



CHENMKO ENTERPRISE CO.,LTD

**SURFACE MOUNT
PNP SILICON Transistor**

VOLTAGE 80 Volts CURRENT 1 Ampere

CHT4033XPT

Lead free devices

APPLICATION

- * Telephony and professional communication equipment.
- * Other switching applications.

FEATURE

- * Small flat package. (SC-62/SOT-89)
- * Suitable for high packing density.
- * High saturation current capability.
- * Voltage controlled small signal switch.

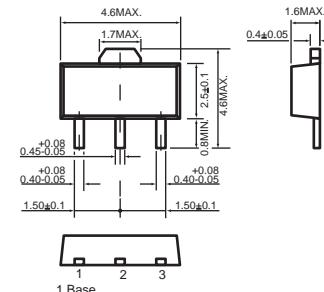
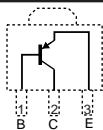
CONSTRUCTION

- * PNP SILICON Transistor



SC-62/SOT-89

CIRCUIT



Dimensions in millimeters

SC-62/SOT-89

LIMITING VALUES

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
V_{CBO}	collector-base voltage	open emitter	—	80	V
V_{CEO}	collector-emitter voltage	open base	—	80	V
V_{EBO}	emitter-base voltage	open collector	—	5.0	V
I_C	collector current (DC)		—	1.0	A
I_{CM}	peak collector current		—	1.5	A
P_{tot}	total power dissipation	$T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$; note 1	—	1.2	W
T_{stg}	storage temperature		-65	+150	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_j	junction temperature		—	150	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{amb}	operating ambient temperature		-65	+150	$^\circ\text{C}$

Note

1. Transistor mounted on an FR4 printed-circuit board.

RATING CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (CHT4033XPT)

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$R_{th\ j-a}$	thermal resistance from junction to ambient	note 1	357	K/W

Note

- Transistor mounted on an FR4 printed-circuit board.

CHARACTERISTICS

$T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$ unless otherwise specified.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
I_{CBO}	collector cut-off current	$I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 60\ V$	—	50	nA
I_{EBO}	emitter cut-off current	$I_C = 0; V_{EB} = 5\ V$	—	10	nA
h_{FE}	DC current gain	$I_C = 0.1\ mA; V_{CE} = 5V$ $I_C = 100\ mA; V_{CE} = 5V$ $I_C = 500\ mA; V_{CE} = 5V$ $I_C = 1.0A; V_{CE} = 5V$	75 100 70 25	— 300 — —	
V_{CEsat}	collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 150\ mA; I_B = 15\ mA$ $I_C = 500\ mA; I_B = 50\ mA$	— —	0.15 0.5	V
V_{BEsat}	base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 150\ mA; I_B = 15\ mA$ $I_C = 500\ mA; I_B = 50\ mA$	— —	0.9 1.1	V
C_{ob}	collector capacitance	$I_E = i_e = 0; V_{CB} = 1.0\ V; f = 1\ MHz$	—	20	pF
C_{ib}	emitter capacitance	$I_C = i_c = 0; V_{BE} = 500\ mV; f = 1\ MHz$	—	110	pF
f_T	transition frequency	$I_C = 50\ mA; V_{CE} = 1.0\ V; f = 1.0\ MHz$	100	—	MHz