

1 M x 1-Bit Dynamic RAM Low Power 1 M x 1-Bit Dynamic RAM

HYB 511000B/BJ/BZ-60/-70/-80
HYB 511000BL/BJL/BZL-60/-70

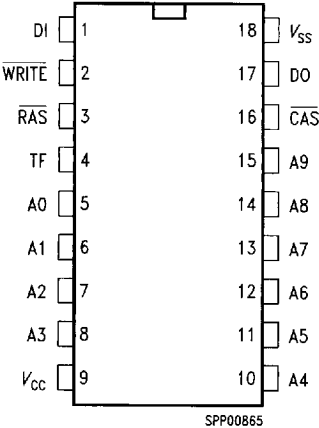
Advanced Information

- 1 048 576 words by 1-bit organization
- Fast access and cycle time
 - 60 ns access time
 - 110 ns cycle time (HYB 511000B/BL-60)
 - 70 ns access time
 - 130 ns cycle time (HYB 511000B/BL-70)
 - 80 ns access time
 - 150 ns cycle time (HYB 511000B-80)
- Fast page mode cycle time
 - 40 ns (HYB 511000B/BL-60)
 - 40 ns (HYB 511000B/BL-70)
 - 45 ns (HYB 511000B-80)
- Low power dissipation
 - max. 495 mW active (HYB 511000B/BL-60)
 - max. 440 mW active (HYB 511000B/BL-70)
 - max. 385 mW active (HYB 511000B-80)
 - max. 5.5 mW standby
 - max. 1.1 mW standby for L-version
- Single + 5 V ($\pm 10\%$) supply with a built-in V_{BB} generator
- Output unlatched at cycle end allows two-dimensional chip selection
- Common I/O capability using "early write" operation
- Read-modify-write, CAS-before-RAS refresh, RAS-only refresh, hidden-refresh, fast page mode capability and test mode capability
- All inputs, outputs and clocks TTL-compatible
- 512 refresh cycles/8 ms
- 512 refresh cycles/64 ms
- for L-version only
- Plastic Packages: P-DIP-18-2,
P-SOJ-26/20-1,
P-ZIP-20/19-1

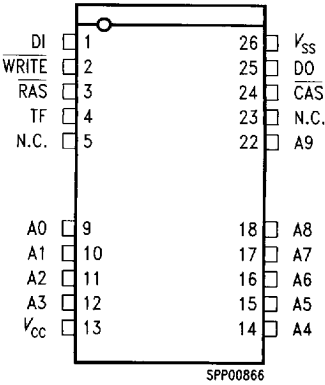
The HYB 511000B/BL is the new generation dynamic RAM organized as 1 048 576 words by 1-bit. The HYB 511000B/BL utilizes CMOS silicon gate process technology as well as advanced circuit techniques to provide wide operating margins, both internally and for the system user. Multiplexed address inputs permit the HYB 511000B/BL to be packaged in a standard plastic P-DIP-18, plastic P-SOJ-26/20 or plastic P-ZIP-20/19. This package size provides high system bit densities and is compatible with commonly used automatic testing and insertion equipment. System oriented features include single + 5 V ($\pm 10\%$) power supply, direct interfacing with high-performance logic device families such as Schottky TTL. "Test Mode" function is implemented. The HYB 511000BL are specially selected for battery backup applications.

Ordering Information

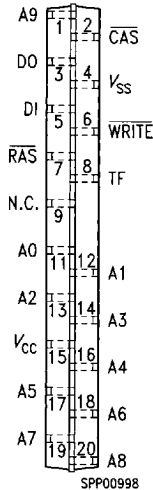
Type	Ordering Code	Package	Description
HYB 511000B-60	Q67100-Q512	P-DIP-18-2	DRAM (access time 60 ns)
HYB 511000B-70	Q67100-Q427	P-DIP-18-2	DRAM (access time 70 ns)
HYB 511000B-80	Q67100-Q428	P-DIP-18-2	DRAM (access time 80 ns)
HYB 511000BJ-60	Q67100-Q518	P-SOJ-26/20-1	DRAM (access time 60 ns)
HYB 511000BJ-70	Q67100-Q519	P-SOJ-26/20-1	DRAM (access time 70 ns)
HYB 511000BJ-80	Q67100-Q520	P-SOJ-26/20-1	DRAM (access time 80 ns)
HYB 511000BZ-60	Q67100-Q521	P-ZIP-20/19-1	DRAM (access time 60 ns)
HYB 511000BZ-70	Q67100-Q522	P-ZIP-20/19-1	DRAM (access time 70 ns)
HYB 511000BZ-80	Q67100-Q523	P-ZIP-20/19-1	DRAM (access time 80 ns)
HYB 511000BL-60	Q67100-Q524	P-DIP-18-2	DRAM (access time 60 ns)
HYB 511000BL-70	Q67100-Q525	P-DIP-18-2	DRAM (access time 70 ns)
HYB 511000BJL-60	Q67100-Q526	P-SOJ-26/20-1	DRAM (access time 60 ns)
HYB 511000BJL-70	Q67100-Q527	P-SOJ-26/20-1	DRAM (access time 70 ns)
HYB 511000BZL-60	Q67100-Q528	P-ZIP-20/19-1	DRAM (access time 60 ns)
HYB 511000BZL-70	Q67100-Q529	P-ZIP-20/19-1	DRAM (access time 70 ns)



P-DIP-18-2



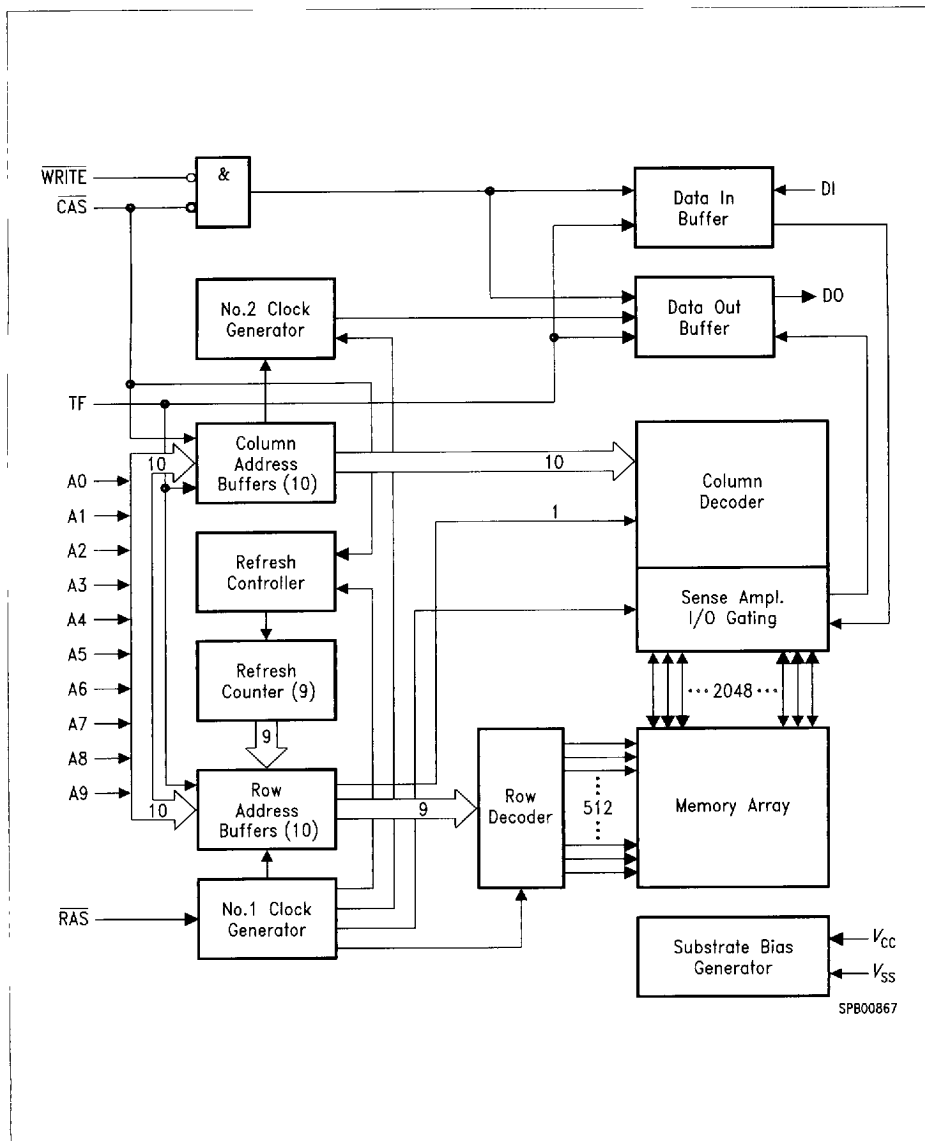
P-SOJ-26/20-1



P-ZIP-20/19-1

A0-A9	Address Inputs
RAS	Row Address Strobe
DI	Data In
DO	Data Out
CAS	Column Address Strobe
WRITE	Read/Write Input
V _{CC}	Power Supply (+ 5 V)
V _{SS}	Ground (0 V)
TF	Test function
N.C.	No Connection

Pin Configuration



Block Diagram

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Operating temperature range	0 to + 70 °C
Storage temperature range.....	– 55 to + 150 °C
Soldering temperature	260 °C
Soldering time	10 s
Input/output voltage	– 1 to + 7 V
Test Function Input voltage	– 1 to + 10.5 V
Power supply voltage.....	– 1 to + 7 V
Power dissipation.....	0.6 W
Data out current (short circuit)	50 mA

Note: Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage of the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

DC Characteristics

$T_A = 0$ to 70 °C; $V_{SS} = 0$ V; $V_{CC} = 5$ V $\pm$ 10 %

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values		Unit	Test Condition
		min.	max.		
Input high voltage	V_{IH}	2.4	6.5	V	1)
Input low voltage	V_{IL}	– 1.0	0.8	V	1)
Test enable input high voltage	$V_{IH(TF)}$	$V_{CC} + 4.5$	10.5	V	1)
Test disable input low voltage	$V_{IL(TF)}$	– 1.0	$V_{CC} + 1.0$	V	1)
Output high voltage ($I_{OUT} = -5$ mA)	V_{OH}	2.4	–	V	1)
Output low voltage ($I_{OUT} = 4.2$ mA)	V_{OL}	–	0.4	V	1)
Input leakage current, any input except TF ($0 \leq V_{IN} \leq 6.5$ V, all other pins = 0 V)	$I_{I(L)}$	– 10	10	μA	1)
Output leakage current (DO is disabled, $0 \leq V_{OUT} \leq 5.5$ V)	$I_{O(L)}$	– 10	10	μA	1)
Average V_{CC} supply current: HYB 511000B/BL-60 HYB 511000B/BL-70 HYB 511000B-80 ($\overline{RAS}$, $\overline{CAS}$, address cycling: $t_{RC} = t_{RC}$ min.)	I_{CC1}	–	90 80 70	mA mA mA	2) 3) 2) 3) 2) 3)
Standby V_{CC} supply current ($\overline{RAS} = \overline{CAS} = V_{IH}$)	I_{CC2}	–	2	mA	–

Notes see page 38.

DC Characteristics (cont'd)

$T_A = 0$ to $70\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$; $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V} \pm 10\%$

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values		Unit	Test Condition
		min.	max.		
Average V_{CC} supply current during $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ only refresh cycles: HYB 511000B/BL-60 HYB 511000B/BL-70 HYB 511000B-80 ($\overline{\text{RAS}}$ cycling: $\overline{\text{CAS}} = V_{IH}$; $t_{RC} = t_{RC}$ min.)	I_{CC3}	— — —	90 80 70	mA mA mA	2) 2) 2)
Average V_{CC} supply current during fast page modes: HYB 511000B/BL-60 HYB 511000B/BL-70 HYB 511000B-80 ($\overline{\text{RAS}} = V_{IL}$, $\overline{\text{CAS}}$, address cycling: $t_{PC} = t_{PC}$ min.)	I_{CC4}	— — —	70 60 50	mA mA mA	2) 3) 2) 3) 2) 3)
Standby V_{CC} supply current L-Version ($\overline{\text{RAS}} = \overline{\text{CAS}} = V_{CC} - 0.2\text{ V}$)	I_{CC5}	— —	1 200	mA μA	1) 1)
Average V_{CC} supply current during $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ -before- $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ refresh mode: HYB 511000B/BL-60 HYB 511000B/BL-70 HYB 511000B-80 ($\overline{\text{RAS}}$, $\overline{\text{CAS}}$, address cycling: $t_{RC} = t_{RC}$ min.)	I_{CC6}	— — —	90 80 70	mA mA mA	2) 2) 2)
For L-version only: Battery backup current: average power supply current, battery backup mode: ($\overline{\text{CAS}} = \overline{\text{CAS}}$ before $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ cycling or 0.2 V , $\overline{\text{WRITE}} = V_{CC} - 0.2\text{ V}$ or 0.2 V , $\text{A0 to A9} = V_{CC} - 0.2\text{ V}$ or 0.2 V , $\text{DI} = V_{CC} - 0.2\text{ V}$ or 0.2 V open, $t_{RC} = 125\text{ }\mu\text{s}$, $t_{RAS} = t_{RAS}$ min. $\sim 1\text{ }\mu\text{s}$)	I_{CC7}	—	300	μA	2) 13)
Input leakage current (only TF) ($0\text{ V} \leq V_{IN}(\text{TF}) \leq V_{CC} + 0.5\text{ V}$) All other pins not under test = 0 V	$I_{ITF(L)}$	— 10	+ 10	μA	1)
Test function input current ($V_{CC} + 4.5 \leq V_{IN}(\text{TF}) \leq 10.5\text{ V}$)	I_{TF}	—	1	mA	1)

Notes see page 38.

AC Characteristics ^{4) 5)} $T_A = 0 \text{ to } 70^\circ\text{C}$; $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$; $t_T = 5 \text{ ns}$

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values						Unit
		-60		-70		-80		
		min.	max.	min.	max.	min.	max.	
Random read or write cycle time	t_{RC}	110	—	130	—	150	—	ns
Read-write cycle time	t_{RWC}	135	—	155	—	175	—	ns
Fast page mode cycle time	t_{PC}	40	—	40	—	45	—	ns
Fast page mode read-write cycle time	t_{PRWC}	65	—	65	—	70	—	ns
Access time from $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ 6) 11)	t_{RAC}	—	60	—	70	—	80	ns
Access time from $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ 6) 11)	t_{CAC}	—	20	—	20	—	20	ns
Access time from column address 6) 12)	t_{AA}	—	30	—	35	—	40	ns
Access time from $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ precharge 6)	t_{CPA}	—	30	—	35	—	40	ns
$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ to output in low-Z 6)	t_{CLZ}	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
Output buffer turn-off delay 7)	t_{OFF}	0	20	0	20	0	20	ns
Transition time (rise and fall) 5)	t_T	3	50	3	50	3	50	ns
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ precharge time	t_{RP}	40	—	50	—	60	—	ns
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ pulse width	t_{RAS}	60	10.000	70	10.000	80	10.000	ns
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ pulse width (fast page mode)	t_{RASp}	60	100.000	70	100.000	80	100.000	ns
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ hold time	t_{RSH}	20	—	20	—	20	—	ns
$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ hold time	t_{CSH}	60	—	70	—	80	—	ns
$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ pulse width	t_{CAS}	20	10.000	20	10.000	20	10.000	ns
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ to $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ delay time 11)	t_{RCD}	20	40	20	50	20	60	ns
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ to column address delay time 12)	t_{RAD}	15	30	15	35	15	40	ns

Notes see page 38.

AC Characteristics (cont'd) ^{4) 5)} $T_A = 0$ to $70\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V} \pm 10\%$; $t_T = 5\text{ ns}$

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values						Unit
		-60		-70		-80		
		min.	max.	min.	max.	min.	max.	
CAS to RAS precharge time	t_{CRP}	5	—	5	—	5	—	ns
CAS precharge time (fast page mode)	t_{CP}	10	—	10	—	10	—	ns
Row address setup time	t_{ASR}	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
Row address hold time	t_{RAH}	10	—	10	—	10	—	ns
Column address setup time	t_{ASC}	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
Column address hold time	t_{CAH}	15	—	15	—	15	—	ns
Column address hold time referenced to RAS	t_{AR}	50	—	55	—	60	—	ns
Column address to RAS lead time	t_{RAL}	30	—	35	—	40	—	ns
Read command setup time	t_{RCS}	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
Read command hold time ⁸⁾	t_{RCH}	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
Read command hold time referenced to RAS ⁸⁾	t_{RRH}	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
Write command hold time	t_{WCH}	15	—	15	—	15	—	ns
Write command hold time referenced to RAS	t_{WCR}	50	—	55	—	60	—	ns
Write command pulse width	t_{WP}	15	—	15	—	15	—	ns
Write command to RAS lead time	t_{RWL}	20	—	20	—	20	—	ns
Write command to CAS lead time	t_{CWL}	20	—	20	—	20	—	ns
Data setup time ⁹⁾	t_{DS}	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns

Notes see page 38.

AC Characteristics (cont'd) ^{4) 5)} $T_A = 0$ to 70°C ; $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V} \pm 10\%$; $t_T = 5\text{ ns}$

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values						Unit
		-60		-70		-80		
		min.	max.	min.	max.	min.	max.	
Data hold time ⁹⁾	t_{DH}	15	—	15	—	15	—	ns
Data hold time referenced to $\overline{\text{RAS}}$	t_{DHR}	50	—	55	—	60	—	ns
Refresh period	t_{REF}	—	8	—	8	—	8	ms
Refresh period for L-version only	t_{REF}	—	64	—	64	—	64	ms
Write command setup time ¹⁰⁾	t_{WCS}	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
CAS to $\overline{\text{WRITE}}$ delay time ¹⁰⁾	t_{CWD}	20	—	20	—	20	—	ns
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ to $\overline{\text{WRITE}}$ delay time ¹⁰⁾	t_{RWD}	60	—	70	—	80	—	ns
Column address to $\overline{\text{WRITE}}$ delay time ¹⁰⁾	t_{AWD}	30	—	35	—	40	—	ns
CAS setup time (CAS-before-RAS cycle)	t_{CSR}	10	—	10	—	10	—	ns
CAS hold time (CAS-before-RAS cycle)	t_{CHR}	30	—	30	—	30	—	ns
$\overline{\text{RAS}}$ to CAS precharge time	t_{RPC}	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
CAS precharge time (CAS-before-RAS counter test cycle)	t_{CPT}	40	—	40	—	40	—	ns
CAS precharge time	t_{CPN}	10	—	10	—	10	—	ns
Test mode enable setup time referenced to $\overline{\text{RAS}}$	t_{TES}	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
Test mode enable hold time referenced to $\overline{\text{RAS}}$	t_{TEHR}	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
Test mode enable hold time referenced to $\overline{\text{CAS}}$	t_{TEHC}	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns

Notes see page 38.

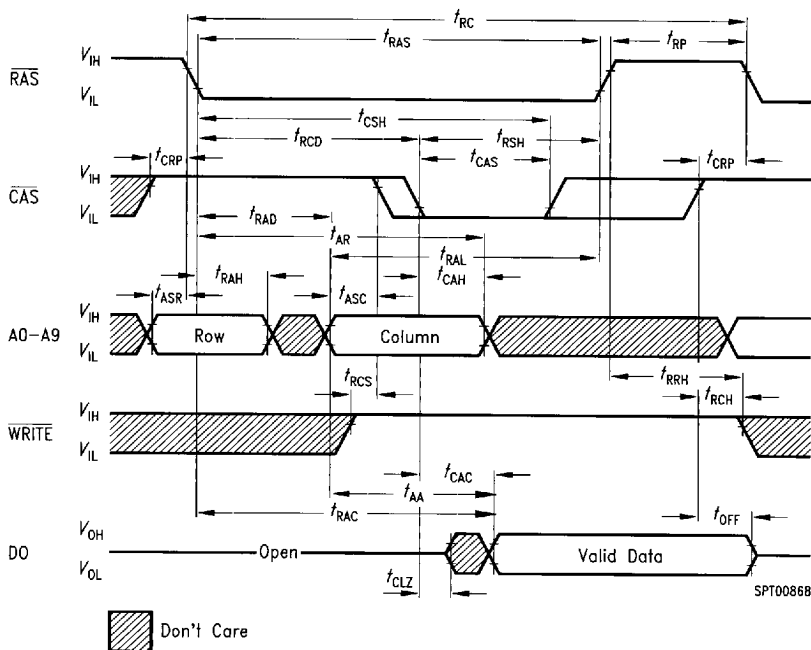
Capacitance
 $T_A = 0 \text{ to } 70^\circ\text{C}; V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 10\%; f = 1 \text{ MHz}$

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values		Unit
		min.	max.	
Input capacitance (A0 to A9, DI)	C_{I1}	—	6	pF
Input capacitance ($\overline{\text{RAS}}$, $\overline{\text{CAS}}$, $\overline{\text{WRITE}}$, $\overline{\text{TF}}$)	C_{I2}	—	7	pF
Output capacitance (DO)	C_O	—	7	pF

Notes for pages 33 to 37:

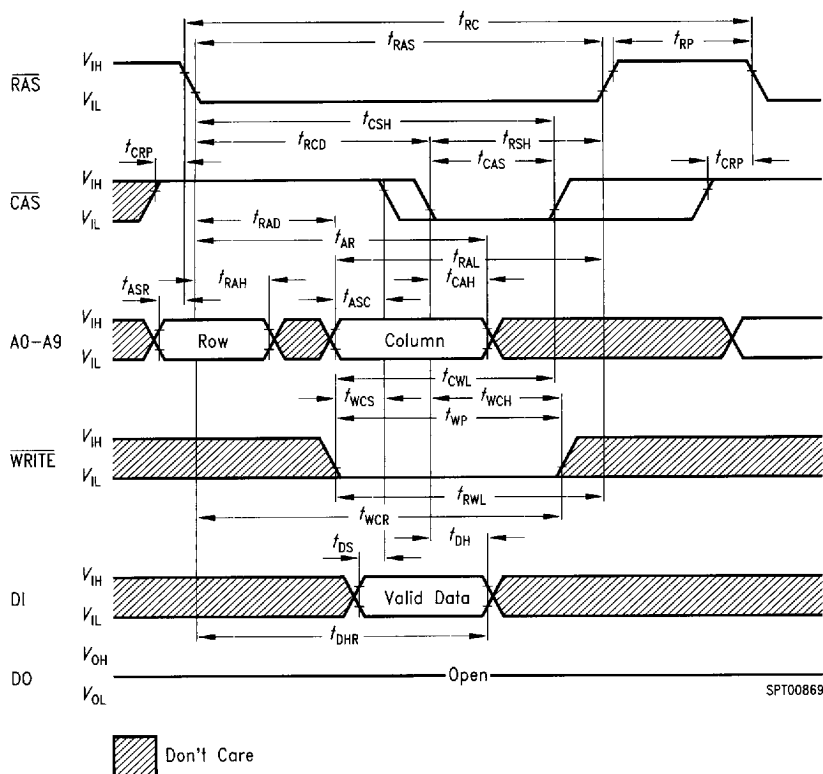
- 1) All voltages are referenced to V_{SS} .
- 2) I_{CC1} , I_{CC3} , I_{CC4} , I_{CC6} , I_{CC7} depend on cycle rate.
- 3) I_{CC1} and I_{CC4} depend on output loading. Specified values are measured with the output open.
- 4) An initial pause of 200 μs is required after power-up followed by 8 $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ cycles before proper device operation is achieved. In case of using internal refresh counter, a minimum of 8 $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ -before- $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ initialization cycles instead of 8 $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ cycles are required.
- 5) V_{IH} (min.) and V_{IL} (max.) are reference levels for measuring timing of input signals. Transition times are also measured between V_{IH} and V_{IL} .
- 6) Measured with a load equivalent to 2 TTL loads and 100 pF.
- 7) t_{OFF} (max.) defines the time at which the output achieves the open-circuit conditions and is not referenced to output voltage levels.
- 8) Either t_{RCH} or t_{RRH} must be satisfied for a read cycle.
- 9) These parameters are referenced to the $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ leading edge in early write cycles and to the $\overline{\text{WRITE}}$ leading edge in read-write cycles.
- 10) t_{WCS} , t_{RWD} , t_{CWD} and t_{AWD} are not restrictive operating parameters. They are included in the data sheet as electrical characteristics only.
If $t_{WCS} \geq t_{WCS}(\text{min.})$, the cycle is an early write cycle and data out pin will remain open-circuit (high impedance) through the entire cycle; if $t_{RWD} \geq t_{RWD}(\text{min.})$, $t_{CWD} \geq t_{CWD}(\text{min.})$ and $t_{AWD} \geq t_{AWD}(\text{min.})$, the cycle is a read-write cycle and DO will contain data read from the selected cell. If neither of the above sets of conditions is satisfied, the condition of DO (at access time) is indeterminate.
- 11) Operation within the $t_{RCD}(\text{max.})$ limit insures that $t_{RAC}(\text{max.})$ can be met. $t_{RCD}(\text{max.})$ is specified as a reference point only. If t_{RCD} is greater than the specified $t_{RCD}(\text{max.})$ limit, then access time is controlled by t_{CAC} .
- 12) Operation within the $t_{RAD}(\text{max.})$ limit insures that $t_{RAC}(\text{max.})$ can be met. $t_{RAD}(\text{max.})$ is specified as a reference point only. If t_{RAD} is greater than the specified $t_{RAD}(\text{max.})$ limit, then access time is controlled by t_{AA} .
- 13) $t_{RAS}(\text{max.}) = 1 \mu\text{s}$ is only applied to refresh of battery-backup.
 $t_{RAS}(\text{max.}) = 10 \mu\text{s}$ is applied to functional operating.

Waveforms



Note: "TF" pin should be connected to V_{IL} (TF) level or open, if "Test Mode" is not used.

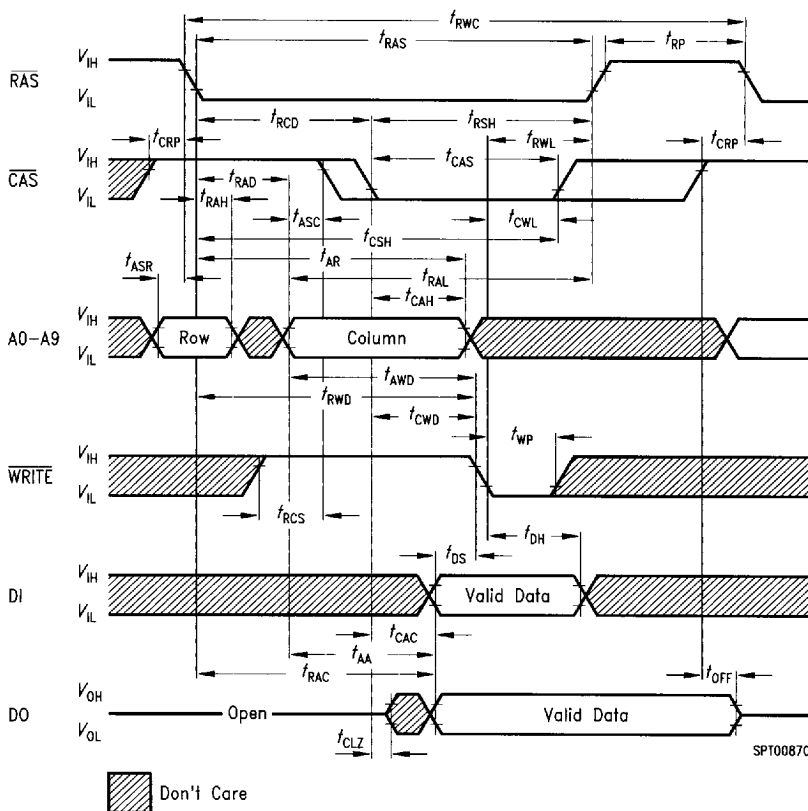
Read Cycle



SPT00869

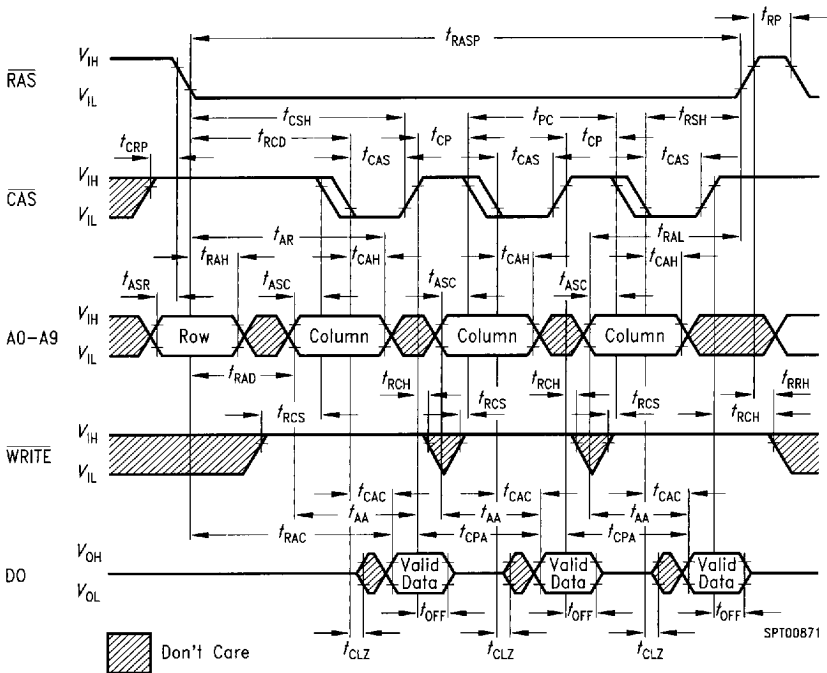
Note: "TF" pin should be connected to V_{IL} (TF) level or open, if "Test Mode" is not used.

Write Cycle (Early Write)



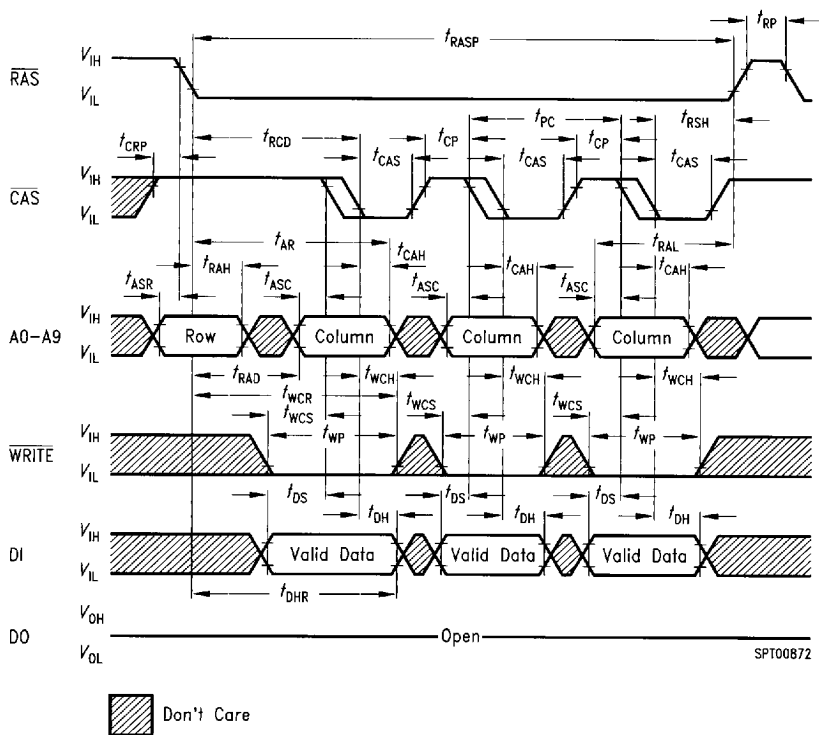
Note: "TF" pin should be connected to V_{IL} (TF) level or open, if "Test Mode" is not used.

Read-Write Cycle



Note: "TF" pin should be connected to V_{IL} (TF) level or open, if "Test Mode" is not used.

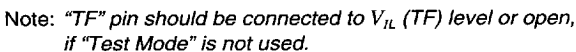
Fast Page Mode Read Cycle



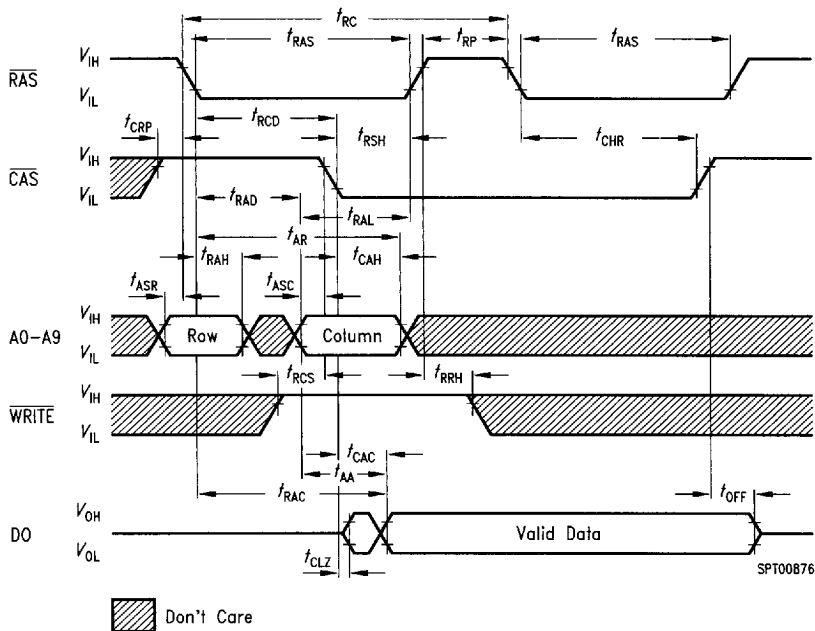
SPT00872

Note: "TF" pin should be connected to V_{IL} (TF) level or open, if "Test Mode" is not used.

Fast Page Mode Write Cycle (Early Write)

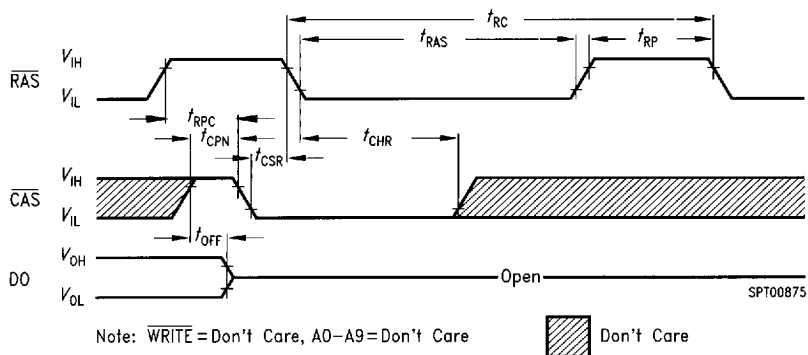


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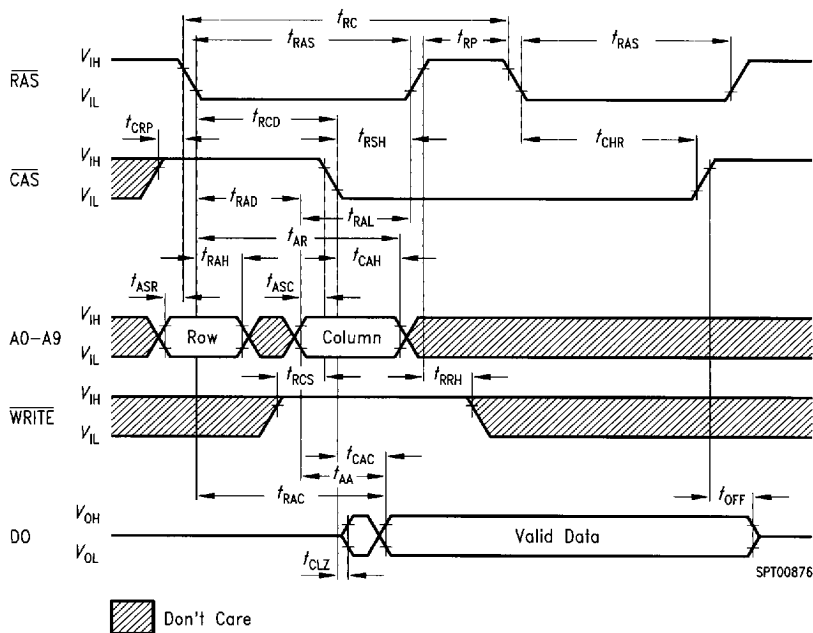
Note: "TF" pin should be connected to V_{IL} (TF) level or open, if "Test Mode" is not used.

RAS-Only Refresh Cycle



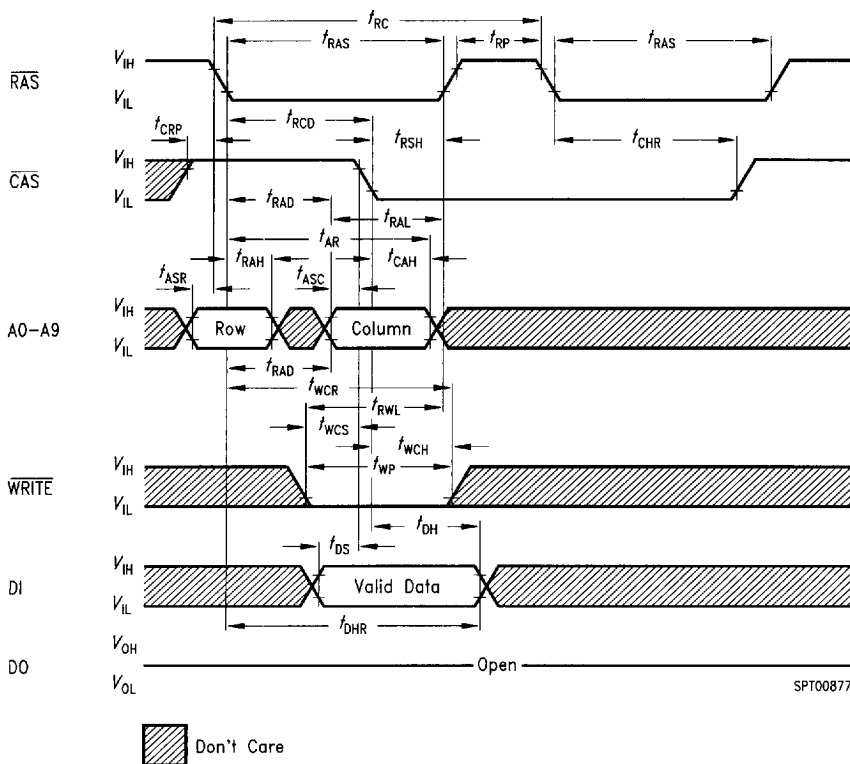
Note: "TF" pin should be connected to V_{IL} (TF) level or open, if "Test Mode" is not used.

CAS-Before-RAS Refresh Cycle



Note: "TF" pin should be connected to V_{IL} (TF) level or open, if "Test Mode" is not used.

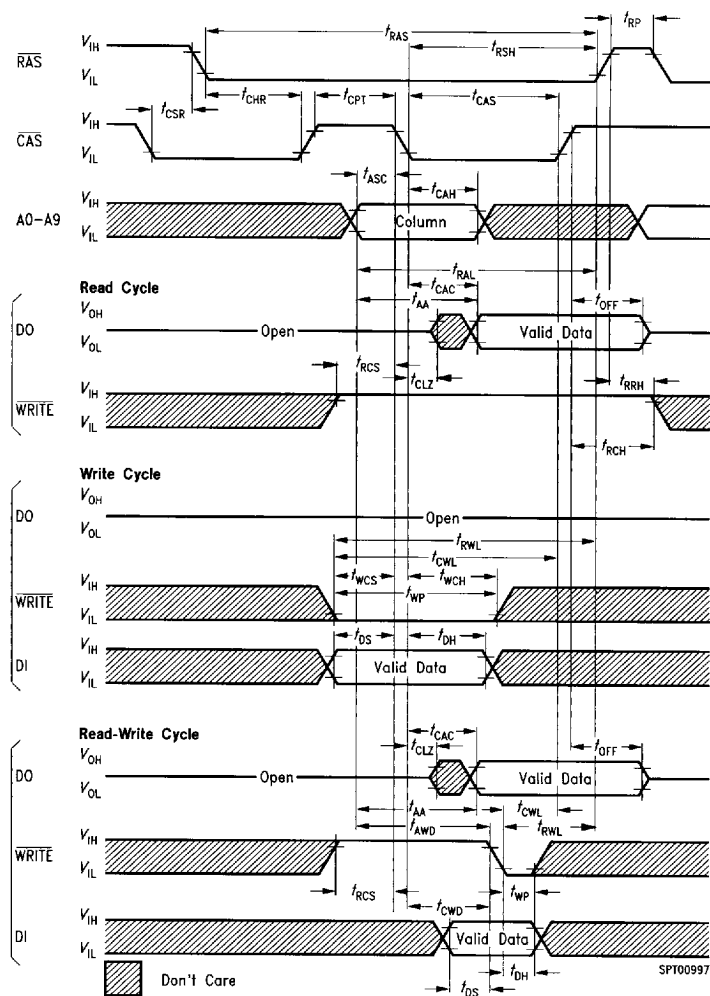
Hidden Refresh Cycle (Read)



SPT00877

Note: "TF" pin should be connected to V_{IL} (TF) level or open, if "Test Mode" is not used.

Hidden Refresh Cycle (Write)



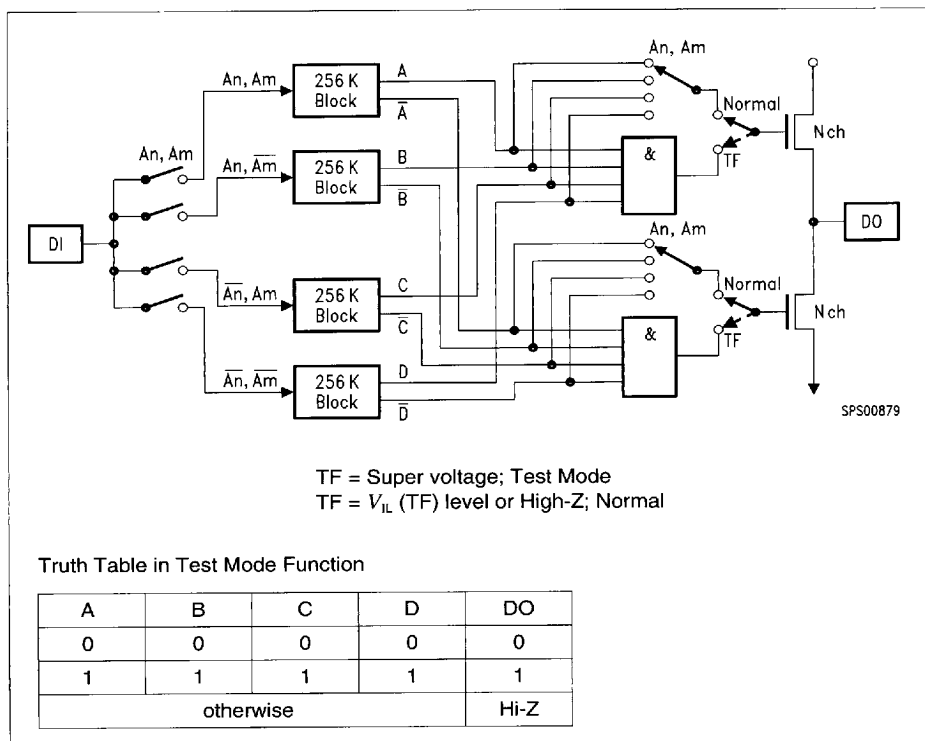
Note: "TF" pin should be connected to V_{IL} (TF) level or open, if "Test Mode" is not used.

CAS-Before-RAS Refresh Counter Test Cycle

Test Mode

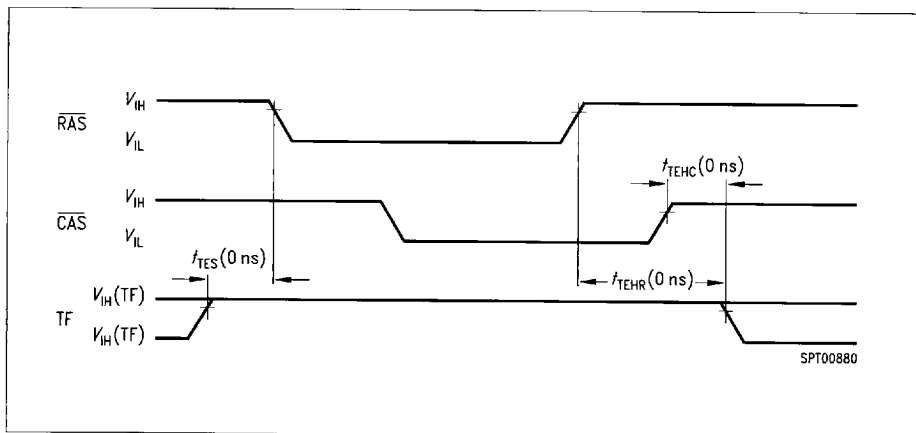
The HYB 511000B/BL is the RAM organized 1 048 576 words by 1-bit, it is internally organized 262 144 words by 4-bit. In "Test Mode", data would be written into a number of sectors (4 sectors) in parallel and retrieved the same way. If upon reading, all bits are equal (all "H" or "L"), the data output pin indicates a same data as all bits. In this case, the data output pin indicates an expected data for good parts, the data output pin indicates a complementary data for bad parts. And also, if any of the bits differed, the data output pin would indicate a high impedance state for bad parts. The next figure shows the block diagram including its truth table when "Test Mode" is used.

In test mode, 1M DRAM can be tested as if it were 256K DRAM by the following method.

**Block Diagram in Test Mode**

Block Diagram in Test Mode

"Test Mode" function is performed on any of the timing cycles including fast page mode when "TF" pin is held on "super voltage ($V_{CC} + 4.5\text{ V}$ ($V_{CC} = 5\text{ V} \pm 10\%$), max. voltage = 10.5 V)" for the specified period (t_{TES} , t_{TEHR} and t_{TEHC} ; see next figure). The address input of A9 is ignored in the "Test Mode". On the other hand, normal operation requires the "TF" pin be connected to $V_{IL}(\text{TF})$ level, or left unconnected on the printed wiring board. The "Test Mode" function reduces test times (1/4; in case of using N test pattern): This "Test Mode" function is implemented from Revision "C".

**Test Mode Cycle**