

FDP42AN15A0 / FDB42AN15A0 / FDI42AN15A0

N-Channel PowerTrench® MOSFET 150V, 35A, 42mΩ

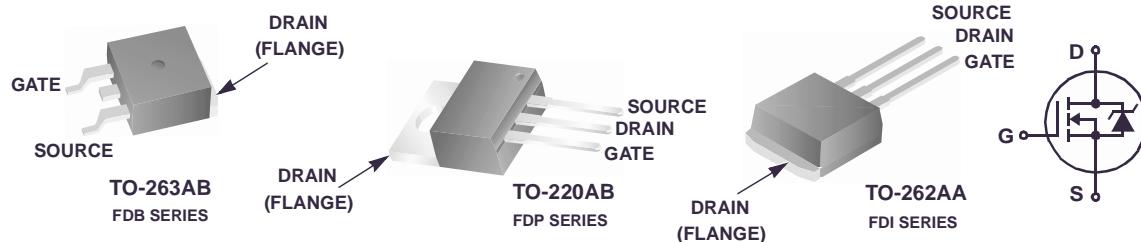
Features

- $r_{DS(ON)} = 36\text{m}\Omega$ (Typ.), $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$, $I_D = 12\text{A}$
- $Q_g(\text{tot}) = 33\text{nC}$ (Typ.), $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$
- Low Miller Charge
- Low Qrr Body Diode
- UIS Capability (Single Pulse and Repetitive Pulse)
- Qualified to AEC Q101

Formerly developmental type 82864

Applications

- DC/DC Converters and Off-line UPS
- Distributed Power Architectures and VRMs
- Primary Switch for 24V and 48V Systems
- High Voltage Synchronous Rectifier
- Direct Injection / Diesel Injection Systems
- 42V Automotive Load Control
- Electronic Valve Train Systems



MOSFET Maximum Ratings $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Ratings	Units
V_{DSS}	Drain to Source Voltage	150	V
V_{GS}	Gate to Source Voltage	± 20	V
I_D	Drain Current Continuous ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$)	35	A
	Continuous ($T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$)	24	
	Continuous ($T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$, with $R_{\theta JA} = 43^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$)	5	A
	Pulsed	Figure 4	A
E_{AS}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy (Note 1)	90	mJ
P_D	Power dissipation	150	W
	Derate above 25°C	1.00	$\text{W}/^\circ\text{C}$
T_J , T_{STG}	Operating and Storage Temperature	-55 to 175	$^\circ\text{C}$

Thermal Characteristics

$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance Junction to Case TO-220, TO-263, TO-262	1.0	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient TO-220, TO-263, TO-262	62	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient TO-263, 1in ² copper pad area	43	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

This product has been designed to meet the extreme test conditions and environment demanded by the automotive industry. For a copy of the requirements, see AEC Q101 at: <http://www.aecouncil.com/>

Reliability data can be found at: <http://www.fairchildsemi.com/products/discrete/reliability/index.html>.

All Fairchild Semiconductor products are manufactured, assembled and tested under ISO9000 and QS9000 quality systems certification.

Package Marking and Ordering Information

Device Marking	Device	Package	Reel Size	Tape Width	Quantity
FDB42AN15A0	FDB42AN15A0	TO-263AB	330mm	24mm	800 units
FDP42AN15A0	FDP42AN15A0	TO-220AB	Tube	N/A	50 units
FDI42AN15A0	FDI42AN15A0	TO-262AA	Tube	N/A	50 units

Electrical Characteristics $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
--------	-----------	-----------------	-----	-----	-----	-------

Off Characteristics

B_{VDSS}	Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D = 250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$	150	-	-	V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS} = 120\text{V}$	-	-	1	μA
		$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$	$T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	
I_{GSS}	Gate to Source Leakage Current	$V_{GS} = \pm 20\text{V}$	-	-	± 100	nA

On Characteristics

$V_{GS(TH)}$	Gate to Source Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS} = V_{DS}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$	2	-	4	V
$r_{DS(ON)}$	Drain to Source On Resistance	$I_D = 12\text{A}, V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$	-	0.036	0.042	Ω
		$I_D = 6\text{A}, V_{GS} = 6\text{V}$	-	0.040	0.060	
		$I_D = 12\text{A}, V_{GS} = 10\text{V}, T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.090	0.107	

Dynamic Characteristics

C_{ISS}	Input Capacitance	$V_{DS} = 25\text{V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}, f = 1\text{MHz}$	-	2150	-	pF
C_{OSS}	Output Capacitance		-	225	-	pF
C_{RSS}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		-	45	-	pF
$Q_{g(TOT)}$	Total Gate Charge at 10V	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V to } 10\text{V}$	-	30	39	nC
$Q_{g(TH)}$	Threshold Gate Charge		-	4.2	5.4	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate to Source Gate Charge		$I_D = 12\text{A}$	-	9.5	nC
Q_{gs2}	Gate Charge Threshold to Plateau			-	5.3	nC
Q_{gd}	Gate to Drain "Miller" Charge			-	6.9	nC

Switching Characteristics ($V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$)

t_{ON}	Turn-On Time	$V_{DD} = 75\text{V}, I_D = 12\text{A}$	-	-	46	ns
$t_{d(ON)}$	Turn-On Delay Time		-	11	-	ns
t_r	Rise Time		-	19	-	ns
$t_{d(OFF)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time		-	27	-	ns
t_f	Fall Time		-	23	-	ns
t_{OFF}	Turn-Off Time		-	-	74	ns

Drain-Source Diode Characteristics

V_{SD}	Source to Drain Diode Voltage	$I_{SD} = 12\text{A}$	-	-	1.25	V
		$I_{SD} = 6\text{A}$	-	-	1.0	V
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_{SD} = 12\text{A}, dI_{SD}/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	-	82	ns
Q_{RR}	Reverse Recovered Charge	$I_{SD} = 12\text{A}, dI_{SD}/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	-	204	nC

Notes:

1: Starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 0.2\text{mH}$, $I_{AS} = 30\text{A}$.

Typical Characteristics $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

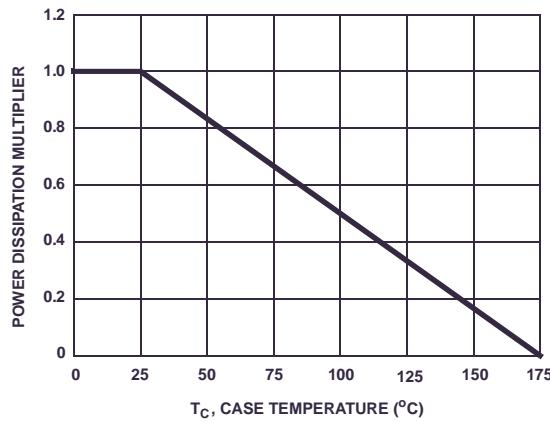


Figure 1. Normalized Power Dissipation vs Ambient Temperature

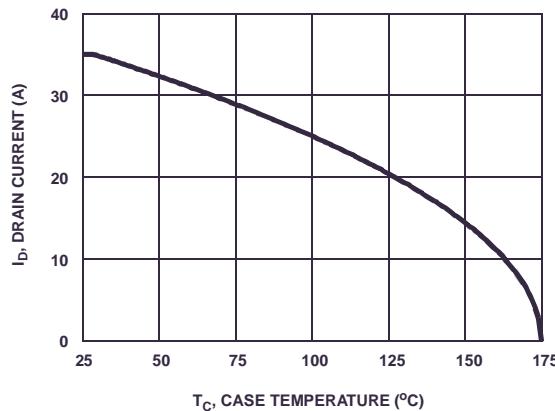


Figure 2. Maximum Continuous Drain Current vs Case Temperature

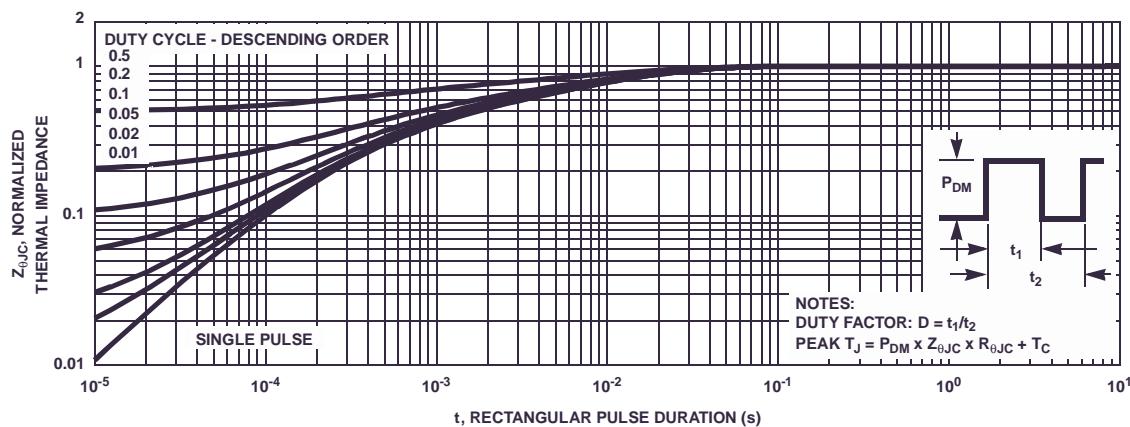


Figure 3. Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

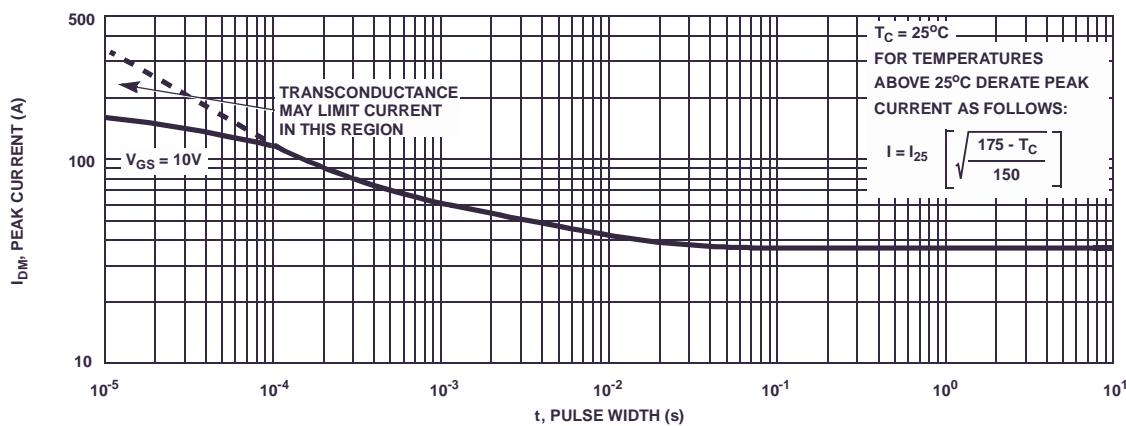


Figure 4. Peak Current Capability

Typical Characteristics $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

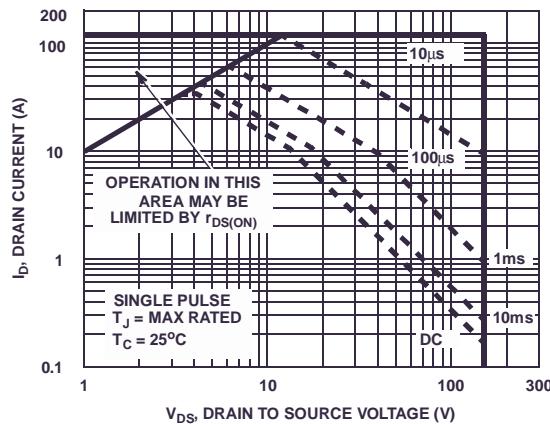
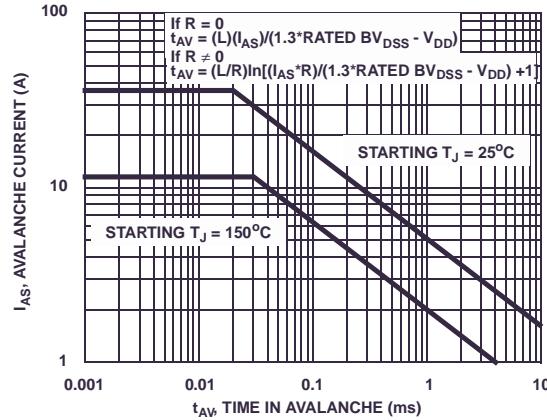


Figure 5. Forward Bias Safe Operating Area



NOTE: Refer to Fairchild Application Notes AN7514 and AN7515

Figure 6. Unclamped Inductive Switching Capability

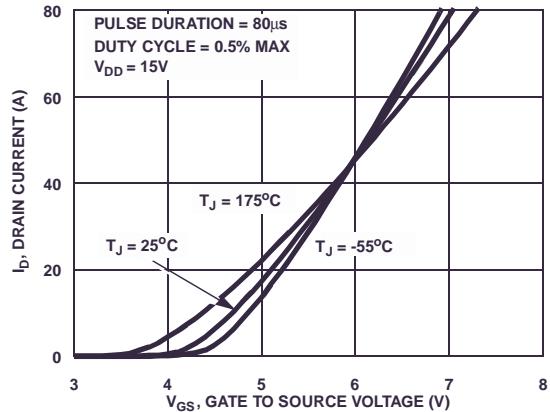


Figure 7. Transfer Characteristics

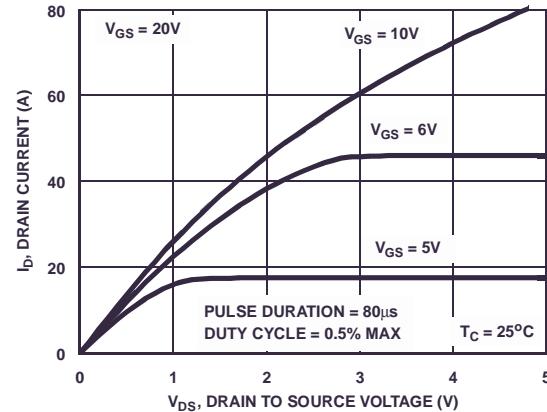


Figure 8. Saturation Characteristics

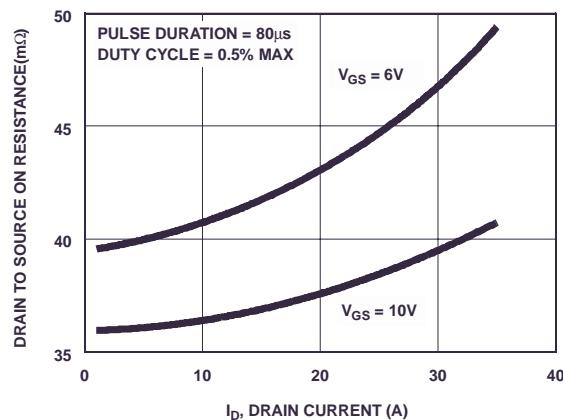


Figure 9. Drain to Source On Resistance vs Drain Current

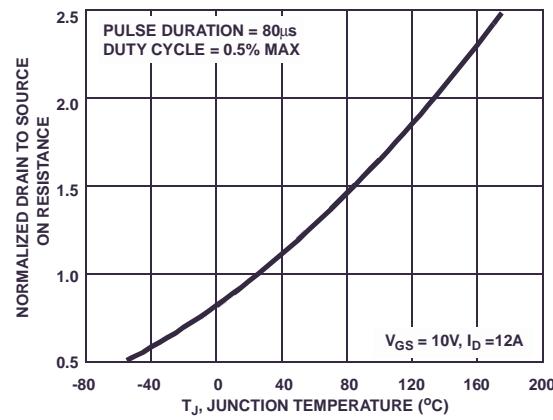
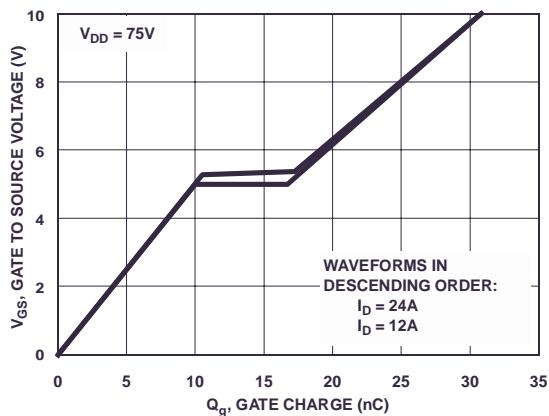
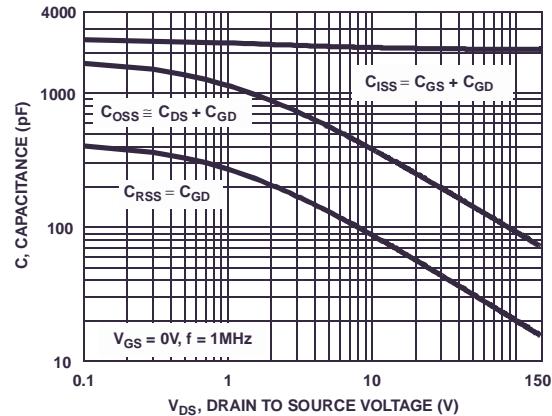
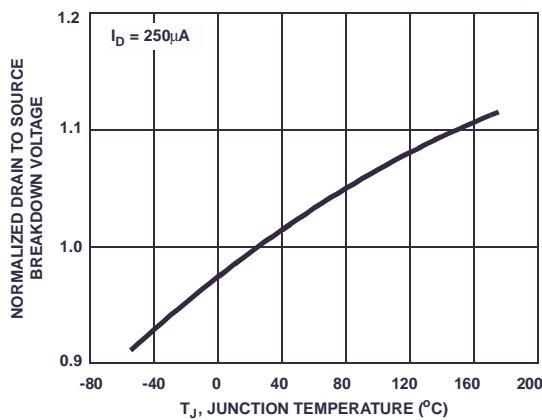
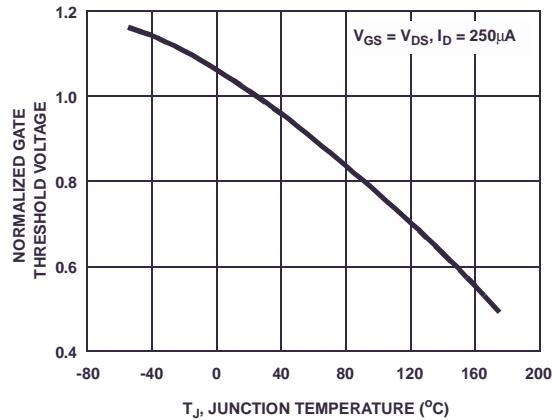


Figure 10. Normalized Drain to Source On Resistance vs Junction Temperature

Typical Characteristics $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted



Test Circuits and Waveforms

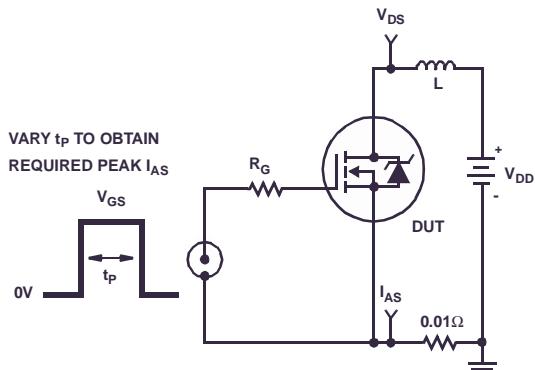


Figure 15. Unclamped Energy Test Circuit

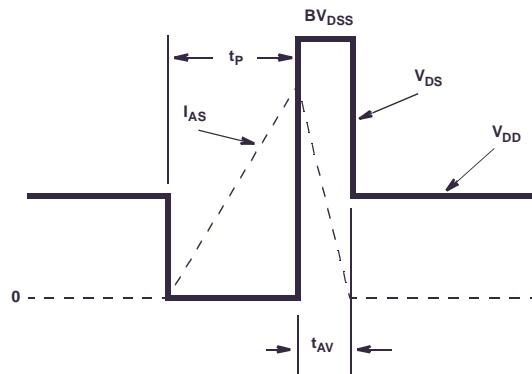


Figure 16. Unclamped Energy Waveforms

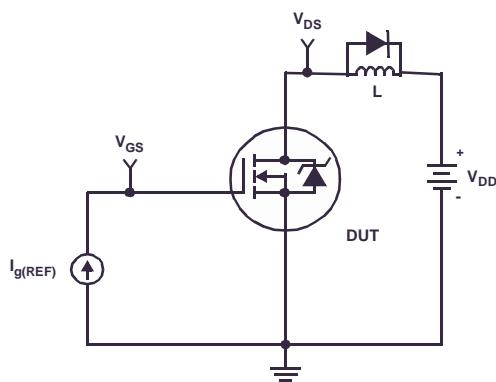


Figure 17. Gate Charge Test Circuit

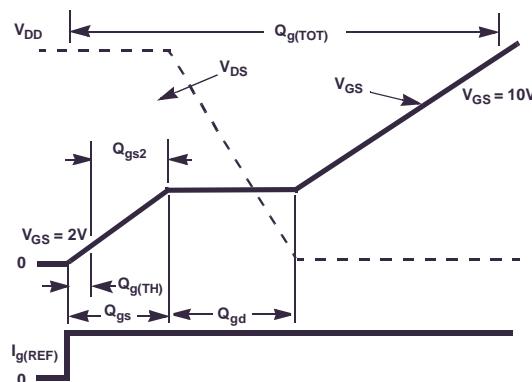


Figure 18. Gate Charge Waveforms

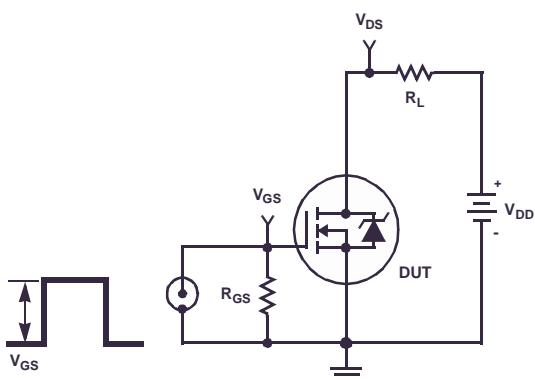


Figure 19. Switching Time Test Circuit

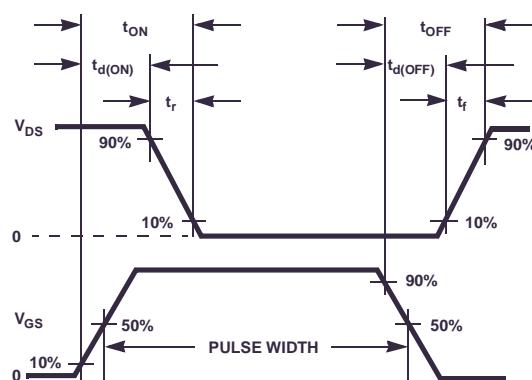


Figure 20. Switching Time Waveforms

Thermal Resistance vs. Mounting Pad Area

The maximum rated junction temperature, T_{JM} , and the thermal resistance of the heat dissipating path determines the maximum allowable device power dissipation, P_{DM} , in an application. Therefore the application's ambient temperature, T_A ($^{\circ}\text{C}$), and thermal resistance $R_{\theta JA}$ ($^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$) must be reviewed to ensure that T_{JM} is never exceeded. Equation 1 mathematically represents the relationship and serves as the basis for establishing the rating of the part.

$$P_{DM} = \frac{(T_{JM} - T_A)}{R_{\theta JA}} \quad (\text{EQ. 1})$$

In using surface mount devices such as the TO-263 package, the environment in which it is applied will have a significant influence on the part's current and maximum power dissipation ratings. Precise determination of P_{DM} is complex and influenced by many factors:

1. Mounting pad area onto which the device is attached and whether there is copper on one side or both sides of the board.
2. The number of copper layers and the thickness of the board.
3. The use of external heat sinks.
4. The use of thermal vias.
5. Air flow and board orientation.
6. For non steady state applications, the pulse width, the duty cycle and the transient thermal response of the part, the board and the environment they are in.

Fairchild provides thermal information to assist the designer's preliminary application evaluation. Figure 21 defines the $R_{\theta JA}$ for the device as a function of the top copper (component side) area. This is for a horizontally positioned FR-4 board with 1oz copper after 1000 seconds of steady state power with no air flow. This graph provides the necessary information for calculation of the steady state junction temperature or power dissipation. Pulse applications can be evaluated using the Fairchild device Spice thermal model or manually utilizing the normalized maximum transient thermal impedance curve.

Thermal resistances corresponding to other copper areas can be obtained from Figure 21 or by calculation using Equation 2 or 3. Equation 2 is used for copper area defined in inches square and equation 3 is for area in centimeters square. The area, in square inches or square centimeters is the top copper area including the gate and source pads.

$$R_{\theta JA} = 26.51 + \frac{19.84}{(0.262 + \text{Area})} \quad (\text{EQ. 2})$$

Area in Inches Squared

$$R_{\theta JA} = 26.51 + \frac{128}{(1.69 + \text{Area})} \quad (\text{EQ. 3})$$

Area in Centimeters Squared

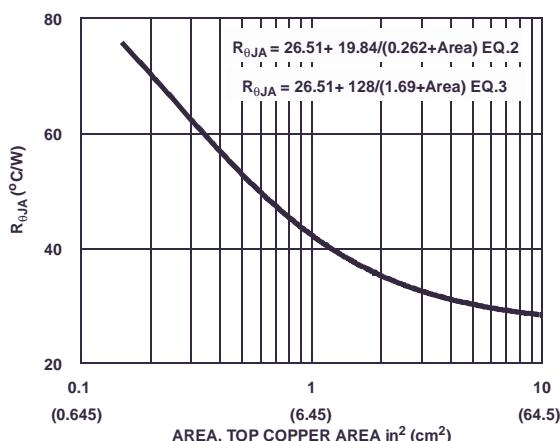


Figure 21. Thermal Resistance vs Mounting Pad Area

PSPICE Electrical Model

```
.SUBCKT FDB42AN15A0 2 1 3 ; rev June 11, 2002
Ca 12 8 6.0e-10
Cb 15 14 8e-10
Cin 6 8 2.1e-9
```

```
Dbody 7 5 DbodyMOD
Dbreak 5 11 DbreakMOD
Dplcap 10 5 DplcapMOD
```

```
Ebreak 11 7 17 18 159.5
Eds 14 8 5 8 1
Egs 13 8 6 8 1
Esg 6 10 6 8 1
Evthres 6 21 19 8 1
Evtemp 20 6 18 22 1
```

```
It 8 17 1
```

```
Lgate 1 9 4.81e-9
Ldrain 2 5 1.0e-9
Lsource 3 7 4.63e-9
```

```
RGate 1 9 48.1
Rdrain 2 5 10
RLsource 3 7 46.3
```

```
Mmed 16 6 8 8 MmedMOD
Mstro 16 6 8 8 MstroMOD
Mweak 16 21 8 8 MweakMOD
```

```
Rbreak 17 18 RbreakMOD 1
Rdrain 50 16 RdrainMOD 14e-3
Rgate 9 20 1.36
RSLC1 5 51 RSLCMOD 1e-6
RSLC2 5 50 1e3
Rsource 8 7 RsourceMOD 20e-3
Rvthres 22 8 RvthresMOD 1
Rvttemp 18 19 RvttempMOD 1
S1a 6 12 13 8 S1AMOD
S1b 13 12 13 8 S1BMOD
S2a 6 15 14 13 S2AMOD
S2b 13 15 14 13 S2BMOD
```

```
Vbat 22 19 DC 1
```

```
ESLC 51 50 VALUE={(V(5,51)/ABS(V(5,51)))*(PWR(V(5,51)/(1e-6*65),3))}
```

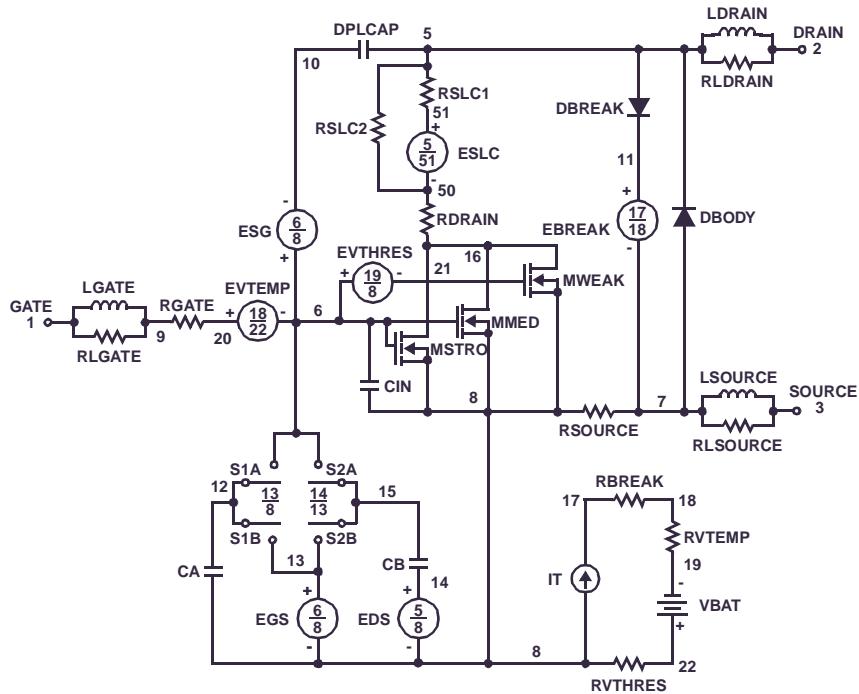
```
.MODEL DbodyMOD D (IS=2.4E-11 N=1.08 RS=4.2e-3 TRS1=2.2e-3 TRS2=2.5e-9
+ CJO=1.35e-9 M=6.3e-1 TT=4.8e-8 XTI=3.9)
.MODEL DbreakMOD D (RS=1.5e-1 TRS1=1e-3 TRS2=-8.9e-6)
.MODEL DplcapMOD D (CJO=.43e-9 IS=1e-30 N=10 M=0.66)
```

```
.MODEL MmedMOD NMOS (VTO=3.5 KP=4 IS=1e-30 N=10 TOX=1 L=1u W=1u RG=9.3e-1)
.MODEL MstroMOD NMOS (VTO=4.0 KP=70 IS=1e-30 N=10 TOX=1 L=1u W=1u)
.MODEL MweakMOD NMOS (VTO=3.12 KP=0.06 IS=1e-30 N=10 TOX=1 L=1u W=1u RG=9.3e-1 RS=.1)
```

```
.MODEL RbreakMOD RES (TC1=1e-3 TC2=-15e-7)
.MODEL RdrainMOD RES (TC1=1.7e-2 TC2=4e-5)
.MODEL RSLCMOD RES (TC1=2.5e-3 TC2=1e-6)
.MODEL RsourceMOD RES (TC1=1e-3 TC2=1e-6)
.MODEL RvthresMOD RES (TC1=-5.3e-3 TC2=1.5e-5)
.MODEL RvttempMOD RES (TC1=-2.7e-3 TC2=1e-6)
```

```
.MODEL S1AMOD VSWITCH (RON=1e-5 ROFF=0.1 VON=-4 VOFF=-1.5)
.MODEL S1BMOD VSWITCH (RON=1e-5 ROFF=0.1 VON=-1.5 VOFF=-4)
.MODEL S2AMOD VSWITCH (RON=1e-5 ROFF=0.1 VON=-1 VOFF=0.5)
.MODEL S2BMOD VSWITCH (RON=1e-5 ROFF=0.1 VON=0.5 VOFF=-1)
.ENDS
```

Note: For further discussion of the PSPICE model, consult **A New PSPICE Sub-Circuit for the Power MOSFET Featuring Global Temperature Options**; IEEE Power Electronics Specialist Conference Records, 1991, written by William J. Hepp and C. Frank Wheatley.



SABER Electrical Model

```
rev June 11, 2002
template FDB42AN15A0 n2,n1,n3
electrical n2,n1,n3
```

```
{
var i iscl
```

```
dp..model dbodymod = (isl=2.4e-11, nl=1.08, rs=4.2e-3, trs1=2.2e-3, trs2=2.5e-9, cjo=1.35e-9, m=6.3e-1, tt=4.8e-8, xti=3.9)
dp..model dbreakmod = (rs=1.5e-1, trs1=1e-3, trs2=-8.9e-6)
dp..model dplcapmod = (cjo=-43e-9, isl=10e-30, nl=10, m=0.66)
m..model mmedmod = (type=_n, vto=3.5, kp=4, is=1e-30, tox=1)
m..model mstrongmod = (type=_n, vto=4.0, kp=70, is=1e-30, tox=1)
m..model mweakmod = (type=_n, vto=3.12, kp=0.06, is=1e-30, tox=1, rs=.1)
sw_vcsp..model s1amod = (ron=1e-5, roff=0.1, von=-4, voff=-1.5)
sw_vcsp..model s1bmod = (ron=1e-5, roff=0.1, von=-1.5, voff=-4)
sw_vcsp..model s2amod = (ron=1e-5, roff=0.1, von=-1, voff=0.5)
sw_vcsp..model s2bmod = (ron=1e-5, roff=0.1, von=0.5, voff=-1)
c.ca n12 n8 = 6.0e-10
c.cb n15 n14 = 8e-10
c.cin n6 n8 = 2.1e-9
```

```
dp.dbody n7 n5 = model=dbodymod
dp.dbreak n5 n11 = model=dbreakmod
dp.dplcap n10 n5 = model=dplcapmod
```

```
spe.ebreak n11 n7 n17 n18 = 159.5
spe.eds n14 n8 n5 n8 = 1
spe.egs n13 n8 n6 n8 = 1
spe.esg n6 n10 n6 n8 = 1
spe.evthres n6 n21 n19 n8 = 1
spe.evtemp n20 n6 n18 n22 = 1
```

```
i.it n8 n17 = 1
```

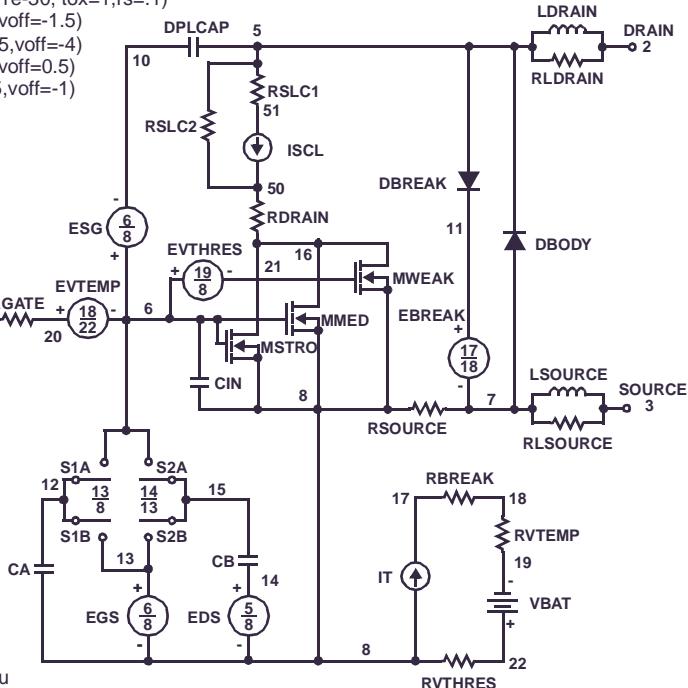
```
I.igate n1 n9 = 4.81e-9
I.ldrain n2 n5 = 1.0e-9
I.lsourc n3 n7 = 4.63e-9
```

```
res.rlgate n1 n9 = 48.1
res.rldrain n2 n5 = 10
res.rlsourc n3 n7 = 46.3
```

```
m.mmed n16 n6 n8 n8 = model=mmedmod, l=1u, w=1u
m.mstrong n16 n6 n8 n8 = model=mstrongmod, l=1u, w=1u
m.mweak n16 n21 n8 n8 = model=mweakmod, l=1u, w=1u
```

```
res.rbreak n17 n18 = 1, tc1=1e-3, tc2=-15e-7
res.rdrain n50 n16 = 14e-3, tc1=1.7e-2, tc2=4e-5
res.rgate n9 n20 = 1.36
res.rslc1 n5 n51 = 1e-6, tc1=2.5e-3, tc2=1e-6
res.rslc2 n5 n50 = 1e-3
res.rsource n8 n7 = 20e-3, tc1=1e-3, tc2=1e-6
res.rvthres n22 n8 = 1, tc1=-5.3e-3, tc2=-1.5e-5
res.rvtemp n18 n19 = 1, tc1=-2.7e-3, tc2=1e-6
sw_vcsp.s1a n6 n12 n13 n8 = model=s1amod
sw_vcsp.s1b n13 n12 n13 n8 = model=s1bmod
sw_vcsp.s2a n6 n15 n14 n13 = model=s2amod
sw_vcsp.s2b n13 n15 n14 n13 = model=s2bmod
```

```
v.vbat n22 n19 = dc=1
equations {
i (n51->n50) +=iscl
iscl: v(n51,n50) = ((v(n5,n51)/(1e-9+abs(v(n5,n51))))*((abs(v(n5,n51)*1e6/65))** 3))}
```



PSPICE Thermal Model

REV 23 June 11, 2002

FDB42AN15A0_Thermal

```
CTHERM1 TH 6 2e-3
CTHERM2 6 5 4.5e-3
CTHERM3 5 4 7e-3
CTHERM4 4 3 3e-2
CTHERM5 3 2 4e-2
CTHERM6 2 TL 8.5e-1
```

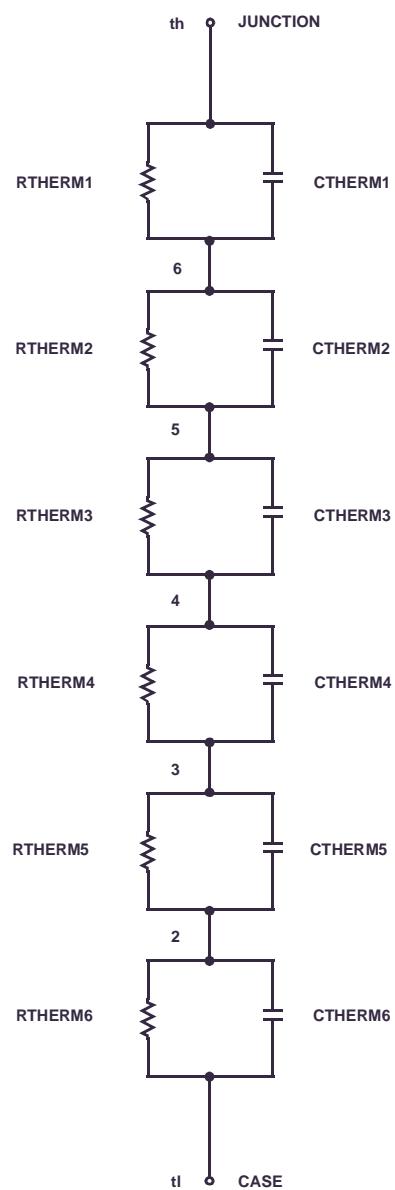
```
RTERM1 TH 6 6.2e-2
RTERM2 6 5 8.2e-2
RTERM3 5 4 9.2e-2
RTERM4 4 3 9.7e-2
RTERM5 3 2 0.2
RTERM6 2 TL 0.22
```

SABER Thermal Model

SABER thermal model FDB42AN15A0_Thermal
template thermal_model th tl
thermal_c th, tl

```
{
  ctherm.ctrerm1 th 6 =2e-3
  ctherm.ctrerm2 6 5 =4.5e-3
  ctherm.ctrerm3 5 4 =7e-3
  ctherm.ctrerm4 4 3 =3e-2
  ctherm.ctrerm5 3 2 =4e-2
  ctherm.ctrerm6 2 tl =8.5e-1

  rtherm.rtherm1 th 6 =6.2e-2
  rtherm.rtherm2 6 5 =8.2e-2
  rtherm.rtherm3 5 4 =9.2e-2
  rtherm.rtherm4 4 3 =9.7e-2
  rtherm.rtherm5 3 2 =0.2
  rtherm.rtherm6 2 tl =0.22}
```



TRADEMARKS

The following are registered and unregistered trademarks Fairchild Semiconductor owns or is authorized to use and is not intended to be an exhaustive list of all such trademarks.

ACEx™	FACT™	ImpliedDisconnect™	PACMAN™	SPM™
ActiveArray™	FACT Quiet Series™	ISOPLANAR™	POPTM	Stealth™
Bottomless™	FAST®	LittleFET™	Power247™	SuperSOT™-3
CoolFET™	FASTR™	MicroFET™	PowerTrench®	SuperSOT™-6
CROSSVOLT™	FRFET™	MicroPak™	QFET™	SuperSOT™-8
DOME™	GlobalOptoisolator™	MICROWIRE™	QS™	SyncFET™
EcoSPARK™	GTO™	MSX™	QT Optoelectronics™	TinyLogic™
E ² CMOS™	HiSeC™	MSXPro™	Quiet Series™	TruTranslation™
EnSigna™	I ² C™	OCX™	RapidConfigure™	UHC™
Across the board. Around the world.™		OCXPro™	RapidConnect™	UltraFET®
The Power Franchise™		OPTOLOGIC®	SILENT SWITCHER®	VCXTM
Programmable Active Droop™		OPTOPLANAR™	SMART START™	

DISCLAIMER

FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MAKE CHANGES WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE TO ANY PRODUCTS HEREIN TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION OR DESIGN. FAIRCHILD DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ANY PRODUCT OR CIRCUIT DESCRIBED HEREIN; NEITHER DOES IT CONVEY ANY LICENSE UNDER ITS PATENT RIGHTS, NOR THE RIGHTS OF OTHERS.

LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

FAIRCHILD'S PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN APPROVAL OF FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION.

As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, or (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.
2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

Definition of Terms

Datasheet Identification	Product Status	Definition
Advance Information	Formative or In Design	This datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice.
Preliminary	First Production	This datasheet contains preliminary data, and supplementary data will be published at a later date. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design.
No Identification Needed	Full Production	This datasheet contains final specifications. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design.
Obsolete	Not In Production	This datasheet contains specifications on a product that has been discontinued by Fairchild semiconductor. The datasheet is printed for reference information only.