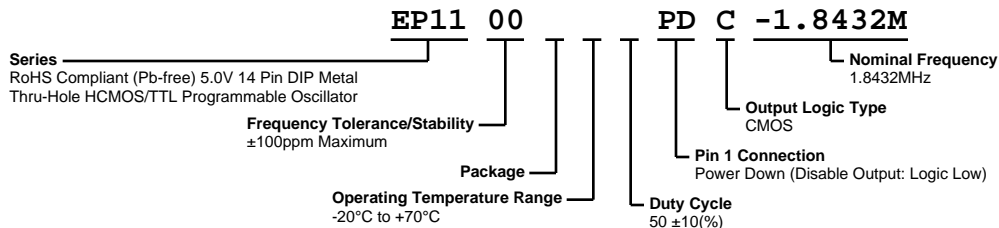


# EP1100PDC-1.8432M



## ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

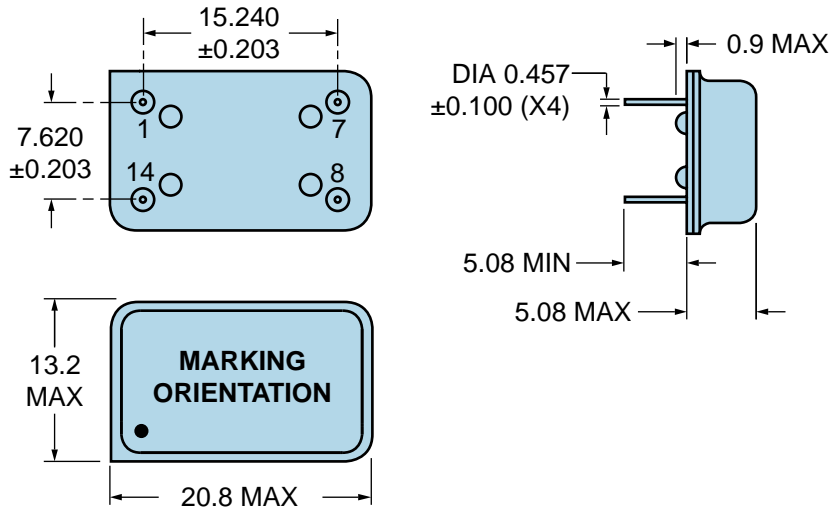
Nominal Frequency	1.8432MHz
Frequency Tolerance/Stability	$\pm 100$ ppm Maximum (Inclusive of all conditions: Calibration Tolerance at $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , Frequency Stability over the Operating Temperature Range, Supply Voltage Change, Output Load Change, First Year Aging at $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , Shock, and Vibration)
Aging at $25^{\circ}\text{C}$	$\pm 5$ ppm/year Maximum
Operating Temperature Range	$-20^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+70^{\circ}\text{C}$
Supply Voltage	5.0Vdc $\pm 10\%$
Input Current	45mA Maximum (Unloaded)
Output Voltage Logic High (Voh)	Vdd-0.4Vdc Minimum (IOH = -16mA)
Output Voltage Logic Low (Vol)	0.4Vdc Maximum (IOL = +16mA)
Rise/Fall Time	4nSec Maximum (Measured at 20% to 80% of waveform)
Duty Cycle	$50 \pm 10\%$ (Measured at 1.4Vdc with TTL Load; Measured at 50% of waveform with HCMOS Load)
Load Drive Capability	50pF HCMOS Load Maximum
Output Logic Type	CMOS
Pin 1 Connection	Power Down (Disable Output: Logic Low)
Pin 1 Input Voltage (Vih and Vil)	+2.0Vdc Minimum to enable output, +0.8Vdc to disable output, No Connect to enable output.
Standby Current	50 $\mu$ A Maximum (Pin 1 = Ground)
Disable Current	30mA Maximum (Pin 1 = Ground)
Peak to Peak Jitter (tPK)	500pSec Maximum, 90pSec Typical
RMS Period Jitter (tRMS)	50pSec Maximum, 13pSec Typical
Start Up Time	10mSec Maximum
Storage Temperature Range	$-55^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$

## ENVIRONMENTAL & MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Fine Leak Test	MIL-STD-883, Method 1014, Condition A
Gross Leak Test	MIL-STD-883, Method 1014, Condition C
Lead Integrity	MIL-STD-883, Method 2004
Mechanical Shock	MIL-STD-202, Method 213, Condition C
Resistance to Soldering Heat	MIL-STD-202, Method 210
Resistance to Solvents	MIL-STD-202, Method 215
Solderability	MIL-STD-883, Method 2003
Temperature Cycling	MIL-STD-883, Method 1010
Vibration	MIL-STD-883, Method 2007, Condition A

# EP1100PDC-1.8432M

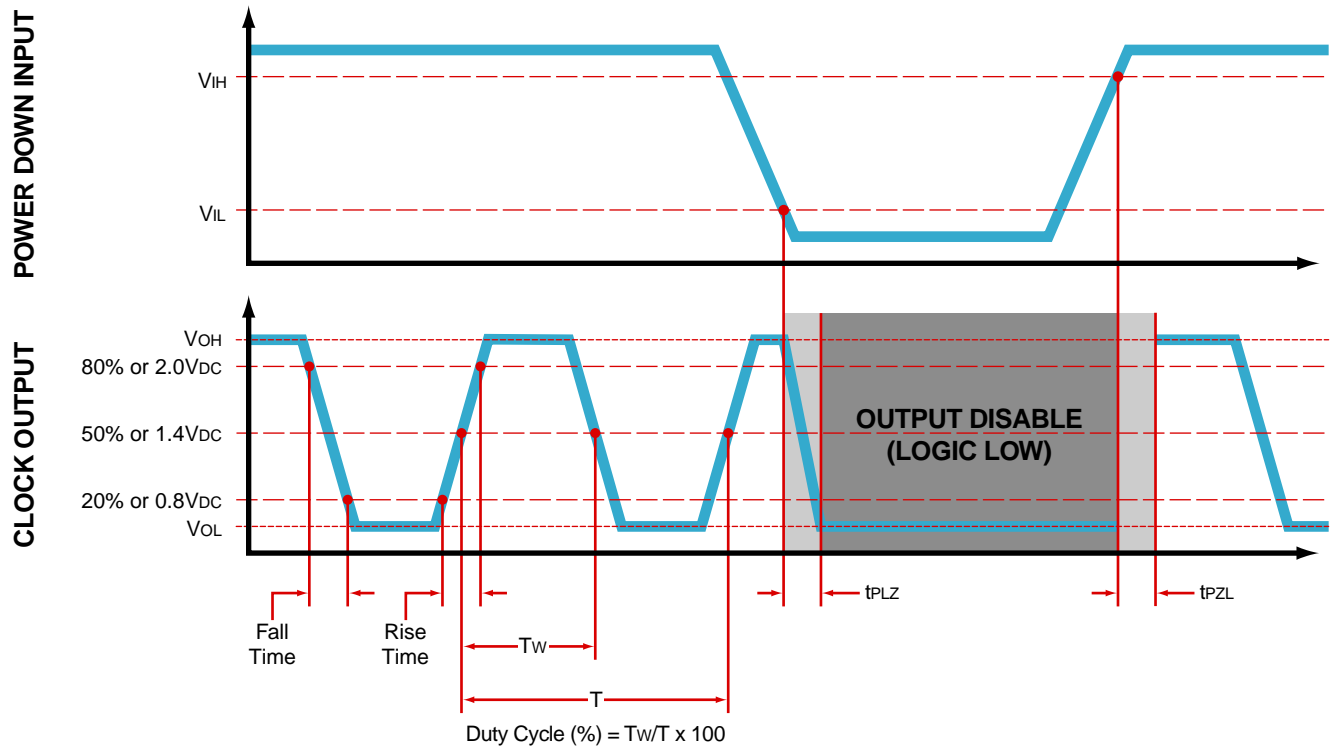
## MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS (all dimensions in millimeters)



PIN	CONNECTION
1	Power Down (Logic Low)
7	Ground/Case Ground
8	Output
14	Supply Voltage

LINE	MARKING
1	<b>ECLIPTEK</b>
2	<b>EP11PD</b> EP11=Product Series
3	<b>1.8432M</b>
4	<b>XXYYZ</b> XX=Ecliptek Manufacturing Code Y=Last Digit of the Year ZZ=Week of the Year

## OUTPUT WAVEFORM & TIMING DIAGRAM



# EP1100PDC-1.8432M

## Test Circuit for TTL Output

Output Load Drive Capability	$R_L$ Value (Ohms)	$C_L$ Value (pF)
10TTL	390	15
5TTL	780	15
2TTL	1100	6
10LSTTL	2000	15
1TTL	2200	3

Table 1:  $R_L$  Resistance Value and  $C_L$  Capacitance Value Vs. Output Load Drive Capability



Note 1: An external  $0.1\mu\text{F}$  low frequency tantalum bypass capacitor in parallel with a  $0.01\mu\text{F}$  high frequency ceramic bypass capacitor close to the package ground and  $V_{DD}$  pin is required.

Note 2: A low capacitance ( $<12\text{pF}$ ), 10X attenuation factor, high impedance ( $>10\text{Mohms}$ ), and high bandwidth ( $>300\text{MHz}$ ) passive probe is recommended.

Note 3: Capacitance value  $C_L$  includes sum of all probe and fixture capacitance.

Note 4: Resistance value  $R_L$  is shown in Table 1. See applicable specification sheet for 'Load Drive Capability'.

Note 5: All diodes are MMBD7000, MMBD914, or equivalent.

# EP1100PDC-1.8432M

## Test Circuit for CMOS Output



Note 1: An external  $0.1\mu\text{F}$  low frequency tantalum bypass capacitor in parallel with a  $0.01\mu\text{F}$  high frequency ceramic bypass capacitor close to the package ground and  $V_{DD}$  pin is required.

Note 2: A low capacitance ( $<12\text{pF}$ ), 10X attenuation factor, high impedance ( $>10\text{Mohms}$ ), and high bandwidth ( $>300\text{MHz}$ ) passive probe is recommended.

Note 3: Capacitance value  $C_L$  includes sum of all probe and fixture capacitance.

## Recommended Solder Reflow Methods



### High Temperature Solder Bath (Wave Solder)

<b>T<sub>s</sub> MAX to T<sub>L</sub> (Ramp-up Rate)</b>	3°C/second Maximum
<b>Preheat</b>	
- Temperature Minimum (T <sub>s</sub> MIN)	150°C
- Temperature Typical (T <sub>s</sub> TYP)	175°C
- Temperature Maximum (T <sub>s</sub> MAX)	200°C
- Time (t <sub>s</sub> MIN)	60 - 180 Seconds
<b>Ramp-up Rate (T<sub>L</sub> to T<sub>p</sub>)</b>	3°C/second Maximum
<b>Time Maintained Above:</b>	
- Temperature (T <sub>L</sub> )	217°C
- Time (t <sub>L</sub> )	60 - 150 Seconds
<b>Peak Temperature (T<sub>p</sub>)</b>	260°C Maximum for 10 Seconds Maximum
<b>Target Peak Temperature (T<sub>p</sub> Target)</b>	250°C +0/-5°C
<b>Time within 5°C of actual peak (t<sub>p</sub>)</b>	20 - 40 seconds
<b>Ramp-down Rate</b>	6°C/second Maximum
<b>Time 25°C to Peak Temperature (t)</b>	8 minutes Maximum
<b>Moisture Sensitivity Level</b>	Level 1
<b>Additional Notes</b>	Temperatures shown are applied to back of PCB board and device leads only. Do not use this method for product with the Gull Wing option.

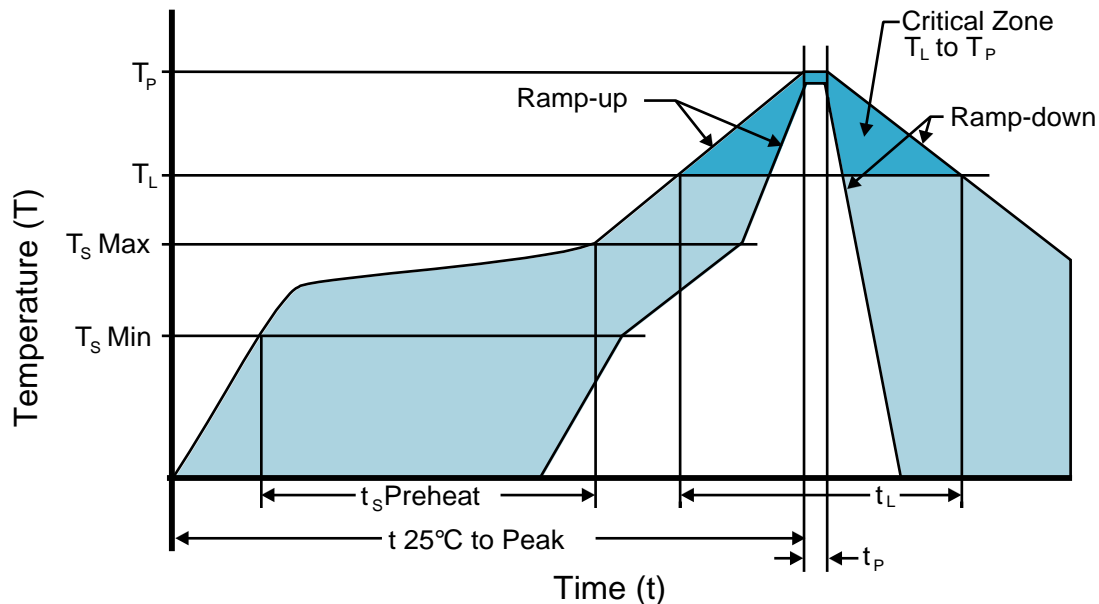
## Recommended Solder Reflow Methods



### Low Temperature Infrared/Convection 185°C

<b>T<sub>s</sub> MAX to T<sub>L</sub> (Ramp-up Rate)</b>	5°C/second Maximum
<b>Preheat</b>	
- Temperature Minimum (T <sub>s</sub> MIN)	N/A
- Temperature Typical (T <sub>s</sub> TYP)	150°C
- Temperature Maximum (T <sub>s</sub> MAX)	N/A
- Time (t <sub>s</sub> MIN)	60 - 120 Seconds
<b>Ramp-up Rate (T<sub>L</sub> to T<sub>P</sub>)</b>	5°C/second Maximum
<b>Time Maintained Above:</b>	
- Temperature (T <sub>L</sub> )	150°C
- Time (t <sub>L</sub> )	200 Seconds Maximum
<b>Peak Temperature (T<sub>P</sub>)</b>	185°C Maximum
<b>Target Peak Temperature (T<sub>P</sub> Target)</b>	185°C Maximum 2 Times
<b>Time within 5°C of actual peak (t<sub>p</sub>)</b>	10 seconds Maximum 2 Times
<b>Ramp-down Rate</b>	5°C/second Maximum
<b>Time 25°C to Peak Temperature (t)</b>	N/A
<b>Moisture Sensitivity Level</b>	Level 1
<b>Additional Notes</b>	Temperatures shown are applied to body of device. Use this method only for product with the Gull Wing option.

## Recommended Solder Reflow Methods



### Low Temperature Solder Bath (Wave Solder)

<b><math>T_s</math> MAX to <math>T_L</math> (Ramp-up Rate)</b>	5°C/second Maximum
<b>Preheat</b>	
- Temperature Minimum ( $T_s$ MIN)	N/A
- Temperature Typical ( $T_s$ TYP)	150°C
- Temperature Maximum ( $T_s$ MAX)	N/A
- Time ( $t_s$ MIN)	30 - 60 Seconds
<b>Ramp-up Rate (<math>T_L</math> to <math>T_p</math>)</b>	5°C/second Maximum
<b>Time Maintained Above:</b>	
- Temperature ( $T_L$ )	150°C
- Time ( $t_L$ )	200 Seconds Maximum
<b>Peak Temperature (<math>T_p</math>)</b>	245°C Maximum
<b>Target Peak Temperature (<math>T_p</math> Target)</b>	245°C Maximum 1 Time / 235°C Maximum 2 Times
<b>Time within 5°C of actual peak (<math>t_p</math>)</b>	5 seconds Maximum 1 Time / 15 seconds Maximum 2 Times
<b>Ramp-down Rate</b>	5°C/second Maximum
<b>Time 25°C to Peak Temperature (t)</b>	N/A
<b>Moisture Sensitivity Level</b>	Level 1
<b>Additional Notes</b>	Temperatures shown are applied to back of PCB board and device leads only. Do not use this method for product with the Gull Wing option.

### Low Temperature Manual Soldering

185°C Maximum for 10 seconds Maximum, 2 times Maximum. (Temperatures listed are applied to device leads only. This method can be utilized with both Gull Wing and Non-Gull Wing devices.)

### High Temperature Manual Soldering

260°C Maximum for 5 seconds Maximum, 2 times Maximum. (Temperatures listed are applied to device leads only. This method can be utilized with both Gull Wing and Non-Gull Wing devices.)