

**31GF4**

**ULTRAFAST EFFICIENT  
GLASS PASSIVATED RECTIFIER**  
VOLTAGE : 400V      CURRENT : 3.0A



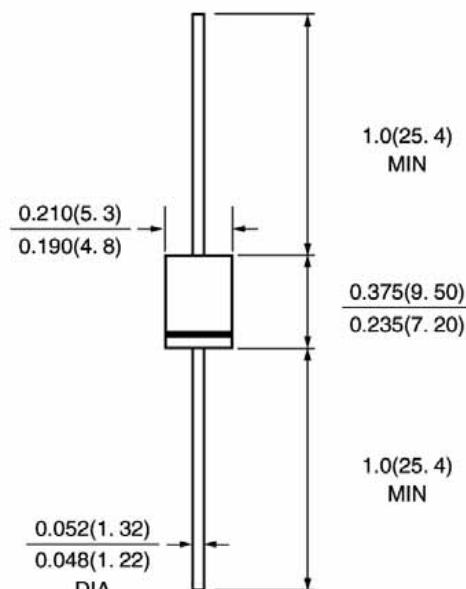
## FEATURE

Low power loss  
High surge capability  
Ultra-fast recovery time for high efficiency  
High temperature soldering guaranteed  
250 /10sec/0.375 lead length at 5 lbs tension

## MECHANICAL DATA

Terminal : Plated axial leads solderable per  
MIL-STD 750, method 2026  
Case : Molded with UL-94 Class V-0 recognized Flame  
Retardant Epoxy  
Polarity : color band denotes cathode  
Mounting position : any

### DO-201AD



Dimensions in inches and (millimeters)

## MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

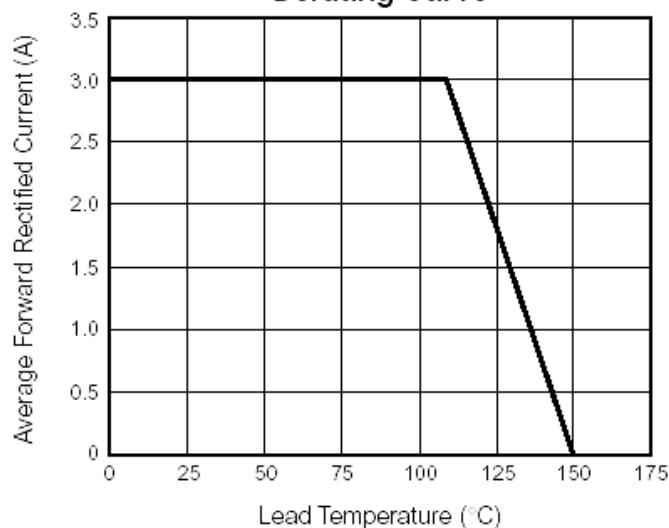
(single-phase, half-wave, 60HZ, resistive or inductive load rating at 25°C, unless otherwise stated)

|   | SYMBOL  | 31GF4         | units    |
|---|---------|---------------|----------|
| Maximum Recurrent Peak Reverse Voltage  | Vrrm    | 400           | V        |
| Maximum RMS Voltage   | Vrms    | 280           | V        |
| Maximum DC blocking Voltage   | Vdc     | 400           | V        |
| Maximum Average Forward Rectified Current, 0.375 lead length at TL =110           | If(av)  | 3.0           | A        |
| Peak Forward Surge Current 8.3ms single half sine-wave superimposed on rated load | Ifsm    | 80            | A        |
| Maximum Forward Voltage at Forward current At3.0A (Note 1)                        | Vf      | 1.25          | V        |
| Maximum DC Reverse Current Ta =25 at rated DC blocking voltage Ta =120            | Ir      | 20.0<br>200.0 | µA<br>µA |
| Maximum Reverse Recovery Time (Note 2)  | Trr     | 30            | nS       |
| Typical Thermal Resistance  | R(ja)   | 80.0          | /W       |
| Storage and Operating Junction Temperature  | Tstg,Tj | -40 to +150   |          |

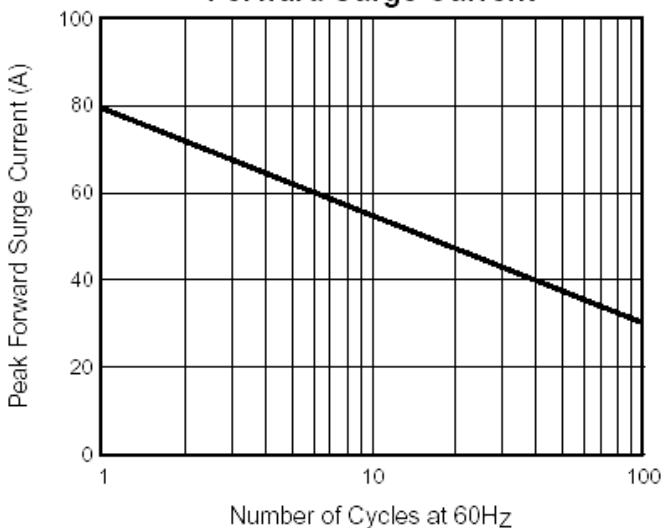
Note :

1. Pulse test:300uS pulse width, 1% duty cycle
2. Reverse Recovery Condition If =0.5A, Ir =1.0A, Irr =0.25A

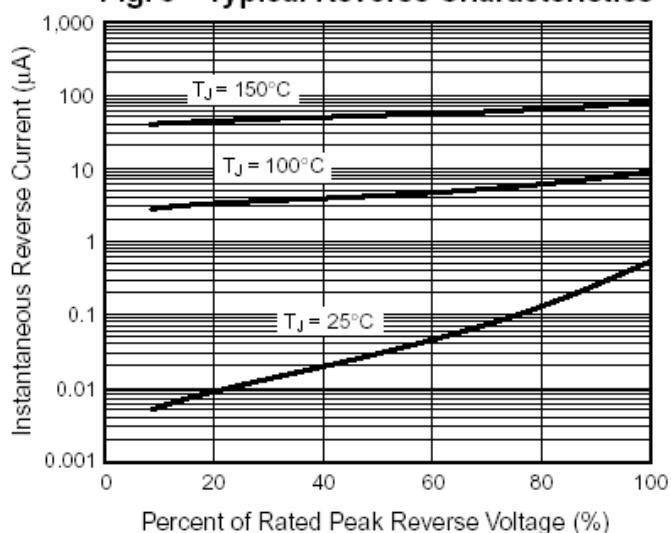
**Fig. 1 – Maximum Forward Current Derating Curve**



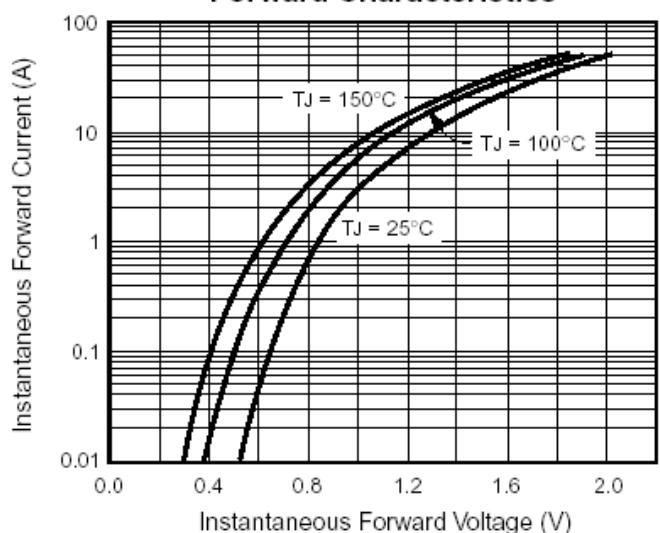
**Fig. 2 – Maximum Non-Repetitive Peak Forward Surge Current**



**Fig. 3 – Typical Reverse Characteristics**



**Fig. 4 – Typical Instantaneous Forward Characteristics**



**Fig. 5 – Typical Junction Capacitance**

