

LM340/LM78XX Series **3-Terminal Positive Regulators**

General Description

The LM140/LM340A/LM340/LM7800C monolithic 3-terminal positive voltage regulators employ internal current-limiting, thermal shutdown and safe-area compensation, making them essentially indestructible. If adequate heat sinking is provided, they can deliver over 1.0A output current. They are intended as fixed voltage regulators in a wide range of applications including local (on-card) regulation for elimination of noise and distribution problems associated with single-point regulation. In addition to use as fixed voltage regulators, these devices can be used with external components to obtain adjustable output voltages and currents.

Considerable effort was expended to make the entire series of regulators easy to use and minimize the number of external components. It is not necessary to bypass the output, although this does improve transient response. Input bypassing is needed only if the regulator is located far from the filter capacitor of the power supply.

The 5V, 12V, and 15V regulator options are available in the steel TO-3 power package. The LM340A/LM340/LM7800C series is available in the TO-220 plastic power package, and the LM340-5.0 is available in the SOT-223 package, as well as the LM340-5.0 and LM340-12 in the surface-mount TO-263 package.

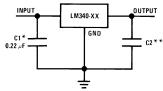
Features

- Complete specifications at 1A load
- Output voltage tolerances of $\pm 2\%$ at $T_i = 25$ °C and $\pm 4\%$ over the temperature range (LM340A)
- Line regulation of 0.01% of V_{OUT}/V of ∆V_{IN} at 1A load (LM340A)
- Load regulation of 0.3% of V_{OUT}/A (LM340A)
- Internal thermal overload protection
- Internal short-circuit current limit
- Output transistor safe area protection
- P+ Product Enhancement tested

Device	Output Voltages	Packages
LM140	5, 12, 15	TO-3 (K)
LM340A/LM340	5, 12, 15	TO-3 (K), TO-220 (T), SOT-223 (MP), TO-263 (S) (5V and 12V only)
LM7800C	5, 8, 12, 15	TO-220 (T)

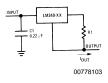
Typical Applications

Fixed Output Regulator



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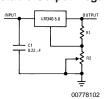
Current Regulator



$$I_{OUT} = \frac{V2-3}{B1} + I_{Q}$$

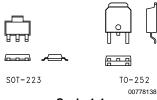
 $\Delta I_{\rm O}$ = 1.3 mA over line and load changes.

Adjustable Output Regulator



 $V_{OUT} = 5V + (5V/R1 + I_Q) R2 5V/R1 > 3 I_Q,$ load regulation $(L_r) \approx [(R1 + R2)/R1] (L_r \text{ of LM340-5}).$

Comparison between SOT-223 and D-Pak (TO-252) **Packages**



Scale 1:1

^{*}Required if the regulator is located far from the power supply filter.

^{**}Although no output capacitor is needed for stability, it does help transient response. (If needed, use 0.1 µF, ceramic disc).

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/ Distributors for availability and specifications.

(Note 5)

DC Input Voltage

All Devices except LM7824/LM7824C

LM7824/LM7824C 35V LM7824/LM7824C 40V

Internal Power Dissipation (Note 2) Internally Limited Maximum Junction Temperature 150°C

Storage Temperature Range -65°C to +150°C

Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.)

TO-3 Package (K) 300°C

TO-220 Package (T), TO-263

Package (S) 230°C ESD Susceptibility (Note 3) 2 kV

Operating Conditions (Note 1)

Temperature Range (T_A) (Note 2)

LM140A, LM140 –55°C to +125°C

LM340A, LM340, LM7805C,

LM7812C, LM7815C, LM7808C 0°C to +125°C

LM340A Electrical Characteristics

 $I_{OUT} = 1\text{A, } -55^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{J} \leq +150^{\circ}\text{C (LM140A), or } 0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{J} \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C (LM340A) unless otherwise specified (Note 4)}$

		Output Vol	tage		5V			12V		15V			
Symbol	Input Volta	age (unless c	therwise noted)		10V			19V			23V		Units
	Parameter		Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Vo	Output Voltage	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$		4.9	5	5.1	11.75	12	12.25	14.7	15	15.3	V
		P _D ≤ 15W, 5	$5 \text{ mA} \le I_{O} \le 1 \text{A}$	4.8		5.2	11.5		12.5	14.4		15.6	V
		$V_{MIN} \leq V_{IN} \leq$	E V _{MAX}	(7.5 :	≤ V _{IN}	≤ 20)	(14.8	≤ V _{IN}	ı ≤ 27)	(17.9	≤ V _{IN}	≤ 30)	V
ΔV_{O}	Line Regulation	$I_{\rm O} = 500 \text{m/s}$	1			10			18			22	mV
		ΔV_{IN}		(7.5 :	≤ V _{IN}	≤ 20)	(14.8	≤ V _{IN}	₁ ≤ 27)	(17.9	≤ V _{IN}	≤ 30)	V
		$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$			3	10		4	18		4	22	mV
		ΔV_{IN}		(7.5 :	≤ V _{IN}	≤ 20)	(14.5	≤ V _{IN}	ı ≤ 27)	(17.5	≤ V _{IN}	≤ 30)	V
		$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$				4			9			10	mV
		Over Tempe	rature			12			30			30	mV
		ΔV_{IN}		(8 ≤	V _{IN} ≤	(12)	(16 ≤	≤ V _{IN}	≤ 22)	(20 ≤	V _{IN} ≤	26)	V
ΔV_{O}	Load Regulation	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$	5 mA ≤ I _O ≤ 1.5A		10	25		12	32		12	35	mV
			250 mA ≤ I _O ≤ 750 mA			15			19			21	mV
		Over Tempe	rature,			25			60			75	mV
		5 mA ≤ I _O ≤	1A										
I _Q	Quiescent Current	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$				6			6			6	mA
		Over Tempe	rature			6.5			6.5			6.5	mA
ΔI_Q	Quiescent Current	5 mA ≤ I _O ≤	1A			0.5			0.5			0.5	mA
	Change	$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C, I$	_O = 1A			0.8			0.8			0.8	mA
		$V_{MIN} \leq V_{IN} \leq$	€ V _{MAX}	(7.5 :	≤ V _{IN}	≤ 20)	(14.8	≤ V _{IN}	₁ ≤ 27)	(17.9	≤ V _{IN}	≤ 30)	V
		$I_{\rm O} = 500 \text{m/s}$	1			0.8			0.8			0.8	mA
		$V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le$	E V _{MAX}	(8 ≤	V _{IN} ≤	25)	(15 ≤	≤ V _{IN}	≤ 30)	(17.9	≤ V _{IN}	≤ 30)	V
V _N	Output Noise Voltage	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$,	10 Hz ≤ f ≤ 100 kHz		40			75			90		μV
ΔV _{IN}	Ripple Rejection	$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C, f$	= 120 Hz, I _O = 1A	68	80		61	72		60	70		dB
ΔV_{OUT}			$z, I_O = 500 \text{ mA},$	68			61			60			dB
		Over Tempe	rature,										
		$V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le$	€ V _{MAX}	(8 ≤	V _{IN} ≤	(18)	(15 ≤	≤ V _{IN}	≤ 25)		5 ≤ V _ı 28.5)	_N ≤	V
R _o	Dropout Voltage	$T_{\rm J} = 25^{\circ}{\rm C}, {\rm I}$	_O = 1A		2.0			2.0			2.0		V
	Output Resistance	f = 1 kHz			8			18			19		mΩ

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} LM340A Electrical Characteristics & (Continued) \\ I_{OUT} = 1A, -55^{\circ}C \le T_{J} \le +150^{\circ}C & (LM140A), or 0^{\circ}C \le T_{J} \le +125^{\circ}C & (LM340A) & (LM34$

		Output Voltage		5V			12V			15V		
Symbol	Input Volta	age (unless otherwise noted)		10V			19V			23V		Units
	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
	Short-Circuit	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$		2.1			1.5			1.2		Α
	Current											
	Peak Output	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$		2.4			2.4			2.4		Α
	Current											
	Average TC of	Min, $T_J = 0$ °C, $I_O = 5$ mA		-0.6			-1.5			-1.8		mV/°C
	Vo											
V _{IN}	Input Voltage	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$										_
	Required to		7.5			14.5			17.5			V
	Maintain											
	Line Regulation											

LM140 Electrical Characteristics (Note 4)

 $-55^{\circ}C \leq T_{J} \leq +150^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified

	Output Voltage				5V			12V			15V		
Symbol	Input Volta	ige (unless oth	nerwise noted)		10V			19V			23V	U	Jnits
	Parameter	C	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	1
Vo	Output Voltage	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C, 5$	$mA \le I_O \le 1A$	4.8	5	5.2	11.5	12	12.5	14.4	15	15.6	V
		P _D ≤ 15W, 5 i	$mA \le I_O \le 1A$	4.75		5.25	11.4		12.6	14.25		15.75	V
		$V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le Y_{IN}$	V_{MAX}	(8 :	≤ V _{IN} ≤	≤ 20)	(15.5	≤ V _{IN}	≤ 27)	(18.5 ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 30)			V
ΔV_{O}	Line Regulation	$I_{\rm O} = 500 {\rm mA}$	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$		3	50		4	120		4	150	mV
			ΔV_{IN}	(7 :	≤ V _{IN} ≤	≤ 25)	(14.5	≤ V _{IN}	≤ 30)	(17	.5 ≤ V 30)	' _{IN} ≤	V
			$-55^{\circ}C \le T_{J} \le +150^{\circ}C$ ΔV_{IN}			50			120			150	mV
					≤ V _{IN} ≤	≤ 20)	(15 ≤	≤ V _{IN} ≤	27)	(18	.5 ≤ V 30)	′ _{IN} ≤	V
		I _O ≤ 1A	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$			50			120	20 150			mV
			ΔV_{IN}	(7.5	$\leq V_{IN}$	≤ 20)	(14.6	$(14.6 \le V_{IN} \le 27)$			(17.7 ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 30)		
			$-55^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{\text{J}} \le +150^{\circ}\text{C}$			25			60			75	mV
			ΔV_{IN}	(8 :	≤ V _{IN} ≤	≤ 12)	(16 ≤	≤ V _{IN} ≤	22)	(20 :	≤ V _{IN}	≤ 26)	V
ΔV_{O}	Load Regulation	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$	5 mA ≤ I _O ≤ 1.5A		10	50		12	120		12	150	mV
			$250 \text{ mA} \le I_P \le 750 \text{ mA}$			25			60			75	mV
		-55°C ≤ T _J ≤	+150°C,			50			120			150	mV
		5 mA ≤ I _O ≤ 1	A										
IQ	Quiescent Current	I _O ≤ 1A	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$			6			6			6	mA
			$-55^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{\text{J}} \le +150^{\circ}\text{C}$			7			7			7	mA
ΔI_{Q}	Quiescent Current	5 mA ≤ I _O ≤ 1	A			0.5			0.5			0.5	mA
	Change	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C, I_O$	≤ 1A			8.0			8.0			8.0	mA
		$V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le Y_{IN}$	V_{MAX}	(8 :	≤ V _{IN} ≤	≤ 20)	(15 ≤	≤ V _{IN} ≤	£ 27)	(18	.5 ≤ V 30)	′ _{IN} ≤	V
		$I_{O} = 500 \text{ mA},$	$-55^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{\text{J}} \le +150^{\circ}\text{C}$			0.8			0.8			0.8	mA
		$V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le V_{MAX}$			≤ V _{IN} ≤	≤ 25)	(15 ≤	≤ V _{IN} ≤	30)	(18	.5 ≤ V 30)	' _{IN} ≤	V
V _N	Output Noise Voltage	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C, 10^{\circ}$) Hz ≤ f ≤ 100 kHz		40			75			90		μV

LM140 Electrical Characteristics (Note 4) (Continued) $-55^{\circ}C \le T_{J} \le +150^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified

		je		5V			12V						
Symbol	Input Volta	ge (unless oth	erwise noted)		10V			19V			23V	U	nits
	Parameter	С	onditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
ΔV _{IN}	Ripple Rejection		$I_{O} \le 1A, T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$	68	80		61	72		60	70		dB
ΔV _{OUT}			or										
		f = 120 Hz	$I_O \le 500 \text{ mA},$	68			61			60			dB
			$-55^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{\text{J}} \le +150^{\circ}\text{C}$										
		$V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le V$	$V_{\text{MIN}} \le V_{\text{IN}} \le V_{\text{MAX}}$ (8)		V _{IN} ≤	≤ 18)	(15 ≤	≤ V _{IN} ≤	25)	(18	.5 ≤ V	_{IN} ≤	V
											28.5)		
Ro	Dropout Voltage	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C, I_O$	= 1A		2.0			2.0			2.0		V
	Output Resistance	f = 1 kHz			8			18			19		mΩ
	Short-Circuit	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$			2.1			1.5			1.2		Α
	Current												
	Peak Output	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$			2.4			2.4			2.4		Α
	Current												
	Average TC of	$0^{\circ}C \leq T_{J} \leq +1$	50° C, $I_{O} = 5 \text{ mA}$		-0.6			-1.5			-1.8	m'	V/°C
	V _{OUT}												
V _{IN}	Input Voltage	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C, I_O$	≤ 1A										
	Required to			7.5			14.6			17.7			V
	Maintain												
	Line Regulation												

LM340/LM7800C Electrical Characteristics (Note 4)

 $0^{\circ}C \leq T_{J} \leq +125^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified

		Output Voltage	•		5V			12V			15V		
Symbol	Input Voltage (unless otherwise noted)			10V			19V				Units		
	Parameter	Co	onditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	1
Vo	Output Voltage	tage $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$, 5 mA $\leq I_O \leq 1A$			5	5.2	11.5	12	12.5	14.4	15	15.6	V
		$P_{D} \le 15W, 5 \text{ mA} \le I_{O} \le 1A$		4.75		5.25	11.4		12.6	14.25		15.75	V
		$V_{MIN} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{IN}$	V_{MAX}	(7.5	≤ V _{IN}	≤ 20)	(14.	5 ≤ V 27)	ı _N ≤	(17.5	≤ V _{IN}	ı ≤ 30)	V
ΔV_{O}	Line Regulation	I _O = 500 mA	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$		3	50		4	120		4	150	mV
			ΔV_{IN}	(7 ≤	≤ V _{IN} ≤	25)	(14.	5 ≤ V	ı _N ≤	(17.5	≤ V _{IN}	≤ 30)	V
								30)					
			$0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_{\text{J}} \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$			50			120			150	mV
			ΔV_{IN}	(8 ≤	≤ V _{IN} ≤	20)	(15 ≤	V _{IN} :	≤ 27)	(18.5	≤ V _{IN}	₁ ≤ 30)	V
		I _O ≤ 1A	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$			50			120			150	mV
			ΔV_{IN}	(7.5	≤ V _{IN}	≤ 20)	(14.	6 ≤ V	ı _N ≤	(17.7	$\leq V_{IN}$	ı ≤ 30)	V
								27)					
			$0^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{\text{J}} \le +125^{\circ}\text{C}$			25			60			75	mV
			ΔV_{IN}	(8 ≤	≤ V _{IN} ≤	12)	(16 ≤	V _{IN} :	≤ 22)	(20 :	≤ V _{IN}	≤ 26)	V
ΔV_{O}	Load Regulation	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$	5 mA ≤ I _O ≤ 1.5A		10	50		12	120		12	150	mV
			250 mA ≤ I _O ≤ 750 r	hΑ		25			60			75	mV
		5 mA ≤ I _O ≤ 1 +125°C	A, $0^{\circ}C \leq T_{J} \leq$			50			120			150	mV
I _Q	Quiescent Current	I _O ≤ 1A	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$			8			8			8	mA
			$0^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{\text{J}} \le +125^{\circ}\text{C}$			8.5			8.5			8.5	mA
ΔI_Q	Quiescent Current	5 mA ≤ I _O ≤ 1	A			0.5			0.5			0.5	mA
	Change	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C, I_O$	≤ 1A			1.0			1.0			1.0	mA
		$V_{MIN} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{IN}$	V_{MAX}	(7.5	≤ V _{IN}	≤ 20)	(14.	8 ≤ V 27)	ı _N ≤	(17.9	≤ V _{IN}	_I ≤ 30)	V

LM340/LM7800C Electrical Characteristics (Note 4) (Continued)

 $0^{\circ}C \leq T_{\perp} \leq +125^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified

	Output Voltage				5V			12V					
Symbol	Input Voltage (unless otherwise noted)			10V			19V			23V			Units
	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	1
		$I_O \le 500 \text{ mA},$	$I_{O} \le 500 \text{ mA}, \ 0^{\circ}\text{C} \le T_{J} \le +125^{\circ}\text{C}$			1.0			1.0			1.0	mA
		$V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le 1$	V_{MAX}	(7 ≤	V _{IN} ≤	£ 25)	(14.	.5 ≤ V	ı _N ≤	$(17.5 \le V_{IN} \le 30)$			V
								30)					
V _N	Output Noise	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C, 10^{\circ}$	$0 \text{ Hz} \le f \le 100 \text{ kHz}$		40			75			90		μV
	Voltage		1										
$\frac{\Delta V_{IN}}{\Delta V_{OUT}}$	Ripple Rejection		I _O ≤ 1A, T _J = 25°C	62	80		55	72		54	70		dB
		f = 120 Hz	or $I_O \le 500 \text{ mA}$,	62			55			54			dB
			$0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_{\text{J}} \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$										
		$V_{MIN} \le V_{IN} \le 1$	V_{MAX}	$(8 \le V_{IN} \le 18)$		$(15 \le V_{IN} \le 25)$		≤ 25)	(18	.5 ≤ V	′ _{IN} ≤	V	
											28.5)		
Ro	Dropout Voltage	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C, I_O$	= 1A		2.0			2.0			2.0		V
	Output Resistance	f = 1 kHz			8			18			19		mΩ
	Short-Circuit Current	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$			2.1			1.5			1.2		Α
	Peak Output	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$			2.4			2.4			2.4		Α
	Current												
		$0^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{\text{J}} \le +125^{\circ}\text{C}, \ \text{I}_{\text{O}} = 5 \text{ mA}$			-0.6			-1.5			-1.8		mV/°C
V_{IN}	Input Voltage	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C, I_O$	≤ 1A										
	Required to			7.5			14.6			17.7			V
	Maintain												
	Line Regulation												

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Conditions are conditions under which the device functions but the specifications might not be guaranteed. For guaranteed specifications and test conditions see the Electrical Characteristics.

Note 2: The maximum allowable power dissipation at any ambient temperature is a function of the maximum junction temperature for operation $(T_{JMAX} = 125^{\circ}C)$, the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance (θ_{JA}) , and the ambient temperature (T_A) . $P_{DMAX} = (T_{JMAX} - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$. If this dissipation is exceeded, the die temperature will rise above T_{JMAX} and the electrical specifications do not apply. If the die temperature rises above $150^{\circ}C$, the device will go into thermal shutdown. For the TO-3 package (K, KC), the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance (θ_{JA}) is $39^{\circ}C/W$. When using a heatsink, θ_{JA} is the sum of the $4^{\circ}C/W$ junction-to-case thermal resistance (θ_{JC}) of the TO-3 package and the case-to-ambient thermal resistance of the heatsink. For the TO-220 package (T), θ_{JA} is $54^{\circ}C/W$ and θ_{JC} is $4^{\circ}C/W$. If SOT-223 is used, the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance is $174^{\circ}C/W$ and can be reduced by a heatsink (see Applications Hints on heatsinking).

If the TO-263 package is used, the thermal resistance can be reduced by increasing the PC board copper area thermally connected to the package: Using 0.5 square inches of copper area, θ_{JA} is 50°C/W; with 1 square inch of copper area, θ_{JA} is 32°C/W.

Note 3: ESD rating is based on the human body model, 100 pF discharged through 1.5 k Ω .

Note 4: All characteristics are measured with a 0.22 μ F capacitor from input to ground and a 0.1 μ F capacitor from output to ground. All characteristics except noise voltage and ripple rejection ratio are measured using pulse techniques ($t_w \le 10$ ms, duty cycle $\le 5\%$). Output voltage changes due to changes in internal temperature must be taken into account separately.

Note 5: A military RETS specification is available on request. At the time of printing, the military RETS specifications for the LM140AK-5.0/883, LM140AK-12/883, and LM140AK-15/883 complied with the min and max limits for the respective versions of the LM140A. At the time of printing, the military RETS specifications for the LM140K-5.0/883, LM140K-12/883, and LM140K-15/883 complied with the min and max limits for the respective versions of the LM140. The LM140H/883, LM140K/883 may also be procured as a Standard Military Drawing.

LM7808C Electrical Characteristics

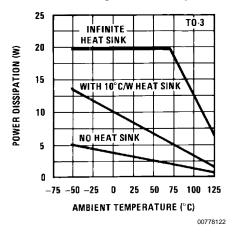
 $0^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{\text{J}} \le +150^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\text{V}_{\text{I}} = 14\text{V}$, $\text{I}_{\text{O}} = 500 \text{ mA}$, $\text{C}_{\text{I}} = 0.33 \text{ }\mu\text{F}$, $\text{C}_{\text{O}} = 0.1 \text{ }\mu\text{F}$, unless otherwise specified

ΔV _O L ΔV _O L V _O (I _Q (ΔI _Q (V _N N	Paramet	er	Cond	itions (Note 6)		_M78080		Units
					Min	Тур	Max	
Vo	Output Voltage		$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$		7.7	8.0	8.3	V
ΔV_{O}	Line Regulation		$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ $10.5V \le V_I \le 25V$				mV
				$11.0V \le V_I \le 17V$		2.0	80	
ΔV_{O}	Load Regulation		$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$	5.0 mA ≤ I _O ≤ 1.5A		12	160	mV
				250 mA ≤ I _O ≤ 750		4.0	80	
				mA				
Vo	Output Voltage		$11.5V \le V_1 \le 23V, 5.0$	7.6		8.4	V	
IQ	Quiescent Current		$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$		4.3	8.0	mA	
ΔI_Q	Quiescent	With Line	$11.5V \le V_I \le 25V$				1.0	mA
	Current Change	With Load	$5.0 \text{ mA} \le I_{O} \le 1.0 \text{A}$				0.5	
V _N	Noise	•	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C, 10 \text{ Hz} \le 1$	f ≤ 100 kHz		52		μV
$\Delta V_I/\Delta V_O$	Ripple Rejection		f = 120 Hz, I _O = 350	mA, T _J = 25°C	56	72		dB
V_{DO}	Dropout Voltage		$I_{O} = 1.0A, T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$;		2.0		V
R _o	Output Resistance		f = 1.0 kHz			16		mΩ
I _{os}	Output Short Circuit	Current	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C, V_I = 35V$			0.45		Α
I _{PK}	Peak Output Curren	ıt	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$	•				А
$\Delta V_{O}/\Delta T$	Average Temperatu	re	I _O = 5.0 mA			0.8		mV/°C
	Coefficient of Outpu	t Voltage						

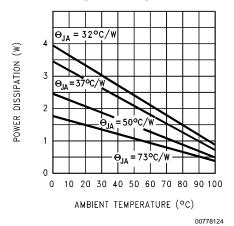
Note 6: All characteristics are measured with a 0.22 μ F capacitor from input to ground and a 0.1 μ F capacitor from output to ground. All characteristics except noise voltage and ripple rejection ratio are measured using pulse techniques ($t_w \le 10$ ms, duty cycle $\le 5\%$). Output voltage changes due to changes in internal temperature must be taken into account separately.

Typical Performance Characteristics

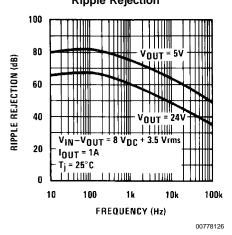
Maximum Average Power Dissipation



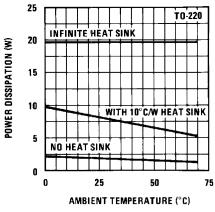
Maximum Power Dissipation (TO-263) (See Note 2)



Ripple Rejection

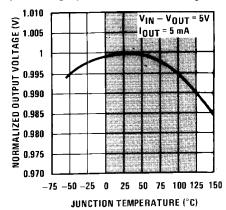


Maximum Average Power Dissipation



00778123

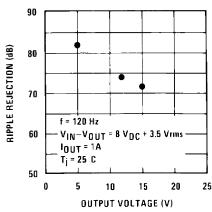
Output Voltage (Normalized to 1V at $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$)



00778125

Note: Shaded area refers to LM340A/LM340, LM7805C, LM7812C and LM7815C.

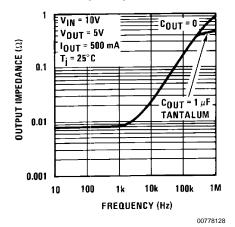
Ripple Rejection



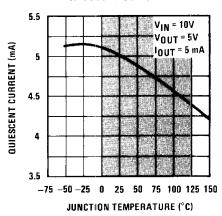
00778127

Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

Output Impedance

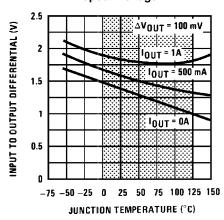


Quiescent Current



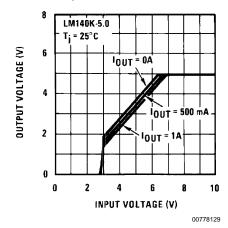
Note: Shaded area refers to LM340A/LM340, LM7805C, LM7812C and LM7815C.

Dropout Voltage

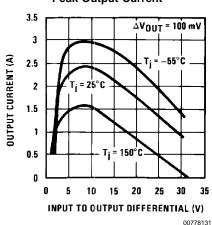


Note: Shaded area refers to LM340A/LM340, LM7805C, LM7812C and LM7815C.

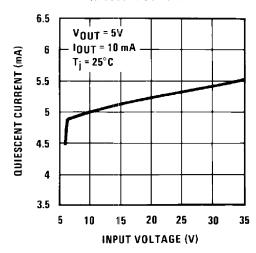
Dropout Characteristics



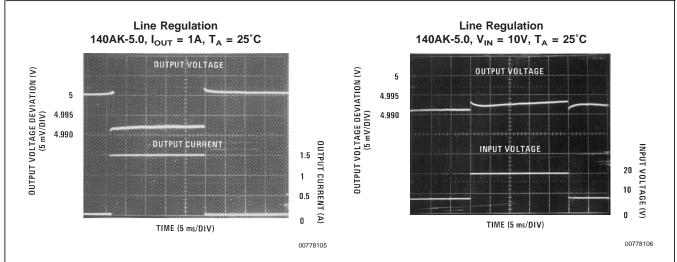
Peak Output Current



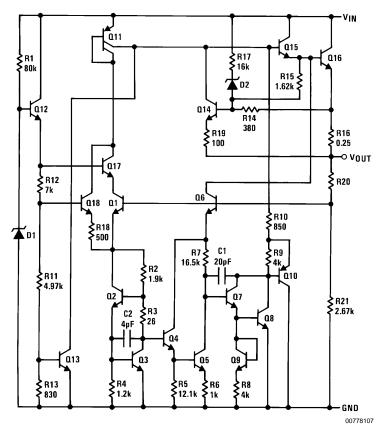
Quiescent Current



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Equivalent Schematic



Application Hints

The LM340/LM78XX series is designed with thermal protection, output short-circuit protection and output transistor safe area protection. However, as with *any* IC regulator, it becomes necessary to take precautions to assure that the regulator is not inadvertently damaged. The following describes possible misapplications and methods to prevent damage to the regulator.

Shorting the Regulator Input: When using large capacitors at the output of these regulators, a protection diode connected input to output (*Figure 1*) may be required if the input is shorted to ground. Without the protection diode, an input short will cause the input to rapidly approach ground poten-

tial, while the output remains near the initial V_{OUT} because of the stored charge in the large output capacitor. The capacitor will then discharge through a large internal input to output diode and parasitic transistors. If the energy released by the capacitor is large enough, this diode, low current metal and the regulator will be destroyed. The fast diode in *Figure 1* will shunt most of the capacitors discharge current around the regulator. Generally no protection diode is required for values of output capacitance $\leq 10~\mu F$.

Raising the Output Voltage above the Input Voltage: Since the output of the device does not sink current, forcing the output high can cause damage to internal low current paths in a manner similar to that just described in the "Shorting the Regulator Input" section.

Application Hints (Continued)

Regulator Floating Ground (*Figure 2*): When the ground pin alone becomes disconnected, the output approaches the unregulated input, causing possible damage to other circuits connected to V_{OUT} . If ground is reconnected with power "ON", damage may also occur to the regulator. This fault is most likely to occur when plugging in regulators or modules with on card regulators into powered up sockets. Power should be turned off first, thermal limit ceases operating, or ground should be connected first if power must be left on.

Transient Voltages: If transients exceed the maximum rated input voltage of the device, or reach more than 0.8V below ground and have sufficient energy, they will damage the regulator. The solution is to use a large input capacitor, a series input breakdown diode, a choke, a transient suppressor or a combination of these.

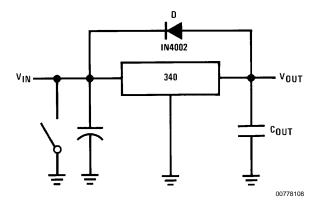


FIGURE 1. Input Short

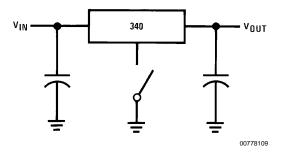


FIGURE 2. Regulator Floating Ground

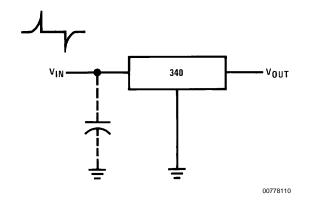


FIGURE 3. Transients

When a value for $\theta_{(H-A)}$ is found using the equation shown, a heatsink must be selected that has a value that is less than or equal to this number.

 $\theta_{(H-A)}$ is specified numerically by the heatsink manufacturer in this catalog, or shown in a curve that plots temperature rise vs power dissipation for the heatsink.

HEATSINKING TO-263 AND SOT-223 PACKAGE PARTS

Both the TO-263 ("S") and SOT-223 ("MP") packages use a copper plane on the PCB and the PCB itself as a heatsink. To optimize the heat sinking ability of the plane and PCB, solder the tab of the plane.

shows for the TO-263 the measured values of $\theta_{(J-A)}$ for different copper area sizes using a typical PCB with 1 ounce copper and no solder mask over the copper area used for heatsinking.

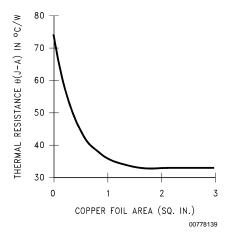


FIGURE 4. $\theta_{(J-A)}$ vs Copper (1 ounce) Area for the TO-263 Package

As shown in the figure, increasing the copper area beyond 1 square inch produces very little improvement. It should also be observed that the minimum value of $\theta_{(J-A)}$ for the TO-263 package mounted to a PCB is 32°C/W.

As a design aid, Figure 5 shows the maximum allowable power dissipation compared to ambient temperature for the TO-263 device (assuming $\theta_{(J-A)}$ is 35°C/W and the maximum junction temperature is 125°C).

Application Hints (Continued)

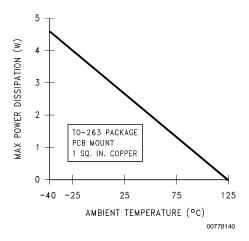


FIGURE 5. Maximum Power Dissipation vs $T_{\rm AMB}$ for the TO-263 Package

Figures 6, 7 show the information for the SOT-223 package. Figure 6 assumes a $\theta_{(J-A)}$ of 74°C/W for 1 ounce copper and 51°C/W for 2 ounce copper and a maximum junction temperature of 125°C.

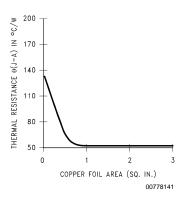
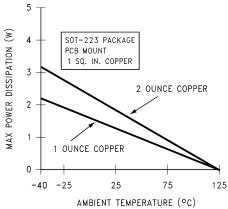


FIGURE 6. $\theta_{\text{(J-A)}}$ vs Copper (2 ounce) Area for the SOT-223 Package

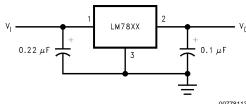


Please see AN-1028 for power enhancement termiques to be used with the SOT-223 package.

FIGURE 7. Maximum Power Dissipation vs T_{AMB} for the SOT-223 Package

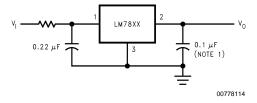
Typical Applications

Fixed Output Regulator

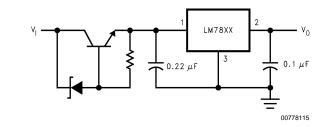


Note: Bypass capacitors are recommended for optimum stability and transient response, and should be located as close as possible to the regulator.

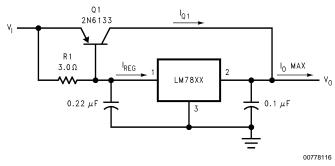
High Input Voltage Circuits



Typical Applications (Continued)



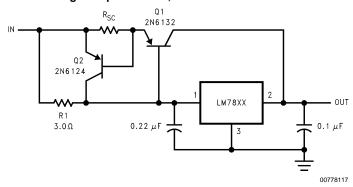
High Current Voltage Regulator



$$\beta(Q1) \ge \frac{I_{O Max}}{I_{REG Max}}$$

$$R1 = \frac{0.9}{I_{REG}} = \frac{\beta(Q1) \ V_{BE(Q1)}}{I_{REG \ Max} (\beta \ + \ 1) - I_{O \ Max}}$$

High Output Current, Short Circuit Protected

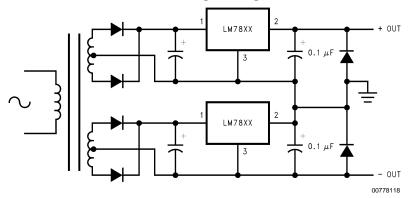


$$R_{SC} = \frac{0.8}{l_{SC}}$$

$$R1 = \frac{\beta V_{BE(Q1)}}{I_{REG Max} (\beta + 1) - I_{O Max}}$$

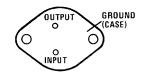
Typical Applications (Continued)

Positive and Negative Regulator



Connection Diagrams and Ordering Information

TO-3 Metal Can Package (K)

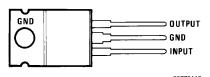


Bottom View

Steel Package Order Numbers: LM140K-5.0 LM140K-12 LM140K-15 LM340K-12 LM340K-15 LM340K-5.0

See Package Number K02A LM140K-5.0/883 LM140K-12/883 LM140K-15/883 See Package Number K02C

TO-220 Power Package (T)

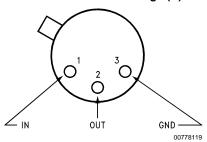


Top View

Plastic Package Order Numbers: LM340AT-5.0 LM340T-5.0 LM340T-12 LM340T-15 LM7805CT LM7812CT LM7815CT LM7808CT

See Package Number T03B

TO-39 Metal Can Package (H)

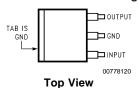


Top View

Metal Can Order Numbers†:
LM140H-5.0/883 LM140H-6.0/883
LM140H-8.0/883 LM140H-12/883
LM140H-15/883 LM140H-24/883
See Package Number H03A

Connection Diagrams and Ordering Information (Continued)

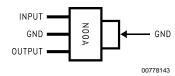
TO-263 Surface-Mount Package (S)





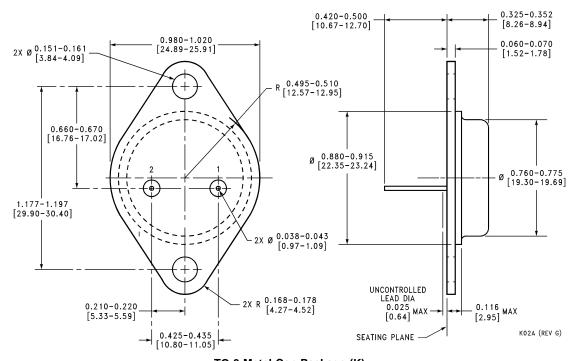
Side View
Surface-Mount Package Order Numbers:
LM340S-5.0 LM340S-12
See Package Number TS3B

3-Lead SOT-223 (Front View) Order Number LM340MP-5.0 Package Marked NO0A See Package Number MA04A

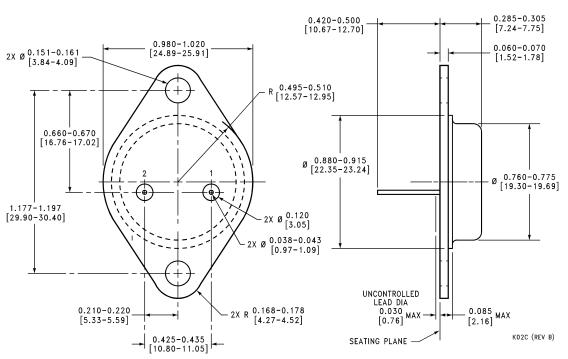


†The specifications for the LM140H/883 devices are not contained in this datasheet. If specifications for these devices are required, contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors.

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted

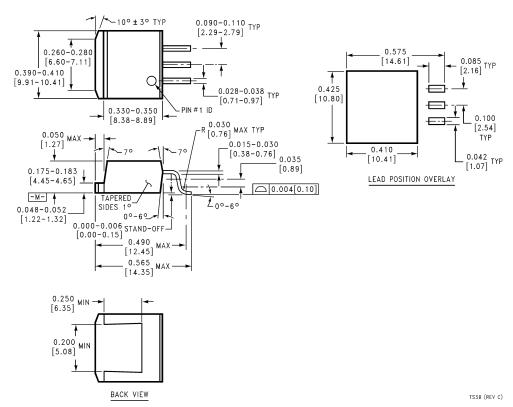


TO-3 Metal Can Package (K) Order Number LM140K-5.0, LM340K-5.0, LM140K-12, LM340K-12, LM140K-15, LM340K-15, LM7806CK, LM7808CK, LM7818CK or LM7824CK **NS Package Number K02A**



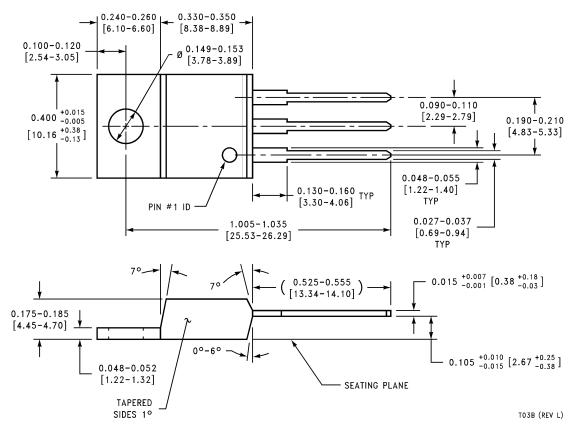
TO-3 Metal Can Package (K) **Mil-Aero Products** Order Number LM140K-5.0/883, LM140K-12/883, or LM140K-15/883 NS Package Number K02C

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)



TO-263 Surface-Mount Package (S)
Order Number LM340S-5.0 or LM340S-12
NS Package Number TS3B

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)



TO-220 Power Package (T)
Order Number LM340AT/LM340T-5.0, LM340AT/LM340T-12, LM340AT/LM340T-15,
LM7805CT, LM7812CT, LM7815CT, LM7806CT, LM7808CT, LM7818CT or LM7824CT
NS Package Number T03B

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued) 0.256 ± 0.008 $[6.5 \pm 0.2]$ -A-0.129 MAX [3.28] 0.118 ± 0.004 $[3 \pm 0.1]$ SYMM 0.004 [0.1] M A(S) B (\$) С q 0.059 MAX [1.5] 0.140 +0.006 -0.010 0.248 $0.274 \, ^{+0.013}_{-0.010}$ [6.3] $[3.56^{+0.15}_{-0.25}]$ $[6.96^{+0.33}_{-0.25}]$ -B-0.059 MAX TYP [1.5] 0.039 MAX TYP [0.99] 0.090 TYP [2.29] 0.0900 R 0.006 ± 0.002 TYP [2.286] $[0.15 \pm 0.05]$ LAND PATTERN RECOMMENDATION R 0.006 ± 0.002 TYP $[0.15 \pm 0.05]$ GAGE PLANE - $0.012 \, {}^{+0.001}_{-0.003}$ [0.3 +0.02] 0.010 [0.25]0.061 - 0.071 (0.063)TYP [1.55 - 1.80][1.6] Φ 0.003 [0.07] С SEATING PLANE 0.036 [0.91] MIN TYP 0°-10° 0.001 - 0.004 TYP [0.03 - 0.10] $0.029 \, {}^{+0.002}_{-0.003}$ (0.067)TYP [1.7] $[0.74^{+0.05}_{-0.07}]$ 0.004 [0.1] M C AS B (S) MAO4A (REV A) 3-Lead SOT-223 Package

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Order Part Number LM340MP-5.0 **NS Package Number MA04A**

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- 2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.



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