#### **Features**

- EE Programmable 65,536 x 1-, 131,072 x 1-, 262,144 x 1-, 524,288 x 1-, 1,048,576 x 1-, 2,097,152 x 1-, and 4,194,304 x 1-bit Serial Memories Designed to Store Configuration Programs for Altera FLEX® and APEX FPGAs (Device Selection Guide Included)
- Available as a 3.3V (-10%) to 5.0V (+10%) Version
- In-System Programmable (ISP) via 2-wire Bus
- Simple Interface to SRAM FPGAs
- Compatible with Atmel AT6000, AT40K and AT94K Devices, Altera FLEX<sup>®</sup>, APEX<sup>™</sup>
   Devices, Lucent ORCA<sup>®</sup> FPGAs, Xilinx XC3000<sup>™</sup>, XC4000<sup>™</sup>, XC5200<sup>™</sup>, Spartan<sup>®</sup>, Virtex<sup>®</sup>
   FPGAs, Motorola MPA1000 FPGAs
- Cascadable Read-back to Support Additional Configurations or Higher-density Arrays
- Very Low-power CMOS EEPROM Process
- Programmable Reset Polarity
- Available 8-lead PDIP, 20-lead PLCC, 32-lead TQFP and 44-lead PLCC Packages (Pin Compatible Across Product Family)
- Emulation of Atmel's AT24CXXX Serial EEPROMs
- Low-power Standby Mode
- High-reliability
  - Endurance: 100,000 Write Cycles
  - Data Retention: 90 Years for Industrial Parts (at 85°C) and 190 Years for Commercial Parts (at 70°C)

## **Description**

The AT17A series FPGA configuration EEPROMs (Configurators) provide an easy-to-use, cost-effective configuration memory for Field Programmable Gate Arrays. The AT17A series device is packaged in the 8-lead PDIP<sup>(1)</sup>, 20-lead PLCC, 32-lead TQFP and 44-lead PLCC, see Table 1. The AT17A series configurator uses a simple serial-access procedure to configure one or more FPGA devices. The user can select the polarity of the reset function by programming four EEPROM bytes. These devices also support a write-protection mechanism within its programming mode.

Note:

 The 8-lead LAP and SOIC packages for the AT17LV65A/128A/256A do not have an A label. However, the 8-lead packages are pin compatible with the 8-lead package of Altera's EEPROMs, refer to the AT17LV65/128/256/512/010/002/040 datasheet available on the Atmel web site for more information.

The AT17A series configurators can be programmed with industry-standard programmers, Atmel's ATDH2200E Programming Kit or Atmel's ATDH2225 ISP Cable.

Table 1. AT17A Series Packages

Package	AT17LV65A/ AT17LV128A/ AT17LV256A	AT17LV512A	AT17LV010A	AT17LV002A	AT17LV040A
8-lead PDIP	Yes	Yes	Yes	_	1
20-lead PLCC	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	-
32-lead TQFP	_	_	Yes	Yes	-
44-lead PLCC	_	_	_	_	Yes



# FPGA Configuration EEPROM Memory

AT17LV65A AT17LV128A AT17LV256A AT17LV512A AT17LV010A AT17LV002A AT17LV040A

3.3V to 5V System Support

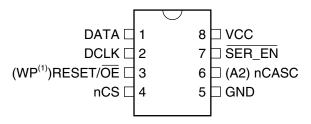


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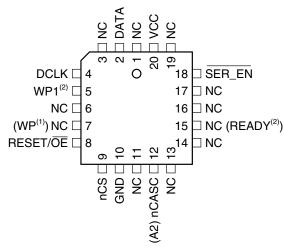


## **Pin Configuration**

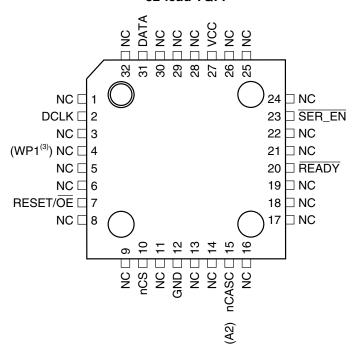
#### 8-lead PDIP



#### 20-lead PLCC

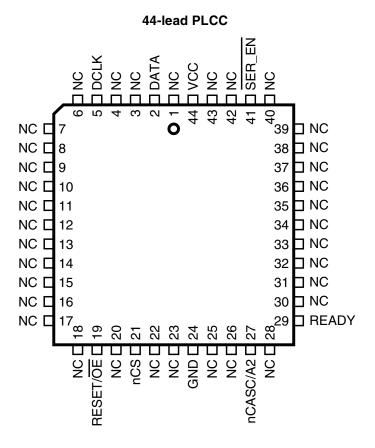


#### 32-lead TQFP



Notes: 1. This pin is only available on AT17LV65A/128A/256A devices.

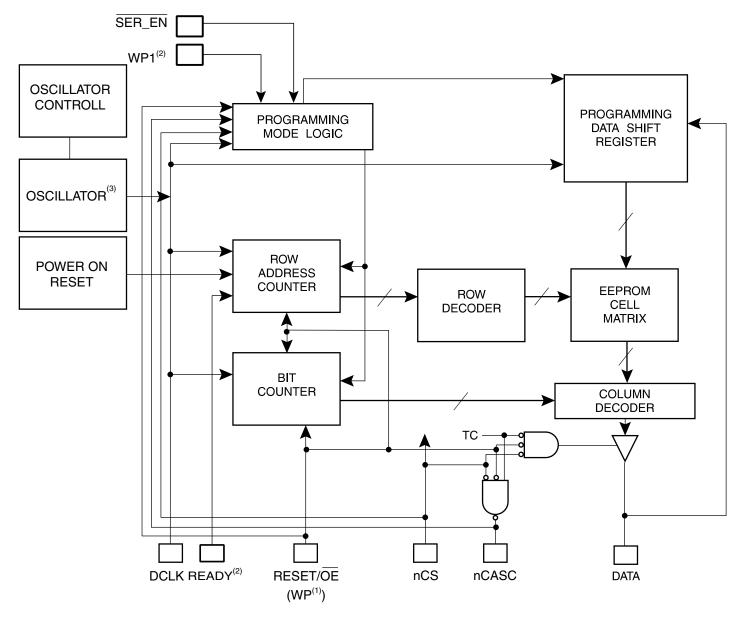
- 2. This pin is only available on AT17LV512A/010A/002A devices.
- 3. This pin is only available on AT17LV010A/002A devices.







## **Block Diagram**



Notes: 1. This pin is only available on AT17LV65A/128A/256A devices.

2. This pin is only available on AT17LV512A/010A/002A/040A devices.

## **Device Description**

The control signals for the configuration EEPROM (nCS, RESET/OE and DCLK) interface directly with the FPGA device control signals. All FPGA devices can control the entire configuration process and retrieve data from the configuration EEPROM without requiring an external controller.

The configuration EEPROM's RESET/OE and nCS pins control the tri-state buffer on the DATA output pin and enable the address counter and the oscillator. When RESET/OE is driven Low, the configuration EEPROM resets its address counter and tri-states its DATA pin. The nCS pin also controls the output of the AT17A series configurator. If nCS is held High after the RESET/OE pulse, the counter is disabled and the DATA output pin is tri-stated. When nCS is driven subsequently Low, the counter and the DATA output pin are enabled. When RESET/OE is driven Low again, the address counter is reset and the DATA output pin is tri-stated, regardless of the state of the nCS.

When the configurator has driven out all of its data and nCASC is driven Low, the device tri-states the DATA pin to avoid contention with other configurators. Upon power-up, the address counter is automatically reset.

This is the default setting for the device. Since almost all FPGAs use RESET Low and OE High, this document will describe RESET/OE.





## **Pin Description**

		AT17LV65A/ AT17LV128A/ AT17LV256A	AT17LV512A/ AT17LV010A		AT17L	AT17LV040A		
Name	I/O	20 PLCC	8 PDIP	20 PLCC	32 TQFP	20 PLCC	32 TQFP	44 PLCC
DATA	I/O	2	1	2	31	2	31	2
DCLK	I	4	2	4	2	4	2	5
WP1	I	_	_	5	4	5	4	-
RESET/OE	I	8	0	8	7	8	7	19
WP	Į		3	_	_	_	_	-
nCS	Į	9	4	9	10	9	10	21
GND		10	5	10	12	10	12	24
nCASC	0	10	2	40	4.5	40	45	0.5
A2	I	12	6	12	15	12	15	25
READY	0	_	_	15	20	15	20	29
SER_EN	I	18	7	18	23	18	23	41
V <sub>CC</sub>		20	8	20	27	20	27	44

DATA

Three-state DATA output for configuration. Open-collector bi-directional pin for programming.

**DCLK** 

Clock output or clock input. Rising edges on DCLK increment the internal address counter and present the next bit of data to the DATA pin. The counter is incremented only if the RESET/OE input is held High, the nCS input is held Low, and all configuration data has not been transferred to the target device (otherwise, as the master device, the DCLK pin drives Low).

WP1

WRITE PROTECT (1). This pin is used to protect portions of memory during programming, and it is disabled by default due to internal pull-down resistor. This input pin is not used during FPGA loading operations. This pin is only available on AT17LV512A/010A/002A devices.

RESET/OE

Output Enable (active High) and RESET (active Low) when SER\_EN is High. A Low logic level resets the address counter. A High logic level (with nCS Low) enables DATA and permits the address counter to count. In the mode, if this pin is Low (reset), the internal oscillator becomes inactive and DCLK drives Low. The logic polarity of this input is programmable and must be programmed active High (RESET active Low) by the user during programming for Altera applications.

**WP** 

6

Write protect (WP) input (when nCS is Low) during programming only (SER\_EN Low). When WP is Low, the entire memory can be written. When WP is enabled (High), the lowest block of the memory cannot be written. This pin is only available on AT17LV65A/128A/256A devices.

nCS Chip Select input (active Low). A Low input (with OE High) allows DCLK to increment

the address counter and enables DATA to drive out. If the AT17A series is reset with nCS Low, the device initializes as the first (and master) device in a daisy-chain. If the AT17A series is reset with nCS High, the device initializes as a subsequent AT17A

series device in the chain.

GND Ground pin. A 0.2 μF decoupling capacitor between V<sub>CC</sub> and GND is recommended.

nCASC

Cascade Select Output (active Low). This output goes Low when the address counter has reached its maximum value. In a daisy-chain of AT17A series devices, the nCASC

pin of one device is usually connected to the nCS input pin of the next device in the chain, which permits DCLK from the master configurator to clock data from a subse-

quent AT17A series device in the chain.

A2 Device selection input, A2. This is used to enable (or select) the device during program-

ming (i.e., when SER EN is Low). A2 has an internal pull-down resistor.

**READY** Open collector reset state indicator. Driven Low during power-on reset cycle, released

when power-up is complete. (recommended 4.7 k $\Omega$  pull-up on this pin if used).

SER\_EN Serial enable must be held High during FPGA loading operations. Bringing SER\_EN

Low enables the 2-wire Serial Programming Mode. For non-ISP applications, SER\_EN

should be tied to V<sub>CC</sub>.

V<sub>CC</sub> +3.3V (-10%) to 5.0V (+10%) power supply pin. AT17LV(A) devices with date codes of 0902 and later are tested to an extended voltage range. These parts can now be used in

both 3.3V (-10%) to 5.0V (+10%) applications and replace the AT17C(A) 5V-only

devices.





## FPGA Master Serial Mode Summary

The I/O and logic functions of any SRAM-based FPGA are established by a configuration program. The program is loaded either automatically upon power-up, or on command, depending on the state of the FPGA mode pins. In Master mode, the FPGA automatically loads the configuration program from an external memory. The AT17A Serial Configuration EEPROM has been designed for compatibility with the Master Serial mode.

This document discusses the Altera FLEX FPGA device interfaces

# Control of Configuration

Most connections between the FPGA device and the AT17A Serial EEPROM are simple and self-explanatory.

- The DATA output of the AT17A series configurator drives DIN of the FPGA devices.
- The master FPGA DCLK output or external clock source drives the DCLK input of the AT17A series configurator.
- The nCASC output of any AT17A series configurator drives the nCS input of the next configurator in a cascaded chain of EEPROMs.
- SER\_EN must be connected to V<sub>CC</sub> (except during ISP).

# Cascading Serial Configuration EEPROMs

For multiple FPGAs configured as a daisy-chain, or for FPGAs requiring larger configuration memories, cascaded configurators provide additional memory.

After the last bit from the first configurator is read, the next clock signal to the configurator asserts its nCASC output low and disables its DATA line driver. The second configurator recognizes the low level on its nCS input and enables its DATA output.

After configuration is complete, the address counters of all cascaded configurators are reset if the RESET/OE on each configurator is driven to a Low level.

If the address counters are not to be reset upon completion, then the RESET/OE input can be tied to a High level.

# AT17A Series Reset Polarity

The AT17A series configurator allows the user to program the polarity of the RESET/OE pin as either RESET/OE or RESET/OE. This feature is supported by industry-standard programmer algorithms.

## **Programming Mode**

The programming mode is entered by bringing  $\overline{SER\_EN}$  Low. In this mode the chip can be programmed by the 2-wire serial bus. The programming is done at  $V_{CC}$  supply only. Programming super voltages are generated inside the chip.

## Standby Mode

The AT17LV65A/128A/256A enters a low-power standby mode whenever nCS is asserted High. In this mode, the configurator consumes less than 50  $\mu$ A of current at 3.3V (100  $\mu$ A for the AT17LV512A/010A/002A/040A). The output remains in a high-impedance state regardless of the state of the RESET/OE input.

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings\***

Operating Temperature55°C to +125°C
Storage Temperature65 °C to +150 °C
Voltage on Any Pin with Respect to Ground0.1V to V <sub>CC</sub> +0.5V
Supply Voltage (V <sub>CC</sub> )0.5V to +7.0V
Maximum Soldering Temp. (10 sec. @ 1/16 in.)260°C
ESD (R <sub>ZAP</sub> = 1.5K, C <sub>ZAP</sub> = 100 pF)2000V

\*NOTICE:

Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under operating conditions is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Rating conditions for extended periods of time may affect device reliability.

## **Operating Conditions**

				AT17LV65A/ AT17LV128A/ AT17LV256A/ AT17LV512A/ AT17LV010A		AT17LV002A/ AT17LV040A		
Symbol	Description		Min	Max	Min	Max	Units	
	Commercial	Supply voltage relative to GND -0°C to +70°C	3.0	5.5	3.15	5.5	v	
$V_{CC}$	Industrial	Supply voltage relative to GND -40°C to +85°C	3.0	5.5	3.15	5.5	V	
	Military	Supply voltage relative to GND -55°C to +125°C	3.0	5.5	3.15	5.5	V	

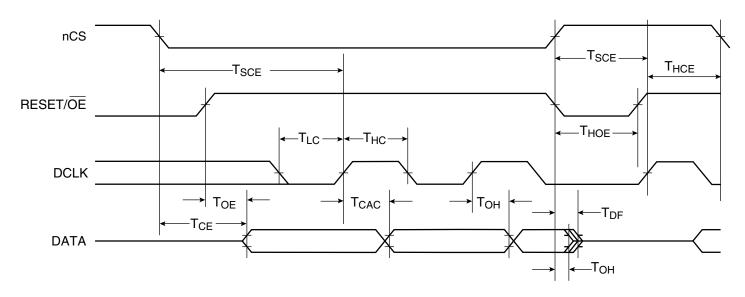
## **DC Characteristics**

			AT17LV65A/ AT17LV128A/ AT17LV256A		AT17LV512A/ AT17LV010A		AT17LV002A/ AT17LV040A		
Symbol	Description		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Units
V <sub>IH</sub>	High-level Input Voltage		2.0	V <sub>CC</sub>	2.0	V <sub>CC</sub>	2.0	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level Input Voltage		0	0.8	0	0.8	0	0.8	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	High-level Output Voltage (I <sub>OH</sub> = -2.5 mA)	Commercial	2.4		2.4		2.4		V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level Output Voltage (I <sub>OL</sub> = +3 mA)	Commercial		0.4		0.4		0.4	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	High-level Output Voltage (I <sub>OH</sub> = -2 mA)		2.4		2.4		2.4		V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level Output Voltage (I <sub>OL</sub> = +3 mA)	Industrial		0.4		0.4		0.4	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	High-level Output Voltage (I <sub>OH</sub> = -2 mA)	M. Hita	2.4		2.4		2.4		V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level Output Voltage (I <sub>OL</sub> = +2.5 mA)	Military		0.4		0.4		0.4	V
I <sub>CCA</sub>	Supply Current, Active Mode			5		5		5	mA
IL	Input or Output Leakage Current (V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND)		-10	10	-10	10	-10	10	μA
		Commercial		50		100		100	μA
I <sub>CCS</sub>	Supply Current, Standby Mode	Industrial/ Military		100		100		100	μА

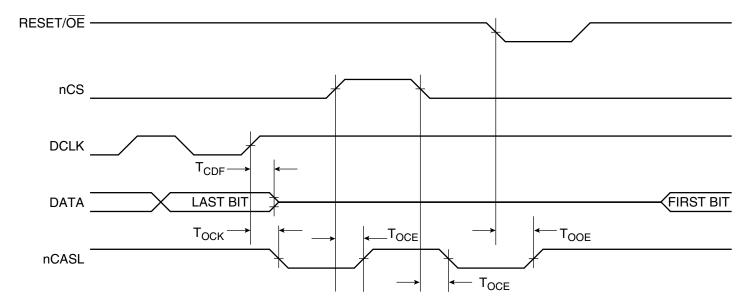




## **AC Characteristics**



## **AC Characteristics when Cascading**



## **AC Characteristics**

			AT17L	LV65A/ .V128A/ .V256A	1	V512A/ .V010A	AT17L	V002A	AT17I	_V040A	
Symbol	Description		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Units
T <sub>OE</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	RESET/OE to Data Delay	Commercial		50		50		50		50	ns
OE,	nesel/OE to Data Delay	Military <sup>(1)</sup>		55		55		55		55	ns
T <sub>CE</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	nCC to Data Dalou	Commercial		60		55		55		55	ns
CE,	nCS to Data Delay	Military <sup>(1)</sup>		60		60		60		60	ns
<b>-</b> (2)	DCI K to Data Dalay	Commercial		75		60		60		60	ns
T <sub>CAC</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	DCLK to Data Delay	Military <sup>(1)</sup>		80		65		65		65	ns
_	Data Hold from nCS,	Commercial	0		0		0		0		ns
T <sub>OH</sub>	OE, or DCLK	Military <sup>(1)</sup>	0		0		0		0		ns
<b>-</b> (3)	nCS or OE to Data	Commercial		55		50		50		50	ns
T <sub>DF</sub> <sup>(3)</sup>	Float Delay	Military <sup>(1)</sup>		55		50		50		50	ns
_	DCLK Low Time	Commercial	25		20		20		20		ns
$T_LC$		Military <sup>(1)</sup>	25		20		20		20		ns
_	DCLK High Time	Commercial	25		20		20		20		ns
T <sub>HC</sub>		Military <sup>(1)</sup>	25		20		20		20		ns
_	nCS Setup Time to DCLK	Commercial	35		20		20		20		ns
T <sub>SCE</sub>	(to guarantee proper counting)	Military <sup>(1)</sup>	50		25		25		25		ns
_	nCS Hold Time from DCLK	Commercial	0		0		0		0		ns
T <sub>HCE</sub>	(to guarantee proper counting)	Military <sup>(1)</sup>	0		0		0		0		ns
_	OE Low Time	Commercial	25		20		20		20		ns
T <sub>HOE</sub>	(guarantees counter is reset)	Military <sup>(1)</sup>	25		20		20		20		ns
_	Maximum Input	Commercial	10		15		15		15		MHz
$F_{MAX}$	Clock Frequency	Military <sup>(1)</sup>	10		10		10		10		MHz
_		Commercial			30	300	30	300			ns
$T_LC$	DCLK Low Time Master Mode	Military <sup>(1)</sup>			30	300	30	300			ns
_	DCLK High Time	Commercial			30	300	30	300			ns
T <sub>HC</sub>	Master Mode	Military <sup>(1)</sup>			30	300	30	300			ns
	Ready Pin Open	Commercial			1.2	2.4	1.2	2.4			V
$V_{RDY}$	Collector Voltage	Military <sup>(1)</sup>			1.2	2.4	1.2	2.4			V

- Notes: 1. Preliminary specifications for military operating range only.
  - 2. AC test lead = 50 pF.
  - 3. Float delays are measured with 5 pF AC loads. Transition is measured  $\pm$  200 mV from steady-state active levels.





## **AC Characteristics when Cascading**

			AT17LV65A/ AT17LV128A/ AT17LV256A AT17LV010A		AT17LV002A		AT17LV040A				
Symbol	Description		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Units
		Commercial		60		50		50		50	ns
T <sub>CDF</sub> <sup>(3)</sup>	DCLK to Data Float Delay	Industrial/ Military <sup>(1)</sup>		60		50		50		50	ns
		Commercial		55		50		50		50	ns
T <sub>OCK</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	DCLK to nCASC Delay	Industrial/ Military <sup>(1)</sup>		60		55		55		55	ns
	nCS to nCASC Delay	Commercial		55		35		35		35	ns
T <sub>OCE</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>		Industrial/ Military <sup>(1)</sup>		60		40		40		40	ns
	DECET/OF L	Commercial		40		35		35		35	ns
T <sub>OOE</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	RESET/OE to nCASC Delay	Industrial/ Military <sup>(1)</sup>		45		35		35		35	ns
	Maximum Input Clock Frequency	Commercial	8		12.5		12		12		ns
F <sub>MAX</sub>		Industrial/ Military <sup>(1)</sup>	8		10		10		10		ns

- Notes: 1. Preliminary specifications for military operating range only.
  - 2. AC test lead = 50 pF.
  - 3. Float delays are measured with 5 pF AC loads. Transition is measured  $\pm$  200 mV from steady-state active levels.

## Thermal Resistance Coefficients<sup>(1)</sup>

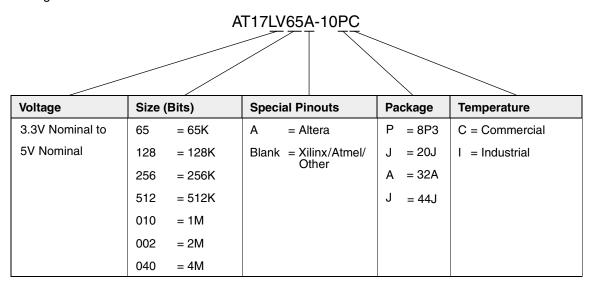
Package Type			AT17LV65A/ AT17LV128A/ AT17LV256A	AT17LV512A/ AT17LV010A	AT17LV002A	AT17LV040A
opo.	Diagrica Dural Indiana Daglacana (DDID)	θ <sub>JC</sub> [°C/W]		37		
8P3 Plas	Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP)	θ <sub>JA</sub> [°C/W] <sup>(2)</sup>		107		
00.1	Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	θ <sub>JC</sub> [°C/W]	35	35	35	
20J	(PLCC)	θ <sub>JA</sub> [°C/W] <sup>(2)</sup>	90	90	90	
00.4	Thin Plastic Quad Flat Package	θ <sub>JC</sub> [°C/W]				
32A	(TQFP)	θ <sub>JA</sub> [°C/W] <sup>(2)</sup>				
44.1	Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	θ <sub>JC</sub> [°C/W]	_	_	15	15
7/1	(PLCC)	θ <sub>JA</sub> [°C/W] <sup>(2)</sup>	_	_	50	50

- Notes: 1. For more information refer to the "Thermal Characteristics of Atmel's Packages", available on the Atmel web site, at http://www.atmel.com/atmel/acrobat/doc0636.pdf.
  - 2. Airflow = 0 ft/min.





Figure 1. Ordering Code<sup>(1)</sup>



Note: 1. The 8-lead LAP and SOIC packages for the AT17LV65A/128A/256A do not have an A label. However, the 8-lead packages are pin compatible with the 8-lead package of Altera's EEPROMs, refer to the AT17LV65/128/256/512/010/002/040 datasheet available on the Atmel web site for more information.

	Package Type						
8P3	8-lead, 0.300" Wide, Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP)						
20J	20-lead, Plastic J-leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC)						
32A	32-lead, Thin (1.0 mm) Plastic Quad Flat Package Carrier (TQFP)						
44J	44-lead, Plastic J-leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC)						

## Ordering Information<sup>(1)</sup>

Memory Size	Ordering Code	Package	Operation Range
64-Kbit <sup>(2)</sup>	AT17LV65A-10JC	20J	Commercial
			(0°C to 70°C)
	AT17LV65A-10JI	20J	Industrial
			(-40°C to 85°C)
128-Kbit	AT17LV128A-10JC	20J	Commercial
			(0°C to 70°C)
	AT17LV128A-10JI	20J	Industrial
			(-40°C to 85°C)
256-Kbit <sup>(3)</sup>	AT17LV256A-10JC	20J	Commercial
			(0°C to 70°C)
	AT17LV256A-10JI	20J	Industrial
			(-40°C to 85°C)
512-Kbit <sup>(4)</sup>	AT17LV512A-10PC	8P3	Commercial
	AT17LV512A-10JC	20J	(0°C to 70°C)
	AT17LV512A-10PI	8P3	Industrial
	AT17LV512A-10JI	20J	(-40°C to 85°C)
1-Mbit <sup>(5)</sup>	AT17LV010A-10PC	8P3	Commercial
	AT17LV010A-10JC	20J	(0°C to 70°C)
	AT17LV010A-10QC	32A	,
	AT17LV010A-10PI	8P3	Industrial
	AT17LV010A-10JI	20J	(-40°C to 85°C)
	AT17LV010A-10QI	32A	,
2-Mbit <sup>(6)</sup>	AT17LV002A-10JC	20J	Commercial
	AT17LV002A-10QC	32A	(0°C to 70°C)
	AT17LV002A-10JI	20J	Industrial
	AT17LV002A-10QI	32A	(-40°C to 85°C)
4-Mbit <sup>(7)</sup>	AT17LV040A-10PGC	44J	Commercial
			(0°C to 70°C)
	AT17LV040A-10PGI	44J	Industrial
			(-40°C to 85°C)

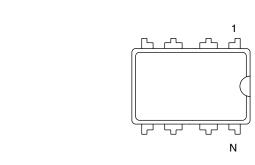
- Notes: 1. Currently, there are two types of low-density configurators. The new version will be identified by a "B" after the datacode. The "B" version is fully backward-compatible with the original devices so existing customers will not be affected. The new parts no longer require a MUX for ISP. See programming specification for more details.
  - 2. Use 64-Kbit density parts to replace Altera EPC1064.
  - 3. Use 256-Kbit density parts to replace Altera EPC1213.
  - 4. Use 512-Kbit density parts to replace Altera EPC1441.
  - 5. Use 1-Mbit density parts to replace Altera EPC1
  - 6. Use 2-Mbit density parts to replace Altera EPC2. Atmel AT17LV002A devices do not support JTAG programming; Atmel AT17LV002A devices use a 2-wire serial interface for in-system programming.
  - 7. Use 4-Mbit density parts to replace Altera EPC4. Atmel AT17LV040A devices do not support JTAG programming; Atmel AT17LV040A devices use a 2-wire serial interface for in-system programming.



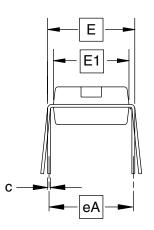


## **Packaging Information**

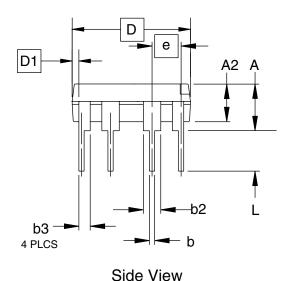
#### **8P3 - PDIP**







**End View** 



#### **COMMON DIMENSIONS**

(Unit of Measure = inches)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
Α			0.210	2
A2	0.115	0.130	0.195	
b	0.014	0.018	0.022	5
b2	0.045	0.060	0.070	6
b3	0.030	0.039	0.045	6
С	0.008	0.010	0.014	
D	0.355	0.365	0.400	3
D1	0.005			3
E	0.300	0.310	0.325	4
E1	0.240	0.250	0.280	3
е	(			
eA	(	0.300 BSC	;	4
L	0.115	0.130	0.150	2

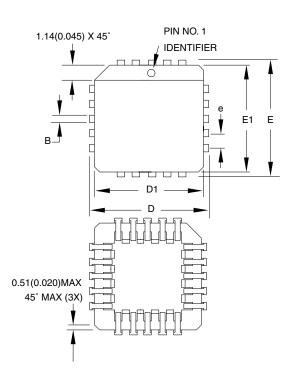
Notes:

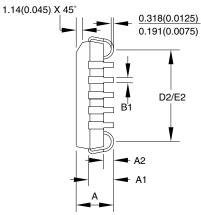
- 1. This drawing is for general information only; refer to JEDEC Drawing MS-001, Variation BA for additional information.
- 2. Dimensions A and L are measured with the package seated in JEDEC seating plane Gauge GS-3.
- 3. D, D1 and E1 dimensions do not include mold Flash or protrusions. Mold Flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.010 inch.
- 4. E and eA measured with the leads constrained to be perpendicular to datum.
- 5. Pointed or rounded lead tips are preferred to ease insertion.
- 6. b2 and b3 maximum dimensions do not include Dambar protrusions. Dambar protrusions shall not exceed 0.010 (0.25 mm).

01/09/02

		TITLE	DRAWING NO.	REV.
<u>AIMEL</u>	2325 Orchard Parkway San Jose, CA 95131	<b>8P3</b> , 8-lead, 0.300" Wide Body, Plastic Dual In-line Package (PDIP)	8P3	В

#### **20J - PLCC**





## COMMON DIMENSIONS

(Unit of Measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
Α	4.191	_	4.572	
A1	2.286	_	3.048	
A2	0.508	_	_	
D	9.779	-	10.033	
D1	8.890	_	9.042	Note 2
Е	9.779	-	10.033	
E1	8.890	_	9.042	Note 2
D2/E2	7.366	_	8.382	
В	0.660	-	0.813	
B1	0.330	_	0.533	
е	1.270 TYP			

Notes:

- 1. This package conforms to JEDEC reference MS-018, Variation AA.
- Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mold protrusion.
   Allowable protrusion is .010"(0.254 mm) per side. Dimension D1 and E1 include mold mismatch and are measured at the extreme material condition at the upper or lower parting line.
- 3. Lead coplanarity is 0.004" (0.102 mm) maximum.

10/04/01

<u>AIMEL</u>	2325 Orchard Parkv		
	San Jose, CA	95131	

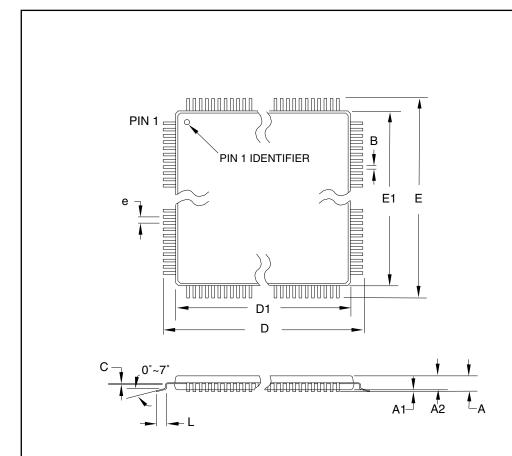
TITLE
20J, 20-lead, Plastic J-leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC)

DRAWING NO. REV.





#### **32A - TQFP**



#### **COMMON DIMENSIONS**

(Unit of Measure = mm)

	· , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE	
Α	_	_	1.20		
A1	0.05	_	0.15		
A2	0.95	1.00	1.05		
D	8.75	9.00	9.25		
D1	6.90	7.00	7.10	Note 2	
Е	8.75	9.00	9.25		
E1	6.90	7.00	7.10	Note 2	
В	0.30	_	0.45		
С	0.09	_	0.20		
L	0.45	_	0.75		
е	0.80 TYP				

10/5/2001

Notes:

- 1. This package conforms to JEDEC reference MS-026, Variation ABA.
- Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mold protrusion. Allowable protrusion is 0.25 mm per side. Dimensions D1 and E1 are maximum plastic body size dimensions including mold mismatch.
- 3. Lead coplanarity is 0.10 mm maximum.

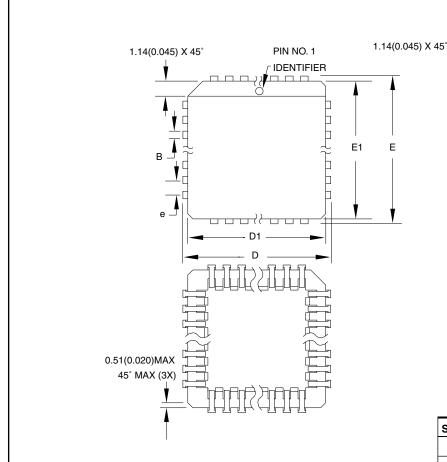
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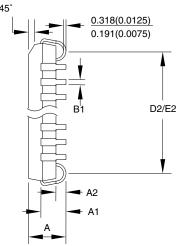
2325 Orchard Parkway San Jose, CA 95131 TITLE

 ${\bf 32A,\ 32\text{-}lead,\ 7\ x\ 7\ mm\ Body\ Size,\ 1.0\ mm\ Body\ Thickness,}\\ 0.8\ mm\ Lead\ Pitch,\ Thin\ Profile\ Plastic\ Quad\ Flat\ Package\ (TQFP)$ 

DRAWING NO.	REV.
32A	В

#### **44J - PLCC**





## COMMON DIMENSIONS

(Unit of Measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
Α	4.191	-	4.572	
A1	2.286	-	3.048	
A2	0.508	_	_	
D	17.399	-	17.653	
D1	16.510	_	16.662	Note 2
Е	17.399	_	17.653	
E1	16.510	_	16.662	Note 2
D2/E2	14.986	_	16.002	
В	0.660	_	0.813	
B1	0.330	_	0.533	
е	1.270 TYP			

Notes:

- 1. This package conforms to JEDEC reference MS-018, Variation AC.
- Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mold protrusion.
   Allowable protrusion is .010"(0.254 mm) per side. Dimension D1 and E1 include mold mismatch and are measured at the extreme material condition at the upper or lower parting line.
- 3. Lead coplanarity is 0.004" (0.102 mm) maximum.

10/04/01



2325 Orchard Parkway San Jose, CA 95131 **TITLE 44J**, 44-lead, Plastic J-leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC)

DRAWING NO. REV.
44J B





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