

TOSHIBA CMOS Digital Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

# TC74VCXHR162245FT

## Low-Voltage 16-Bit Bus Transceiver with Bushold

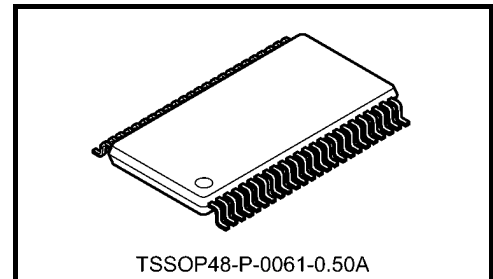
The TC74VCXHR162245FT is a high-performance CMOS 16-bit bus transceiver. Designed for use in 1.8-V, 2.5-V or 3.3-V systems, it achieves high-speed operation while maintaining the CMOS low power dissipation.

This 16-bit bus transceiver is controlled by direction control (DIR) inputs and output enable ( $\overline{OE}$ ) inputs which are common to each byte. It can be used as two 8-bit transceivers or one 16-bit transceiver. The direction of data transmission is determined by the level of the DIR inputs. The  $\overline{OE}$  inputs can be used to disable the device so that the busses are effectively isolated.

The 26- $\Omega$  series resistor helps reducing output overshoot and undershoot without external resistor.

The A, B data inputs include active bushold circuitry, eliminating the need for external pull-up resistors to hold unused or floating data inputs at a valid logic level.

All inputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge.



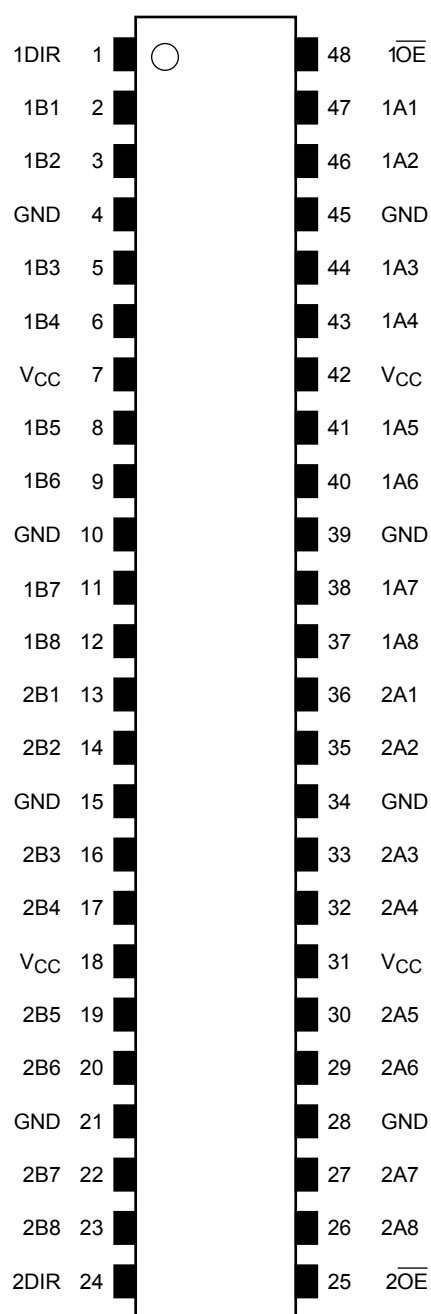
Weight: 0.25 g (typ.)

### Features (Note)

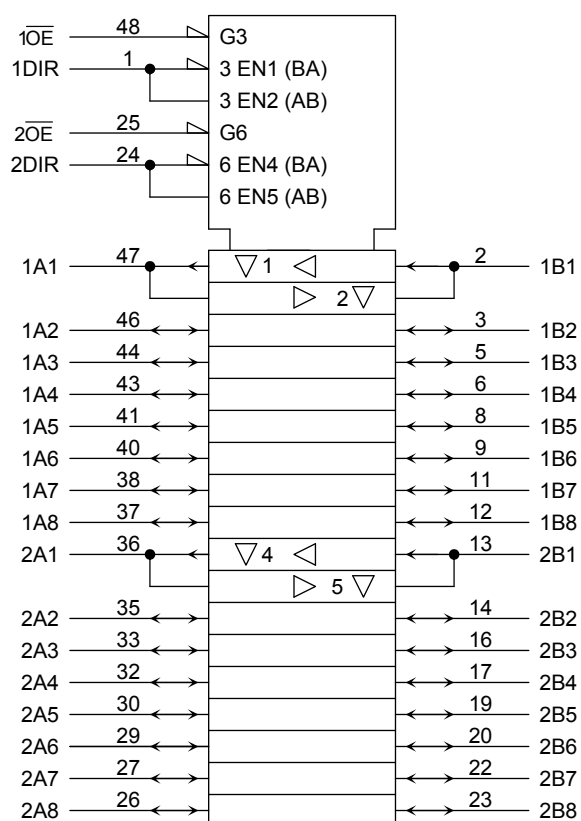
- 26- $\Omega$  series resistors on all outputs
- Low-voltage operation:  $V_{CC} = 1.8$  to 3.6 V
- Bushold on data inputs eliminating the need for external pull-up/pull-down resistors
- High-speed operation:  $t_{pd} = 3.4$  ns (max) ( $V_{CC} = 3.0$  to 3.6 V)  
:  $t_{pd} = 4.3$  ns (max) ( $V_{CC} = 2.3$  to 2.7 V)  
:  $t_{pd} = 5.7$  ns (max) ( $V_{CC} = 1.8$  V)
- 3.6-V tolerant control inputs.
- Output current:  $I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 12$  mA (min) ( $V_{CC} = 3.0$  V)  
:  $I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 8$  mA (min) ( $V_{CC} = 2.3$  V)  
:  $I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 4$  mA (min) ( $V_{CC} = 1.8$  V)
- Latch-up performance:  $-300$  mA
- ESD performance: Machine model  $\geq \pm 200$  V  
Human body model  $\geq \pm 2000$  V
- Package: TSSOP

Note: Do not apply a signal to any bus pins when it is in the output mode. Damage may result.

## Pin Assignment (top view)



## IEC Logic Symbol



Truth Table

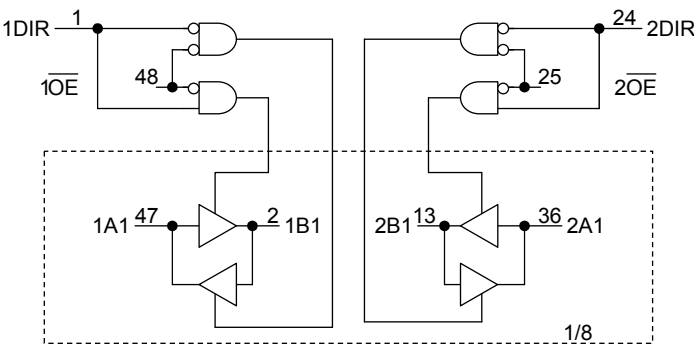
Inputs		Function		Outputs
$\overline{1OE}$	1DIR	Bus 1A1-1A8	Bus 1B1-1B8	
L	L	Output	Input	A = B
L	H	Input	Output	B = A
H	X	Z		Z

Inputs		Function		Outputs
$\overline{2OE}$	2DIR	BUS 2A1-2A8	BUS 2B1-2B8	
L	L	Output	Input	A = B
L	H	Input	Output	B = A
H	X	Z		Z

X: Don't care

Z: High impedance

System Diagram



## Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

Characteristics		Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power supply voltage		$V_{CC}$	-0.5 to 4.6	V
DC input voltage	(DIR, $\overline{OE}$ )	$V_{IN}$	-0.5 to 4.6	V
	(An, Bn)		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$ (Note 2)	
DC output voltage	(An, Bn)	$V_{OUT}$	-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$ (Note 3)	V
Input diode current		$I_{IK}$	-50	mA
Output diode current		$I_{OK}$	$\pm 50$ (Note 4)	mA
Output current		$I_{OUT}$	$\pm 50$	mA
Power dissipation		$P_D$	400	mW
DC $V_{CC}$ /ground current per supply pin		$I_{CC}/I_{GND}$	$\pm 100$	mA
Storage temperature		$T_{stg}$	-65 to 150	°C

Note 1: Exceeding any of the absolute maximum ratings, even briefly, lead to deterioration in IC performance or even destruction.

Using continuously under heavy loads (e.g. the application of high temperature/current/voltage and the significant change in temperature, etc.) may cause this product to decrease in the reliability significantly even if the operating conditions (i.e. operating temperature/current/voltage, etc.) are within the absolute maximum ratings and the operating ranges.

Please design the appropriate reliability upon reviewing the Toshiba Semiconductor Reliability Handbook ("Handling Precautions"/"Derating Concept and Methods") and individual reliability data (i.e. reliability test report and estimated failure rate, etc).

Note 2: OFF state

Note 3: High or low state.  $I_{OUT}$  absolute maximum rating must be observed.

Note 4:  $V_{OUT} < GND$ ,  $V_{OUT} > V_{CC}$

## Operating Ranges (Note 1) (Note 2)

Characteristics		Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power supply voltage		V <sub>CC</sub>	1.8 to 3.6	V
			1.2 to 3.6 (Note 3)	
Input voltage	(DIR, $\overline{OE}$ )	V <sub>IN</sub>	−0.3 to 3.6	V
	(An, Bn)		0 to V <sub>CC</sub> (Note 4)	
Output voltage	(An, Bn)	V <sub>OUT</sub>	0 to V <sub>CC</sub> (Note 5)	V
Output current		I <sub>OH</sub> /I <sub>OL</sub>	±12 (Note 6)	mA
			±8 (Note 7)	
			±4 (Note 8)	
Operating temperature		T <sub>opr</sub>	−40 to 85	°C
Input rise and fall time		dt/dv	0 to 10 (Note 9)	ns/V

Note 1: The operating ranges must be maintained to ensure the normal operation of the device. Unused inputs and bus inputs must be tied to either  $V_{CC}$  or GND. Please connect both bus inputs and the bus outputs with  $V_{CC}$  or GND when the I/O of the bus terminal changes by the function. In this case, please note that the output is not short-circuited.

Note 2: Floating or unused control inputs must be held high or low.

Note 3: Data retention only

Note 4: OFF state

Note 5: High or low state

Note 6:  $V_{CC} = 3.0$  to 3.6 V

Note 7:  $V_{CC} = 2.3$  to 2.7 V

Note 8:  $V_{CC} = 1.8$  V

Note 9:  $V_{IN} = 0.8$  to 2.0 V,  $V_{CC} = 3.0$  V

**Electrical Characteristics**
**DC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to 85°C, 2.7 V < V<sub>CC</sub> ≤ 3.6 V)**

Characteristics		Symbol	Test Condition		V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Min	Max	Unit
Input voltage	H-level	V <sub>IH</sub>	—		2.7 to 3.6	2.0	—	V
	L-level	V <sub>IL</sub>	—		2.7 to 3.6	—	0.8	
Output voltage	H-level	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA	2.7 to 3.6	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2	—	V
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -6 mA	2.7	2.2	—	
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -8 mA	3.0	2.4	—	
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -12 mA	3.0	2.2	—	
	L-level	V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	2.7 to 3.6	—	0.2	
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 6 mA	2.7	—	0.4	
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA	3.0	—	0.5	
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA	3.0	—	0.8	
Input leakage current (DIR, $\overline{\text{OE}}$ )		I <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V		2.7 to 3.6	—	±5.0	μA
Bushold input minimum drive hold current		I <sub>I</sub> (HOLD)	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0.8 V		3.0	75	—	μA
			V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.0 V		3.0	-75	—	
Bushold input over-drive current to change state (Note)		I <sub>I</sub> (OD)	V <sub>IN</sub> = “L”→”H”		3.6	—	450	μA
			V <sub>IN</sub> = “H”→”L”		3.6	—	-450	
3-state output OFF state current		I <sub>OZ</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> V <sub>OUT</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		2.7 to 3.6	—	±10.0	μA
Quiescent supply current		I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		2.7 to 3.6	—	20.0	μA
Increase in I <sub>CC</sub> per input		ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.6 V		2.7 to 3.6	—	750	μA

Note: It is a necessary electric current to change the input in "L" or "H".

DC Characteristics ( $T_a = -40$  to  $85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $2.3\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} \leq 2.7\text{ V}$ )

Characteristics		Symbol	Test Condition			Min	Max	Unit	
			V <sub>CC</sub> (V)						
Input voltage	H-level	V <sub>IH</sub>	—			2.3 to 2.7	1.6	—	V
	L-level	V <sub>IL</sub>	—			2.3 to 2.7	—	0.7	
Output voltage	H-level	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA	2.3 to 2.7	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2	—	V	
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -4 mA	2.3	2.0	—		
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -6 mA	2.3	1.8	—		
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -8 mA	2.3	1.7	—		
	L-level	V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	2.3 to 2.7	—	0.2		
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 6 mA	2.3	—	0.4		
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA	2.3	—	0.6		
Input leakage current (DIR, $\overline{\text{OE}}$ )		I <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V			2.3 to 2.7	—	±5.0	μA
Bushold input minimum drive hold current		I <sub>I</sub> (HOLD)	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0.7 V			2.3	45	—	μA
			V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.6 V			2.3	-45	—	
Bushold input over-drive current to change state (Note)		I <sub>I</sub> (OD)	V <sub>IN</sub> = "L"→"H"			2.7	—	300	μA
			V <sub>IN</sub> = "H"→"L"			2.7	—	-300	
3-state output OFF state current		I <sub>OZ</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> V <sub>OUT</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND			2.3 to 2.7	—	±10.0	μA
Quiescent supply current		I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND			2.3 to 2.7	—	20.0	μA

Note: It is a necessary electric current to change the input in "L" or "H".

DC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to 85°C, 1.8 V ≤ V<sub>CC</sub> < 2.3 V)

Characteristics		Symbol	Test Condition		V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Min	Max	Unit
Input voltage	H-level	V <sub>IH</sub>	—		1.8 to 2.3	0.7 × V <sub>CC</sub>	—	V
	L-level	V <sub>IL</sub>	—		1.8 to 2.3	—	0.2 × V <sub>CC</sub>	
Output voltage	H-level	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = −100 μA	1.8	V <sub>CC</sub> − 0.2	—	V
				I <sub>OH</sub> = −4 mA	1.8	1.4	—	
	L-level	V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	1.8	—	0.2	
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 4 mA	1.8	—	0.3	
Input leakage current (DIR, $\overline{\text{OE}}$ )		I <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V		1.8	—	±5.0	μA
Bushold input minimum drive hold current		I <sub>I</sub> (HOLD)	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0.36 V		1.8	25	—	μA
			V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.26 V		1.8	−25	—	
Bushold input over-drive current to change state (Note)		I <sub>I</sub> (OD)	V <sub>IN</sub> = “L”→”H”		1.8	—	200	μA
			V <sub>IN</sub> = “H”→”L”		1.8	—	−200	
3-state output OFF state current		I <sub>OZ</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> V <sub>OUT</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		1.8	—	±10.0	μA
Quiescent supply current		I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		1.8	—	20.0	μA

Note: It is a necessary electric current to change the input in "L" or "H".

AC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to 85°C, input: t<sub>r</sub> = t<sub>f</sub> = 2.0 ns, C<sub>L</sub> = 30 pF, R<sub>L</sub> = 500 Ω) (Note 1)

Characteristics		Symbol	Test Condition		V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Min	Max	Unit
Propagation delay time	t <sub>pLH</sub> t <sub>pHL</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2			1.8	1.5	5.7	ns
					2.5 ± 0.2	1.0	4.3	
					3.3 ± 0.3	0.8	3.4	
3-state output enable time	t <sub>pZL</sub> t <sub>pZH</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3			1.8	1.5	7.6	ns
					2.5 ± 0.2	1.0	5.7	
					3.3 ± 0.3	0.8	4.2	
3-state output disable time	t <sub>pLZ</sub> t <sub>pHZ</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3			1.8	1.5	5.7	ns
					2.5 ± 0.2	1.0	4.8	
					3.3 ± 0.3	0.8	4.1	
Output to output skew	t <sub>osLH</sub> t <sub>osHL</sub>	(Note 2)			1.8	—	0.5	ns
					2.5 ± 0.2	—	0.5	
					3.3 ± 0.3	—	0.5	

Note 1: For C<sub>L</sub> = 50 pF, add approximately 300 ps to the AC maximum specification.

Note 2: Parameter guaranteed by design.

$$(t_{osLH} = |t_{pLHm} - t_{pLHn}|, t_{osHL} = |t_{pHLm} - t_{pHLn}|)$$

**Dynamic Switching Characteristics (Ta = 25°C, input:  $t_r = t_f = 2.0$  ns,  $C_L = 30$  pF)**

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Typ.	Unit
Quiet output maximum dynamic V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>OLP</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub> = 1.8 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V (Note)	1.8	0.15	V
		V <sub>IH</sub> = 2.5 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V (Note)	2.5	0.25	
		V <sub>IH</sub> = 3.3 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V (Note)	3.3	0.35	
Quiet output minimum dynamic V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>OLV</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub> = 1.8 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V (Note)	1.8	-0.15	V
		V <sub>IH</sub> = 2.5 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V (Note)	2.5	-0.25	
		V <sub>IH</sub> = 3.3 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V (Note)	3.3	-0.35	
Quiet output minimum dynamic V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>OHV</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub> = 1.8 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V (Note)	1.8	1.55	V
		V <sub>IH</sub> = 2.5 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V (Note)	2.5	2.05	
		V <sub>IH</sub> = 3.3 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V (Note)	3.3	2.65	

Note: Parameter guaranteed by design.

**Capacitive Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)**

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Typ.	Unit
Input capacitance	C <sub>IN</sub>	—	1.8, 2.5, 3.3	6	pF
Bus I/O capacitance	C <sub>I/O</sub>	—	1.8, 2.5, 3.3	7	pF
Power dissipation capacitance	C <sub>PD</sub>	f <sub>IN</sub> = 10 MHz (Note)	1.8, 2.5, 3.3	20	pF

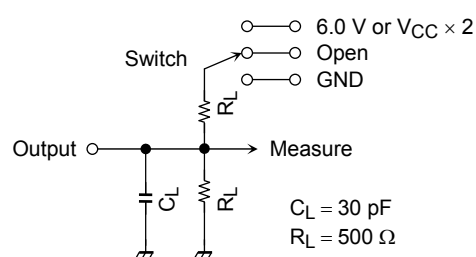
Note: C<sub>PD</sub> is defined as the value of the internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load.

Average operating current can be obtained by the equation:

$$I_{CC(opr)} = C_{PD} \cdot V_{CC} \cdot f_{IN} + I_{CC}/16 \text{ (per bit)}$$



## AC Test Circuit



Parameter	Switch
$t_{pLH}$ , $t_{pHL}$	Open
$t_{pLZ}$ , $t_{pZL}$	6.0 V $V_{CC} \times 2$ @ $V_{CC} = 3.3 \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ @ $V_{CC} = 2.5 \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$ @ $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V}$
$t_{pHZ}$ , $t_{pZH}$	GND

Figure 1

## AC Waveform

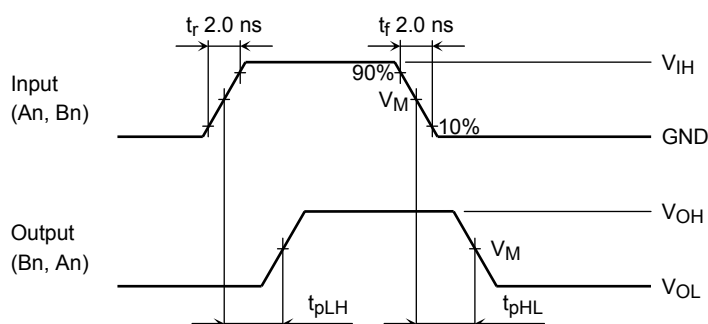


Figure 2  $t_{pLH}$ ,  $t_{pHL}$

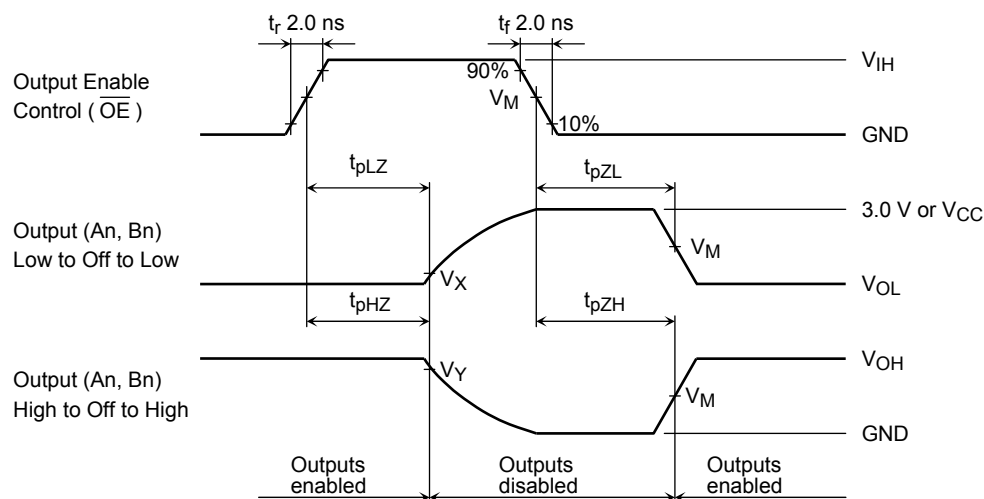


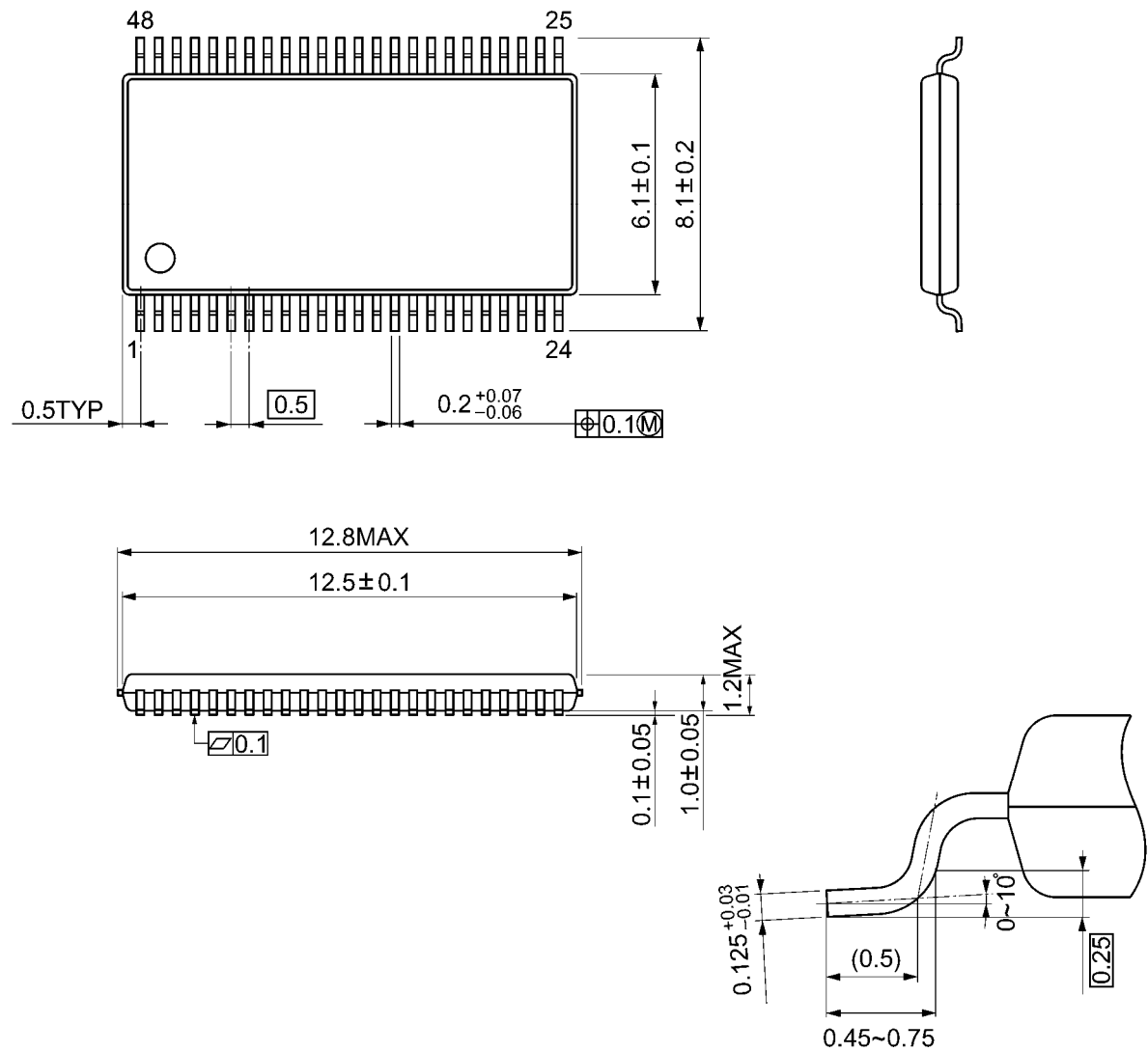
Figure 3  $t_{pLZ}$ ,  $t_{pHZ}$ ,  $t_{pZL}$ ,  $t_{pZH}$

Symbol	$V_{CC}$		
	$3.3 \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$	$2.5 \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$	$1.8 \text{ V}$
$V_{IH}$	$2.7 \text{ V}$	$V_{CC}$	$V_{CC}$
$V_M$	$1.5 \text{ V}$	$V_{CC}/2$	$V_{CC}/2$
$V_X$	$V_{OL} + 0.3 \text{ V}$	$V_{OL} + 0.15 \text{ V}$	$V_{OL} + 0.15 \text{ V}$
$V_Y$	$V_{OH} - 0.3 \text{ V}$	$V_{OH} - 0.15 \text{ V}$	$V_{OH} - 0.15 \text{ V}$

Package Dimensions

TSSOP48-P-0061-0.50A

Unit: mm



Weight: 0.25 g (typ.)

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20070701-EN

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