

### **SWITCHMODE**<sup>TM</sup>

### NPN Bipolar Power Transistor For Switching Power Supply Applications

The BUL146/BUL146F have an applications specific state-of-the-art die designed for use in fluorescent electric lamp ballasts to 130 Watts and in Switchmode Power supplies for all types of electronic equipment. These high voltage/high speed transistors offer the following:

- Improved Efficiency Due to Low Base Drive Requirements:
  - High and Flat DC Current Gain
  - Fast Switching
  - No Coil Required in Base Circuit for Turn-Off (No Current Tail)
- Full Characterization at 125°C
- Two Packages Choices: Standard TO220 or Isolated TO220
- Parametric Distributions are Tight and Consistent Lot-to-Lot
- BUL146F, Case 221D, is UL Recognized to 3500 V<sub>RMS</sub>: File # E69369

#### **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

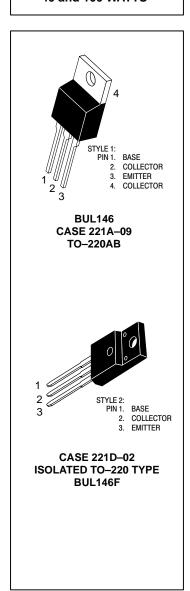
Rating	Sym- bol	BUL146	BUL146F	Unit
Collector–Emitter Sustaining Voltage	VCEO	40	0	Vdc
Collector–Emitter Breakdown Voltage	VCES	70	Vdc	
Emitter–Base Voltage	VEBO	9.	0	Vdc
Collector Current – Continuous – Peak(1)	I <sub>C</sub>	6.0 15		Adc
Base Current – Continuous – Peak(1)	I <sub>B</sub>	4.0 8.0		Adc
RMS Isolation Voltage: (2) (for 1 sec, R.H. $\leq$ 30%, T <sub>C</sub> = 25° C)	VISOL1 VISOL2 VISOL3	- - -	4500 3500 1500	Volts
Total Device Dissipation (T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C) Derate above 25°C	PD	100 0.8	40 0.32	Watts W/°C
Operating and Storage Temperature	T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>Stg</sub>	– 65 to	o 150	°C

#### THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Rating		BUL146	BUL146F	Unit
Thermal Resistance – Junction to Case – Junction to Ambient	$R_{ heta JA}$	1.25 62.5	3.125 62.5	°C/W
Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering Purposes: 1/8" from Case for 5 Seconds	TL	26	0	°C

# **BUL146 BUL146F**

POWER TRANSISTOR 6.0 AMPERES 700 VOLTS 40 and 100 WATTS



#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (T<sub>C</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

TELEGITIONE STATEMENTOS (TC = 25 O unicos outro wise noted)							
Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit		
OFF CHARACTERISTICS							
Collector–Emitter Sustaining Voltage (I <sub>C</sub> = 100 mA, L = 25 mH)	VCEO(sus)	400	_	-	Vdc		
Collector Cutoff Current (V <sub>CE</sub> = Rated V <sub>CEO</sub> , I <sub>B</sub> = 0)	ICEO	_	_	100	μAdc		
Collector Cutoff Current (V <sub>CE</sub> = Rated V <sub>CES</sub> , V <sub>EB</sub> = 0)	ICES	_	_	100	μAdc		
$(T_C = 125^{\circ}C)$ $(V_{CE} = 500 \text{ V}, V_{EB} = 0)  (T_C = 125^{\circ}C)$		_	_	500 100			
Emitter Cutoff Current (V <sub>EB</sub> = 9.0 Vdc, I <sub>C</sub> = 0)	I <sub>EBO</sub>	_	_	100	μAdc		

<sup>(1)</sup> Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 5.0 ms, Duty Cycle  $\leq 10\%$ .

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** – (T<sub>C</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic				Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
ON CHARACTERISTICS				-			I .	I
Base–Emitter Saturation Volta	age $(I_C = 1.3 \text{ Adc}, (I_C = 3.0 \text{ Adc},$	$I_B = 0.$ $I_B = 0.$	13 Adc) 6 Adc)	V <sub>BE</sub> (sat)	_ _	0.82 0.93	1.1 1.25	Vdc
Collector–Emitter Saturation Voltage ( $I_C$ = 1.3 Adc, $I_B$ = 0.13 Adc) ( $T_C$ = 125°C) ( $I_C$ = 3.0 Adc, $I_B$ = 0.6 Adc) ( $T_C$ = 125°C)				V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>	- - -	0.22 0.20 0.30 0.30	0.5 0.5 0.7 0.7	Vdc
DC Current Gain $(I_C = 0.5 \text{ Adc}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ Vdc})$ $(T_C = 125^{\circ}\text{C})$ $(I_C = 1.3 \text{ Adc}, V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ Vdc})$ $(T_C = 125^{\circ}\text{C})$ $(I_C = 3.0 \text{ Adc}, V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ Vdc})$ $(T_C = 125^{\circ}\text{C})$ $(I_C = 10 \text{ mAdc}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ Vdc})$				hFE	14 - 12 12 8.0 7.0 10	- 30 20 20 13 12 20	34 - - - - -	-
OYNAMIC CHARACTERISTIC		) / d = - £	4 O MI I=)			1 44		NAL 1-
Current Gain Bandwidth (I <sub>C</sub> =				fT	_	14	_	MHz
Output Capacitance (V <sub>CB</sub> = 1	10 Vdc, $I_E = 0$ , $f = 1$	.0 MHz)	)	C <sub>OB</sub>	-	95	150	pF
Input Capacitance (VEB = 8.0	) V)			C <sub>IB</sub>	_	1000	1500	pF
Dynamic Saturation Voltage: Determined 1.0 μs and 3.0 μs respectively after rising I <sub>B1</sub> reaches 90% of final I <sub>B1</sub> (see Figure 18)	Saturation Volt- Inined 1.0 µs and respectively after B1 reaches 90% of IC = 3.0 Adc  (IC = 1.3 Adc IB1 = 300 mAdc VCC = 300 V)  (IC = 3.0 Adc	1.0 μs	(T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C)		-	2.5 6.5	-	
		3.0 μs	(T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C)		_ _	0.6 2.5	- -	.,
		1.0 μs	(T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C)	VCE(dsat)	_ _	3.0 7.0	- -	V
	$I_{B1} = 0.6 \text{ Adc}$ $V_{CC} = 300 \text{ V}$	3.0 ແຮ	(T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C)		_ _	0.75 1.4	_	

#### SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS: Resistive Load (D.C. ≤ 10%, Pulse Width = 20 µs)

SWITCHING CHARAC	TERISTICS: Resistive Load (D.C.	2 10 /0, 1 ui3e vvi	utii = 20 μ3)	1	1		
Turn-On Time	(I <sub>C</sub> = 1.3 Adc, I <sub>B1</sub> = 0.13 Adc I <sub>B2</sub> = 0.65 Adc, V <sub>CC</sub> = 300 V)	(T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C)	ton	<u> </u>	100 90	200 –	ns
Turn-Off Time		(T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C)	<sup>t</sup> off	- -	1.35 1.90	2.5 -	μs
Turn-On Time	(I <sub>C</sub> = 3.0 Adc, I <sub>B1</sub> = 0.6 Adc I <sub>B1</sub> = 1.5 Adc, V <sub>CC</sub> = 300 V)	(T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C)	t <sub>on</sub>	- -	90 100	150 -	ns
Turn-Off Time		(T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C)	<sup>t</sup> off	- -	1.7 2.1	2.5 -	μs
SWITCHING CHARAC	TERISTICS: Inductive Load (V <sub>clai</sub>	mp = 300 V, V <sub>CC</sub>	; = 15 V, L = 200	μH)			
Fall Time	(I <sub>C</sub> = 1.3 Adc, I <sub>B1</sub> = 0.13 Adc I <sub>B2</sub> = 0.65 Adc)	(T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C)	t <sub>fi</sub>	_ _	115 120	200 –	ns
Storage Time		(T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C)	t <sub>Si</sub>	- -	1.35 1.75	2.5 -	μs
Crossover Time		(T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C)	t <sub>C</sub>	_ _	200 210	350 -	ns
Fall Time	(I <sub>C</sub> = 3.0 Adc, I <sub>B1</sub> = 0.6 Adc I <sub>B2</sub> = 1.5 Adc)	(T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C)	t <sub>fi</sub>	_ _	85 100	150 -	ns
Storage Time		(T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C)	t <sub>Si</sub>	- -	1.75 2.25	2.5 -	μs
Crossover Time		(T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C)	t <sub>C</sub>	- -	175 200	300	ns
Fall Time	(I <sub>C</sub> = 3.0 Adc, I <sub>B1</sub> = 0.6 Adc I <sub>B2</sub> = 0.6 Adc)	(T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C)	t <sub>fi</sub>	80 -	_ 210	180 -	ns
Storage Time	1	(T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C)	t <sub>Si</sub>	2.6 -	- 4.5	3.8	μs
Crossover Time	1	(T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C)	t <sub>C</sub>	_ _	230 400	350 –	ns

#### TYPICAL STATIC CHARACTERISTICS

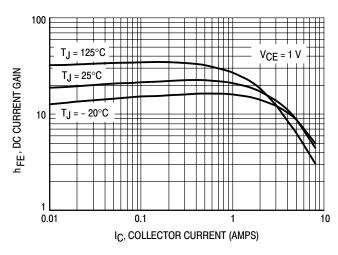
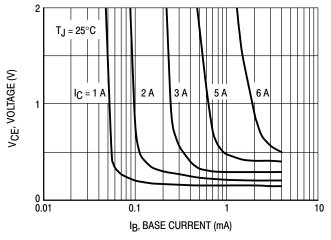


Figure 1. DC Current Gain @ 1 Volt

Figure 2. DC Current Gain @ 5 Volts



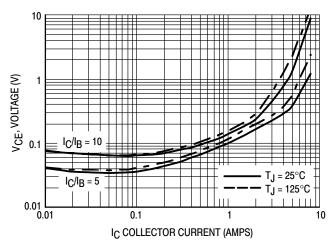
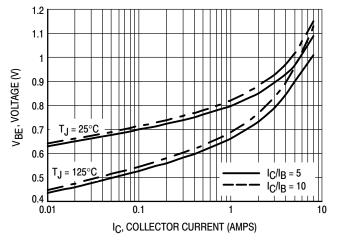


Figure 3. Collector Saturation Region

Figure 4. Collector–Emitter Saturation Voltage



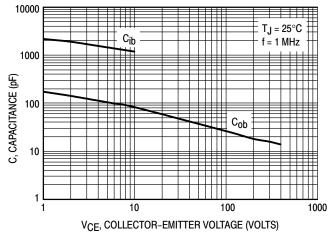
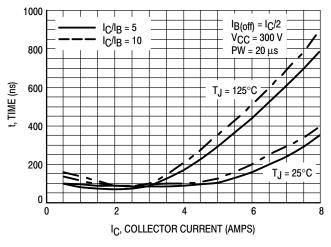


Figure 5. Base-Emitter Saturation Region

Figure 6. Capacitance

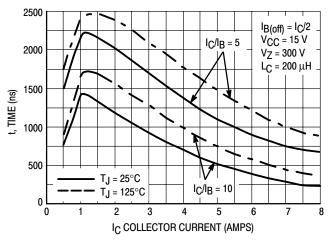
## TYPICAL SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (IB2 = IC/2 for all switching)



4000  $\begin{array}{l} I_{B(off)} = I_{C}/2 \\ V_{CC} = 300 \text{ V} \\ PW = 20 \text{ }\mu\text{s} \end{array}$ T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C 3500 T<sub>J</sub> = 125°C  $I_C/I_B = 5$ 3000 2500 t, TIME (ns)  $I_{C}/I_{B} = 10$ 2000 1500 1000 500 0 2 0 IC, COLLECTOR CURRENT (AMPS)

Figure 7. Resistive Switching, ton

Figure 8. Resistive Switching, toff



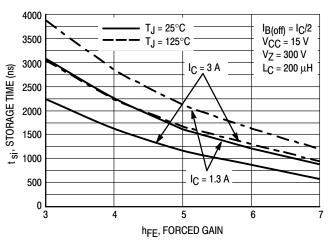
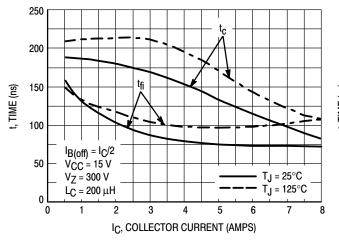


Figure 9. Inductive Storage Time, tsi

Figure 10. Inductive Storage Time, t<sub>Si</sub>(h<sub>FE</sub>)



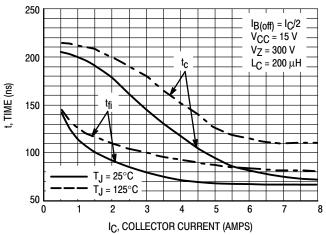
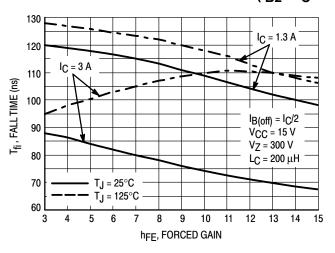


Figure 11. Inductive Switching,  $t_C$  and  $t_{fi}$  I<sub>C</sub>/I<sub>B</sub> = 5

Figure 12. Inductive Switching,  $t_C$  and  $t_{fi}$  $I_C/I_B = 10$ 

## TYPICAL SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (IB2 = IC/2 for all switching)

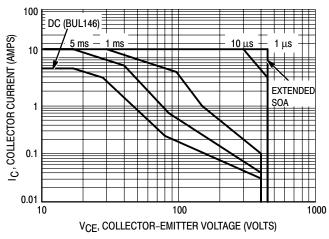


250 = 1.3 A I<sub>C</sub>, CROSS-OVER TIME (ns) 200 150 IC = 3 A IB(off) = IC/2100 V<sub>CC</sub> = 15 V  $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$  $V_7 = 300 V$ Tj = 125°C  $= 200 \mu H$ 50 6 12 5 7 10 11 13 3 9 14 hFE, FORCED GAIN

Figure 13. Inductive Fall Time

Figure 14. Inductive Cross-Over Time

#### **GUARANTEED SAFE OPERATING AREA INFORMATION**



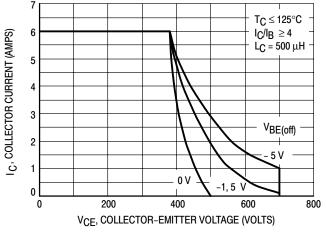


Figure 15. Forward Bias Safe Operating Area

Figure 16. Reverse Bias Switching Safe Operating Area

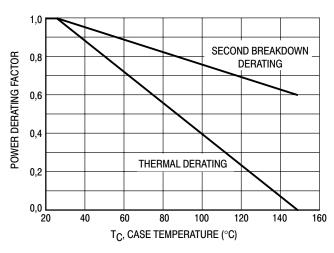
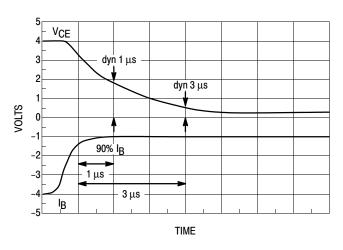


Figure 17. Forward Bias Power Derating

There are two limitations on the power handling ability of a transistor: average junction temperature and second breakdown. Safe operating area curves indicate I<sub>C</sub> - V<sub>CE</sub> limits of the transistor that must be observed for reliable operation; i.e., the transistor must not be subjected to greater dissipation than the curves indicate. The data of Figure 15 is based on  $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$ ;  $T_{J(pk)}$  is variable depending on power level. Second breakdown pulse limits are valid for duty cycles to 10% but must be derated when T<sub>C</sub> > 25°C. Second breakdown limitations do not derate the same as thermal limitations. Allowable current at the voltages shown in Figure 15 may be found at any case temperature by using the appropriate curve on Figure 17. T<sub>J(pk)</sub> may be calculated from the data in Figure 20. At any case temperatures, thermal limitations will reduce the power that can be handled to values less than the limitations imposed by second breakdown. For inductive loads, high voltage and current must be sustained simultaneously during turn-off with the base-to-emitter junction reverse-biased. The safe level is specified as a reversebiased safe operating area (Figure 16). This rating is verified under clamped conditions so that the device is never subjected to an avalanche mode.



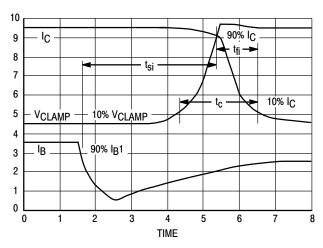
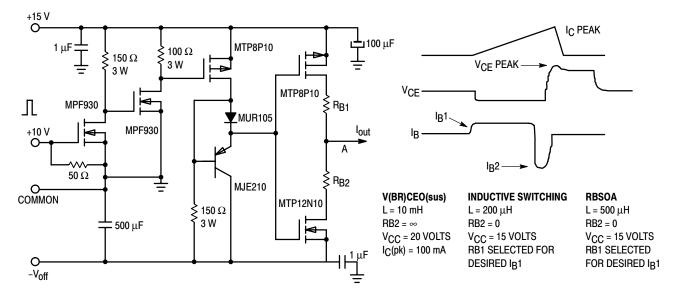


Figure 18. Dynamic Saturation Voltage Measurements

Figure 19. Inductive Switching Measurements



**Table 1. Inductive Load Switching Drive Circuit** 

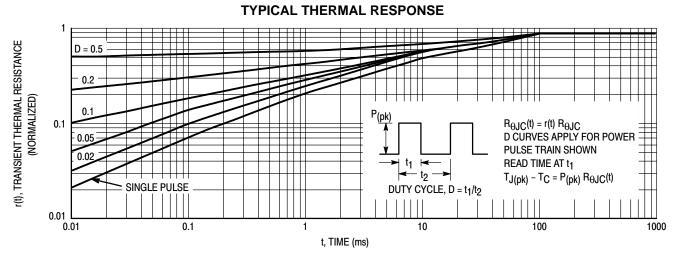


Figure 20. Typical Thermal Response ( $Z_{\theta JC}(t)$ ) for BUL146

#### **TYPICAL THERMAL RESPONSE**

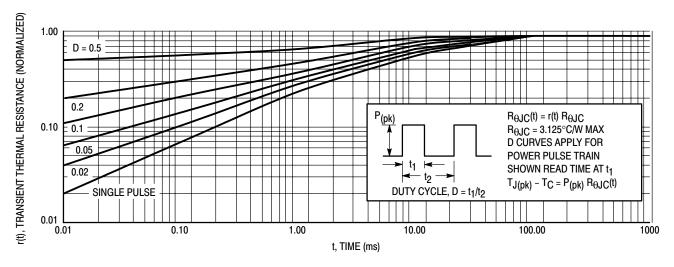


Figure 21. Typical Thermal Response for BUL146F

#### **TEST CONDITIONS FOR ISOLATION TESTS\***

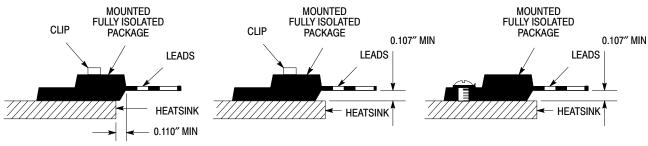


Figure 22a. Screw or Clip Mounting Position for Isolation Test Number 1

Figure 22b. Clip Mounting Position for Isolation Test Number 2

Figure 22c. Screw Mounting Position for Isolation Test Number 3

\*Measurement made between leads and heatsink with all leads shorted together

#### **MOUNTING INFORMATION\*\***

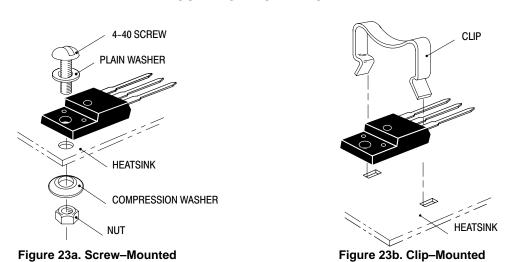


Figure 23. Typical Mounting Techniques for Isolated Package

Laboratory tests on a limited number of samples indicate, when using the screw and compression washer mounting technique, a screw torque of 6 to 8 in · lbs is sufficient to provide maximum power dissipation capability. The compression washer helps to maintain a constant pressure on the package over time and during large temperature excursions.

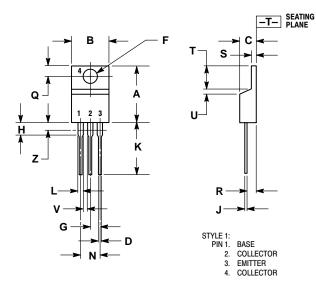
Destructive laboratory tests show that using a hex head 4–40 screw, without washers, and applying a torque in excess of 20 in • lbs will cause the plastic to crack around the mounting hole, resulting in a loss of isolation capability.

Additional tests on slotted 4–40 screws indicate that the screw slot fails between 15 to 20 in · lbs without adversely affecting the package. However, in order to positively ensure the package integrity of the fully isolated device, ON Semiconductor does not recommend exceeding 10 in · lbs of mounting torque under any mounting conditions.

<sup>\*\*</sup> For more information about mounting power semiconductors see Application Note AN1040.

#### **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**

#### TO-220AB **CASE 221A-09 ISSUE AA**

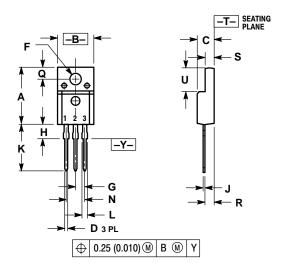


- NOTES:
  1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
  2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
  3. DIMENSION Z DEFINES A ZONE WHERE ALL BODY AND LEAD IRREGULARITIES ARE ALLOWED.

	INC	HES	MILLIM	ETERS
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	0.570	0.620	14.48	15.75
В	0.380	0.405	9.66	10.28
С	0.160	0.190	4.07	4.82
D	0.025	0.035	0.64	0.88
F	0.142	0.147	3.61	3.73
G	0.095	0.105	2.42	2.66
Н	0.110	0.155	2.80	3.93
J	0.018	0.025	0.46	0.64
K	0.500	0.562	12.70	14.27
L	0.045	0.060	1.15	1.52
N	0.190	0.210	4.83	5.33
Q	0.100	0.120	2.54	3.04
R	0.080	0.110	2.04	2.79
S	0.045	0.055	1.15	1.39
T	0.235	0.255	5.97	6.47
U	0.000	0.050	0.00	1.27
٧	0.045		1.15	
Z		0.080		2.04

#### **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**

#### CASE 221D-02 (ISOLATED TO-220 TYPE) **UL RECOGNIZED: FILE #E69369 ISSUE D**



- NOTES:
  1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
  2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.

	INC	HES	MILLIN	ETERS
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	0.621	0.629	15.78	15.97
В	0.394	0.402	10.01	10.21
С	0.181	0.189	4.60	4.80
D	0.026	0.034	0.67	0.86
F	0.121	0.129	3.08	3.27
G	0.100	BSC	2.54	BSC
Н	0.123	0.129	3.13	3.27
J	0.018	0.025	0.46	0.64
K	0.500	0.562	12.70	14.27
L	0.045	0.060	1.14	1.52
N	0.200	BSC	5.08	BSC
Q	0.126	0.134	3.21	3.40
R	0.107	0.111	2.72	2.81
S	0.096	0.104	2.44	2.64
U	0.259	0.267	6.58	6.78

- STYLE 2:
  PIN 1. BASE
  2. COLLECTOR
  3. EMITTER

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