

# AN8818SB

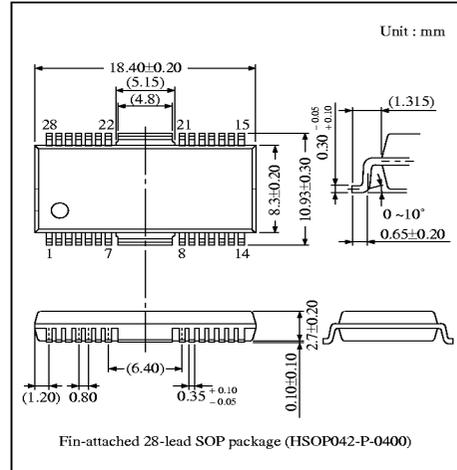
## 3ch. Linear Driver IC for CD/CD-ROM

### ■ Overview

The AN8818SB is a 3ch. driver using the power operational amplifier method. It employs the surface mounting type package superior in radiation characteristics.

### ■ Features

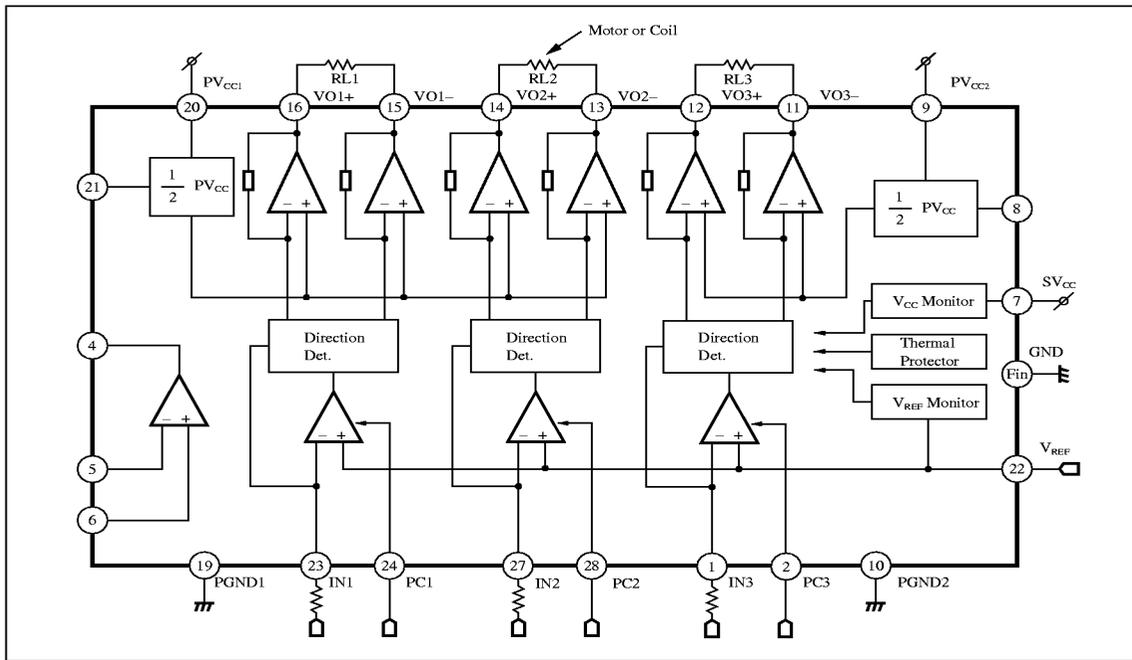
- Wide output D-range is available regardless of the reference voltage on the system
- Input/Output gain setting for the driver enabled by an external resistance
- 3ch. independently controllable PC (Power Cut) feature built-in
- Thermal shut down circuit (with hysteresis) built-in
- Proper heat of IC controllable by separating the output supply for 2ch. and one ch. and independently setting for them
- Accessory operational amplifier built-in
- Relatively easy pattern design by separating and concentrating the input line and output line



### ■ Application

Actuator for CD/CD-ROM, motor driver

### ■ Block Diagram



### Pin Description

Pin No.	Pin Name	Pin No.	Pin Name
1	Input Pin of Motor Driver 3	16	Normal Rotation Output Pin of Motor Driver 1
2	PC (Power Cut) Input Pin 3	17	NC
3	NC	18	NC
4	Output Pin of Op-Amp.	19	GND 1 for Driver
5	Reverse Rotation Input Pin of Op-Amp.	20	V <sub>CC</sub> 1 for Driver
6	Normal Rotation Input Pin of Op-Amp.	21	1/2 PV <sub>CC</sub> Output Pin 1
7	V <sub>CC</sub>	22	V <sub>REF</sub> Input Pin
8	1/2 PV <sub>CC</sub> Output Pin 2	23	Input Pin of Motor Driver 1
9	V <sub>CC</sub> 2 for Driver	24	PC (Power Cut) Input Pin 1
10	GND 2 for Driver	25	NC
11	Reverse Rotation Output Pin of Motor Driver 3	26	NC
12	Normal Rotation Output Pin of Motor Driver 3	27	Input Pin of Motor Driver 2
13	Reverse Rotation Output Pin of Motor Driver 2	28	PC (Power Cut) Input Pin 2
14	Normal Rotation Output Pin of Motor Driver 2	Fin	GND
15	Normal Rotation Output Pin of Motor Driver 1	—	—

### Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Rating
Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	18	V
Supply Current	I <sub>CC</sub>	—	mA
Power Dissipation <sup>Note)</sup>	P <sub>D</sub>	3140	mW
Operating Ambient Temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-30 ~ + 85	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 ~ + 150	°C

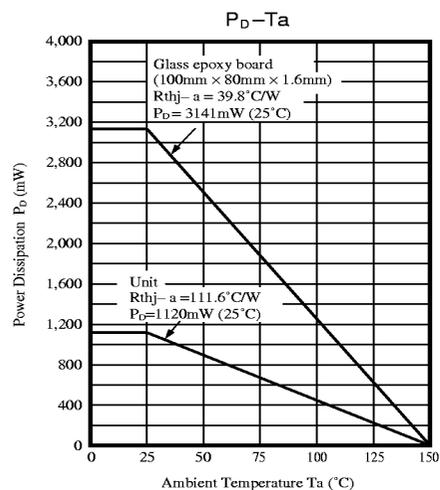
Note) For surface mounting on 100 × 80 × 1.6 mm double face glass epoxy board.

### Recommended Operating Range (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Range
Operating Supply Voltage Range	SV <sub>CC</sub> <sup>Note)</sup>	4.5V ~ 14V
	PV <sub>CC1</sub> , PV <sub>CC2</sub>	

Note) Set SV<sub>CC</sub> to the maximum electric potential.

### Characteristic Curve



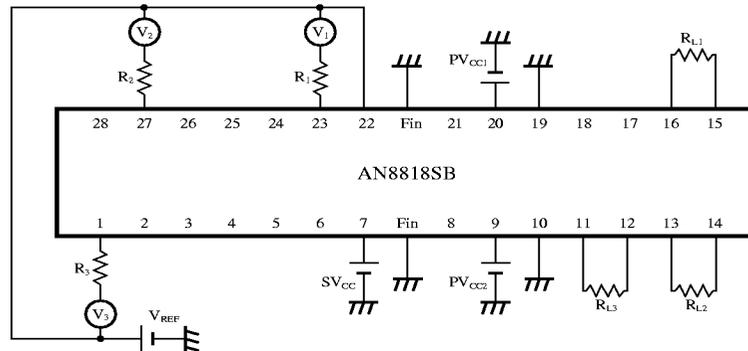
**Panasonic**

### ■ Electrical Characteristics (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	min.	typ.	max.	Uni
Total Circuit Current	$I_{tot}$	$PV_{CC1} = PV_{CC2} = SV_{CC} = 8V$	5	10	15	mA
<b>Drivers 1 and 4</b>						
Input Offset Voltage	$V_{IOF}$	$PV_{CC1} = PV_{CC2} = SV_{CC} = 8V$ $R_L = 8\Omega, R_{IN} = 10k\Omega$	-10	—	10	mV
Output Offset Voltage	$V_{OOF}$	$PV_{CC1} = PV_{CC2} = SV_{CC} = 8V$ $R_L = 8\Omega, R_{IN} = 10k\Omega$	-50	—	50	mV
Gain	G	$PV_{CC1} = PV_{CC2} = SV_{CC} = 8V$ $R_L = 8\Omega, R_{IN} = 10k\Omega$	18	20	22	dB
Maximum Output Amplitude (+)	$V_{L+}$	$PV_{CC1} = PV_{CC2} = SV_{CC} = 8V$ $R_L = 8\Omega, R_{IN} = 10k\Omega$	4.4	5.0	—	V
Maximum Output Amplitude (-)	$V_{L-}$	$PV_{CC1} = PV_{CC2} = SV_{CC} = 8V$ $R_L = 8\Omega, R_{IN} = 10k\Omega$	—	-5.0	-4.4	V
Threshold H	$V_{PCH}$	$PV_{CC1} = PV_{CC2} = SV_{CC} = 8V$ $R_L = 8\Omega, R_{IN} = 10k\Omega$	2.0	—	—	V
Threshold L	$V_{PCL}$	$PV_{CC1} = PV_{CC2} = SV_{CC} = 8V$ $R_L = 8\Omega, R_{IN} = 10k\Omega$	—	—	0.3	V
<b>Reset Circuit</b>						
Reset Operation Release Supply Voltage	$V_{RST}$	$I_{IN} = 10\mu A, R_{IN} = 10k\Omega$	3.0	3.2	3.3	V
$V_{REF}$ Detection	$V_{REF}$		2.0	—	—	V
<b>OP Amp.</b>						
Input Offset Voltage	$V_{OF}$	$PV_{CC1} = PV_{CC2} = SV_{CC} = 8V$	-5	—	5	mV
Input Bias Current	$I_{BOP}$	$PV_{CC1} = PV_{CC2} = SV_{CC} = 8V$	—	150	500	nA
High-Level Output Voltage	$V_{OH}$	$PV_{CC1} = PV_{CC2} = SV_{CC} = 8V$	6.0	—	—	V
Low-Level Output Voltage	$V_{OL}$	$PV_{CC1} = PV_{CC2} = SV_{CC} = 8V$	—	—	1.7	V
Output Drive Current Sink	$I_{SIN}$	$PV_{CC1} = PV_{CC2} = SV_{CC} = 8V$	2.0	—	—	mA
Output Drive Current Source	$I_{SOU}$	$PV_{CC1} = PV_{CC2} = SV_{CC} = 8V$	2.0	—	—	mA
<b>Heat Protection Circuit</b>						
Operation Temperature Equilibrium Value <sup>Note 1)</sup>	$T_{THD}$		( — )	(180)	( — )	°C
Operation Temperature Hysteresis Width <sup>Note 1)</sup>	$DT_{THD}$		( — )	(45)	( — )	°C

Note 1) Characteristic value in parentheses is a reference value for design but not a guaranteed value.

■ Cautions for use



When the AN8818SB is used, take into account the following cautions and follow the power dissipation characteristic curve.

(1) Load current,  $I_{P1}$  flowing in loads  $R_{L1}$  and  $R_{L2}$  is supplied through Pin20.

$$I_{P1} = \frac{|V_{16}-V_{15}|}{R_{L1}} + \frac{|V_{14}-V_{13}|}{R_{L2}}$$

(2) Load current,  $I_{P2}$  flowing in load  $R_{L3}$  is supplied through Pin9.

$$I_{P2} = \frac{|V_{12}-V_{11}|}{R_{L3}}$$

(3) Dissipation increase ( $\Delta P_d$ ) inside the IC (power output stage) caused by loads  $R_{L1}$ ,  $R_{L2}$ , and  $R_{L3}$  is as follows ;

$$\Delta P_d = (PV_{CC1} - |V_{16}-V_{15}|) \times \frac{|V_{16}-V_{15}|}{R_{L1}} + (PV_{CC1} - |V_{14}-V_{13}|) \times \frac{|V_{14}-V_{13}|}{R_{L2}} \\ + (PV_{CC2} - |V_{12}-V_{11}|) \times \frac{|V_{12}-V_{11}|}{R_{L3}}$$

(4) Dissipation increase ( $\Delta P_s$ ) inside the IC (signal block supplied from Pin7 caused by loads  $R_{L1}$ ,  $R_{L2}$  and  $R_{L3}$  is almost as follows:

$$\Delta P_s = 3 \left\{ \frac{V_1}{R_1} (2SV_{CC} + |V_{16}-V_{15}|) + \frac{V_2}{R_2} (2SV_{CC} + |V_{14}-V_{13}|) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{V_3}{R_3} (2SV_{CC} + |V_{12}-V_{11}|) \right\}$$

(5) Dissipation increase during driver running is  $\Delta P_d + \Delta P_s$ .

(6) Inside loss under no load ( $P_{d1}$ ) is almost as follows ;

$$P_{d1} = SV_{CC} \times I(SV_{CC}) + PV_{CC1} \times I(PV_{CC1}) + PV_{CC2} \times I(PV_{CC2})$$

(7) Entire IC inside loss ( $P_d$ ) is almost as follows ;

$$P_d = P_{d1} + \Delta P_d + \Delta P_s$$

**Panasonic**