

RF Power Field Effect Transistor

N-Channel Enhancement-Mode Lateral MOSFET

Designed for W-CDMA base station applications with frequencies from 2110 to 2170 MHz. Suitable for TDMA, CDMA and multicarrier amplifier applications. To be used in Class AB for PCN - PCS/cellular radio and WLL applications.

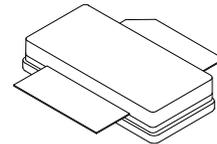
- Typical 2-Carrier W-CDMA Performance: $V_{DD} = 28$ Volts, $I_{DQ} = 1000$ mA, $P_{out} = 19$ Watts Avg., $f = 2112.5$ MHz, Channel Bandwidth = 3.84 MHz, Peak/Avg. = 8.5 dB @ 0.01% Probability on CCDF.
Power Gain — 13.6 dB
Drain Efficiency — 23%
IM3 @ 10 MHz Offset — -37.5 dBc in 3.84 MHz Channel Bandwidth
ACPR @ 5 MHz Offset — -41 dBc in 3.84 MHz Channel Bandwidth
- Capable of Handling 5:1 VSWR, @ 28 Vdc, 2140 MHz, 90 Watts CW Output Power

Features

- Internally Matched for Ease of Use
- High Gain, High Efficiency and High Linearity
- Integrated ESD Protection
- Designed for Maximum Gain and Insertion Phase Flatness
- Excellent Thermal Stability
- Characterized with Series Equivalent Large-Signal Impedance Parameters
- Available with Low Gold Plating Thickness on Leads. L Suffix Indicates 40 μ m Nominal.
- RoHS Compliant
- In Tape and Reel. R3 Suffix = 250 Units per 56 mm, 13 inch Reel.

MRF21085LSR3

**2110-2170 MHz, 90 W, 28 V
LATERAL N-CHANNEL
RF POWER MOSFET**



**CASE 465A-06, STYLE 1
NI-780S**

Table 1. Maximum Ratings

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DSS}	-0.5, +65	Vdc
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	-0.5, +15	Vdc
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above 25 $^\circ\text{C}$	P_D	224 1.28	W W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	T_{stg}	- 65 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Case Operating Temperature	T_C	150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Operating Junction Temperature	T_J	200	$^\circ\text{C}$

Table 2. Thermal Characteristics

Characteristic	Symbol	Value	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	0.78	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

Table 3. ESD Protection Characteristics

Test Conditions	Class
Human Body Model	1 (Minimum)
Machine Model	M3 (Minimum)

Table 4. Electrical Characteristics ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

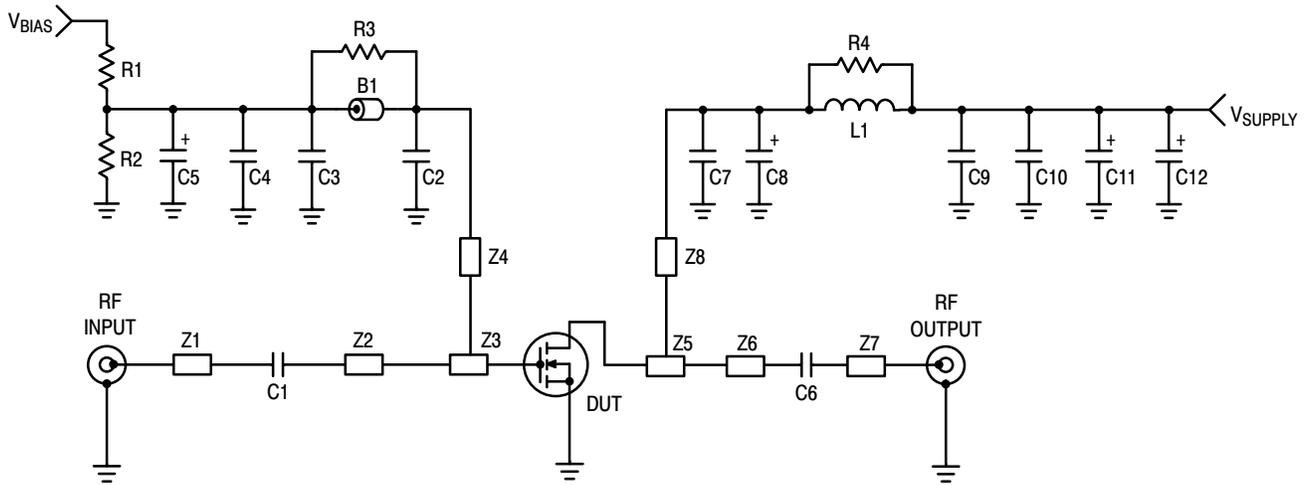
Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Off Characteristics					
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage ($V_{GS} = 0\text{ Vdc}$, $I_D = 100\ \mu\text{Adc}$)	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	65	—	—	Vdc
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current ($V_{DS} = 28\text{ Vdc}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{ Vdc}$)	I_{DSS}	—	—	10	μAdc
Gate-Source Leakage Current ($V_{GS} = 5\text{ Vdc}$, $V_{DS} = 0\text{ Vdc}$)	I_{GSS}	—	—	1	μAdc
On Characteristics (DC)					
Gate Threshold Voltage ($V_{DS} = 10\text{ Vdc}$, $I_D = 200\ \mu\text{Adc}$)	$V_{GS(th)}$	2	—	4	Vdc
Gate Quiescent Voltage ($V_{DS} = 28\text{ Vdc}$, $I_D = 1000\text{ mAdc}$)	$V_{GS(Q)}$	3	3.9	5	Vdc
Drain-Source On-Voltage ($V_{GS} = 10\text{ Vdc}$, $I_D = 2\text{ Adc}$)	$V_{DS(on)}$	—	0.18	0.21	Vdc
Dynamic Characteristics (1)					
Reverse Transfer Capacitance ($V_{DS} = 28\text{ Vdc}$, $V_{GS} = 0$, $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$)	C_{rss}	—	3.6	—	pF
Functional Tests (In Freescale Test Fixture, 50 ohm system) 2-carrier W-CDMA, 3.84 MHz Channel Bandwidth Carriers, ACPR and IM3 measured in 3.84 MHz Bandwidth. Peak/Avg. = 8.3 dB @ 0.01% Probability on CCDF.					
Common-Source Amplifier Power Gain ($V_{DD} = 28\text{ Vdc}$, $P_{out} = 19\text{ W Avg.}$, $I_{DQ} = 1000\text{ mA}$, $f_1 = 2112.5\text{ MHz}$, $f_2 = 2122.5\text{ MHz}$)	G_{ps}	12	13.6	—	dB
Drain Efficiency ($V_{DD} = 28\text{ Vdc}$, $P_{out} = 19\text{ W Avg.}$, $I_{DQ} = 1000\text{ mA}$, $f_1 = 2112.5\text{ MHz}$, $f_2 = 2122.5\text{ MHz}$)	η	20	23	—	%
Third Order Intermodulation Distortion ($V_{DD} = 28\text{ Vdc}$, $P_{out} = 19\text{ W Avg.}$, $I_{DQ} = 1000\text{ mA}$, $f_1 = 2112.5\text{ MHz}$, $f_2 = 2122.5\text{ MHz}$; IM3 measured over 3.84 MHz BW at $f_1 - 10\text{ MHz}$ and $f_2 + 10\text{ MHz}$ referenced to carrier channel power.)	IM3	—	-37.5	-35	dBc
Adjacent Channel Power Ratio ($V_{DD} = 28\text{ Vdc}$, $P_{out} = 19\text{ W Avg.}$, $I_{DQ} = 1000\text{ mA}$, $f_1 = 2112.5\text{ MHz}$, $f_2 = 2122.5\text{ MHz}$; ACPR measured over 3.84 MHz at $f_1 - 5\text{ MHz}$ and $f_2 + 5\text{ MHz}$.)	ACPR	—	-41	-38	dBc
Input Return Loss ($V_{DD} = 28\text{ Vdc}$, $P_{out} = 19\text{ W Avg.}$, $I_{DQ} = 1000\text{ mA}$, $f_1 = 2112.5\text{ MHz}$, $f_2 = 2122.5\text{ MHz}$)	IRL	—	-12	-9	dB

1. Part is internally matched both on input and output.

(continued)

Table 4. Electrical Characteristics ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted) (continued)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Functional Tests (In Freescale Test Fixture, 50 ohm system) (continued)					
Two-Tone Common-Source Amplifier Power Gain ($V_{DD} = 28\text{ Vdc}$, $P_{out} = 90\text{ W PEP}$, $I_{DQ} = 1000\text{ mA}$, $f_1 = 2110\text{ MHz}$, $f_2 = 2120\text{ MHz}$ and $f_1 = 2160\text{ MHz}$, $f_2 = 2170\text{ MHz}$)	G_{ps}	—	13.6	—	dB
Two-Tone Drain Efficiency ($V_{DD} = 28\text{ Vdc}$, $P_{out} = 90\text{ W PEP}$, $I_{DQ} = 1000\text{ mA}$, $f_1 = 2110\text{ MHz}$, $f_2 = 2120\text{ MHz}$ and $f_1 = 2160\text{ MHz}$, $f_2 = 2170\text{ MHz}$)	η	—	36	—	%
Two-Tone Intermodulation Distortion ($V_{DD} = 28\text{ Vdc}$, $P_{out} = 90\text{ W PEP}$, $I_{DQ} = 1000\text{ mA}$, $f_1 = 2110\text{ MHz}$, $f_2 = 2120\text{ MHz}$ and $f_1 = 2160\text{ MHz}$, $f_2 = 2170\text{ MHz}$)	IMD	—	-31	—	dBc
Input Return Loss ($V_{DD} = 28\text{ Vdc}$, $P_{out} = 90\text{ W PEP}$, $I_{DQ} = 1000\text{ mA}$, $f_1 = 2110\text{ MHz}$, $f_2 = 2120\text{ MHz}$ and $f_1 = 2160\text{ MHz}$, $f_2 = 2170\text{ MHz}$)	IRL	—	-12	—	dB
P_{out} , 1 dB Compression Point ($V_{DD} = 28\text{ Vdc}$, $I_{DQ} = 1000\text{ mA}$, $f = 2170\text{ MHz}$)	P1dB	—	100	—	W

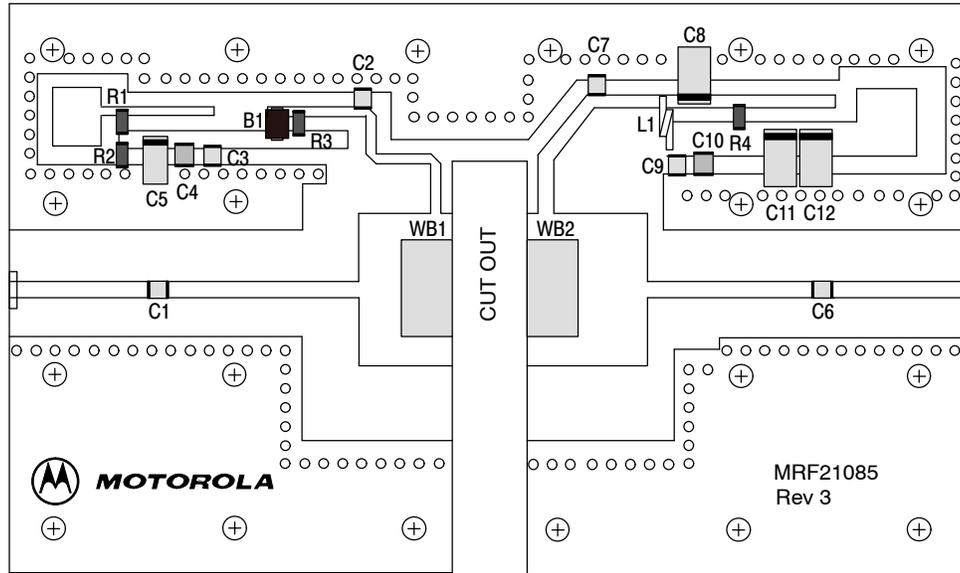


Z1	0.750" x 0.084" Microstrip	Board	0.030" Glass Teflon [®] ,
Z2	1.015" x 0.084" Microstrip	PCB	Keene GX-0300-55-22, $\epsilon_r = 2.55$
Z3	0.480" x 0.800" Microstrip		Etched Circuit Boards
Z4	0.750" x 0.050" Microstrip		MRF21085 Rev. 3, CMR
Z5	0.610" x 0.800" Microstrip		
Z6	0.885" x 0.084" Microstrip		
Z7	0.720" x 0.084" Microstrip		
Z8	0.800" x 0.070" Microstrip		

Figure 1. MRF21085L Test Circuit Schematic

Table 5. MRF21085 Test Circuit Component Designations and Values

Designators	Description
B1	Short Ferrite Bead, Fair Rite, #2743019447
C1, C6	43 pF Chip Capacitors, ATC #100B430JCA500X
C2	10 pF Chip Capacitor, ATC #100B100JCA500X
C3, C9	1000 pF Chip Capacitors, ATC #100B102JCA500X
C4, C10	0.1 μ F Chip Capacitors, Kemet #CDR33BX104AKWS
C5	1.0 μ F Tantalum Chip Capacitor, Kemet #T491C105M050
C7	2.7 pF Chip Capacitor, ATC #100B2R7JCA500X
C8	10 μ F Tantalum Chip Capacitor, Kemet #T495X106K035AS4394
C11, C12	22 μ F Tantalum Chip Capacitors, Kemet #T491X226K035AS4394
L1	1 Turn, #20 AWG, 0.100" ID
N1, N2	Type N Flange Mounts, Omni Spectra #3052-1648-10
R1	1.0 k Ω , 1/8 W Chip Resistor
R2	180 k Ω , 1/8 W Chip Resistor
R3, R4	10 Ω , 1/8 W Chip Resistors



Freescale has begun the transition of marking Printed Circuit Boards (PCBs) with the Freescale Semiconductor signature/logo. PCBs may have either Motorola or Freescale markings during the transition period. These changes will have no impact on form, fit or function of the current product.

Figure 2. MRF21085L Test Circuit Component Layout

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

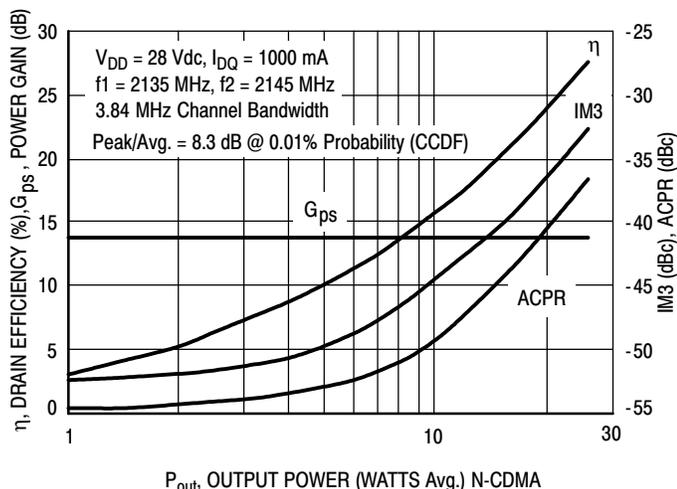


Figure 3. 2-Carrier W-CDMA ACPR, IM3, Power Gain and Drain Efficiency versus Output Power

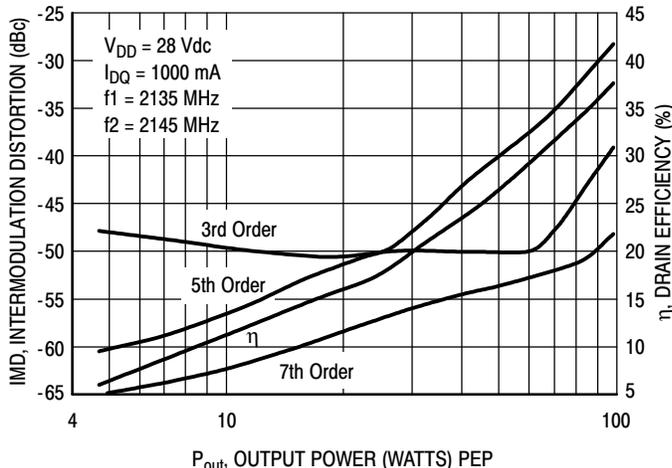


Figure 4. Intermodulation Distortion Products versus Output Power

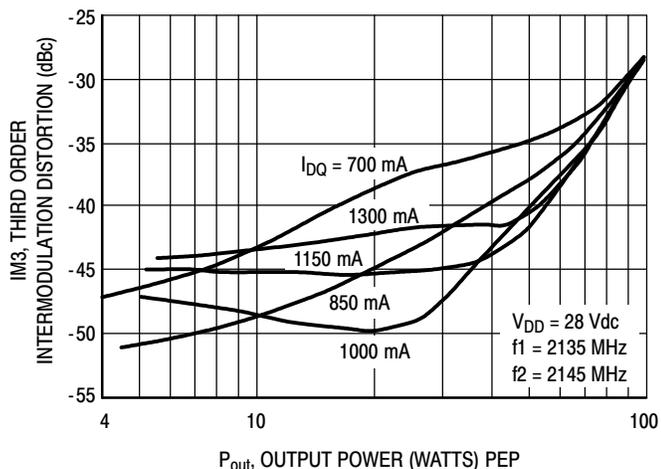


Figure 5. Third Order Intermodulation Distortion versus Output Power

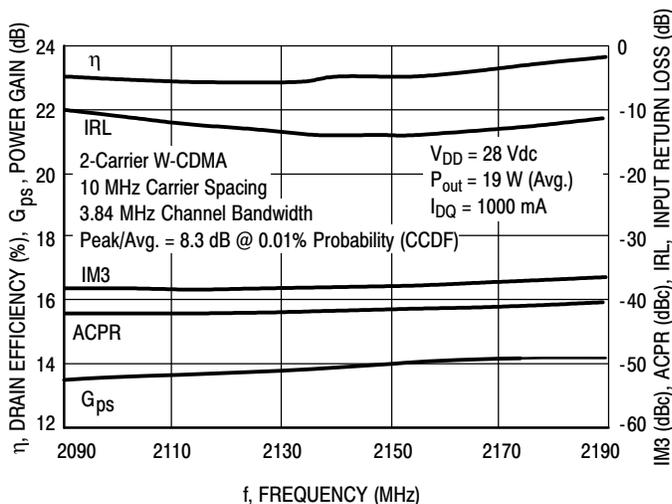


Figure 6. 2-Carrier W-CDMA Broadband Performance

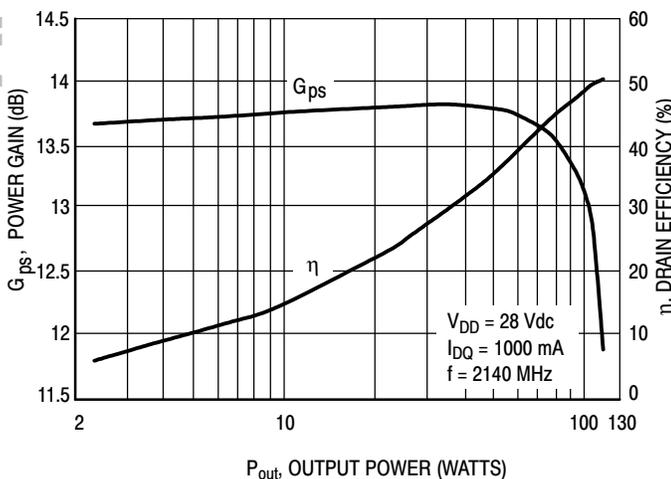


Figure 7. CW Performance

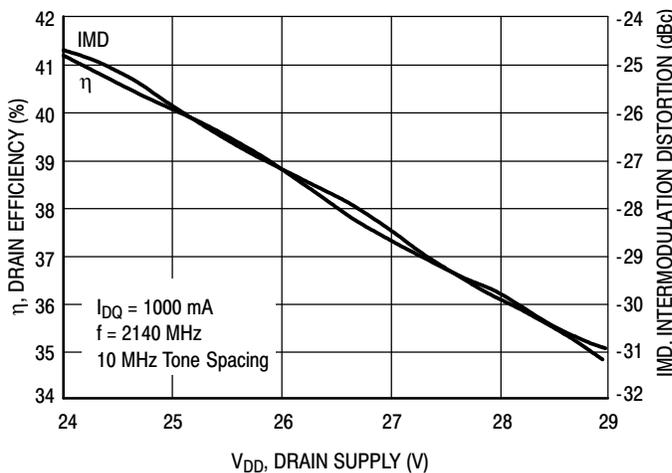


Figure 8. Two-Tone Intermodulation Distortion and Drain Efficiency versus Drain Supply

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

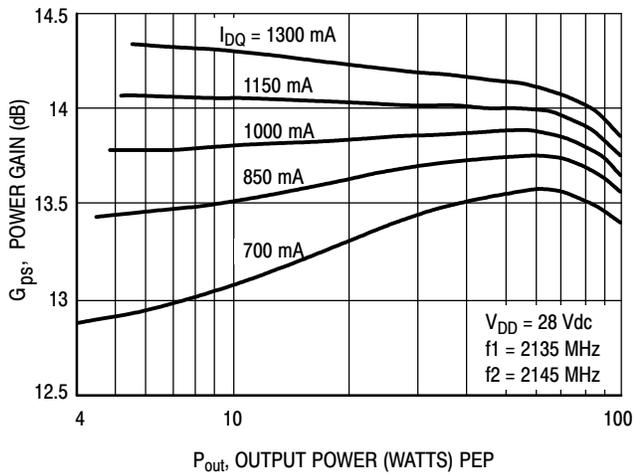


Figure 9. Two-Tone Power Gain versus Output Power

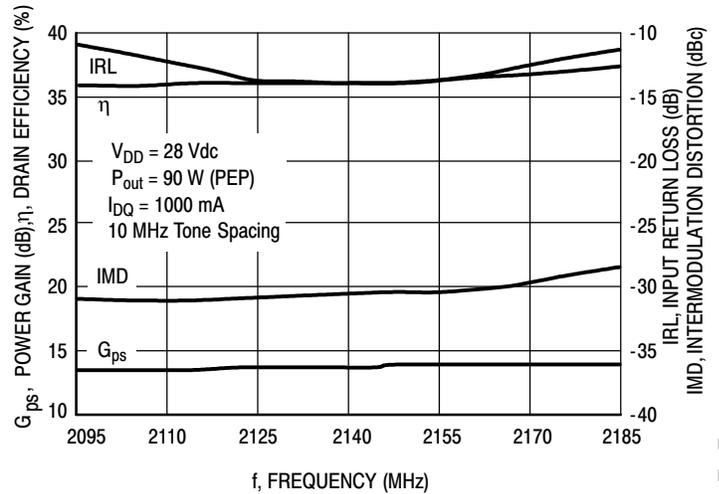


Figure 10. Two-Tone Broadband Performance

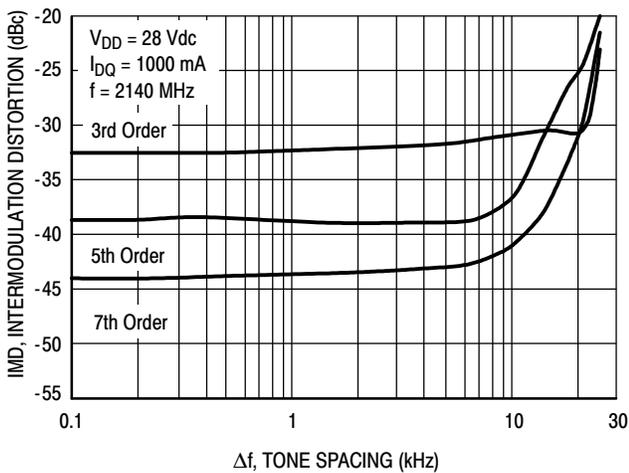


Figure 11. Intermodulation Distortion Products versus Two-Tone Spacing

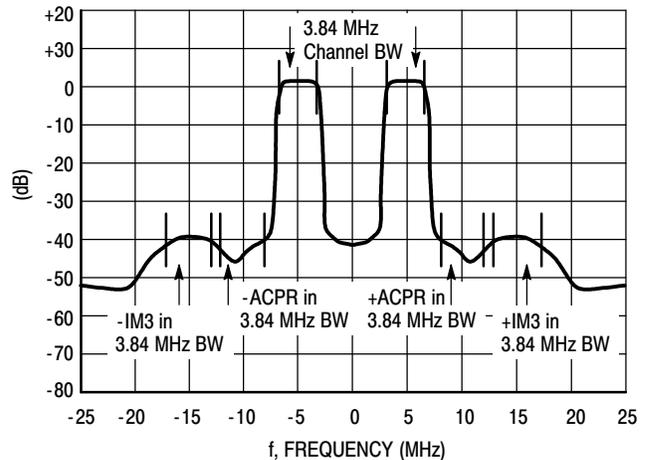
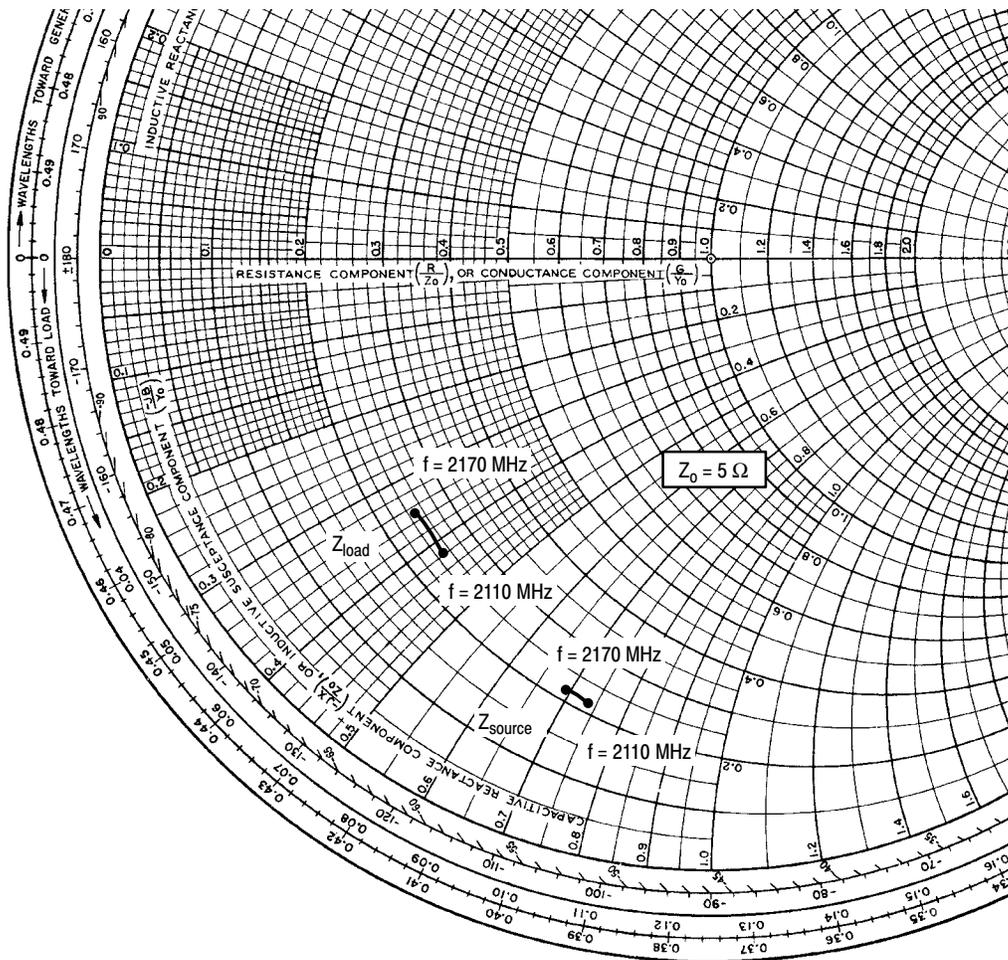


Figure 12. 2-Carrier W-CDMA Spectrum

ARCHIVE INFORMATION

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$V_{DD} = 28\text{ V}$, $I_{DQ} = 1000\text{ mA}$, $P_{out} = 19\text{ W Avg.}$

f MHz	Z_{source} Ω	Z_{load} Ω
2110	$1.10 - j3.71$	$1.23 - j2.10$
2140	$1.11 - j3.57$	$1.26 - j1.92$
2170	$1.12 - j3.40$	$1.25 - j1.76$

Z_{source} = Test circuit impedance as measured from gate to ground.

Z_{load} = Test circuit impedance as measured from drain to ground.

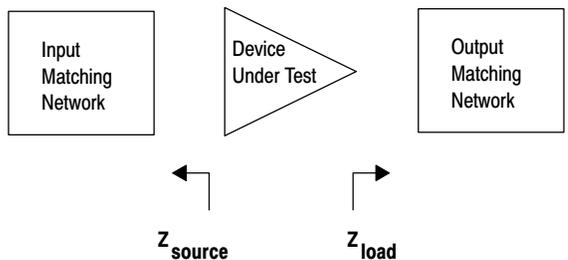
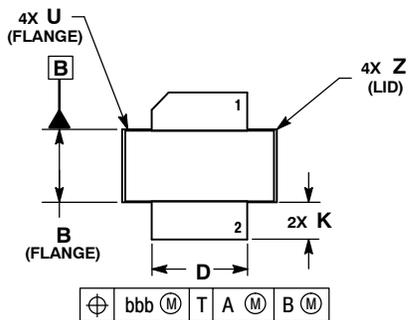


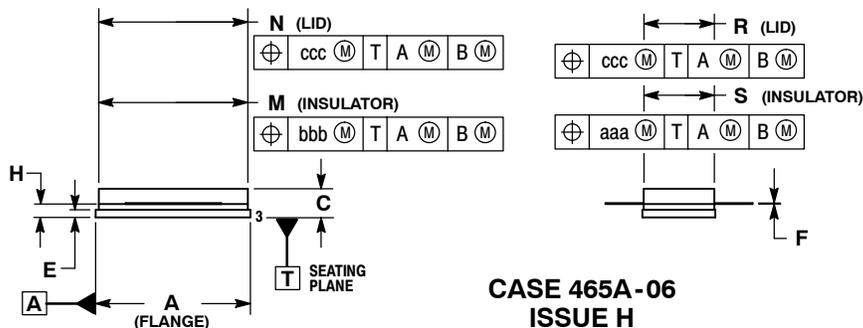
Figure 13. Series Equivalent Source and Load Impedance

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



- NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M-1994.
 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
 3. DELETED
 4. DIMENSION H IS MEASURED 0.030 (0.762) AWAY FROM PACKAGE BODY.

DIM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.805	0.815	20.45	20.70
B	0.380	0.390	9.65	9.91
C	0.125	0.170	3.18	4.32
D	0.495	0.505	12.57	12.83
E	0.035	0.045	0.89	1.14
F	0.003	0.006	0.08	0.15
H	0.057	0.067	1.45	1.70
K	0.170	0.210	4.32	5.33
M	0.774	0.786	19.61	20.02
N	0.772	0.788	19.61	20.02
R	0.365	0.375	9.27	9.53
S	0.365	0.375	9.27	9.52
U	---	0.040	---	1.02
Z	---	0.030	---	0.76
aaa	0.005 REF		0.127 REF	
bbb	0.010 REF		0.254 REF	
ccc	0.015 REF		0.381 REF	



CASE 465A-06
 ISSUE H
 NI-780S
 MRF21085LSR3

- STYLE 1:
 PIN 1. DRAIN
 2. GATE
 5. SOURCE

ARCHIVE INFORMATION

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PRODUCT DOCUMENTATION

Refer to the following documents to aid your design process.

Engineering Bulletins

- EB212: Using Data Sheet Impedances for RF LDMOS Devices

REVISION HISTORY

The following table summarizes revisions to this document.

Revision	Date	Description
11	Oct. 2008	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Data sheet revised to reflect part status change, p. 1, including use of applicable overlay.• Modified data sheet to reflect RF Test Reduction described in Product and Process Change Notification number, PCN12779, p. 1, 2• Data sheet archived. Part no longer manufactured.• Added Product Documentation and Revision History, p. 10

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