

## SCHMITT INVERTER

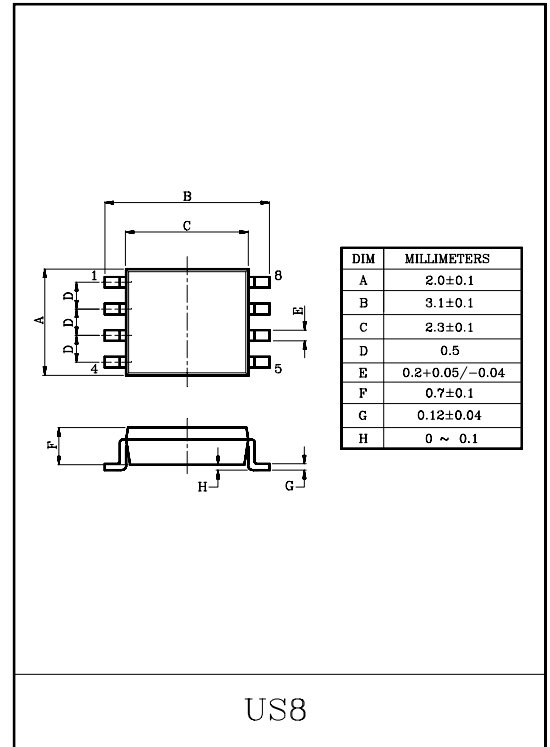
The KIC7W14FK is high speed C<sup>2</sup>MOS SCHMITT INVERTER fabricated with silicon gate C<sup>2</sup>MOS technology. It achieves the high speed operation similar to equivalent LSTTL while maintaining the C<sup>2</sup>MOS low power dissipation. Pin configuration and function are the same as the KIC7WU04FU but the inputs have 25% V<sub>CC</sub> hysteresis and with its schmitt trigger function, the KIC7W14FK can be used as a line receivers which will receive slow input signals. All inputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge or transient excess voltage.

## FEATURES

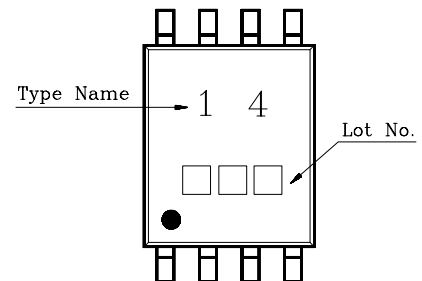
- High Speed :  $t_{pd}=11\text{ns(Typ.)}$  at  $V_{CC}=5\text{V}$ .
- Low Power Dissipation :  $I_{CC}=1\mu\text{A(Max.)}$  at  $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ .
- High Noise Immunity :  $V_H=1.1\text{V}$  at  $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$
- Output Drive Capability : 10 LSTTL Loads.
- Symmetrical Output Impedance :  $|I_{OH}|=I_{OL}=4\text{mA(Min.)}$
- Balanced Propagation Delays :  $t_{pLH}\approx t_{pHL}$
- Wide Operating Voltage Range :  $V_{CC(opr)}=2\sim 6\text{V}$ .

## MAXIMUM RATINGS (T<sub>a</sub>=25°C)

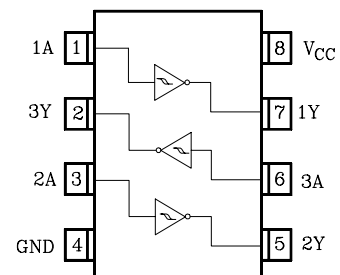
CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Supply Voltage Range	V <sub>CC</sub>	-0.5~7	V
DC Input Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	-0.5~V <sub>CC</sub> +0.5	V
DC Output Voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub>	-0.5~V <sub>CC</sub> +0.5	V
Input Diode Current	I <sub>IK</sub>	±20	mA
Output Diode Current	I <sub>OK</sub>	±20	mA
DC Output Current	I <sub>OUT</sub>	±25	mA
DC V <sub>CC</sub> /Ground Current	I <sub>CC</sub>	±25	mA
Power Dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	200	mW
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-65~150	°C
Lead Temperature (10s)	T <sub>L</sub>	260	°C



## MARKING

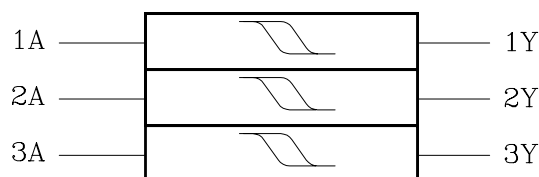


## PIN CONNECTION(TOP VIEW)



# KIC7W14FK

LOGIC DIAGRAM



TRUTH TABLE

A	Y
L	H
H	L

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Supply Voltage	$V_{CC}$	2~6	V
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$	0~ $V_{CC}$	V
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}$	0~ $V_{CC}$	V
Operating Temperature	$T_{opr}$	-40~85	°C

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	$V_{CC}$	$T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$			$T_a=-40\sim 85^\circ\text{C}$		UNIT	
				MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
Positive Threshold Voltage	$V_P$	-	2.0	1.0	1.25	1.5	1.0	1.5	V	
			4.5	2.3	2.7	3.15	2.3	3.15		
			6.0	3.0	3.5	4.2	3.0	4.2		
Negative Threshold Voltage	$V_N$	-	2.0	0.3	0.65	0.9	0.3	0.9	V	
			4.5	1.13	1.6	2.0	1.13	2.0		
			6.0	1.5	2.3	2.6	1.5	2.6		
Hysteresis Voltage	$V_H$	-	2.0	0.3	0.6	1.0	0.3	1.0	V	
			4.5	0.6	1.1	1.4	0.6	1.4		
			6.0	0.8	1.2	1.7	0.8	1.7		
High-Level Output Voltage	$V_{OH}$	$V_{IN}=V_{IL}$	$I_{OH}=-20\mu\text{A}$	2.0	1.9	2.0	-	1.9	-	V
			$I_{OH}=-4\text{mA}$	4.5	4.4	4.5	-	4.4	-	
			$I_{OH}=-5.2\text{mA}$	6.0	5.9	6.0	-	5.9	-	
Low-Level Output Voltage	$V_{OL}$	$V_{IN}=V_{IH}$	$I_{OL}=20\mu\text{A}$	2.0	-	0.0	0.1	-	0.1	V
			$I_{OL}=4\text{mA}$	4.5	-	0.0	0.1	-	0.1	
			$I_{OL}=5.2\text{mA}$	6.0	-	0.0	0.1	-	0.1	
Input Leakage Current	$I_{IN}$	$V_{IN}=V_{CC}$ or GND	6.0	-	-	$\pm 0.1$	-	$\pm 1.0$	$\mu\text{A}$	
Quiescent Supply Current	$I_{CC}$	$V_{IN}=V_{CC}$ or GND	6.0	-	-	1.0	-	10.0		

# KIC7W14FK

## AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (C<sub>L</sub>=15pF, V<sub>CC</sub>=5V, T<sub>a</sub>=25°C)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	T <sub>a</sub> =25°C			UNIT
			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Output Transition Time	t <sub>TLH</sub> t <sub>THL</sub>	-	-	4	8	ns
Propagation Delay Time	t <sub>pLH</sub> t <sub>pHL</sub>	-	-	11	21	ns

## AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (C<sub>L</sub>=50pF, Input t<sub>r</sub>=t<sub>f</sub>=6ns)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	V <sub>CC</sub>	T <sub>a</sub> =25°C			T <sub>a</sub> =-40~85°C		UNIT
				MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Output Transition Time	t <sub>TLH</sub> t <sub>THL</sub>	-	2.0	-	30	75	-	95	ns
			4.5	-	8	15	-	19	
			6.0	-	7	13	-	16	
Propagation Delay Time	t <sub>pLH</sub> t <sub>pHL</sub>	-	2.0	-	42	125	-	155	ns
			4.5	-	14	25	-	31	
			6.0	-	12	21	-	26	
Input Capacitance	C <sub>IN</sub>	-	-	5	10	-	10	pF	
Power Dissipation Capacitance	C <sub>PD</sub>	(Note 1)	-	28	-	-	-		

Note 1 : C<sub>PD</sub> is defined as the value of internal equivalent capacitance of IC which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load (refer to Test Circuit.)

Average operating current can be obtained by the equation hereunder.

$$I_{CC(\text{opr})} = C_{PD} \cdot V_{CC} \cdot f_{IN} + I_{CC}/2 \text{ (per gate)}$$