

# HR350

350MHz One-Port SAW Resonator For Wireless Remote Control

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| Approved by: |
| Checked by:  |
| Issued by:   |

## SPECIFICATION

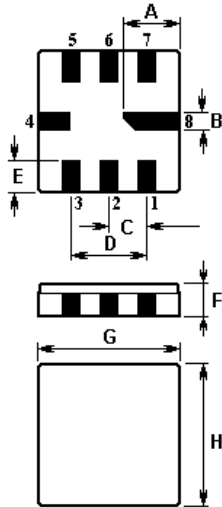
PRODUCT: SAW RESONATOR

MODEL: HR350 QCC8C

**HOPE MICROELECTRONICS CO., LIMITED**

The HR350 is a true one-port, surface-acoustic-wave (SAW) resonator in a surface-mount ceramic QCC8C case. It provides reliable, fundamental-mode, quartz frequency stabilization i.e. in transmitters or local oscillators operating at 350.000 MHz.

1.Package Dimension (QCC8C)



| Pin     | Configuration |
|---------|---------------|
| 2       | Terminal1     |
| 6       | Terminal2     |
| 4,8     | Case Ground   |
| 1,3,5,7 | Empty         |

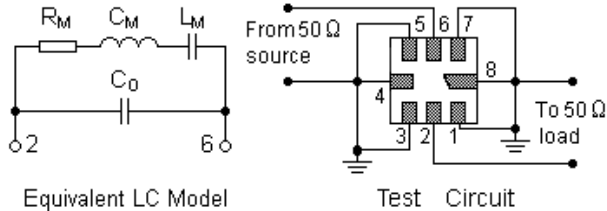
| Sign | Data (unit: mm) | Sign | Data (unit: mm) |
|------|-----------------|------|-----------------|
| A    | 2.08            | E    | 1.2             |
| B    | 0.6             | F    | 1.35            |
| C    | 1.27            | G    | 5.0             |
| D    | 2.54            | H    | 5.0             |

2.Marking

HR350

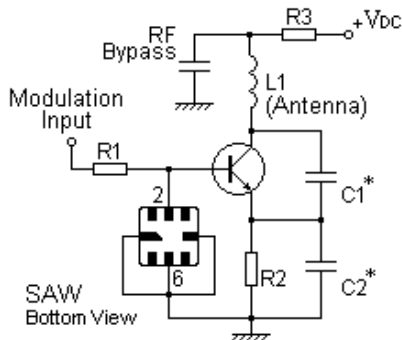
Laser Marking

3.Equivalent LC Model and Test Circuit

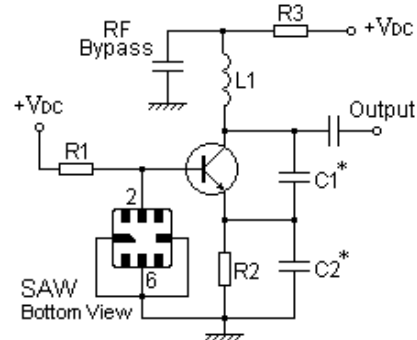


4.Typical Application Circuits

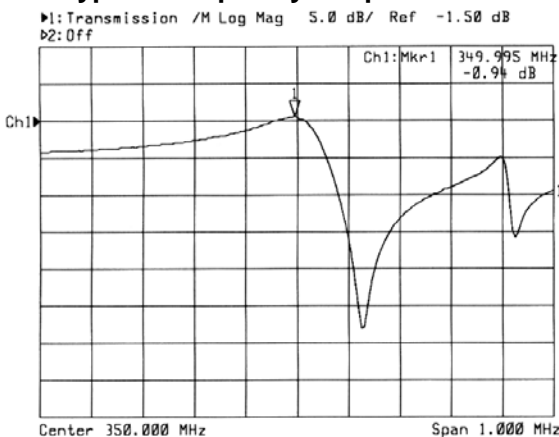
1) Low-Power Transmitter Application



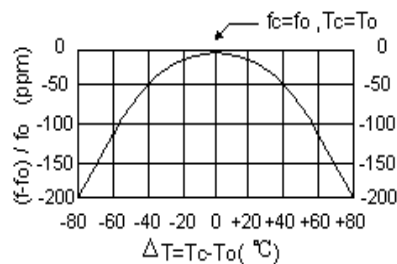
2) Local Oscillator Application



5.Typical Frequency Response



6.Temperature Characteristics



The curve shown above accounts for resonator contribution only and does not include oscillator temperature characteristics.

## 7.Performance

### 7-1.Maximum Ratings

| Rating                       |           | Value      | Unit |
|------------------------------|-----------|------------|------|
| CW RF Power Dissipation      | $P$       | 0          | dBm  |
| DC Voltage Between Terminals | $V_{DC}$  | $\pm 30$   | V    |
| Storage Temperature Range    | $T_{stg}$ | -40 to +85 |      |
| Operating Temperature Range  | $T_A$     | -10 to +60 |      |

### 7-2.Electronic Characteristics

| Characteristic                                     |                                      | Sym          | Minimum | Typical  | Maximum | Unit       |
|--|--------------------------------------|--------------|---------|----------|---------|------------|
| Center Frequency<br>(+25 °C)                       | Absolute Frequency                   | $f_c$        | 349.925 |          | 350.075 | MHz        |
|  | Tolerance from 350.000 MHz           | $\Delta f_c$ |         | $\pm 75$ |         | kHz        |
| Insertion Loss                                     |                                      | $I_L$        |         | 1.5      | 2.2     | dB         |
| Quality Factor                                     | Unloaded Q                           | $Q_U$        |         | 10,650   |         |            |
|  | 50 $\Omega$ Loaded Q                 | $Q_L$        |         | 1,700    |         |            |
| Temperature Stability                              | Turnover Temperature                 | $T_0$        | 25      |          | 55      |            |
|  | Turnover Frequency                   | $f_0$        |         | $f_c$    |         | kHz        |
|  | Frequency Temperature Coefficient    | FTC          |         | 0.032    |         | ppm/°C     |
| Frequency Aging                                    | Absolute Value during the First Year | $ f_A $      |         | 10       |         | ppm/yr     |
| DC Insulation Resistance Between Any Two Terminals |                                      |              | 1.0     |          |         | M $\Omega$ |
| RF Equivalent RLC Model                            | Motional Resistance                  | $R_M$        |         | 19       | 29      | $\Omega$   |
|  | Motional Inductance                  | $L_M$        |         | 92.0382  |         | $\mu$ H    |
|  | Motional Capacitance                 | $C_M$        |         | 2.2489   |         | fF         |
|  | Shunt Static Capacitance             | $C_0$        | 2.4     | 2.7      | 3.0     | pF         |

**ⓘ CAUTION: Electrostatic Sensitive Device. Observe precautions for handling!**

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- The center frequency,  $f_c$ , is measured at the minimum IL point with the resonator in the 50  $\Omega$  test system.
- Unless noted otherwise, case temperature  $T_C = +25^\circ\text{C} \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ .
- Frequency aging is the change in  $f_c$  with time and is specified at  $+65^\circ\text{C}$  or less. Aging may exceed the specification for prolonged temperatures above  $+65^\circ\text{C}$ . Typically, aging is greatest the first year after manufacture, decreasing in subsequent years.
- Turnover temperature,  $T_0$ , is the temperature of maximum (or turnover) frequency,  $f_0$ . The nominal frequency at any case temperature,  $T_C$ , may be calculated from:  $f = f_0 [1 - \text{FTC} (T_0 - T_C)^2]$ .
- This equivalent RLC model approximates resonator performance near the resonant frequency and is provided for reference only. The capacitance  $C_0$  is the measured static (nonmotional) capacitance between the two terminals. The measurement includes case parasitic capacitance.
- Derived mathematically from one or more of the following directly measured parameters:  $f_c$ , IL, 3 dB bandwidth,  $f_c$  versus  $T_C$ , and  $C_0$ .
- The specifications of this device are based on the test circuit shown above and subject to change or obsolescence without notice.
- Typically, equipment utilizing this device requires emissions testing and government approval, which is the responsibility of the equipment manufacturer.
- Our liability is only assumed for the Surface Acoustic Wave (SAW) component(s) per se, not for applications, processes and circuits implemented within components or assemblies.
- For questions on technology, prices and delivery, please contact our sales offices or e-mail [sales@hoperf.com](mailto:sales@hoperf.com).