# EUROTECHNIQUE (

# ET2147/ETL2147 Family 4096 × 1 Static Random Access Memories

## **General Description**

The ET2147 is a 4096-word by 1-bit static random access memory fabricated using N-channel silicon-gate technology X-MOS. All internal circuits are fully static and therefore require no clocks or refreshing for operation. The data is read out non-destructively and has the same polarity as the input data.

The separate ship select input automatically switches the part to its low power standby mode.

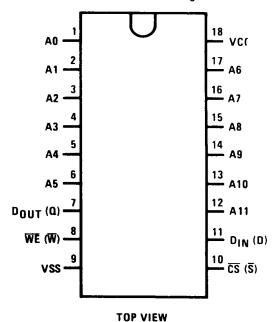
The output is held in a high impedance state during write to simplify common I/O applications

#### **Features**

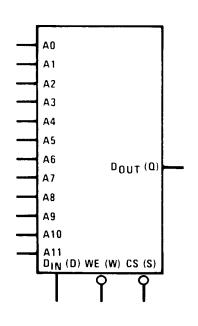
- All inputs and outputs directly TTL compatible
- Static operation -no clocks or refreshing required
- Automatic power down
- High speed down to 55 ns access time
- Three-state output for bus interface
- Separate Data In and Data Out pins
- Single + 5V supply
- Standard 18-pin dual-in-line package

### Connection Diagram\*

#### Dual-In-Line Package



# Logic Symbol\*



#### Pin Names\*

AU-#11	Address Inputs
WE (W)	Write Enable
CS (S)	Chip Şelect
DIN (D)	Data In
DOUT (Q)	Data Out
VCC	Power (+5V)
VSS	Ground

### Truth Table\*

CS (S)	WE (W)	D <sub>IN</sub> (D)	Pout (Q)	MODE	POWER
н	X	X	Hi-Z	Not Selected	Standby
L	L	Н	Hi-Z	Write 1	Active
L	L	L	Hi-Z	Write 0	Active
L	н	X	DOUT	Read	Active

<sup>&</sup>quot;Symbols in parentheses are industry standard.

#### **Functional Description**

Two pins control the operation of the ET2147. Chip select enables write and read operations, deselects the device putting it in the low power standby mode, and controls TRI-STATING of the data-output buffer. Write enable chooses between READ and WRITE modes and also controls output TRI-STATING. The truth table details the states produced by combinations of the controls.

READ-cycle timing is shown in the section on Switching Time Waveforms. Write enable is kept high. Independent of chip select any change in address code causes new data to be fetched and brought to the output buffer. Chip select must be low, however, for the output buffer to be enabled and transfer the data to the output pin.

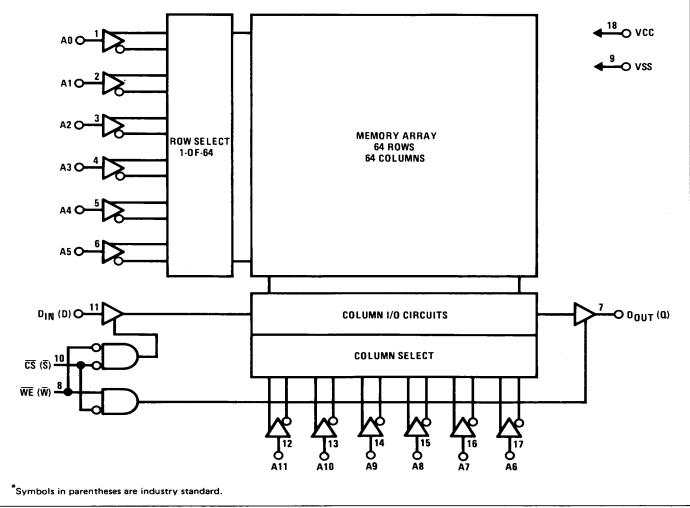
Address access time is the time required for an address change to produce new data at the output pin, assuming chip select has enabled the output buffer prior to data arrival. Chip select access time is the time required for chip select to enable the output buffer and transfer

previously fetched data to the output pin. Operation with chip select continuously held low is permissible.

WRITE-cycle timing is shown in the section on Switching Time Waveforms. Writing occurs only during the time both chip select and write enable are low. Minimum write pulse width refers to this simultaneous low region. Data set-up and hold times are measured with respect to whichever control first rises. Successive write operations may be performed with chip select continuously held low. Write enable then is used to terminate WRITE between address changes. Alternatively, write enable may be held low for successive WRITES and chip select used for write interruption between address change. In any event, either write enable or chip select (or both) must be high during address transitions to prevent erroneous WRITE.

Standby operation allows data to be maintained with approximately 85% less current. The device automatically switches to the low power standby mode whenever it is deselected.

### **Block Diagram\***



#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

#### **Operating Conditions**

Voltage on any Pin Relative to VSS Storage Temperature Range Power Dissipation

-1.5V to +7V -65°C to +150°C 1.2W

MIN MAX UNITS Supply Voltage (VCC) 5.5 Ambient Temperature (TA) +70

°C

DC Output Current Bias Temperature Range

20 mA  $-10^{\circ}$ C to  $+85^{\circ}$ C

Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 seconds)

300° C

### DC Electrical Characteristics TA = 0°C to +70°C, VCC = 5V ±10% (Note 1)

SYMBOL PAI		CONDITIONS	ET2147-3		ET2147		ETL2147		
	PARAMETER		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNITS
VIH	Logical "1" Input Voltage		2.0	6.0	2.0	6.0	2.0	6.0	V
VIL	Logical "0" Input Voltage		-1.0	0.8	-1.0	0.8	-1.0	0.8	V
VOH	Logical "1" Output Voltage	IOH = -4.0 mA	2.4		2.4		2.4		V
VOL	Logical "0" Output Voltage	IOL = 8.0 mA		0.4		0.4		0.4	V
ILI	Input Load Current	VIN = 0 to 5.25V, VCC = Max		10		10		10	μА
IILOI	Output Leakage Current	VO = 4.5V to Gnd, CS = VIH, VCC = Max		50		50		50	μΑ
ICC1	Power Supply Current	VCC = Max, $\overline{CS}$ = VIL, Outputs Open, TA = 25°C		170		150		135	mA
ICC2	Power Supply Current	VCC = Max, $\overline{CS}$ = VIL, Outputs Open, TA = 0°C		180		160		140	mA
ISB	Standby Current	VCC = Min to Max, CS = VIH		30		20		10	mA
IPO	Peak Power ON Current (Note 2)	VCC = Gnd to VCC Min,  CS = Lower of VCC or  VIH (MIN)		70		50		30	mA

#### Capacitance TA = 25°C, f = 1 MHz (Note 3)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	UNITS
CIN	Input Capacitance	All inputs VIN = 0V		5	pF
COUT	Output Capacitance	VO = 0V		6	pF

# AC Test Conditions (Note 4)

Input Pulse Levels Input Rise and Fall Times Input and Output Timing Reference Levels Output Load

Gnd to 3.5V 10 ns 1.5V See Figure 1

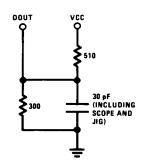


FIGURE 1. Output Load

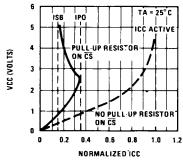


FIGURE 2. Power On Current

Note 1: Guaranteed with transverse air flow greater than 400 linear feet per minute.

Note 2: A pull-up resistor to VCC on the chip select input is required to keep the device deselected or power on current approaches ICC active (see Figure 2).

Note 3: This parameter is guaranteed by periodic testing.

Note 4: This device requires a 500 ns time delay after VCC reaches the specified minimum limit to ensure proper operation after power on. This allows the internally generated substrate bias to reach its functional level.

# Read Cycle AC Electrical Characteristics TA = 0°C to +70°C, VCC = 5V ±10%

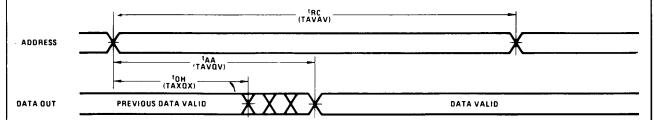
SYMBOL			ET2	ET2147-3		ET2147, ETL2147	
ALTERNATE	STANDARD	PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNITS
†RC	TAVAV	Read Cycle Time	55		70		ns
tAA.	TAVQV	Address Access Time		55	1	70	ns
tACS1	T3LQV1	Chip Select Access Time (Note 5)		55	1	70	ns
tACS2	TSLQV2	Chip Select Access Time (Nate 6)		65	1	80	ns
tOH	XOXAT	Output Hold from Address Change	5		5		ns
<sup>t</sup> LZ	TSLQX	. Chip Selection to Output Active	10		10		ns
tHZ	TSHQZ	Chip Deselection to Output TRI-STATE	0	40	0	40	. ns
tPU	TSLICCH	Chip Selection to Power Up	0		0		ns
<sup>t</sup> PD	TSLICCL	Chip Deselection to Power Down		30		30	ns

Note 5: Chip deselected for greater than 55 ns prior to selection.

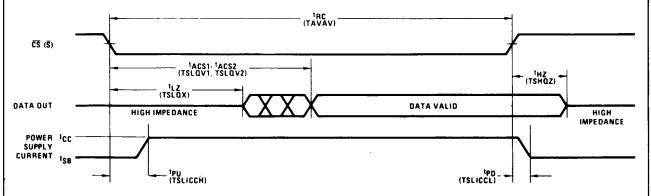
Note 6: Chip deselected for a finite time that is less than 55 ns prior to selection.

# Read Cycle Waveforms\*

#### Read Cycle No. 1 (Continuously Selected)



#### Read Cycle No. 2 (Chip Select Switched)



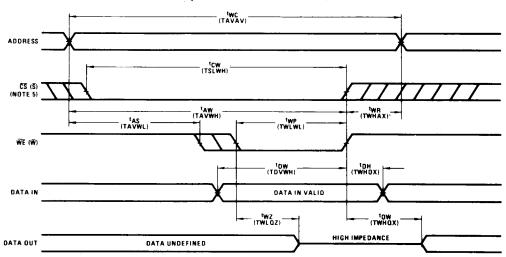
\*Symbols in parentheses are industry standard.

# Write Cycle AC Electrical Characteristics TA = 0°C to +70°C, VCC = 5V ±10%

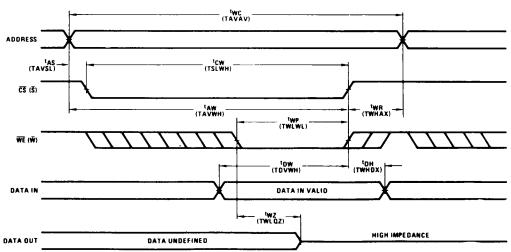
SYMBOL		242445752	ET2147-3		ET2147, ETL2147		
ALTERNATE	STANDARD	PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNITS
twc	TAVAV	Write Cycle Time	55		70		ns
†CW	TSLWH	Chip Selection to End of Write	45		55		ns
†AW	TAVWH	Address Valid to End of Write	45		55		ns
†AS	TAVWL TAVSL	Address Setup Time	0		0		ns
tWP	TWLWL	Write Pulse Width	35		40		ns
twr	TWHAX	Write Recovery Time	10		15		ns
tDW.	TDVWH	Data Valid to End of Write	25		30		ns
†DH	TWHDX	Data Hold Time	10		10		ns
twz	TWLQZ	Write Enabled to Output in Hi-Z	0	30	0	35	ns
vov	TWHQX	Output Active from End of Write	0	ļ	0		ns

# Write Cycle Waveforms\* (Note 7)

### Write Cycle No. 1 (WE Controlled)

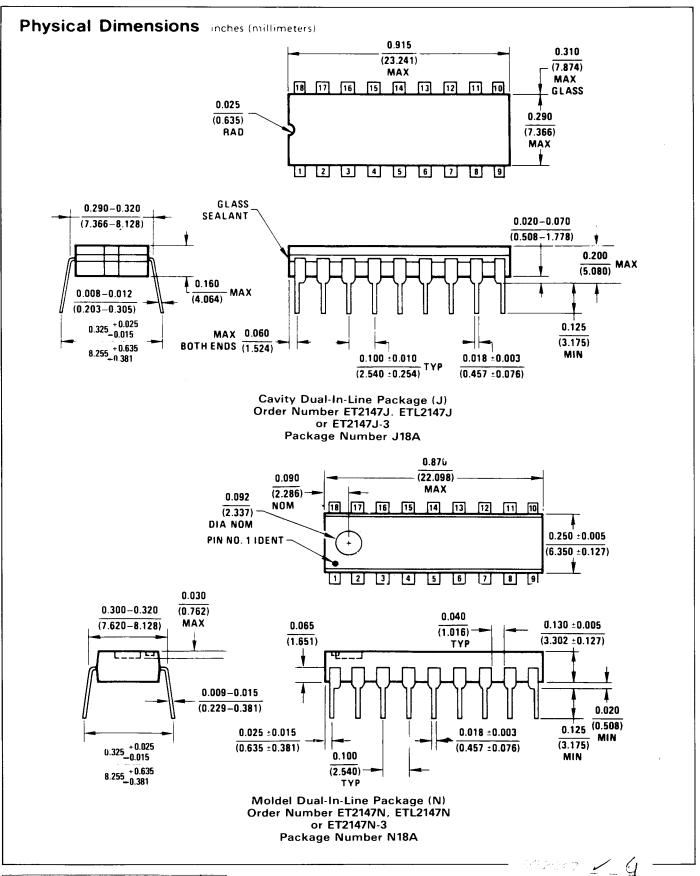


#### Write Cycle No. 2 (CS Controlled)



Note 7: A write occurs during the coincidental low of  $\overline{CS}$  and  $\overline{WE}$ . The output remains TRI-STATE if  $\overline{CS}$  and  $\overline{WE}$  go high simultaneously.  $\overline{WE}$  or  $\overline{CS}$  or both must be high during adress transitions.

\*Symbols in parentheses are industry standard.





Eurotechnique: 3, place Gustave Eiffel, Silic 209, 94518 Rungis Cedex, France, Tél. (1) 687.23.03, Telex: 201068

Eurotechnique Semiconductor Ltd: 4 th floor Lambourne House, 7 Western Road, Romford, Essex RM 1 3LD, UK, Tel. (708) 27.488, Telex:896683 E.T.S. Eurotechnique Semiconductor Verkaufs -GmbH, Neusser Strasse 9, D-8000 Munich 40, Germany, Tel. (89) 36.30.85/86, Telex: 528283

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