

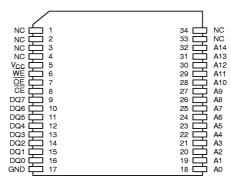
DS1230YL/BL 256K Nonvolatile SRAM

NOT RECOMMENDED FOR NEW DESIGNS. SEE DS1230Y/AB DATA SHEET.

FEATURES

- 10 years minimum data retention in the absence of external power
- Data is automatically protected during power loss
- Unlimited write cycles
- Low-power CMOS
- Read and write access times as fast as 70 ns
- Lithium energy source is electrically disconnected to retain freshness until power is applied for the first time
- Full ±10% V_{CC} operating range (DS1230YL)
- Optional ±5% V_{CC} operating range (DS1230BL)
- Optional industrial temperature range of -40°C to +85°C, designated IND
- Low Profile Module (LPM) package
 - Fits into standard 68-pin PLCC surface-mountable sockets
 - 250 mil package height

PIN ASSIGNMENT



34-PIN LOW PROFILE MODULE (LPM)

PIN DESCRIPTION

 A0 - A14
 Address Inputs

 DQ0 - DQ7
 Data In/Data Out

 CE
 Chip Enable

 WE
 Write Enable

 OE
 Output Enable

 V_{CC}
 Power (+5V)

 GND
 Ground

DESCRIPTION

The DS1230256K Nonvolatile SRAMs are 262,144—bit, fully static, nonvolatile SRAMs organized as 32,768 words by 8 bits. Each NV SRAM has a self–contained lithium energy source and control circuitry which constantly monitors $V_{\rm CC}$ for an out–of–tolerance condition. When such a condition occurs, the lithium energy

source is automatically switched on and write protection is unconditionally enabled to prevent data corruption. There is no limit on the number of write cycles that can be executed and no additional support circuitry is required for microprocessor interfacing.

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READ MODE

The DS1230 devices execute a read cycle whenever \overline{WE} (Write Enable) is inactive (high) and \overline{CE} (Chip Enable) and \overline{OE} (Output Enable) are active (low). The unique address specified by the 15 address inputs (A₀-A₁₄) defines which of the 32,768 bytes of data is to be accessed. Valid data will be available to the eight data output drivers within t_{ACC} (Access Time) after the last address input signal is stable, providing that \overline{CE} and \overline{OE} (Output Enable) access times are also satisfied. If \overline{OE} and \overline{CE} access times are not satisfied, then data access must be measured from the later occurring signal (\overline{CE} or \overline{OE}) and the limiting parameter is either t_{CO} for \overline{CE} or t_{OE} for \overline{OE} rather than address access.

WRITE MODE

The DS1230 devices execute a write cycle whenever the \overline{WE} and \overline{CE} signals are active (low) after address inputs are stable. The later occurring falling edge of \overline{CE} or \overline{WE} will determine the start of the write cycle. The write cycle is terminated by the earlier rising edge of \overline{CE} or \overline{WE} . All address inputs must be kept valid throughout the write cycle. \overline{WE} must return to the high state for a minimum recovery time (t_{WR}) before another cycle can be initiated. The \overline{OE} control signal should be kept inactive (high) during write cycles to avoid bus contention. However, if the output drivers are enabled (\overline{CE} and \overline{OE} active) then \overline{WE} will disable the outputs in t_{ODW} from its falling edge.

DATA RETENTION MODE

The DS1230BL provides full functional capability for V_{CC} greater than 4.75 volts and write protects by 4.5 volts. The DS1230YL provides full functional capability for V_{CC} greater than 4.5 volts and write protects by 4.25 volts. Data is maintained in the absence of V_{CC} without any additional support circuitry. The nonvolatile static RAMs constantly monitor V_{CC}. Should the supply voltage decay, the NV SRAMs automatically write protect themselves, all inputs become "don't care," and all outputs become high impedance. As V_{CC} falls below approximately 3.0 volts, a power switching circuit connects the lithium energy source to RAM to retain data. During power–up, when $V_{\mbox{\footnotesize{CC}}}$ rises above approximately 3.0 volts, the power switching circuit connects external V_{CC} to RAM and disconnects the lithium energy source. Normal RAM operation can resume after V_{CC} exceeds 4.75 volts for the DS1230BL and 4.5 volts for the DS1230YL.

FRESHNESS SEAL

Each DS1230 device is shipped from Dallas Semiconductor with its lithium energy source disconnected, guaranteeing full energy capacity. When $V_{\rm CC}$ is first applied at a level greater than 4.25 volts, the lithium energy source is enabled for battery back—up operation.

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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS*

Voltage On Any Pin Relative To Ground Operating Temperature Storage Temperature Soldering Temperature -0.3V to +7.0V 0°C to 70°C, -40°C to +85°C for IND parts -40°C to +70°C, -40°C to +85°C for IND parts 260°C For 10 seconds

RECOMMENDED DC OPERATING CONDITIONS

(t_A: See Note 10)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
DS1230BL Power Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	4.75	5.0	5.25	V	
DS1230YL Power Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	
Logic 1	V _{IH}	2.2		V _{CC}	٧	
Logic 0	V _{IL}	0.0		0.8	V	

(V $_{CC} = 5\text{V} \pm 5\%$ for DS1230BL)

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(t_A: See Note 10) (V_{CC} =5V \pm 10% for DS1230YL)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Input Leakage Current	կլ	-1.0		+1.0	μА	
	l _{IO}	-1.0		+1.0	μА	
Output Current @ 2.4V	loH	-1.0			mA	
Output Current @ 0.4V	l _{OL}	2.0			mA	
Standby Current $\overline{\text{CE}}$ = 2.2V	I _{CCS1}		5.0	10.0	mA	
Standby Current $\overline{\text{CE}} = \text{V}_{\text{CC}}\text{-0.5V}$	I _{CCS2}		3.0	5.0	mA	
Operating Current	I _{CCO1}			85	mA	
Write Protection Voltage (DS1230BL)	V _{TP}	4.50	4.62	4.75	V	
Write Protection Voltage (DS1230YL)	V _{TP}	4.25	4.37	4.5	V	

CAPACITANCE $(t_A = 25^{\circ}C)$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Input Capacitance	C _{IN}		5	10	pF	
Input/Output Capacitance	C _{I/O}		5	10	pF	

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^{*} This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods of time may affect reliability.

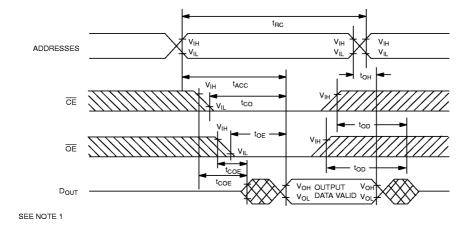
AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{CC} = 5V \pm 5\% \text{ for DS1230BL}) \\ \text{(t_A: See Note 10)} \ (V_{CC} = 5V \pm 10\% \text{ for DS1230YL}) \\$

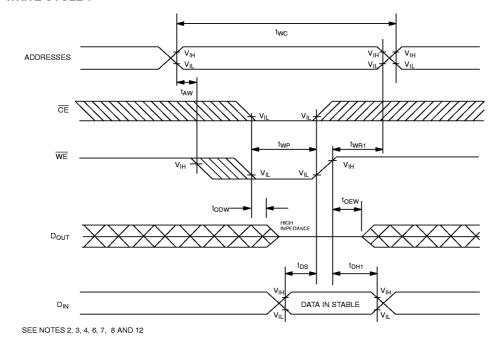
			71		- 00		
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	DS1230BL-70 DS1230YL-70		DS1230BL-100 DS1230YL-100		UNITS	NOTES
		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX		
Read Cycle Time	t _{RC}	70		100		ns	
Access Time	tACC		70		100	ns	
OE to Output Valid	toE		35		50	ns	
CE to Output Valid	tco		70		100	ns	
OE or CE to Output Active	t _{COE}	5		5		ns	5
Output High Z from Deselection	t _{OD}		25		35	ns	5
Output Hold from Address Change	t _{OH}	5		5		ns	
Write Cycle Time	twc	70		100		ns	
Write Pulse Width	t _{WP}	55		75		ns	3
Address Setup Time	t _{AW}	0		0		ns	
Write Recovery Time	t _{WR1}	5 15		5 15		ns	12 13
Output High Z from WE	t _{ODW}		25		35	ns	5
Output Active from WE	t _{OEW}	5		5		ns	5
Data Setup Time	t _{DS}	30		40		ns	4
Data Hold Time	t _{DH1}	0 10		0 10		ns	12 13

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READ CYCLE

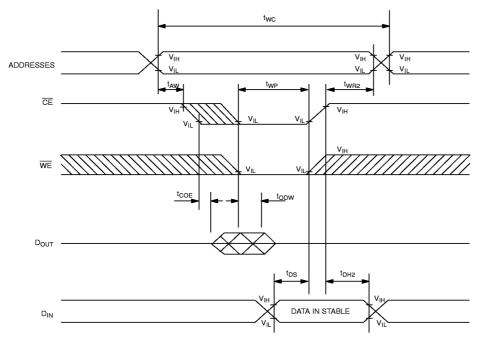


WRITE CYCLE 1



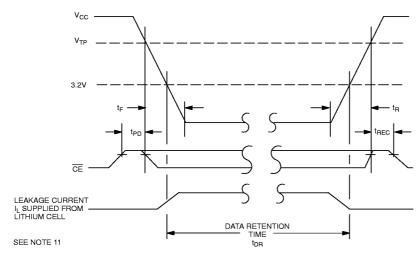
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WRITE CYCLE 2



SEE NOTES 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8 AND 13

POWER-DOWN/POWER-UP CONDITION



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POWER-DOWN/POWER-UP TIMING

(t_A: See Note 10)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
CE, at V _{IH} before Power–Down	t _{PD}	0			μs	11
V _{CC} slew from V _{TP} to 0V	t _F	300			μs	
V _{CC} slew from 0V to V _{TP}	t _R	300			μs	
CE, at V _{IH} after Power-Up	t _{REC}	2		125	ms	

 $(t_A = 25^{\circ}C)$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Expected Data Retention Time	t _{DR}	10			years	9

WARNING:

Under no circumstance are negative undershoots, of any amplitude, allowed when device is in battery backup mode.

NOTES:

- 1. WE is high for a Read Cycle.
- 2. $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} . If $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$ during write cycle, the output buffers remain in a high impedance state.
- 3. t_{WP} is specified as the logical AND of $\overline{\text{CE}}$ and $\overline{\text{WE}}$. t_{WP} is measured from the latter of $\overline{\text{CE}}$ or $\overline{\text{WE}}$ going low to the earlier of $\overline{\text{CE}}$ or $\overline{\text{WE}}$ going high.
- 4. t_{DH}, t_{DS} are measured from the earlier of $\overline{\text{CE}}$ or $\overline{\text{WE}}$ going high.
- 5. These parameters are sampled with a 5 pF load and are not 100% tested.
- 6. If the $\overline{\mathbb{CE}}$ low transition occurs simultaneously with or latter than the $\overline{\mathbb{WE}}$ low transition, the output buffers remain in a high impedance state during this period.
- 7. If the $\overline{\text{CE}}$ high transition occurs prior to or simultaneously with the $\overline{\text{WE}}$ high transition, the output buffers remain in high impedance state during this period.
- 8. If $\overline{\text{WE}}$ is low or the $\overline{\text{WE}}$ low transition occurs prior to or simultaneously with the $\overline{\text{CE}}$ low transition, the output buffers remain in a high impedance state during this period.
- Each DS1230 has a built—in switch that disconnects the lithium source until V_{CC} is first applied by the user. The
 expected t_{DR} is defined as accumulative time in the absence of V_{CC} starting from the time power is first applied
 by the user.
- 10. All AC and DC electrical characteristics are valid over the full operating temperature range. For commercial products, this range is 0°C to 70°C. For industrial products (IND), this range is -40°C to +85°C.
- 11. In a power down condition the voltage on any pin may not exceed the voltage on V_{CC}.
- 12. t_{WR1} and t_{DH1} are measured from \overline{WE} going high.
- 13. t_{WR2} and t_{DH2} are measured from $\overline{\mbox{CE}}$ going high.

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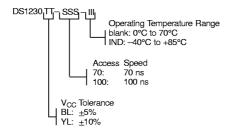
DC TEST CONDITIONS

Outputs Open Cycle = 200 ns for operating current All voltages are referenced to ground

AC TEST CONDITIONS

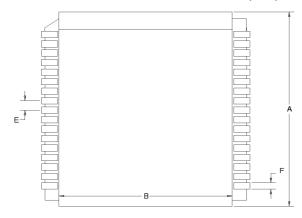
Output Load: 100 pF + 1TTL Gate Input Pulse Levels: 0 – 3.0V Timing Measurement Reference Levels Input: 1.5V Output: 1.5V Input pulse Rise and Fall Times: 5 ns

ORDERING INFORMATION

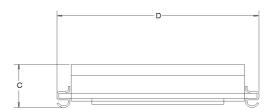


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DS1230YL/BL 34-PIN LOW PROFILE MODULE (LPM)



PKG	INCHES					
DIM	MIN	MAX				
Α	0.955	0.980				
В	0.840	0.855				
С	0.230	0.250				
D	0.975	0.995				
Е	0.050 BSC					
F	0.015	0.025				



Dallas Semiconductor Low Profile Modules <u>must</u> be inserted into 68-pin PLCC sockets for proper operation. Direct surface-mounting of these products by reflow soldering will destroy internal lithium batteries.

For recommended PLCC sockets, contact the Dallas Semiconductor factory.

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