

16-Mbit (2M x 8) Static RAM

Features

· Very high speed: 45 ns

• Wide voltage range: 2.20V - 3.60V

· Ultra low standby power

Typical standby current: 1.5 μA
 Maximum standby current: 12 μA

Ultra low active power

- Typical active current: 2.2 mA @ f = 1 MHz

• Easy memory expansion with \overline{CE}_1 , CE_2 and \overline{OE} features

· Automatic power down when deselected

· CMOS for optimum speed/power

 Offered in Pb-free 48-ball FBGA package. For Pb-free 48-pin TSOP I package, refer to CY62167EV30 data sheet.

Functional Description[1]

The CY62168EV30 is a high performance CMOS static RAM organized as 2M words by 8 bits. This device features advanced circuit design to provide an ultra low active current. This is ideal for providing More Battery Life™ (MoBL®) in portable applications such as cellular telephones. The device also has an automatic power down feature that significantly reduces power consumption by 90% when addresses are not

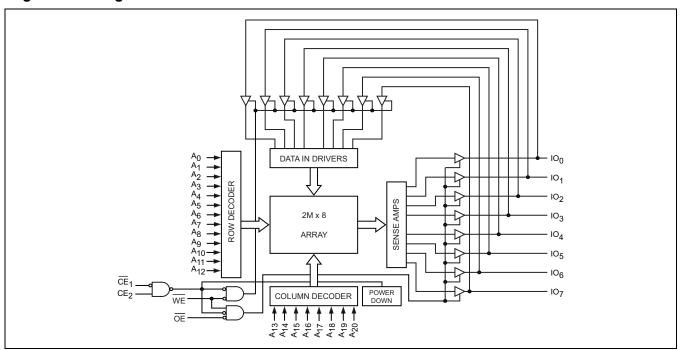
toggling. Placing the device into standby mode reduces power consumption by more than 99% when deselected (Chip Enable 1 (CE₁) HIGH or Chip Enable 2 (CE₂) LOW). The input and output pins (IO₀ through IO₇) are placed in a high impedance state when: the device is deselected (Chip Enable 1 (CE₁) HIGH or Chip Enable 2 (CE₂) LOW), outputs are disabled ($\overline{\text{OE}}$ HIGH), or a write operation is in progress (Chip Enable 1 (CE₁) LOW and Chip Enable 2 (CE₂) HIGH and WE LOW).

Write to the device by taking Chip Enable 1 (\overline{CE}_1) LOW and Chip Enable 2 (CE_2) HIGH and the Write Enable (WE) input LOW. Data on the eight IO pins (IO $_0$ through IO $_7$) is then written into the location specified on the address pins (A $_0$ through A $_{20}$).

Read from the <u>device</u> by taking Chip Enable 1 (\overline{CE}_1) and Output Enable (\overline{OE}) LOW <u>and</u> Chip Enable 2 (\overline{CE}_2) HIGH while forcing Write Enable (\overline{WE}) HIGH. Under these conditions, the contents of the memory location specified by the address pins will appear on the IO pins.

The eight input and output pins (IO_0 through IO_7) are placed in a high impedance state when the device is deselected (\overline{CE}_1 LOW and \overline{CE}_2 HIGH), the outputs are disabled (\overline{OE} HIGH), or a write operation is in progress (\overline{CE}_1 LOW and \overline{CE}_2 HIGH and \overline{WE} LOW). See the "Truth Table" on page 8 for a complete description of read and write modes.

Logic Block Diagram



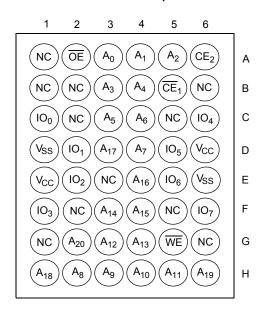
Note

1. For best practice recommendations, refer to the Cypress application note AN1064, SRAM System Guidelines.



Pin Configuration [2]

48-Ball FBGA Top View



Product Portfolio

	V _{CC} Range (V) Speed Operating I _{CC} (mA)			Power Dissipation						
Product			V _{CC} Range (V)			Standby	Ι (Δ)			
Product				(ns)	f = 1 MHz		f = f _{max}		Standby I _{SB2} (μ A)	
	Min	Typ ^[3]	Max		Typ ^[3]	Max	Typ ^[3]	Max	Typ ^[3]	Max
CY62168EV30LL	2.2	3.0	3.6	45	2.2	4.0	25	30	1.5	12

Notes

^{2.} NC pins are not connected on the die.

^{3.} Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at $V_{CC} = V_{CC}(typ)$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$.



Maximum Ratings

Exceeding the maximum ratings may impair the useful life of the device. These user guidelines are not tested. Storage Temperature-65°C to +150°C Ambient Temperature with Power Applied......–55°C to +125°C Supply Voltage to Ground Potential -0.3V to V_{CC}(max) + 0.3V

DC Input Voltage ^[4, 5]	$-0.3V \text{ to } V_{CC}(\text{max}) + 0.3V$
Output Current into Outputs (LOW)	20 mA
Static Discharge Voltage(MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)	> 2001V
Latch up Current	> 200 mA

Operating Range

Range	Ambient Temperature (T _A) ^[6]	V _{CC} ^[7]
Industrial	–40°C to +85°C	2.2V - 3.6V

DC Electrical Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

		Test Conditions		С	CY62168EV30-45			
Parameter	Description	lest	Min	Typ ^[3]	Max	Unit		
V _{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	$2.2 \le V_{CC} \le 2.7$	$I_{OH} = -0.1 \text{ mA}$	2.0			V	
		$2.7 \le V_{CC} \le 3.6$	I _{OH} = -1.0 mA	2.4				
V _{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	$2.2 \le V_{CC} \le 2.7$	I _{OL} = 0.1 mA			0.4	V	
		$2.7 \le V_{CC} \le 3.6$	I _{OH} = 2.1 mA			0.4	ľ	
V _{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage	$2.2 \le V_{CC} \le 2.7$		1.8		V _{CC} + 0.3	V	
		2.7 ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 3.6		2.2		V _{CC} + 0.3	ľ	
V _{IL}	Input LOW Voltage	2.2 ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 2.7		-0.3		0.6	V	
		$2.7 \le V_{CC} \le 3.6$		-0.3		0.8	ľ	
I _{IX}	Input Leakage Current	$GND \le V_1 \le V_{CC}$		-1		+1	μА	
l _{oz}	Output Leakage Current	$GND \leq V_O \leq V_CC,$	Output disabled	-1		+1	μА	
I _{CC}	V _{CC} Operating Supply	$f = f_{MAX} = 1/t_{RC}$	$V_{CC} = 3.6V$,		25	30	mA	
	Current	f = 1 MHz	I _{OUT} = 0 mA, CMOS level		2.2	4.0		
I _{SB1}	Automatic CE Power Down Current — CMOS Inputs	$\overline{\text{CE}}_1 \ge \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2\text{V}, \text{CE}_2 \le 0.2\text{V}, \\ \text{V}_{\text{IN}} \ge \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{IN}} \le 0.2\text{V}, \\ \text{f} = \text{f}_{\text{MAX}} \text{(Address and Data Only)}, \\ \text{f} = 0 (\overline{\text{OE}}, \overline{\text{WE}})$			1.5	12	μА	
I _{SB2} ^[8]	Automatic CE Power Down Current— CMOS Inputs	$\overline{CE}_1 \ge V_{CC} - 0.2V_{IN} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2V_{CC} = 3.6V_{CC}$	$CE_2 \le 0.2V$, or $V_{IN} \le 0.2V$, $f = 0$,		1.5	12	μА	

Capacitance^[9]

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Max	Unit
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C, f = 1 \text{ MHz},$	8	pF
C _{OUT}	Output Capacitance	$V_{CC} = V_{CC}(typ)$	10	pF

- 4. $V_{IL}(min) = -0.2V$ for pulse durations less than 20 ns.

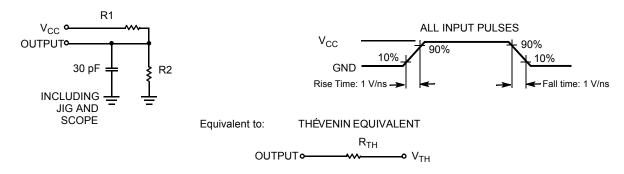
- V_{IC}(min) = V_{CC} + 0.75V for pulse durations less than 20 ns.
 V_{IH}(max) = V_{CC} + 0.75V for pulse durations less than 20 ns.
 T_A is the "Instant-On" case temperature.
 Full device AC operation assumes a 100 μs ramp time from 0 to V_{CC}(min) and 100 μs wait time after V_{CC} stabilization.
 Only chip enables (CE₁ and CE₂) must be at CMOS level to meet the I_{SB2} / I_{CCDR} spec. Other inputs can be left floating.
 Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.



Thermal Resistance^[9]

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	BGA	Unit
Θ_{JA}	Thermal Resistance (Junction to Ambient)	Still Air, soldered on a 3 x 4.5 inch, two-layer printed circuit board	55	°C/W
Θ _{JC}	Thermal Resistance (Junction to Case)		16	°C/W

AC Test Loads and Waveforms



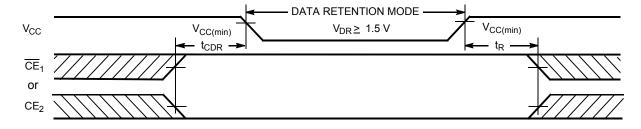
Parameters	2.5V (2.2V to 2.7V)	3.0V (2.7V to 3.6V)	Unit
R1	16600	1103	Ω
R2	15400	1554	Ω
R _{TH}	8000	645	Ω
V _{TH}	1.2	1.75	V

Data Retention Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ ^[3]	Max	Unit
V_{DR}	V _{CC} for Data Retention		1.5		3.6	V
I _{CCDR} ^[8]	Data Retention Current	$V_{CC} = 1.5V$ $CE_1 \ge V_{CC} - 0.2V$ or $CE_2 \le 0.2V$ $V_{IN} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2V$ or $V_{IN} \le 0.2V$			10	μА
t _{CDR} ^[9]	Chip Deselect to Data Retention Time		0			ns
t _R ^[10]	Operation Recovery Time		t _{RC}			ns

Data Retention Waveform



Note 10. Full Device AC operation requires linear V_{CC} ramp from V_{DR} to V_{CC} (min) \geq 100 μs or stable at V_{CC} (min) \geq 100 μs .



Switching Characteristics

Over the Operating Range [11]

Davamatav	Description	45	45 ns		
Parameter	Description	Min	Max	Unit	
Read Cycle					
t _{RC}	Read Cycle Time	45		ns	
t _{AA}	Address to Data Valid		45	ns	
t _{OHA}	Data Hold from Address Change	10		ns	
t _{ACE}	CE ₁ LOW and CE ₂ HIGH to Data Valid		45	ns	
t _{DOE}	OE LOW to Data Valid		22	ns	
t _{LZOE}	OE LOW to Low Z ^[12]	5		ns	
t _{HZOE}	OE HIGH to High Z ^[12, 13]		18	ns	
t _{LZCE}	CE ₁ LOW and CE ₂ HIGH to Low Z ^[12]	10		ns	
t _{HZCE}	CE ₁ HIGH or CE ₂ LOW to High Z ^[12, 13]		18	ns	
t _{PU}	CE ₁ LOW and CE ₂ HIGH to Power Up	0		ns	
t _{PD}	CE ₁ HIGH or CE ₂ LOW to Power Down		45	ns	
Write Cycle ^{[14}	4]	<u>.</u>			
t _{WC}	Write Cycle Time	45		ns	
t _{SCE}	CE ₁ LOW and CE ₂ HIGH to Write End	35		ns	
t _{AW}	Address Setup to Write End	35		ns	
t _{HA}	Address Hold from Write End	0		ns	
t _{SA}	Address Setup to Write Start	0		ns	
t _{PWE}	WE Pulse Width	35		ns	
t _{SD}	Data Setup to Write End	ta Setup to Write End 25		ns	
t_{HD}	Data Hold from Write End	a Hold from Write End 0		ns	
t _{HZWE}	$\overline{\text{WE}}$ LOW to High Z ^[12, 13]				
t _{LZWE}	WE HIGH to Low Z ^[12]	10		ns	

 ^{11.} Test conditions for all parameters other than tri-state parameters assume signal transition time of 3 ns or less (1V/ns), timing reference levels of V_{CC}(typ)/2, input pulse levels of 0 to V_{CC}(typ), and output loading of the specified I_{OL}/I_{OH} as shown in "AC Test Loads and Waveforms" on page 4.
 12. At any given temperature and voltage condition, t_{HZCE} is less than t_{LZCE}, t_{HZOE} is less than t_{LZCE}, and t_{HZWE} is less than t_{LZWE} for any given device.
 13. t_{HZOE}, t_{HZCE}, and t_{HZWE} transitions are measured when the outputs enter a high impedance state.
 14. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of WE, CE₁ = V_{IL}, and CE₂ = V_{IH}. All signals must be ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input setup and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.



Switching Waveforms

Figure 1 shows address transition controlled read cycle waveforms.^[15, 16]

Figure 1. Read Cycle No. 1

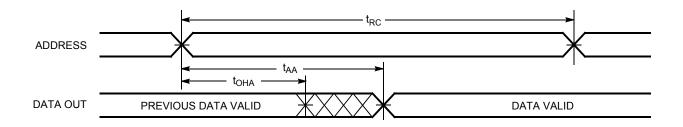
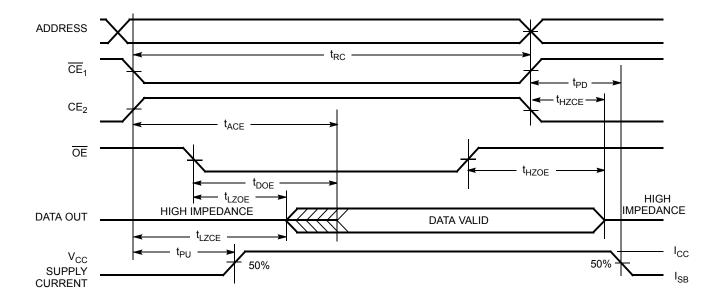


Figure 2 shows $\overline{\text{OE}}$ controlled read cycle waveforms.[16, 17]

Figure 2. Read Cycle No. 2



Notes 15. The device is continuously selected. \overline{OE} , \overline{CE}_1 = V_{IL} , and CE_2 = V_{IH} .

^{16.} WE is HIGH for read cycle.

^{17.} Address valid before or similar to $\overline{\text{CE}}_1$ transition LOW and $\overline{\text{CE}}_2$ transition HIGH.



Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 3 shows $\overline{\text{WE}}$ controlled write cycle waveforms. [14, 18, 19]

Figure 3. Write Cycle No. 1

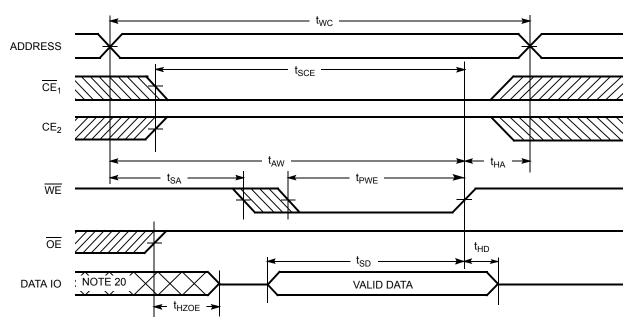


Figure 4 shows $\overline{\text{CE}}_1$ or CE_2 controlled write cycle waveforms.^[14, 18, 19]

 t_{WC} ADDRESS t_{SCE} CE_2 WE ŌE t_{HD} t_{SD} NOTE 20 VALID DATA t_{HZOE}

Figure 4. Write Cycle No. 2

Notes

- 18. Data IO is high impedance if \overline{OE} = V_{IH}.

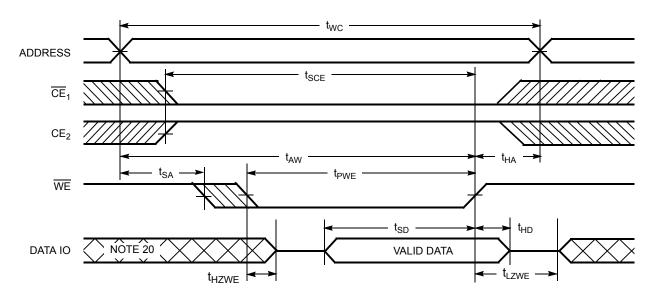
 19. If \overline{CE}_1 goes HIGH and CE_2 goes LOW simultaneously with \overline{WE} = V_{IH}, the output remains in a high impedance state.
- 20. During this period the IOs are in output state. Do not apply input signals.



Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 5 shows $\overline{\text{WE}}$ controlled, $\overline{\text{OE}}$ LOW write cycle waveforms.^[19]

Figure 5. Write Cycle No. 3



Truth Table

CE ₁	CE ₂	WE	OE	Inputs/Outputs	Mode	Power
Н	Х	Х	Х	High Z	Deselect/Power Down	Standby (I _{SB})
Х	L	Х	Х	High Z	Deselect/Power Down	Standby (I _{SB})
L	Н	Н	L	Data Out (IO ₀ -IO ₇)	Read	Active (I _{CC})
L	Н	Н	Н	High Z	Output Disabled	Active (I _{CC})
L	Н	L	Х	Data in (IO ₀ -IO ₇)	Write	Active (I _{CC})

Ordering Information

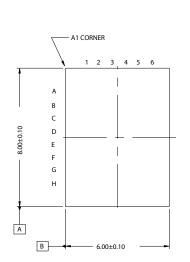
Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Diagram	Package Type	Operating Range
45	CY62168EV30LL-45BVXI	51-85150	48-ball Fine Pitch BGA (Pb-free)	Industrial

Contact your local Cypress sales representative for availability of these parts.

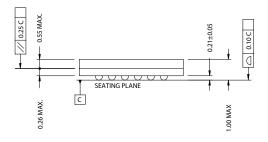


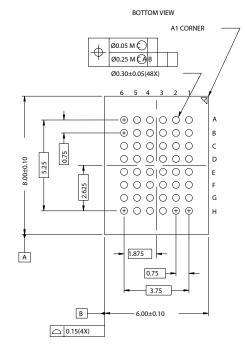
Package Diagrams

Figure 6. 48-Ball VFBGA (6 x 8 x 1 mm), 51-85150



TOP VIEW





51-85150-*D

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Document History Page

	ocument Title: CY62168EV30 MoBL [®] 16-Mbit (2M x 8) Static RAM ocument Number: 001-07721								
REV.	ECN NO.	Issue Date	Orig. of Change	Description of Change					
**	457686	See ECN	NXR	New Data Sheet					
*A	464509	See ECN	NXR	Removed TSOP I package; Added reference to CY62167EV30 TSOP I package which can be used as a 2M x 8 SRAM Changed the I_{SB2(Typ)} value from 1.3 μA to 1.5 μA Changed the I_{CC(Typ)} value from 2 mA to 2.2 mA for f=1MHz Test condition Changed the I_{CC(Typ)} value from 15 mA to 22 mA and I_{CC(Max)} value from 40 mA to 25 mA for f=1MHz Test condition Changed the I_{CCDR(Max)} value from 8.5 μA to 8 μA					
*B	1138883	See ECN	VKN	Converted from preliminary to final Changed $I_{CC(max)}$ spec from 2.8 mA to 4.0 mA for f=1MHz Changed $I_{CC(typ)}$ spec from 22 mA to 25 mA for f=f _{max} Changed $I_{CC(max)}$ spec from 25 mA to 30 mA for f=f _{max} Added footnote# 8 related to I_{SB2} and I_{CCDR} Changed I_{SB1} and I_{SB2} spec from 8.5 μ A to 12 μ A Changed I_{CCDR} spec from 8 μ A to 10 μ A					

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