

BRIGHT LED ELECTRONICS CORP.

●Device Number:BRM-1030-NS

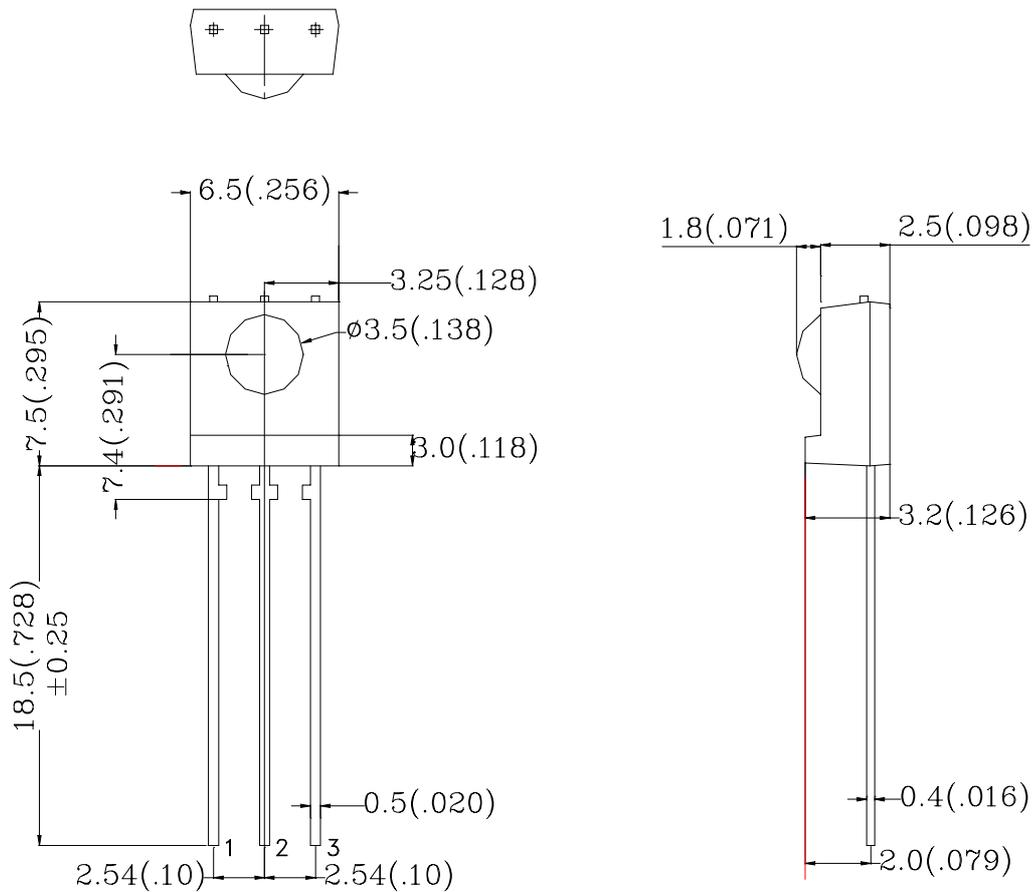
Page: 2

●Notes

Version:1.0

- 1.This drawing measure is a standard value. All dimensions are in millimeters(inches) °
- 2.The tolerance of designation is $\pm 0.3\text{mm}$ °
- 3.Lead spacing is measured where the lead emerge from the package °
- 4.Protruded resin under flange 1.0mm Max °
- 5.Black lens °
- 6.Above specification may be changed without notice. BRT will reserve authority on material change for above specification °
- 7.These specification sheets include materials protected under copyright of BRT. Please do not reproduce or cause anyone to reproduce them without BRT permission °
- 8.When using this product, please observe the absolute maximum ratings and the instructions for use outlined in these specification sheets. BRT assumes no responsibility for any damage resulting from use of the product which does not comply with the absolute maximum ratings and the instructions included in these specification sheets °

●Package Dimensions



1:OUTPUT
2:GND
3:VCC

BRIGHT LED ELECTRONICS CORP.

●Device Number:BRM-1030-NS

Page: 3

●Dimensions

Version:1.0

- The module is a small type infrared remote control system receiver which has been developed and designed by utilizing the latest hybrid technology °
- It is a single unit type module which incorporates a pin aide and a receiving preamplifier IC °
- It can be used for TVs 、VTRs 、 audio equipment air conditioners 、 car stereo radio 、 toys 、 home computers and all other equipment requiring remote control °
- Suitable transmission code: NEC code,RC5 code °

●Absolute Maximum Ratings(Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Unit	Notice
Supply Voltage	Vcc	2.7 ~ 5.5	V	—
Operating Temperature	Topr	-30 ~ +65	°C	—
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40 ~ +85	°C	—
Soldering Temperature	Tsol	260	°C	4mm from mold body less than 5 sec

●Electrical And Optical Characteristics(Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Ratings			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Supply Voltage	Vcc	DC voltage	4.5	5	5.5	V
Supply Current	Icc	No signal input	—	—	1.5	mA
Reception Distance	L	In the range of 45° cone	6	—	—	m
B.P.F Center Frequency	fo	—	—	38	—	KHz
Peak Wavelength	λ_p	—	—	940	—	nm
Half Angle	θ	—	—	45	—	Deg
High Level Pulse Width	T _H	Specified by the output T _H period within a range from 10cm to the arrival distance (average value of 50 pulses)	400	—	800	μ S
Low Level Pulse Width	T _L	Specified by the output T _L period within a range from 10cm to the arrival distance (average value of 50 pulses)	400	—	800	μ S
High Level Output Voltage	V _H	10cm over the ray axis	4.5	—	—	V
Low Level Output Voltage	V _L	10cm over the ray axis	—	—	0.5	V

BRIGHT LED ELECTRONICS CORP.

●Device Number:BRM-1030-NS

Page: 4

●Test Method

Version:1.0

The specified electro-optical characteristics is satisfied under the following Conditions at the controllable distance °

(1). Measurement place

A place that is nothing of extreme light reflected in the room.

(2). External light

Project the light of fluorescent lamps which are not high frequency lamps and must be less then 10 lux at the module surface °

($E_e \leq 10 \text{Lux}$)

(3). Standard transmitter

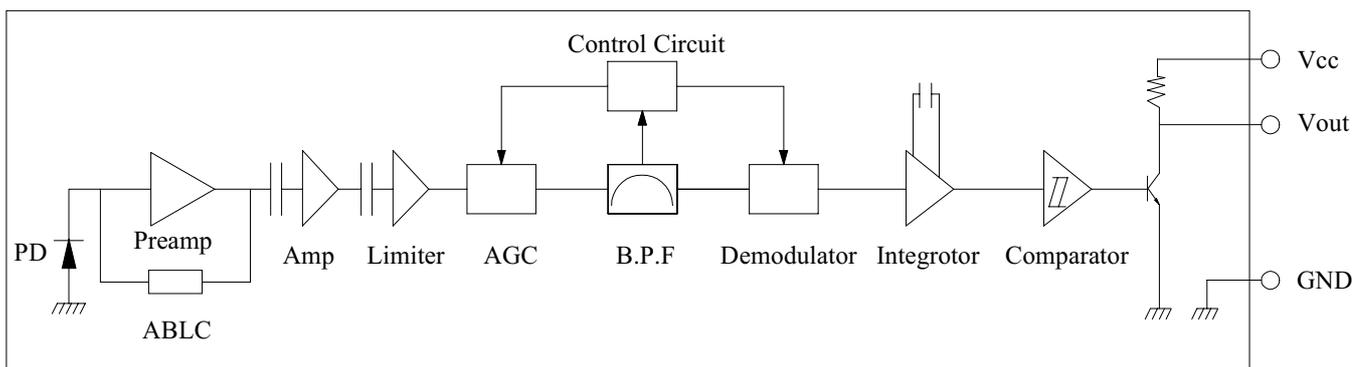
A transmitter whose output is so adjusted as to $V_o=400\text{mVp-p}$ and the output Wave form shown in Fig.-1.According to the measurement method shown in Fig.-2 the standard transmitter is specified.

However, the infrared photodiode to be used for the transmitter should be $\lambda_p=940\text{nm}$, $\Delta\lambda=50\text{nm}$ °

(4). Measuring system

According to the measuring system shown in Fig.3 °

●Block Diagrams



BRIGHT LED ELECTRONICS CORP.

● Device Number: BRM-1030-NS

Page: 5

● Application Circuit

Version: 1.0

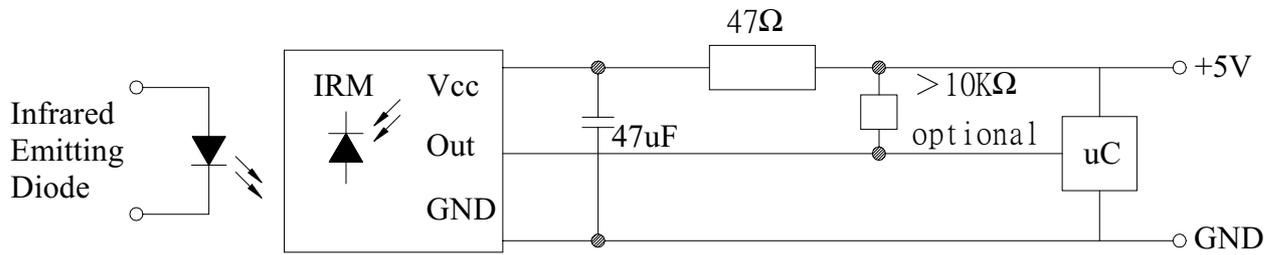


Fig.1 Transmitter Wave Form

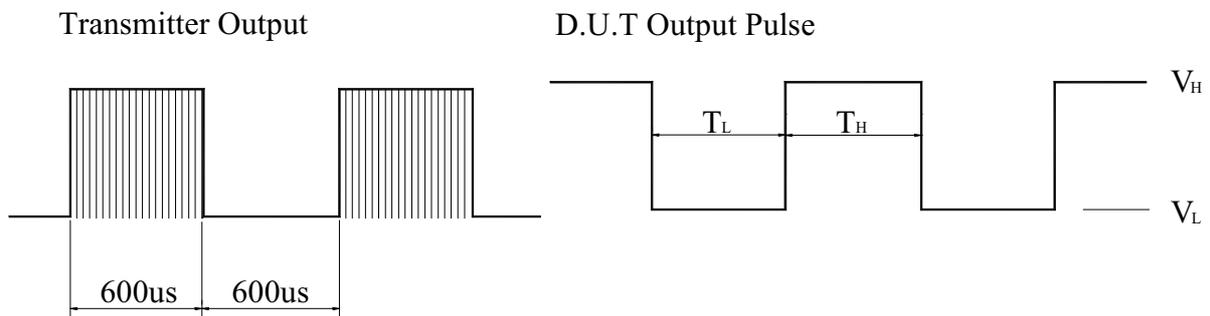


Fig.2 Measuring Method

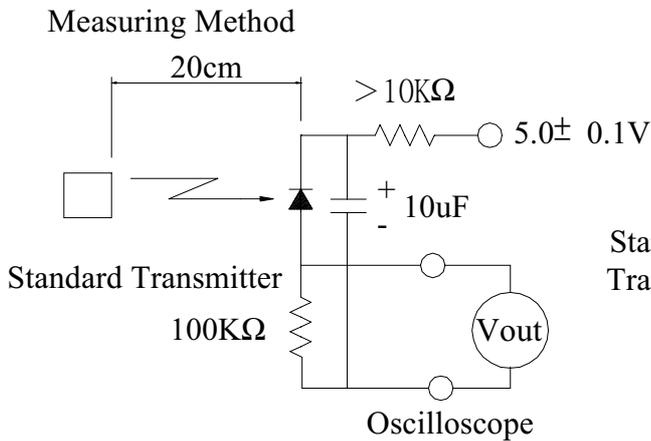
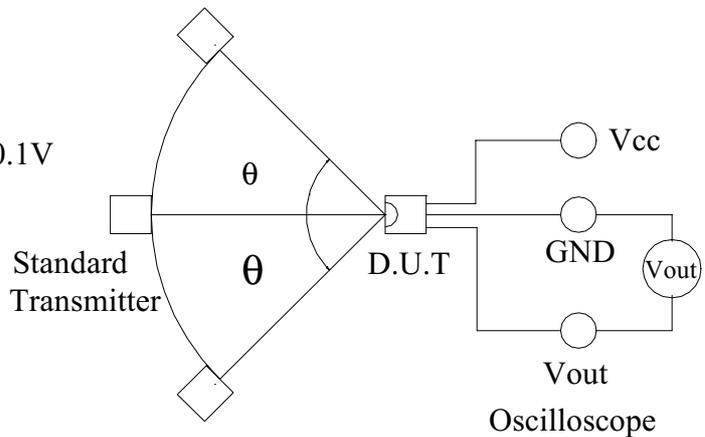


Fig.3 Measuring System



BRIGHT LED ELECTRONICS CORP.

●Device Number:BRM-1030-NS

Page: 6

●Electrical And Optical Curves(Ta=25°C)

Version:1.0

Fig.4 Relative Spectral Sensitivity vs. Wavelength

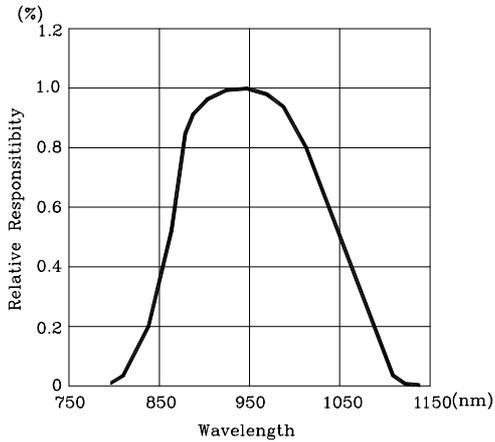


Fig.5 Relative Transmission Distance vs. Direction

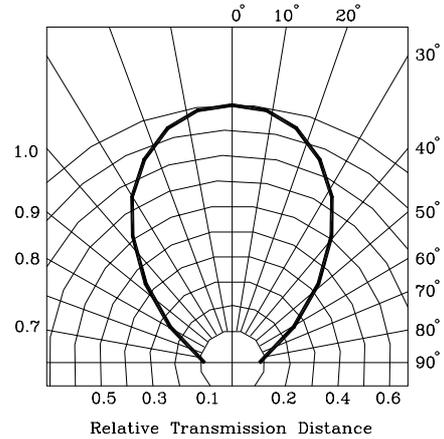


Fig.6 Output Pulse Diagram

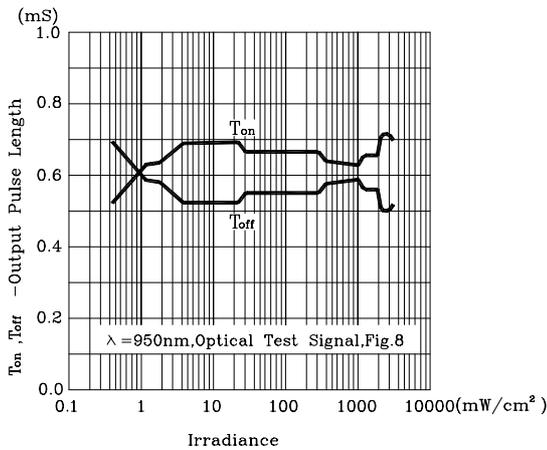


Fig.7 Supply Current vs. Ambient Temperature

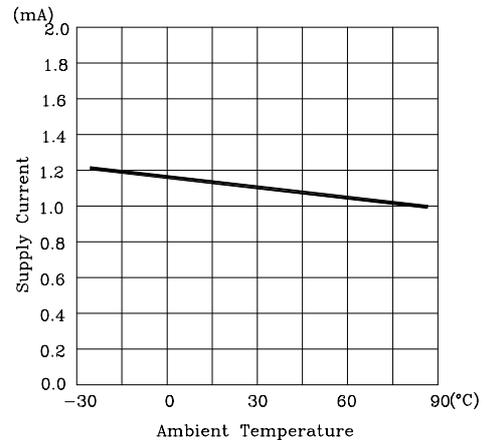


Fig.8 Frequency Dependence of Responsivity

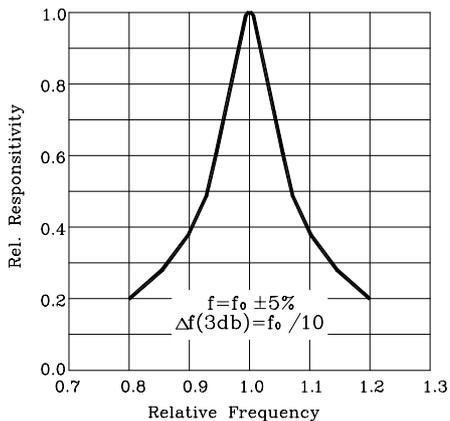


Fig.9 Arrival Distance Vs. Ambient Temperature

