TIMING DIAGRAM**





#### **Test Circuit for CMOS Output**



Note 1: An external  $0.1\mu F$  low frequency tantalum bypass capacitor in parallel with a  $0.01\mu F$  high frequency ceramic bypass capacitor close to the package ground and  $V_{DD}$  pin is required.

Note 2: A low capacitance (<12pF), 10X attenuation factor, high impedance (>10Mohms), and high bandwidth (>300MHz) passive probe is recommended.

Note 3: Capacitance value  $\dot{C}_L$  includes sum of all probe and fixture capacitance.



## **Recommended Solder Reflow Methods**

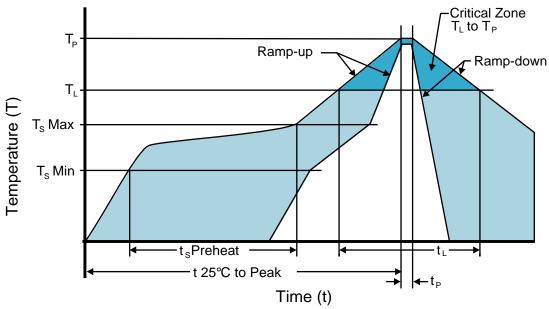


### **High Temperature Solder Bath (Wave Solder)**

<u> </u>	,
T <sub>S</sub> MAX to T <sub>L</sub> (Ramp-up Rate)	3°C/second Maximum
Preheat	
- Temperature Minimum (T <sub>S</sub> MIN)	150°C
- Temperature Typical (T <sub>s</sub> TYP)	175°C
- Temperature Maximum (T <sub>s</sub> MAX)	200°C
- Time (t <sub>s</sub> MIN)	60 - 180 Seconds
Ramp-up Rate (T <sub>L</sub> to T <sub>P</sub> )	3°C/second Maximum
Time Maintained Above:	
- Temperature (T <sub>L</sub> )	217°C
- Time (t <sub>L</sub> )	60 - 150 Seconds
Peak Temperature (T <sub>P</sub> )	260°C Maximum for 10 Seconds Maximum
Target Peak Temperature (T <sub>P</sub> Target)	250°C +0/-5°C
Time within 5°C of actual peak (tp)	20 - 40 seconds
Ramp-down Rate	6°C/second Maximum
Time 25°C to Peak Temperature (t)	8 minutes Maximum
Moisture Sensitivity Level	Level 1
Additional Notes	Temperatures shown are applied to back of PCB board and device leads only. Do not use this method for product with the Gull Wing option.



# **Recommended Solder Reflow Methods**



### Low Temperature Infrared/Convection 185°C

•	
T <sub>s</sub> MAX to T <sub>L</sub> (Ramp-up Rate)	5°C/second Maximum
Preheat	
- Temperature Minimum (T <sub>s</sub> MIN)	N/A
- Temperature Typical (T <sub>s</sub> TYP)	150°C
- Temperature Maximum (T <sub>s</sub> MAX)	N/A
- Time (t <sub>s</sub> MIN)	60 - 120 Seconds
Ramp-up Rate (T <sub>L</sub> to T <sub>P</sub> )	5°C/second Maximum
Time Maintained Above:	
- Temperature (T <sub>L</sub> )	150°C
- Time (t∟)	200 Seconds Maximum
Peak Temperature (T <sub>P</sub> )	185°C Maximum
Target Peak Temperature (T <sub>P</sub> Target)	185°C Maximum 2 Times
Time within 5°C of actual peak (tp)	10 seconds Maximum 2 Times
Ramp-down Rate	5°C/second Maximum
Time 25°C to Peak Temperature (t)	N/A
Moisture Sensitivity Level	Level 1
Additional Notes	Temperatures shown are applied to body of device. Use this method only for product with the Gull Wing option.



### **Recommended Solder Reflow Methods**



### **Low Temperature Solder Bath (Wave Solder)**

	,
T <sub>s</sub> MAX to T <sub>∟</sub> (Ramp-up Rate)	5°C/second Maximum
Preheat	
- Temperature Minimum (T <sub>S</sub> MIN)	N/A
- Temperature Typical (T <sub>s</sub> TYP)	150°C
- Temperature Maximum (T <sub>s</sub> MAX)	N/A
- Time (t <sub>s</sub> MIN)	30 - 60 Seconds
Ramp-up Rate (T <sub>L</sub> to T <sub>P</sub> )	5°C/second Maximum
Time Maintained Above:	
- Temperature (T <sub>L</sub> )	150°C
- Time (t∟)	200 Seconds Maximum
Peak Temperature (T <sub>P</sub> )	245°C Maximum
Target Peak Temperature (T <sub>P</sub> Target)	245°C Maximum 1 Time / 235°C Maximum 2 Times
Time within 5°C of actual peak (tp)	5 seconds Maximum 1 Time / 15 seconds Maximum 2 Times
Ramp-down Rate	5°C/second Maximum
Time 25°C to Peak Temperature (t)	N/A
Moisture Sensitivity Level	Level 1
Additional Notes	Temperatures shown are applied to back of PCB board and device leads only. Do not use this method for product with the Gull Wing option.

#### **Low Temperature Manual Soldering**

185°C Maximum for 10 seconds Maximum, 2 times Maximum. (Temperatures listed are applied to device leads only. This method can be utilized with both Gull Wing and Non-Gull Wing devices.)

#### **High Temperature Manual Soldering**

260°C Maximum for 5 seconds Maximum, 2 times Maximum. (Temperatures listed are applied to device leads only. This method can be utilized with both Gull Wing and Non-Gull Wing devices.)