
Sup/IRBuck™

USER GUIDE FOR IR3894 EVALUATION BOARD

1.2Vout

DESCRIPTION

The IR3894 is a synchronous buck converter, providing a compact, high performance and flexible solution in a small 5mm X 6 mm Power QFN package.

Key features offered by the IR3894 include internal Digital Soft Start/Soft Stop, precision 0.5V reference voltage, Power Good, thermal protection, programmable switching frequency, Enable input, input under-voltage lockout for proper start-up, enhanced line/load regulation with feed forward, external frequency synchronization with smooth clocking, smart internal LDO and pre-bias start-up.

Output over-current protection function is implemented by sensing the voltage developed across the on-resistance of the synchronous rectifier MOSFET for optimum cost and performance and the current limit is thermally compensated.

This user guide contains the schematic and bill of materials for the IR3894 evaluation board. The guide describes operation and use of the evaluation board itself. Detailed application information for IR3894 is available in the IR3894 data sheet.

BOARD FEATURES

- $V_{in} = +12V (+ 13.2V \text{ Max})$
- $V_{out} = +1.2V @ 0- 12A$
- $F_s = 600kHz$
- $L = 0.51\mu H$
- $C_{in} = 4 \times 10\mu F \text{ (ceramic 1206)} + 1 \times 330\mu F \text{ (electrolytic)}$
- $C_{out} = 8 \times 22\mu F \text{ (ceramic 0805)}$

CONNECTIONS AND OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

A well regulated +12V input supply should be connected to VIN+ and VIN-. A maximum of 12A load should be connected to VOUT+ and VOUT-. The input and output connections of the board are listed in Table I.

IR3894 has only one input supply and internal LDO generates Vcc from Vin. If operation with external Vcc is required, then R15 can be removed and external Vcc can be applied between Vcc+ and Vcc- pins. Vin pin and Vcc/LDOout pins should be shorted together for external Vcc operation (use zero ohm resistor for R29).

The output can track voltage at the Vp pin. For this purpose, Vref pin is to be connected to ground (use zero ohm resistor for R21). The value of R14 and R28 can be selected to provide the desired tracking ratio between output voltage and the tracking input.

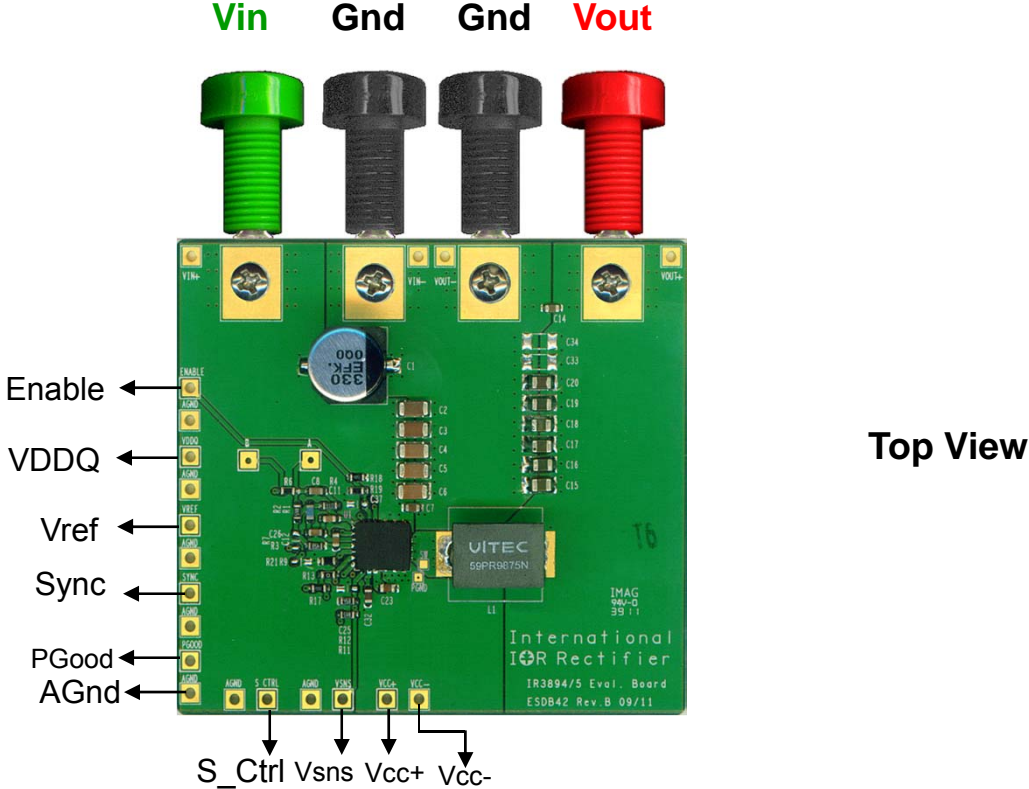
Table I. Connections

Connection	Signal Name
VIN+	Vin (+12V)
VIN-	Ground of Vin
Vout+	Vout(+1.2V)
Vout-	Ground for Vout
Vcc+	Vcc/ LDO_out Pin
Vcc-	Ground for Vcc input
Enable	Enable
PGood	Power Good Signal
Gnd	Analog ground

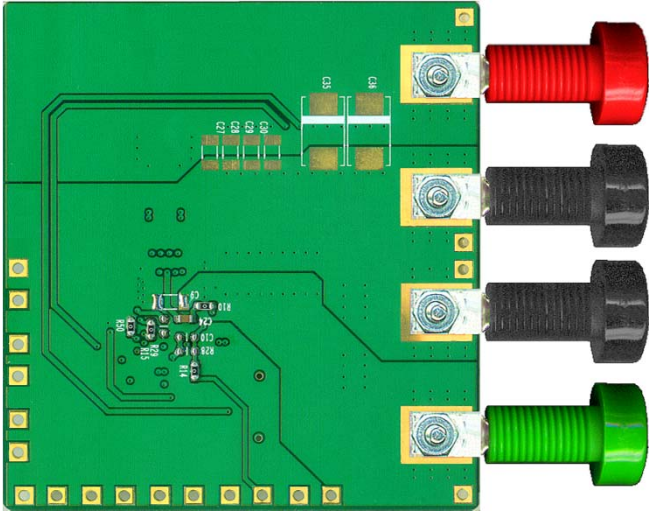
LAYOUT

The PCB is a 4-layer board (2.23"x2") using FR4 material. All layers use 2 Oz. copper. The PCB thickness is 0.062". The IR3894 and other major power components are mounted on the top side of the board.

Power supply decoupling capacitors, the bootstrap capacitor and feedback components are located close to IR3894. The feedback resistors are connected to the output at the point of regulation and are located close to the SupIRBuck IC. To improve efficiency, the circuit board is designed to minimize the length of the on-board power ground current path.



Top View



Bottom View

Fig. 1: Connection Diagram of IR3895/94 Evaluation Boards

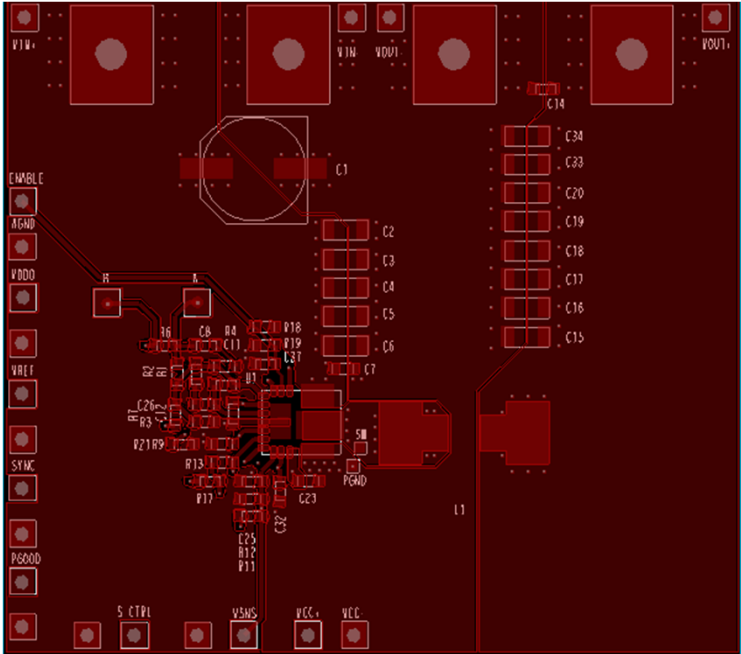
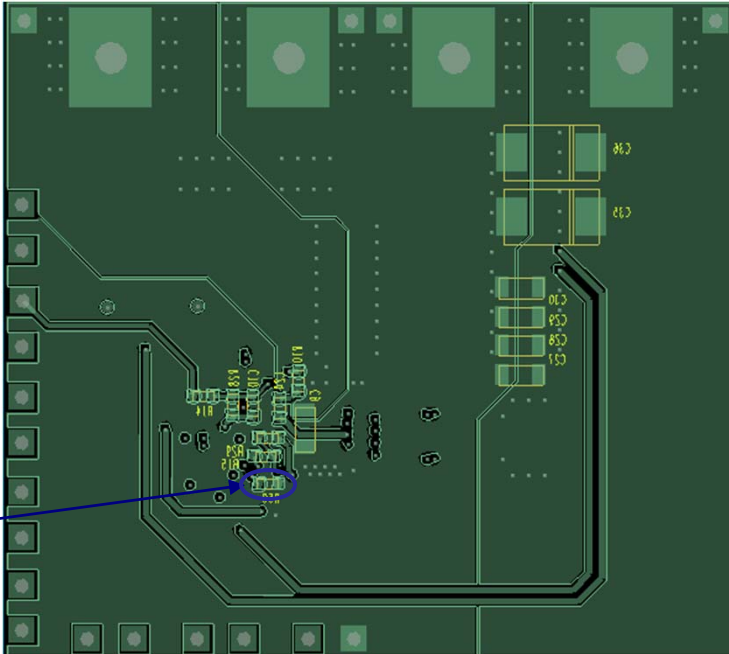


Fig. 2: Board Layout-Top Layer



Single point connection between
Analog Gnd and PGnd

Fig. 3: Board Layout-Bottom Layer

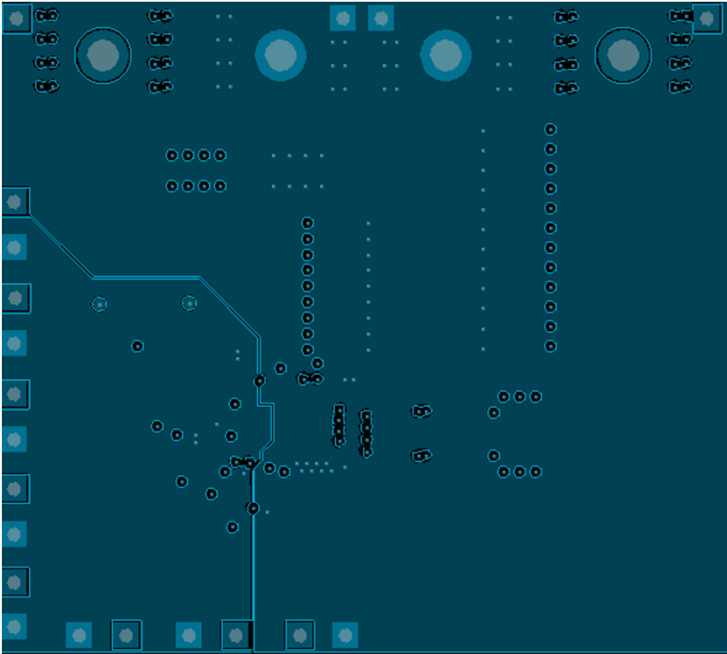


Fig. 4: Board Layout-Mid Layer 1

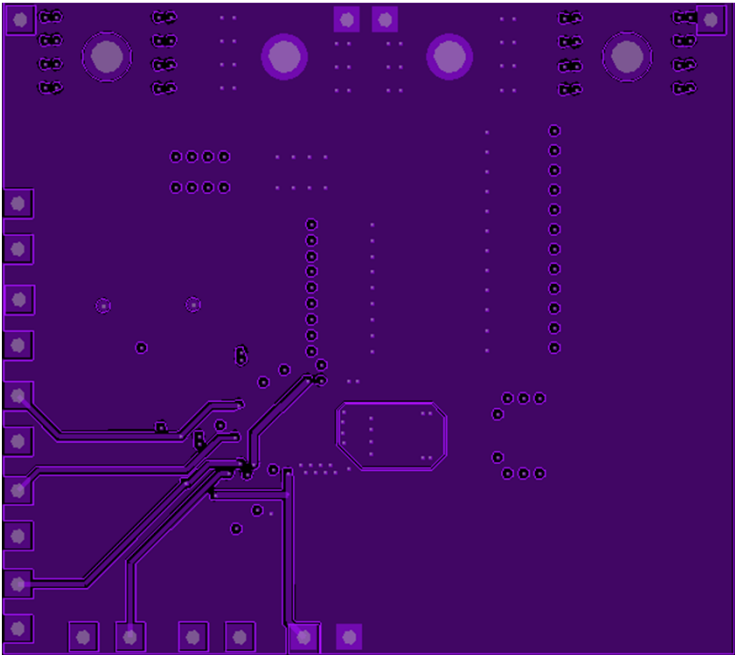


Fig. 5: Board Layout-Mid Layer 2

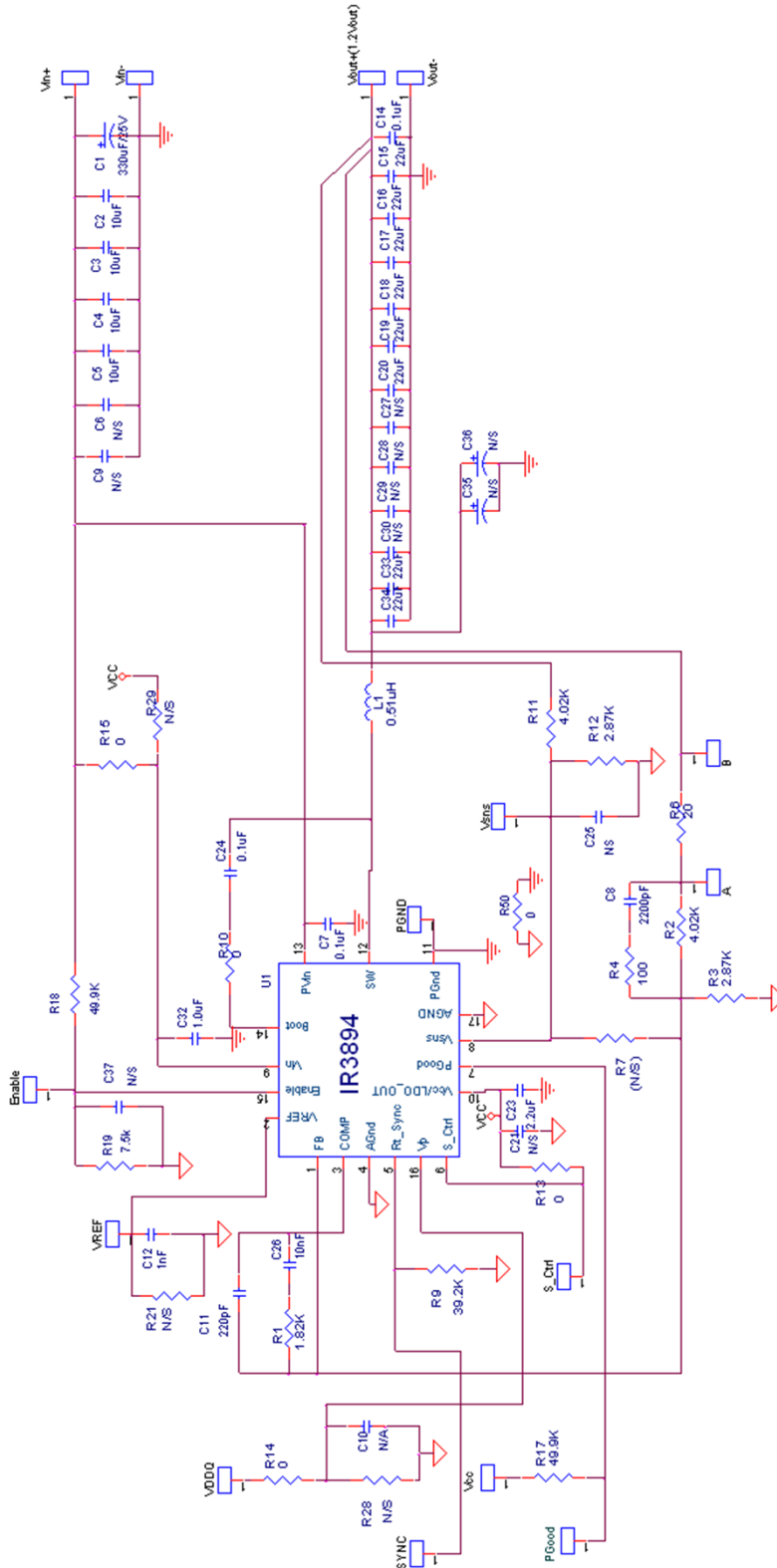


Fig. 6: Schematic of the IR3894 evaluation board

Bill of Materials

Item	Qty	Part Reference	Value	Description	Manufacturer	Part Number
1	1	C1	330uF	SMD Electrolytic F size 25V 20%	Panasonic	EEV-FK1E331P
2	4	C2 C3 C4 C5	10uF	1206, 25V, X5R, 20%	TDK	C3216X5R1E106M
3	3	C7 C14 C24	0.1uF	0603, 25V, X7R, 10%	Murata	GRM188R71E104KA01B
4	1	C12	1nF	0603, 25V, COG, 5%	Murata	GRM1885C1E102JA01D
4	1	C8	2200pF	0603,50V,X7R,10%	Murata	GRM188R71H222KA01B
5	1	C11	220pF	0603, 50V, COG, 5%	Murata	GRM1885C1H2201JA01D
6	8	C15 C16 C17 C18 C19 C20 C33 C34	22uF	0805, 6.3V, X5R, 20%	TDK	C2012X5R0J226M
7	1	C23	2.2uF	0603, 16V, X5R, 20%	TDK	C1608X5R1C475M
8	1	C26	10nF	0603, 25V, X7R, 10%	Murata	GRM188R71E103KA01J
9	1	C32	1.0uF	0603, 25V, X5R, 10%	Murata	GRM188R61E105KA12D
10	1	L1	0.51uH	SMD 11.0x7.2x7.5mm,0.29mΩ	Vitec	59PR9876N
11	1	R1	1.82k	Thick Film, 0603,1/10W,1%	Panasonic	ERJ-3EKF1821V
12	2	R2 R11	4.02k	Thick Film, 0603,1/10W,1%	Panasonic	ERJ-3EKF4021V
13	2	R3 R12	2.87k	Thick Film, 0603,1/10W,1%	Panasonic	ERJ-3EKF2871V
14	1	R4	100	Thick Film, 0603,1/10W,1%	Panasonic	ERJ-3EKF1000V
15	1	R6	20	Thick Film, 0603,1/10W,1%	Panasonic	ERJ-3EKF20R0V
16	1	R9	39.2k	Thick Film, 0603,1/10W,1%	Panasonic	ERJ-3EKF3922V
17	5	R10 R13 R14 R15 R50	0	Thick Film, 0603,1/10W	Panasonic	ERJ-3GEY0R00V
18	2	R17 R18	49.9k	Thick Film, 0603,1/10W,1%	Panasonic	ERJ-3EKF4992V
19	1	R19	7.5k	Thick Film, 0603,1/10W,1%	Panasonic	ERJ-3EKF7551V
20	1	U1	IR3894	PQFN 5x6mm	IR	IR3894MPBF

TYPICAL OPERATING WAVEFORMS

Vin=12.0V, Vo=1.2V, Io=0-12A, Room Temperature, no airflow

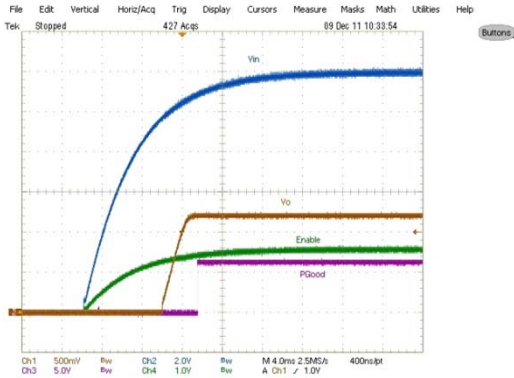


Fig. 7: Start up at 12A Load
Ch₁:V_{out}, Ch₂:V_{in}, Ch₃:PGood, Ch₄:Enable

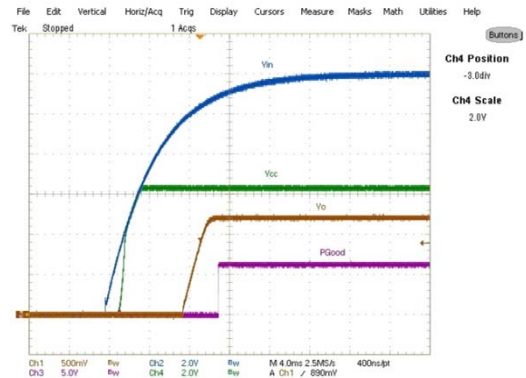


Fig. 8: Start up at 12A Load
Ch₁:V_{out}, Ch₂:V_{in}, Ch₃: PGood, Ch₄:Vcc

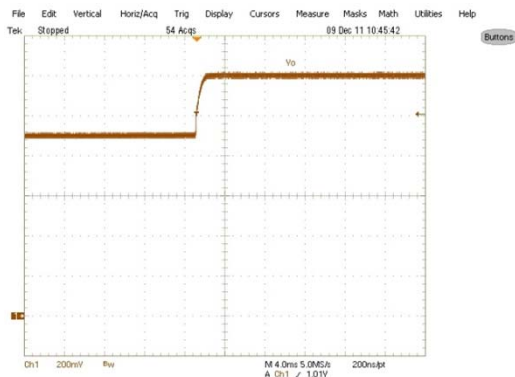


Fig. 9: Start up with Pre Bias , 0A Load,
Ch₁:V_o

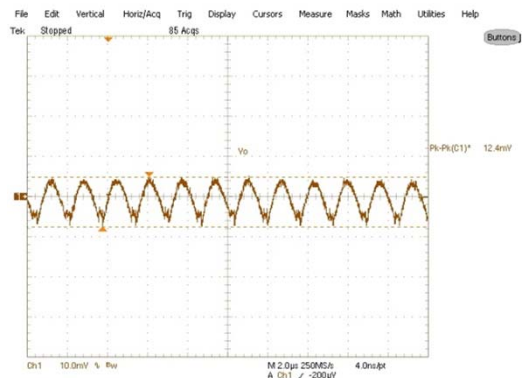


Fig. 10: Output Voltage Ripple, 12A load
Ch₁: V_{out} ,

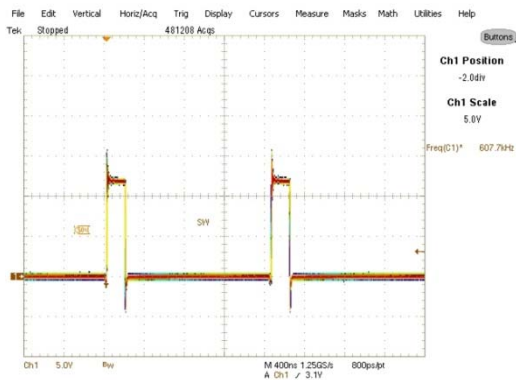


Fig. 11: Inductor node at 12A load
Ch₁:Switch Node



Fig. 12: Short circuit (Hiccup) Recovery
Ch₁:V_{out} , Ch₄:Iout

TYPICAL OPERATING WAVEFORMS

Vin=12.0V, Vo=1.2V, Io=0-12A, Room Temperature, no air flow

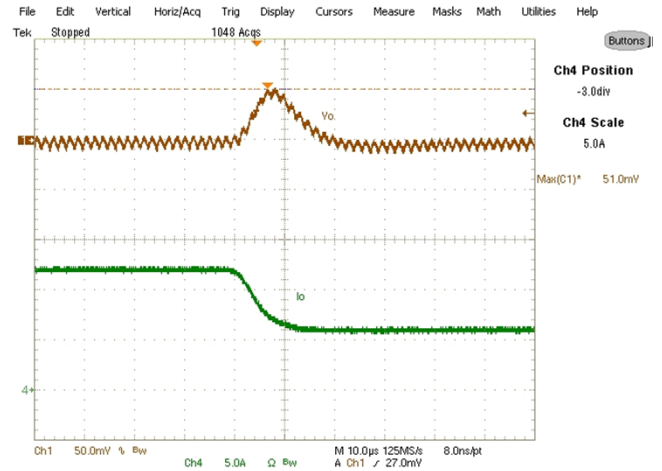
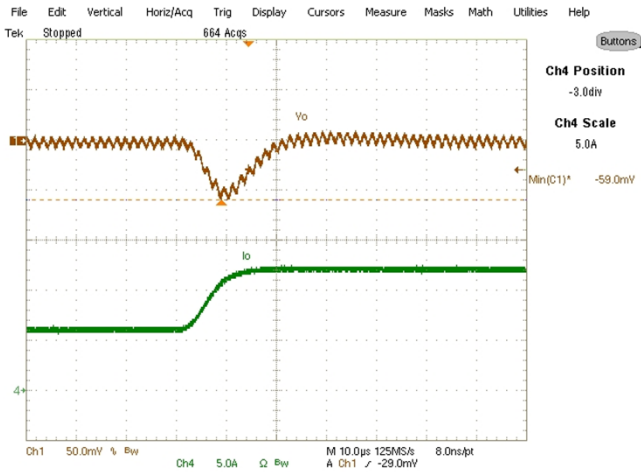
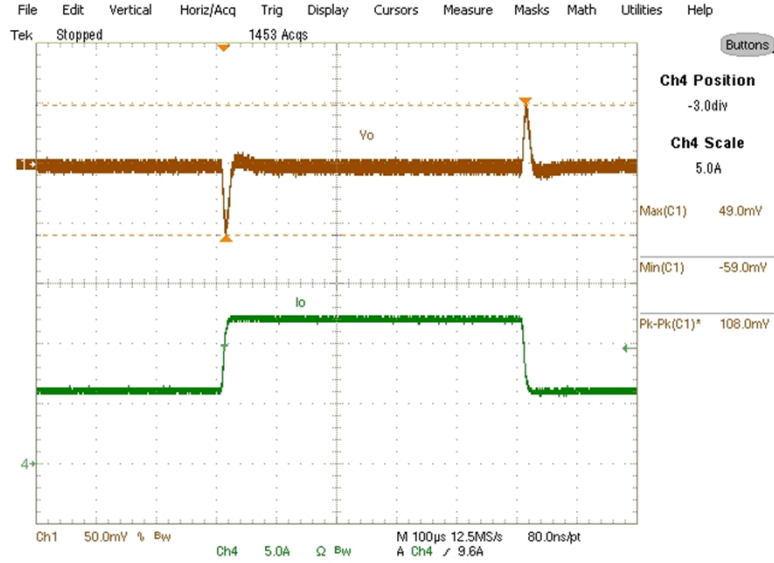


Fig. 13: Transient Response, 6A to 12A step @2.5A/usec slew rate
 Ch1: V_{out} Ch4: I_{out}

TYPICAL OPERATING WAVEFORMS
Vin=12.0V, Vo=1.2V, Io=0-12A, Room Temperature

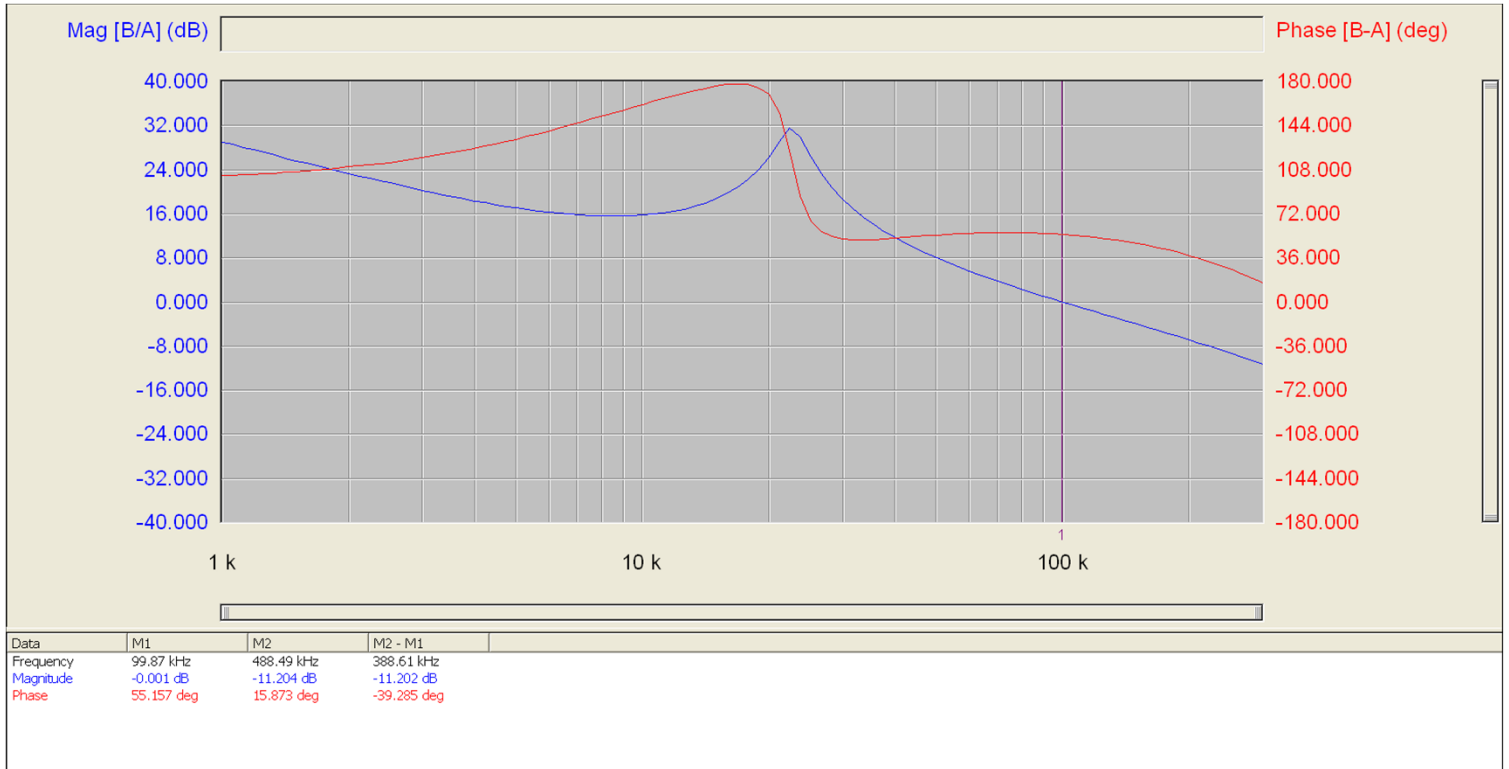


Fig. 14: Bode Plot at 12A load shows a bandwidth of 99.9kHz and phase margin of 55.2°

TYPICAL OPERATING WAVEFORMS

V_{in}=12.0V, V_o=1.2V, I_o=0-12A, Room Temperature, no air flow

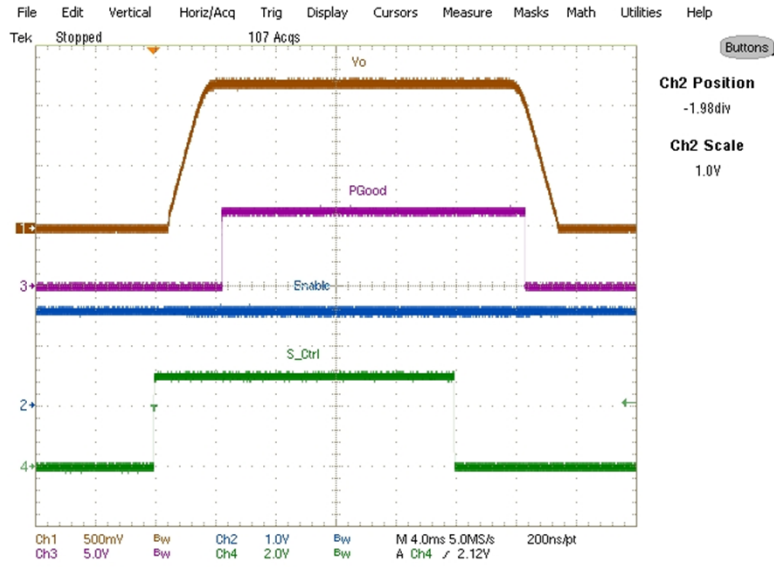


Fig (15) Soft start and soft stop using S_Ctrl pin

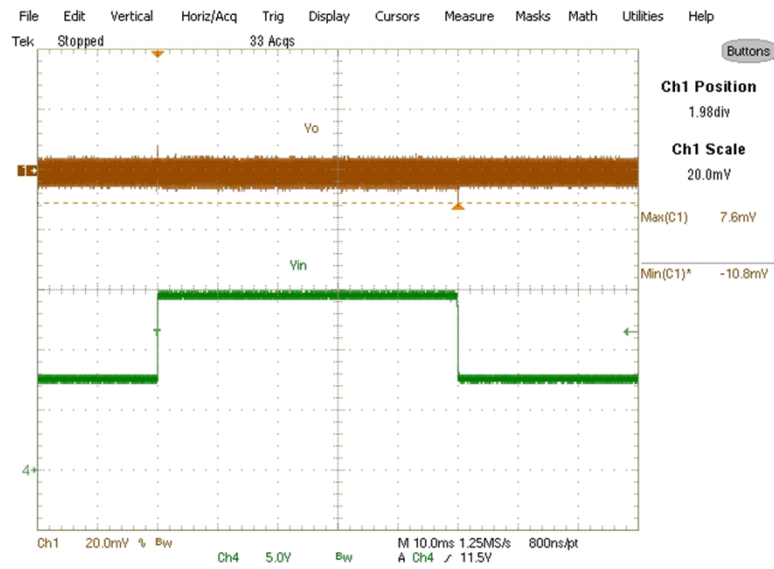


Fig (16) Feed Forward for Vin change from 6.8 to 16V and back to 6.8V
 Ch₁-V_{out} Ch₄-V_{in}

TYPICAL OPERATING WAVEFORMS

Vin=12.0V, Vo=1.2V, Io=0-12A, Room Temperature, no air flow

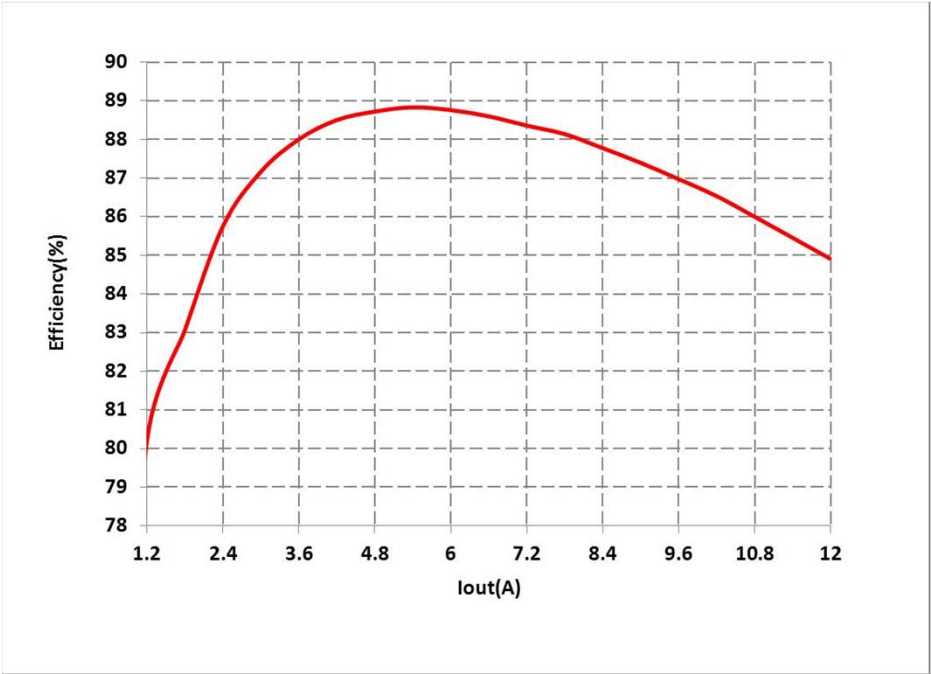


Fig.17: Efficiency versus load current

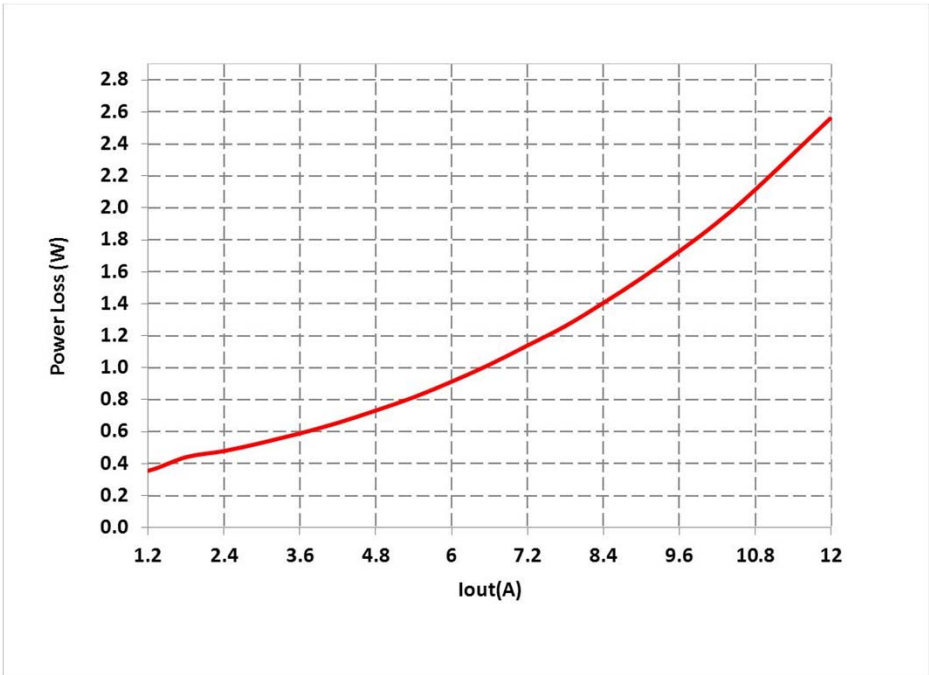


Fig.18: Power loss versus load current

THERMAL IMAGES

Vin=12.0V, Vo=1.2V, Io=0-12A, Room Temperature, No Air flow

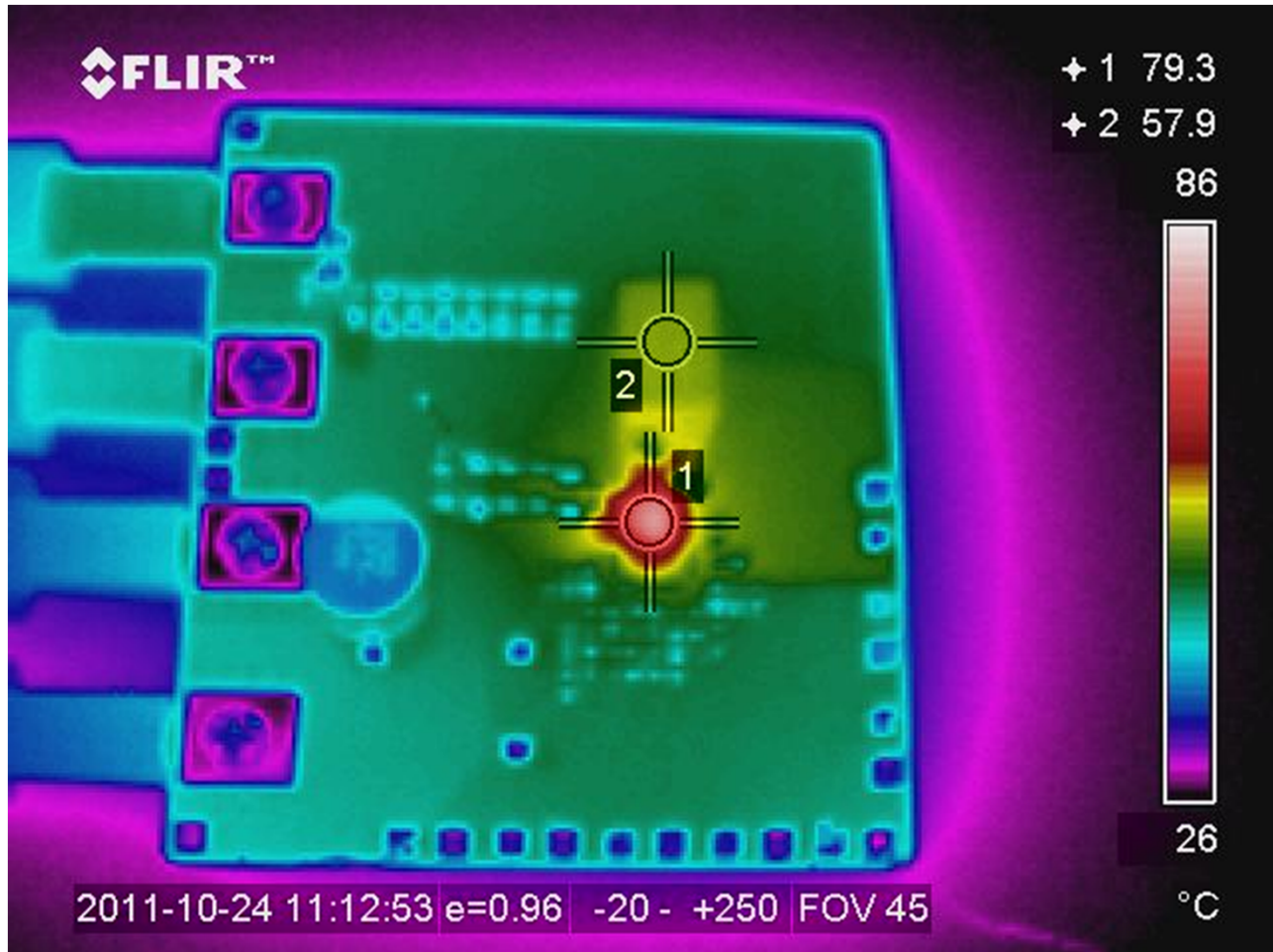


Fig. 19: Thermal Image of the board at 12A load
Test point 1 is IR3894
Test point 2 is inductor

PACKAGE INFORMATION

DIM	MILIMITERS		INCHES		DIM	MILIMITERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.800	1.000	0.0315	0.0394	L	0.350	0.450	0.0138	0.0177
A1	0.000	0.050	0.0000	0.0020	M	2.441	2.541	0.0961	0.1000
b	0.375	0.475	0.1477	0.1871	N	0.703	0.803	0.0277	0.0316
b1	0.250	0.350	0.0098	0.1379	O	2.079	2.179	0.0819	0.0858
c	0.203 REF.		0.008 REF.		P	3.242	3.342	0.1276	0.1316
D	5.000 BASIC		1.969 BASIC		Q	1.265	1.365	0.0498	0.0537
E	6.000 BASIC		2.362 BASIC		R	2.644	2.744	0.1041	0.1080
e	1.033 BASIC		0.0407 BASIC		S	1.500	1.600	0.0591	0.0630
e1	0.650 BASIC		0.0256 BASIC		t1, t2, t3	0.401 BASIC		0.016 BACIS	
e2	0.852 BASIC		0.0335 BASIC		t4	1.153 BASIC		0.045 BASIC	
					t5	0.727 BASIC		0.0286 BASIC	

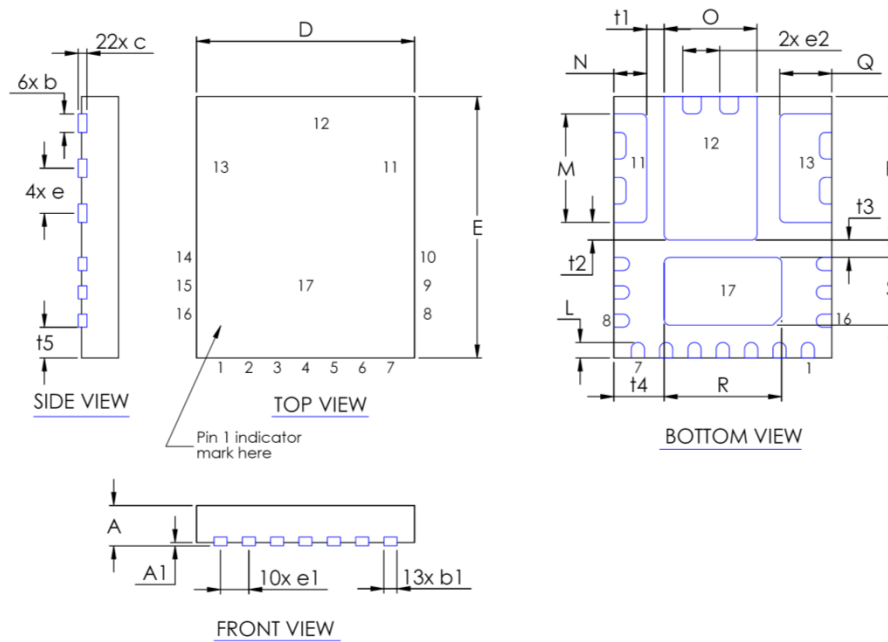


Figure 20: Package Dimensions

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