



# µP Supervisory Circuits

## FEATURES

- n Reset guaranteed valid for 1.0 V  $V_{CC}$
- n 6µA supply current
- n 200ms Reset pulse width
- n Watchdog timer function 1.6s timeout
- n Accurate brownout detection reset in 3.0, 3.6, and 5.0 volt systems
- n Secondary low supply monitoring on PFI input
- n Pin and function compatible with the MAX705/MAX706/MAX813L products
- n Operating Range from -40°C to +85°C
- n RoHS Compliant SOIC 8-lead and MSOP 8-lead packages

## APPLICATIONS

- n Microprocessor and microcontroller based systems
- n Instrument and control systems
- n Portable equipment

## DESCRIPTION

The CAT705, CAT706, and CAT813 provide reset and monitoring functions for the electronic systems. Each device monitors the system voltage and maintains a reset output until that voltage reaches the device's specified trip value and then maintains the reset output active condition until the device's internal timer allows the system power supply to stabilize.

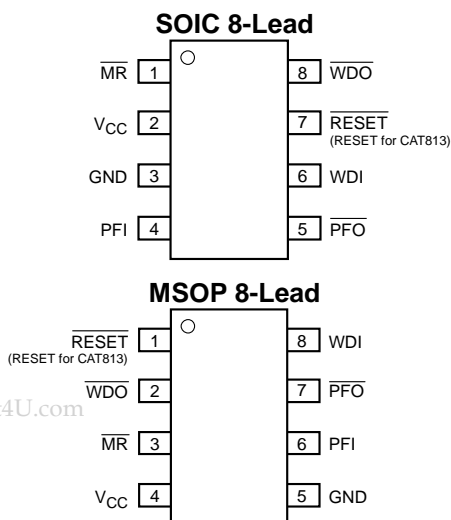
The devices have a watchdog input which can be used to monitor a system signal and causes  $\overline{WDO}$  to go low if the signal fails to change state prior to a timeout condition.

The supervisory circuits provide a  $\overline{MR}$  input which initiates a reset if pulled low. The CAT705 and CAT706 provide an active low  $\overline{RESET}$  output. The CAT813 provides an active high  $RESET$  output.

There is a secondary supply monitor (PFI) included for power-fail warning.

For Ordering Information details, see page 13.

## PIN CONFIGURATION

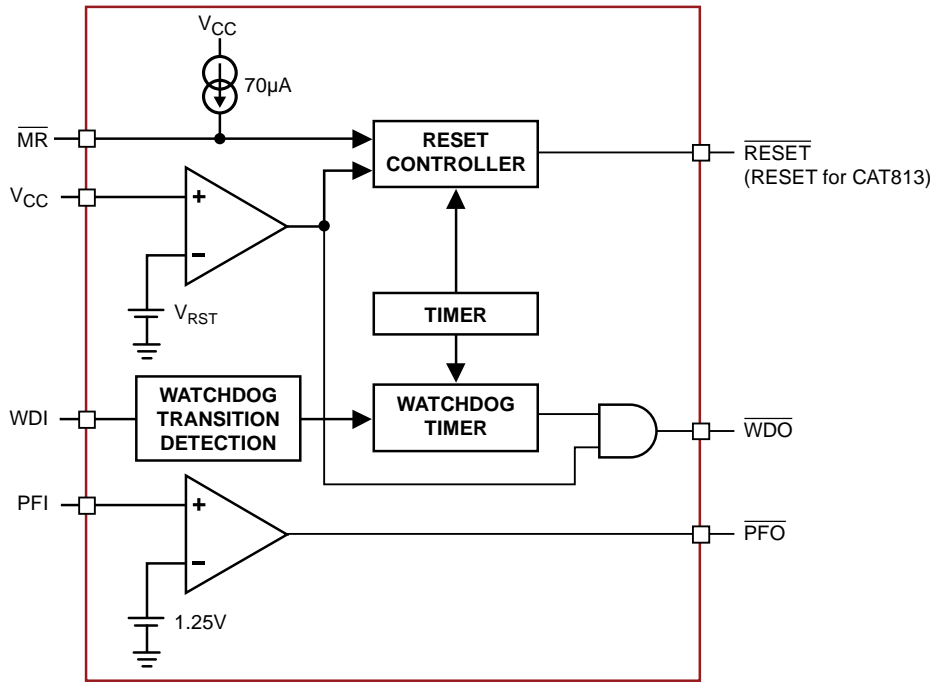


## PIN FUNCTIONS

Pin Name	Function
$\overline{MR}$	Manual Reset Input
$V_{CC}$	Power Supply
GND	Ground
PFI	Power Fail voltage monitor Input.
$\overline{PFO}$	Power Fail Output
WDI	Watchdog Timer Input
$\overline{RESET}$	CMOS Push-Pull Active Low Reset Output (CAT705 & CAT706)
RESET	CMOS Push-Pull Active High Reset Output (CAT813)
$\overline{WDO}$	Watchdog Timer Output

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**BLOCK DIAGRAM**



Device	RESET	RESET	MR	WDI	WDO	PFI
CAT705	@ 4.65 V		x	x	x	@ 1.25 V
CAT706	x		x	x	x	@ 1.25 V
CAT813		@ 4.65 V	x	x	x	@ 1.25 V

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS<sup>(1)</sup>**

Parameters	Ratings	Units
Supply Voltage	6.5	V
All other pins	-0.3 to ( $V_{CC} + 0.3$ )	V
Output Current RESET, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ , $\overline{\text{WDO}}$	20	mA
Continuous Power Dissipations ( $T_A = +70^\circ\text{C}$ )		mW
SOIC 8-lead (derate 5.9mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$ above $+70^\circ\text{C}$ )	471	
MSOP 8-lead (derate 4.1mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$ above $+70^\circ\text{C}$ )	330	
Storage Temperature	-65 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Soldering (10 seconds max)	+300	$^\circ\text{C}$
ESD Rating: Human Body Model	2000	V
ESD Rating: Machine Model	200	V

**RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Parameter	Range	Units
$V_{CC}$ ( $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$ )	1.0 to 5.5	V
All Other Pins	-0.1 to ( $V_{CC} + 0.1$ )	V
Ambient Temperature	-40 to +85	$^\circ\text{C}$

**Notes:**

- (1) Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions outside of those listed in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to any absolute maximum rating for extended periods may affect device performance and reliability.

## CAT705, CAT706, CAT813

### ELECTRICAL OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS

Typical values at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  and  $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$  for CAT705, CAT706 and CAT813 versions.  
 $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{V}$  for the CAT706 T/S versions;  $V_{CC} = 3.0\text{V}$  for the CAT706 R version.<sup>(1)</sup>

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
$I_{CC}$	Supply Current	CAT705 CAT706 CAT813		6	17	$\mu\text{A}$
		CAT706 (R/S/T Versions)		4	12	$\mu\text{A}$
$V_{RST}$	Reset Threshold	CAT705 & CAT813 at $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$	4.50	4.65	4.75	V
		CAT706 at $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$	4.25	4.40	4.50	V
		CAT706T at $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$	3.00	3.08	3.15	V
		CAT706S at $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$	2.85	2.93	3.00	V
		CAT706R at $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$	2.55	2.63	2.70	V
	Reset Threshold Tempco <sup>(1)</sup>			40		ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$
	Reset Threshold Hysteresis <sup>(1)</sup>	CAT705 & CAT813		10		mV
		CAT706		5		mV
$t_{RD}$	$V_{CC}$ to Reset Delay <sup>(2)</sup>	$V_{CC} = V_{TH}$ to $(V_{TH} - 100\text{mV})$		20		$\mu\text{s}$
$t_{RP}$	Reset Active Timeout Period		140	200	400	ms
$V_{OH}$	RESET Output High Voltage	CAT705 & CAT706, $V_{CC} = V_{RST\ max}$ , $I_{SOURCE} = -120\mu\text{A}$	$V_{CC} - 1.5\text{V}$			V
		CAT705 & CAT706, $V_{CC} = V_{RST\ max}$ , $I_{SOURCE} = -30\mu\text{A}$	$0.8 \times V_{CC}$			
$V_{OL}$	RESET Output Low Voltage	CAT705 & CAT706, $V_{CC} = V_{RST\ min}$ , $I_{SINK} = 3.2\text{mA}$			0.4	V
		CAT705 & CAT706, $V_{CC} = 1.2\text{V}$ , $I_{SINK} = 100\mu\text{A}$			0.3	
$V_{OH}$	RESET Output High Voltage	CAT813, $V_{CC} = V_{RST\ max}$ , $I_{SOURCE} = -120\mu\text{A}$	$V_{CC} - 1.5\text{V}$			V
		CAT813, $V_{CC} = V_{RST\ max}$ , $I_{SOURCE} = -30\mu\text{A}$	$0.8 \times V_{CC}$			
$V_{OL}$	RESET Output Low Voltage	CAT813, $V_{CC} = V_{RST\ min}$ , $I_{SINK} = 3.2\text{mA}$			0.4	V
		CAT813, $V_{CC} = 1.2\text{V}$ , $I_{SINK} = 100\mu\text{A}$			0.3	

#### Notes:

- (1) Limits are guaranteed by design and not production tested.
- (2) The RESET short-circuit current is the maximum pull-up current when reset is driven low by a bidirectional output.

**ELECTRICAL OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

Typical values at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  and  $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$  for CAT705, CAT706, and CAT813 versions;  $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{V}$  for the CAT706 T/S versions;  $V_{CC} = 3.0\text{V}$  for the CAT706 R version.

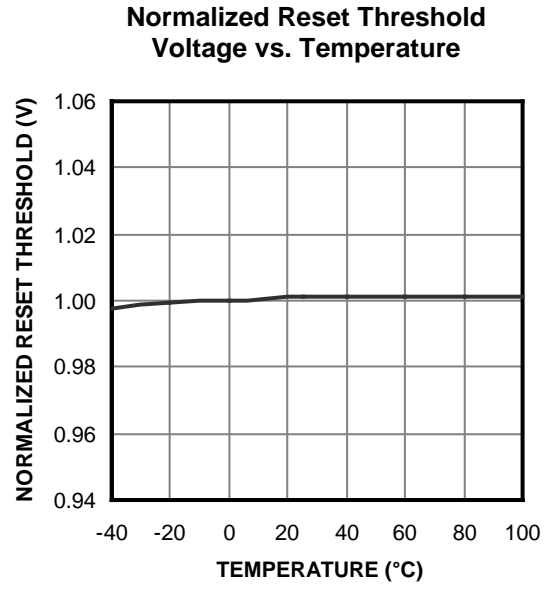
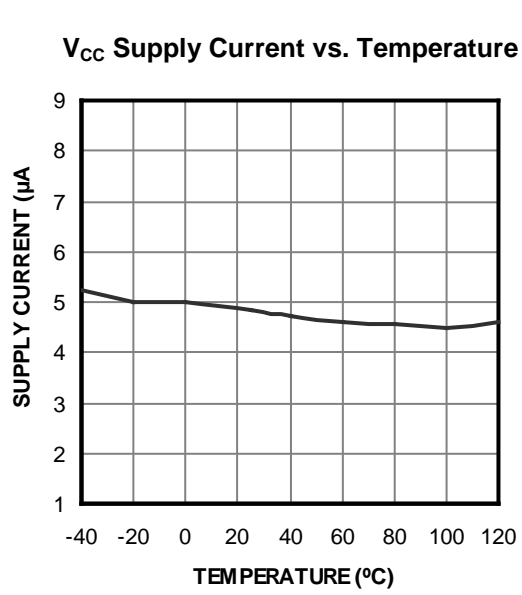
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>WATCHDOG INPUT</b>						
$t_{WD}$	Watchdog Timeout Period		1.00	1.6	2.25	s
$t_{WP}$	WDI Pulse Width	$V_{IL} = 0.4\text{ V}, V_{IH} = 0.8 \times V_{CC}$	50			ns
$V_{IL}$	WDI Input Voltage <sup>(3)</sup>				$0.3 \times V_{CC}$	V
$V_{IH}$			$0.7 \times V_{CC}$			
	WDI Input Current <sup>(4)</sup>	WDI = $V_{CC}$ , Time Average		50	150	$\mu\text{A}$
		WDI = $0\text{V}$ , Time Average	-150	-50		
$V_{W\_OH}$	WDO Output Voltage	$V_{RST(max)} < V_{CC} < 3.6\text{ V}$ $I_{SOURCE} = -500\ \mu\text{A}$	$0.8 \times V_{CC}$			V
		$4.5\text{ V} < V_{CC} < 5.5\text{ V}$ , $I_{SOURCE} = -800\ \mu\text{A}$	$V_{CC} - 1.5$	$V_{CC} - 0.25$		
$V_{W\_OL}$		$V_{RST(max)} < V_{CC} < 3.6\text{ V}$ , $I_{SINK} = +500\ \mu\text{A}$			0.3	
		$4.5\text{ V} < V_{CC} < 5.5\text{ V}$ , $I_{SINK} = 1.2\text{ mA}$		0.1	0.4	
<b>MANUAL RESET INPUT</b>						
$V_{IL}$	MR Input Voltage				$0.3 \times V_{CC}$	V
$V_{IH}$			$0.7 \times V_{CC}$			
	MR Pull-up Current	MR = $0\text{ V}$	40	70	140	$\mu\text{A}$
$t_{PB}$	MR Pulse Width		1			$\mu\text{s}$
$t_{PDL}$	MR low to Reset Delay <sup>(5)</sup>				5	$\mu\text{s}$
<b>POWER-FAIL INPUT</b>						
	PFI Input Threshold	$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$	1.2	1.25	1.3	V
	PFI Input Current		-25	0.01	25	nA
$V_{P\_OH}$	PFO Output Voltage	$V_{RST(max)} < V_{CC} < 3.6\text{ V}$ , $I_{SOURCE} = -500\ \mu\text{A}$	$0.8 \times V_{CC}$			V
		$4.5\text{ V} < V_{CC} < 5.5\text{ V}$ , $I_{SOURCE} = -800\ \mu\text{A}$	$V_{CC} - 1.5\text{V}$		0.4	
$V_{P\_OL}$		$V_{RST(max)} < V_{CC} < 3.6\text{ V}$ , $I_{SINK} = +1.2\text{ mA}$			0.3	
		$4.5\text{ V} < V_{CC} < 5.5\text{ V}$ , $I_{SINK} = 3.2\text{ mA}$			0.4	

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**Notes:**

- (3) WDI is internally serviced within the watchdog period if WDI is left open.
- (4) The WDI input current is specified as an average input current when the WDI input is driven high or low. The WDI input if connected to a three-stated output device can be disabled in the tristate mode as long as the leakage current is less than  $10\ \mu\text{A}$  and a maximum capacitance of less than  $200\text{pF}$ . To clock the WDI input in the active mode the drive device must be able to source or sink at least  $200\ \mu\text{A}$  when active.
- (5)  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  for CAT705 & CAT706 & RESET for CAT813.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS TABLES



## FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

### PROCESSOR RESET

The CAT705, CAT706 & CAT813 detect supply voltage ( $V_{CC}$ ) conditions that are below the specified voltage trip value ( $V_{RST}$ ) and provide a reset output to maintain correct system operation. On power-up, RESET (or RESET for the CAT813) are kept active for a minimum delay  $t_{RP}$  of 140ms after the supply voltage ( $V_{CC}$ ) rises above  $V_{RST}$  to allow the power supply and processor to stabilize. When  $V_{CC}$  drops below the voltage trip value ( $V_{RST}$ ), the reset output signals RESET (or RESET) are pulled active. RESET (or RESET) is specifically designed to provide the reset input signals for processors. This provides reliable and consistent operation as power is turned on, off or during brownout conditions by maintaining the processor operation in known conditions.

### MANUAL RESET

The CAT705, CAT706 & CAT813 each have a Manual Reset (MR) input to allow for alternative control of the reset outputs. The MR input is designed for direct connection to a pushbutton (see Figure 1). The MR input is internally pulled up by 52k $\Omega$  resistor and must be pulled low to cause the reset output to go active. Internally, this input is debounced and timed such that RESET (or RESET) signals of at least 140ms minimum will be generated. The min 140ms  $t_{RP}$  delay commences as the Manual Reset input is released from the low level. (see Figure 2)

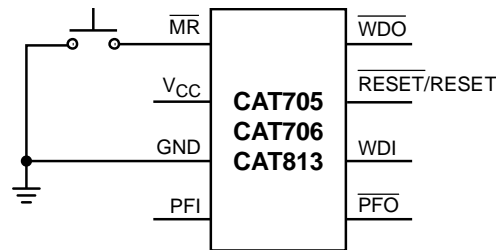


Figure 1. Pushbutton RESET

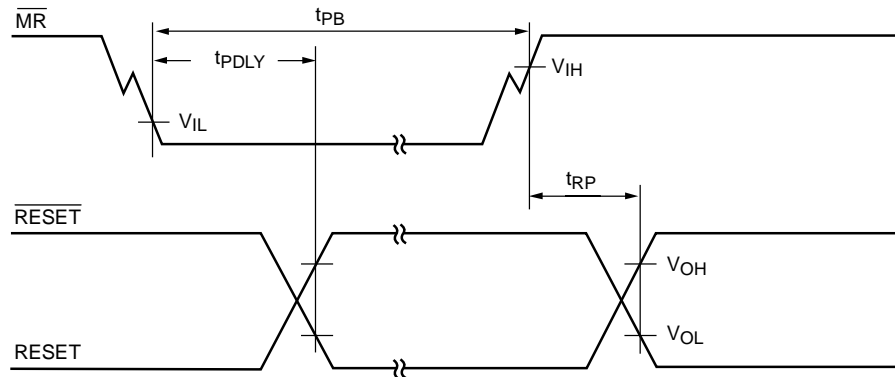


Figure 2. Timing Diagram – Pushbutton RESET

**WATCHDOG TIMER**

The CAT705, CAT706, & CAT813 provide a Watchdog input (WDI). The watchdog timer function controls the watchdog output ( $\overline{WDO}$ ) signal and forces the  $\overline{WDO}$  to be low (active) when the WDI input does not have a transition from low-to-high or high-to-low within 1.6s typical. If a transition occurs on the WDI input pin prior to the watchdog time-out, the watchdog timer is restarted. The timing diagram is shown in Figure 3. The watchdog timer starts as soon as reset condition becomes inactive.

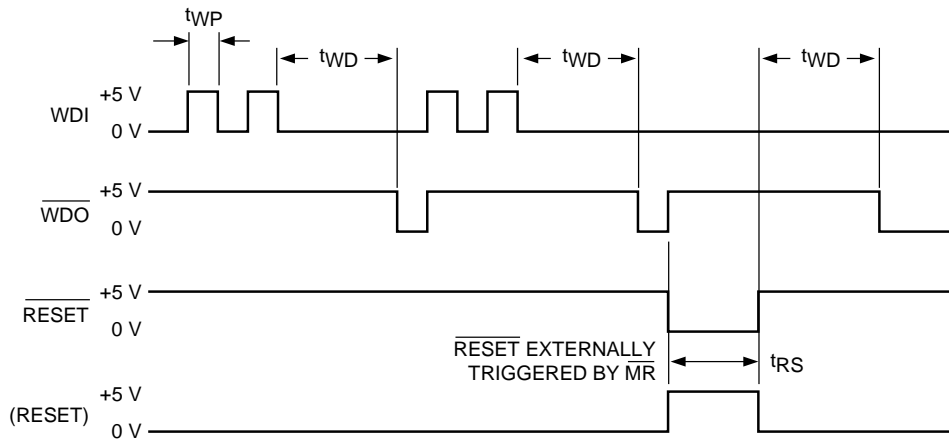
When the  $V_{CC}$  supply drops below the reset threshold, the  $\overline{WDO}$  output becomes active and goes low independently of the watchdog timing stage.

Figure 4 below shows a typical implementation of a watchdog function. Any processor signal that repeats dependant on the normal operation of the processor

or directed by the software operating on the processor can be used to strobe the watchdog input. The most reliable is a dedicated I/O output transitioned by a specific software instruction.

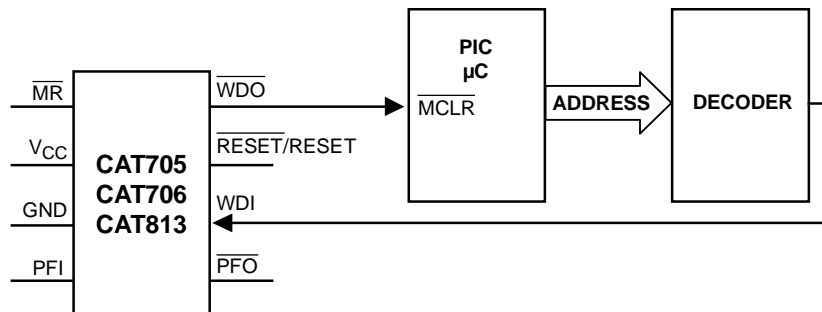
The watchdog can be disabled by floating (or tri-stating) the WDI input (see Figure 5). If the watchdog is disabled the WDI pin will be pulled low for the first  $7/8^{th}$ s of the watchdog period ( $t_{WD}$ ) and pulled high for the last  $1/8^{th}$  of the watchdog period. This pulling low of the WDI input and then high is used to detect an open or tri-state condition and will continue to repeat until the WDI input is driven high or low.

For most efficient operation of devices with the watchdog function the WDI input should be held low the majority of the time and only strobed high as required to reset the watchdog timer.



( $\overline{\quad}$ ) Are for CAT813 Only

**Figure 3. Watchdog Timing Diagram**



**Figure 4. Watchdog Timer Circuit**



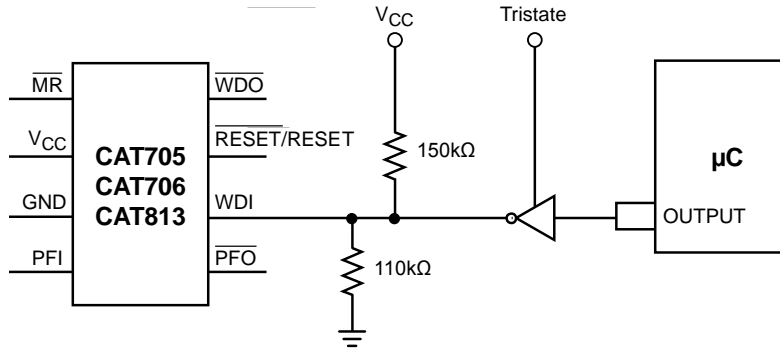


Figure 5. Watchdog Disable Circuit

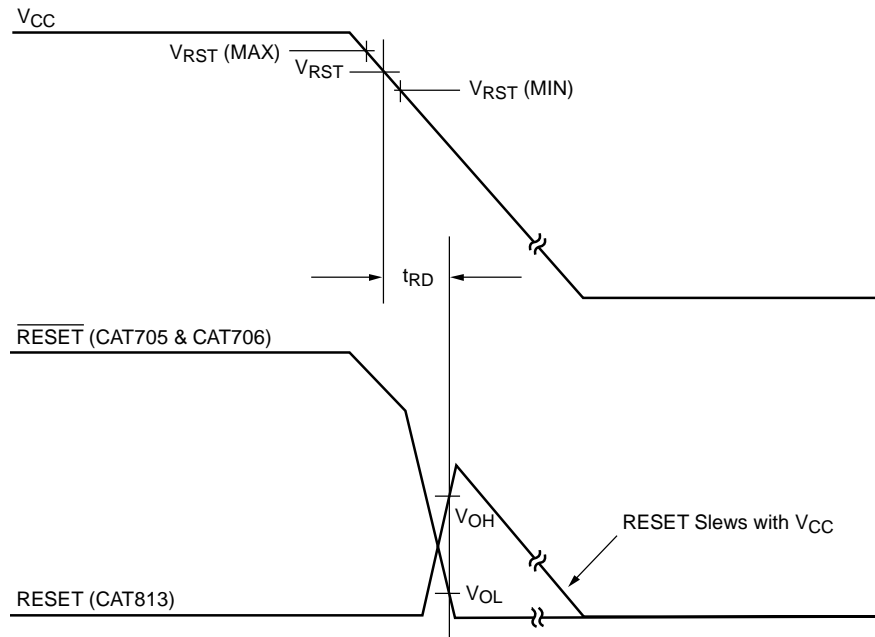


Figure 6. Timing Diagram – Power Down

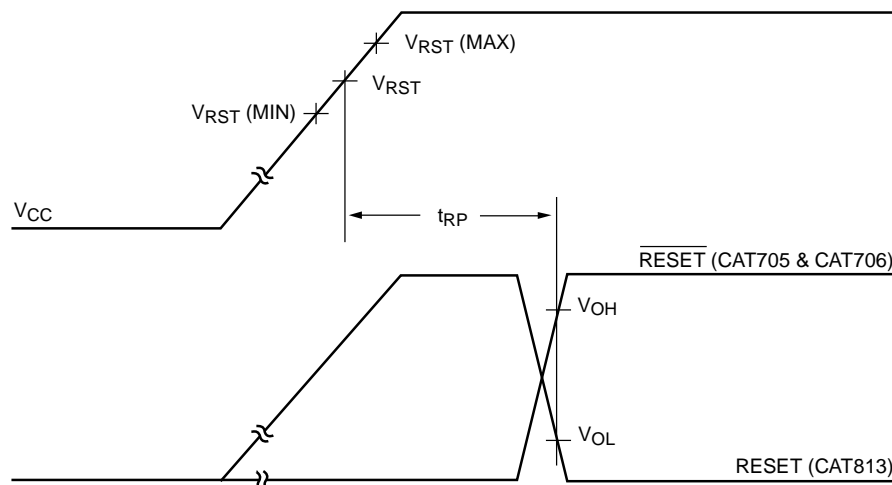


Figure 7. Timing Diagram – Power Up

**APPLICATION NOTES**

**µP's with Bidirectional Reset Pins**

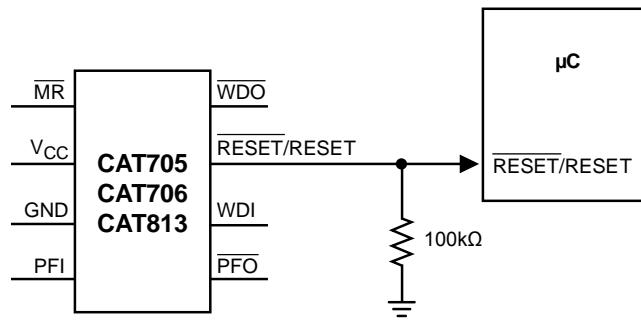
The RESET output can be pulled low by processors like the 68HC11 allowing for a system reset issued by the processor. The maximum pullup current that can be sourced by the CAT705 & CAT706 1.5mA (and by the CAT706 T/R/S is 800µA) allowing the processor to pull the output low even when the CAT70x is pulling it high.

**Power Transients**

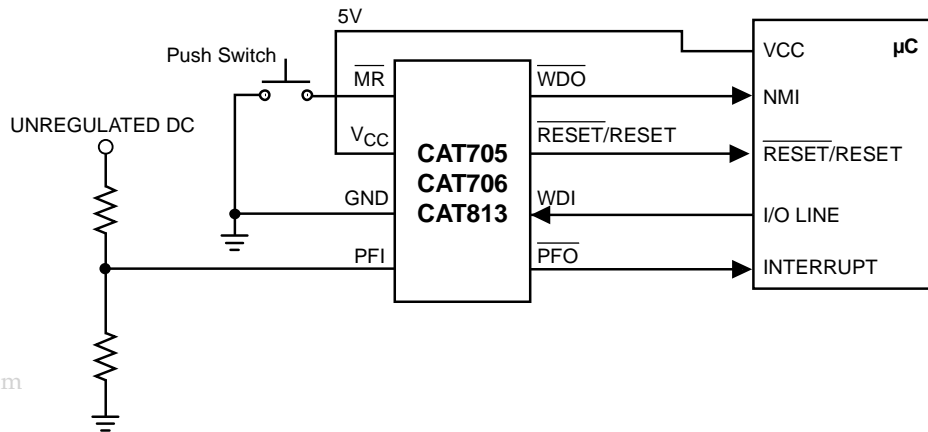
Generally short duration negative-going transients of less than 2µs on the power supply at V<sub>RST</sub> minimum will not cause a reset condition. However the lower the voltage of the transient the shorter the required time to cause a reset output. These issues can usually be remedied by the proper location of bypass capacitance on the circuit board.

**OUTPUT VALID CONDITIONS**

The RESET output uses a push-pull output which can maintain a valid output down to a V<sub>CC</sub> of 1.0 volts. To sink current below 0.8V a resistor can be connected from RESET to Ground (see Figure 8.) This arrangement will maintain a valid value on the RESET output during both power up and down but will draw current when the RESET output is in the high state. A resistor value of about 100kΩ should be adequate in most situations to maintain a low condition valid output down to V<sub>CC</sub> equal to 1.0V.



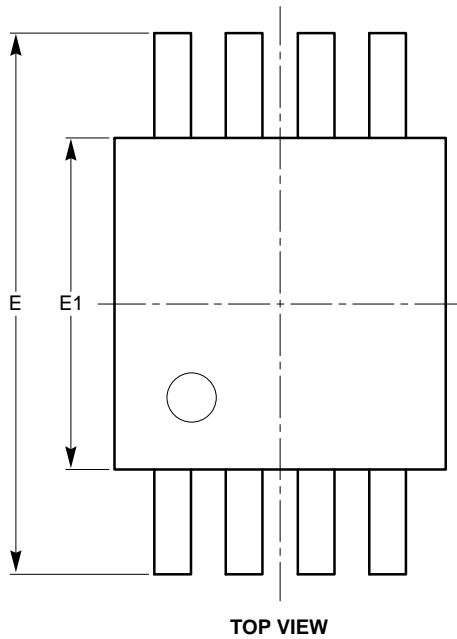
**Figure 8. RESET Valid for V<sub>CC</sub> < 1.0V**



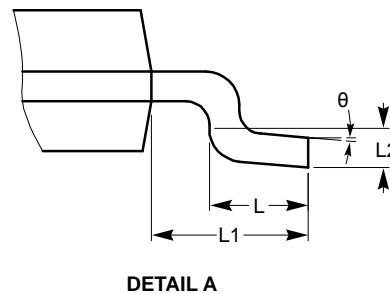
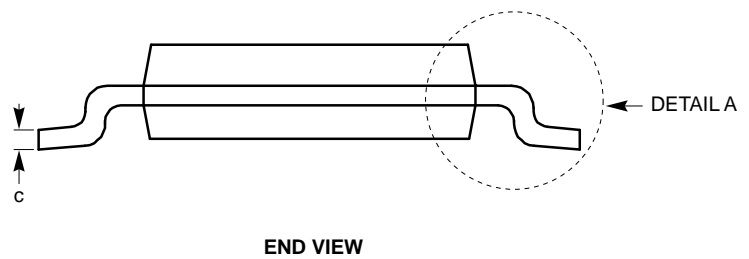
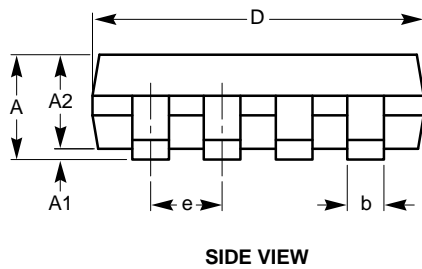
**Figure 9. Typical Operating Circuit**

PACKAGE OUTLINE DRAWINGS

MSOP 8-Lead 3.0 x 3.0mm (Z) <sup>(1) (2)</sup>



SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX
A			1.10
A1	0.05	0.10	0.15
A2	0.75	0.85	0.95
b	0.22		0.38
c	0.13		0.23
D	2.90	3.00	3.10
E	4.80	4.90	5.00
E1	2.90	3.00	3.10
e	0.65 BSC		
L	0.40	0.60	0.80
L1	0.95 REF		
L2	0.25 BSC		
$\theta$	0°		6°



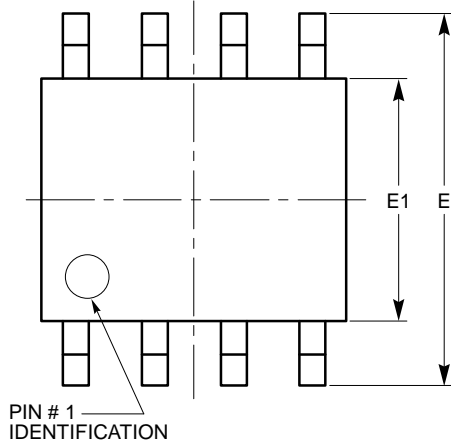
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Notes:

- (1) All dimensions are in millimeters. Angles in degrees.
- (2) Complies with JEDEC MO-187

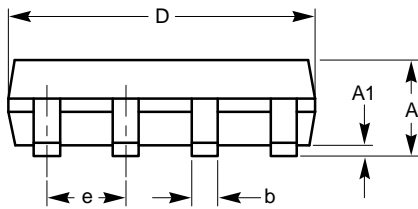
CAT705, CAT706, CAT813

SOIC 8-Lead 150 mils (V) <sup>(1) (2)</sup>

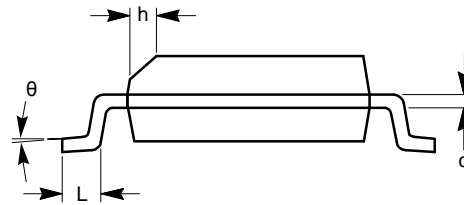


TOP VIEW

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX
A	1.35		1.75
A1	0.10		0.25
b	0.33		0.51
c	0.19		0.25
D	4.80		5.00
E	5.80		6.20
E1	3.80		4.00
e	1.27 BSC		
h	0.25		0.50
L	0.40		1.27
$\theta$	0°		8°



SIDE VIEW



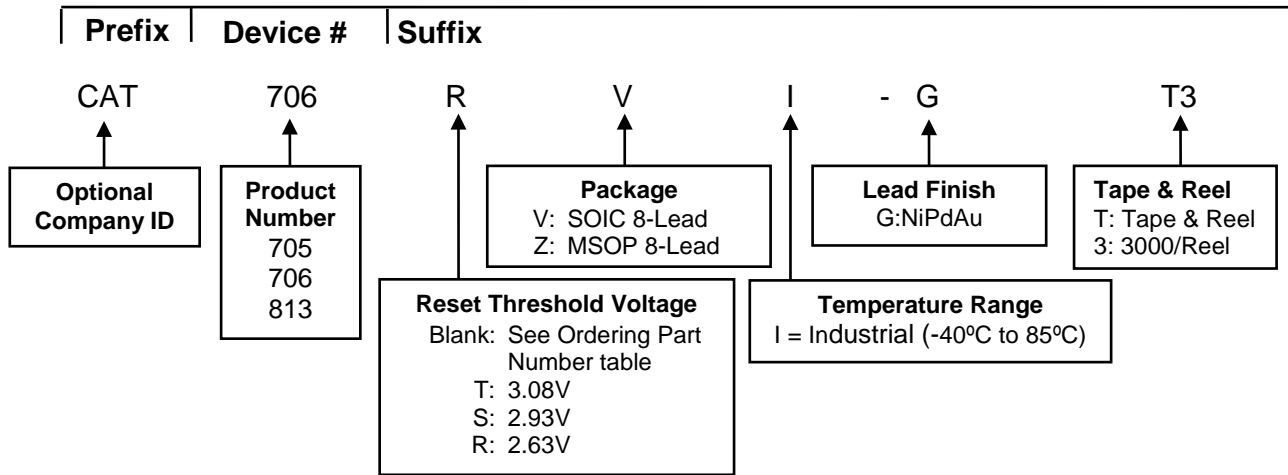
END VIEW

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Notes:

- (1) All dimensions are in millimeters. Angles in degrees.
- (2) Complies with JEDEC MS-012.

**EXAMPLE OF ORDERING INFORMATION**



**TOP MARKING INFORMATION (FOR ALL THRESHOLDS)**

**NiPdAu Finish (-G)**

Device #	Package	Top Marking
CAT705	MSOP	ABRT
CAT706	MSOP	ABRT
CAT813	MSOP	ABRS

Device #	Package	Top Marking
CAT705	SOIC	CAT705V
CAT706	SOIC	CAT706 V
CAT813	SOIC	CAT813V

**ORDERING PART NUMBER**

Order Part Number	Threshold Voltage
CAT705VI-G	4.65V
CAT705ZI-G	
CAT706VI-G	4.40V
CAT706ZI-G	
CAT706RVI-G	2.63V
CAT706RZI-G	
CAT706SVI-G	2.93V
CAT706SZI-G	
CAT706TVI-G	3.08V
CAT706TZI-G	
CAT813VI-G	4.65V
CAT813ZI-G	


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**Notes:**

- (1) All packages are RoHS-compliant (Lead-free, Halogen-free).
- (2) The standard lead finish is NiPdAu.
- (3) This device used in the above example is a CAT706RVI -GT3 (2.63V, SOIC 8-Lead, Industrial Temperature, NiPdAu, Tape & Reel, 3,000/reel)
- (4) Contact factory for package availability.

**REVISION HISTORY**

Date	Rev.	Description
21-Jan-08	A	Initial Issue
3-Nov-08	B	Change logo and fine print to ON Semiconductor
27-Oct-09	C	Update Features Update Applications Update Description Update Block Diagram Update Recommended Operating Conditions Update Electrical Operating Characteristics Update Watchdog Timing Update Top Marking Information
06-July-10	D	Update Electrical Operating Characteristics

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