TOSHIBA CMOS Digital Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

TC74VCX2373FT, TC74VCX2373FK

Low-Voltage Octal D-Type Latch with 3.6-V Tolerant Inputs and Outputs

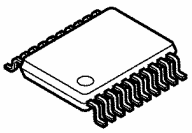
The TC74VCX2373 is a high-performance CMOS octal D-type latch. Designed for use in 1.8-V, 2.5-V or 3.3-V systems, it achieves high-speed operation while maintaining the CMOS low power dissipation.

It is also designed with overvoltage tolerant inputs and outputs up to 3.6 V.

This 8 bit D-type latch is controlled by a latch enable input (LE) and a output enable input ($\overline{OE}$). When the $\overline{OE}$ input is high, the eight outputs are in a high-impedance state. The 26-Ω series resistor helps reducing output overshoot and undershoot without external resistor.

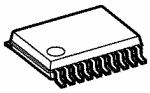
All inputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge.

TC74VCX2373FT



TSSOP20-P-0044-0.65A

TC74VCX2373FK



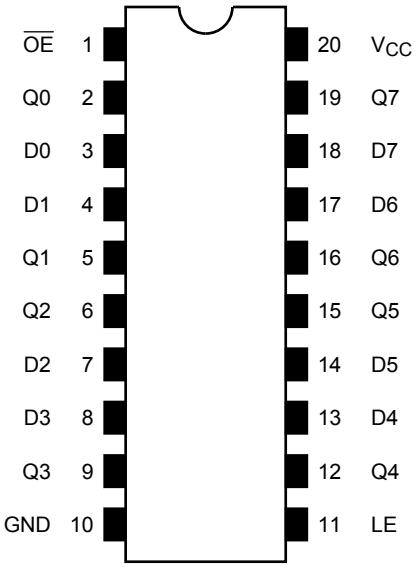
VSSOP20-P-0030-0.50

Weight
TSSOP20-P-0044-0.65A : 0.08 g (typ.)
VSSOP20-P-0030-0.50 : 0.03 g (typ.)

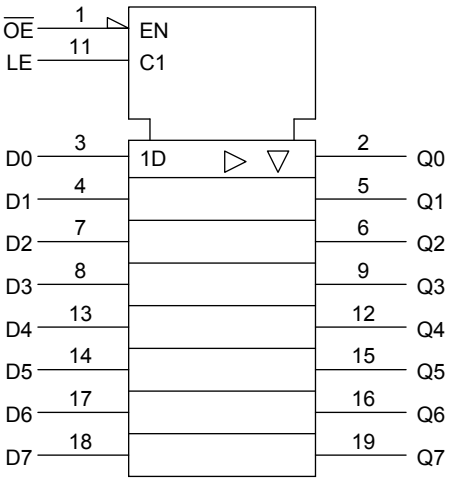
Features

- 26-Ω series resistors on outputs.
- Low-voltage operation: V_{CC} = 1.8 to 3.6 V
- High-speed operation: t_{pd} = 5.1 ns (max) (V_{CC} = 3.0 to 3.6 V)
  : t_{pd} = 6.1 ns (max) (V_{CC} = 2.3 to 2.7 V)
  : t_{pd} = 9.8 ns (max) (V_{CC} = 1.8 V)
- Output current: I_{OH}/I_{OL} = ±12 mA (min) (V_{CC} = 3.0 V)
  : I_{OH}/I_{OL} = ±8 mA (min) (V_{CC} = 2.3 V)
  : I_{OH}/I_{OL} = ±4 mA (min) (V_{CC} = 1.8 V)
- Latch-up performance: −300 mA
- ESD performance: Machine model ≥ ±200 V
  Human body model ≥ ±2000 V
- Package: TSSOP and VSSOP (US)
- 3.6-V tolerant function and power-down protection provided on all inputs and outputs

Pin Assignment (top view)



IEC Logic Symbol



Truth Table

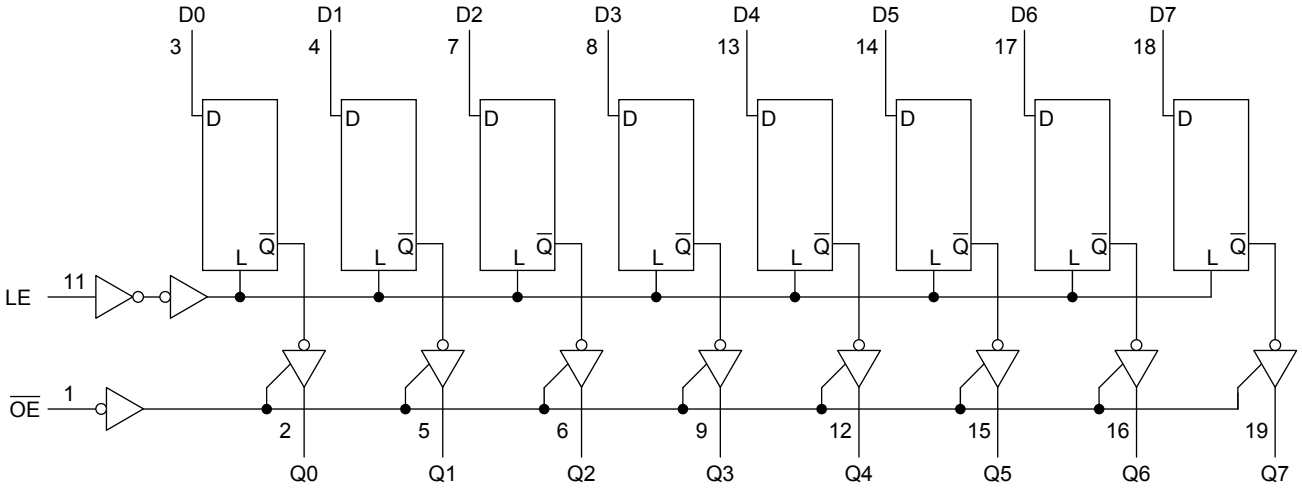
Inputs			Outputs
$\overline{OE}$	LE	D	
H	X	X	Z
L	L	X	Qn
L	H	L	L
L	H	H	H

X: Don't care

Z: High impedance

Qn: Q outputs are latched at the time when the LE input is taken to a low logic level.

System Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power supply voltage	V_{CC}	−0.5 to 4.6	V
DC input voltage	V_{IN}	−0.5 to 4.6	V
DC output voltage	V_{OUT}	−0.5 to 4.6 (Note 2)	V
		−0.5 to V_{CC} + 0.5 (Note 3)	
Input diode current	I_{IK}	−50	mA
Output diode current	I_{OK}	±50 (Note 4)	mA
DC output current	I_{OUT}	±50	mA
Power dissipation	P_D	180	mW
DC V_{CC}/ground current per supply pin	I_{CC}/I_{GND}	±100	mA
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	−65 to 150	°C

Note 1: Exceeding any of the absolute maximum ratings, even briefly, lead to deterioration in IC performance or even destruction.
Using continuously under heavy loads (e.g. the application of high temperature/current/voltage and the significant change in temperature, etc.) may cause this product to decrease in the reliability significantly even if the operating conditions (i.e. operating temperature/current/voltage, etc.) are within the absolute maximum ratings and the operating ranges.
Please design the appropriate reliability upon reviewing the Toshiba Semiconductor Reliability Handbook (“Handling Precautions”/“Derating Concept and Methods”) and individual reliability data (i.e. reliability test report and estimated failure rate, etc).

Note 2: OFF state

Note 3: High or low state. I_{OUT} absolute maximum rating must be observed.

Note 4: $V_{OUT} < GND$, $V_{OUT} > V_{CC}$

Operating Ranges (Note 1)

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power supply voltage	V_{CC}	1.8 to 3.6	V
		1.2 to 3.6 (Note 2)	
Input voltage	V_{IN}	−0.3 to 3.6	V
Output voltage	V_{OUT}	0 to 3.6 (Note 3)	V
		0 to V_{CC} (Note 4)	
Output current	I_{OH}/I_{OL}	±12 (Note 5)	mA
		±8 (Note 6)	
		±4 (Note 7)	
Operating temperature	T_{opr}	−40 to 85	°C
Input rise and fall time	dt/dv	0 to 10 (Note 8)	ns/V

Note 1: The operating ranges must be maintained to ensure the normal operation of the device.
Unused inputs must be tied to either VCC or GND.

Note 2: Data retention only

Note 3: OFF state

Note 4: High or low state

Note 5: V_{CC} = 3.0 to 3.6 V

Note 6: V_{CC} = 2.3 to 2.7 V

Note 7: V_{CC} = 1.8 V

Note 8: V_{IN} = 0.8 to 2.0 V, V_{CC} = 3.0 V

Electrical Characteristics

DC Characteristics (Ta = –40 to 85°C, 2.7 V < V_{CC} ≦ 3.6 V)

Characteristics		Symbol	Test Condition		V_{CC} (V)	Min	Max	Unit
Input voltage	H-level	V_{IH}	—		2.7 to 3.6	2.0	—	V
	L-level	V_{IL}	—		2.7 to 3.6	—	0.8	
Output voltage	H-level	V_{OH}	V_{IN} = V_{IH} or V_{IL}	I_{OH} = –100 μA	2.7 to 3.6	V_{CC} – 0.2	—	V
				I_{OH} = –6 mA	2.7	2.2	—	
				I_{OH} = –8 mA	3.0	2.4	—	
				I_{OH} = –12 mA	3.0	2.2	—	
	L-level	V_{OL}	V_{IN} = V_{IH} or V_{IL}	I_{OL} = 100 μA	2.7 to 3.6	—	0.2	
				I_{OL} = 6 mA	2.7	—	0.4	
				I_{OL} = 8 mA	3.0	—	0.55	
				I_{OL} = 12 mA	3.0	—	0.8	
Input leakage current		I_{IN}	V_{IN} = 0 to 3.6 V		2.7 to 3.6	—	±5.0	μA
3-state output OFF state current		I_{OZ}	V_{IN} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} V_{OUT} = 0 to 3.6 V		2.7 to 3.6	—	±10.0	μA
Power-off leakage current		I_{OFF}	V_{IN}, V_{OUT} = 0 to 3.6 V		0	—	10.0	μA
Quiescent supply current		I_{CC}	V_{IN} = V_{CC} or GND		2.7 to 3.6	—	20.0	μA
			V_{CC} ≦ (V_{IN}, V_{OUT}) ≦ 3.6 V		2.7 to 3.6	—	±20.0	
Increase in I_{CC} per input		ΔI_{CC}	V_{IH} = V_{CC} – 0.6 V		2.7 to 3.6	—	750	

DC Characteristics (Ta = –40 to 85°C, 2.3 V ≦ V_{CC} ≦ 2.7 V)

Characteristics		Symbol	Test Condition		V_{CC} (V)	Min	Max	Unit
Input voltage	H-level	V_{IH}	—		2.3 to 2.7	1.6	—	V
	L-level	V_{IL}	—		2.3 to 2.7	—	0.7	
Output voltage	H-level	V_{OH}	V_{IN} = V_{IH} or V_{IL}	I_{OH} = –100 μA	2.3 to 2.7	V_{CC} – 0.2	—	V
				I_{OH} = –4 mA	2.3	2.0	—	
				I_{OH} = –6 mA	2.3	1.8	—	
				I_{OH} = –8 mA	2.3	1.7	—	
	L-level	V_{OL}	V_{IN} = V_{IH} or V_{IL}	I_{OL} = 100 μA	2.3 to 2.7	—	0.2	
				I_{OL} = 6 mA	2.3	—	0.4	
				I_{OL} = 8 mA	2.3	—	0.6	
Input leakage current		I_{IN}	V_{IN} = 0 to 3.6 V		2.3 to 2.7	—	±5.0	μA
3-state output OFF state current		I_{OZ}	V_{IN} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} V_{OUT} = 0 to 3.6 V		2.3 to 2.7	—	±10.0	μA
Power-off leakage current		I_{OFF}	V_{IN}, V_{OUT} = 0 to 3.6 V		0	—	10.0	μA
Quiescent supply current		I_{CC}	V_{IN} = V_{CC} or GND		2.3 to 2.7	—	20.0	μA
			V_{CC} ≦ (V_{IN}, V_{OUT}) ≦ 3.6 V		2.3 to 2.7	—	±20.0	

DC Characteristics (Ta = –40 to 85°C, 1.8 V ≦ V_{CC} < 2.3 V)

Characteristics		Symbol	Test Condition		V_{CC} (V)	Min	Max	Unit
Input voltage	H-level	V_{IH}	—		1.8 to 2.3	0.7 × V_{CC}	—	V
	L-level	V_{IL}	—		1.8 to 2.3	—	0.2 × V_{CC}	
Output voltage	H-level	V_{OH}	V_{IN} = V_{IH} or V_{IL}	I_{OH} = –100 μA	1.8	V_{CC} – 0.2	—	V
				I_{OH} = –4 mA	1.8	1.4	—	
	L-level	V_{OL}	V_{IN} = V_{IH} or V_{IL}	I_{OL} = 100 μA	1.8	—	0.2	
				I_{OL} = 4 mA	1.8	—	0.3	
Input leakage current		I_{IN}	V_{IN} = 0 to 3.6 V		1.8	—	±5.0	μA
3-state output OFF state current		I_{OZ}	V_{IN} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} V_{OUT} = 0 to 3.6 V		1.8	—	±10.0	μA
Power-off leakage current		I_{OFF}	V_{IN}, V_{OUT} = 0 to 3.6 V		0	—	10.0	μA
Quiescent supply current		I_{CC}	V_{IN} = V_{CC} or GND		1.8	—	20.0	μA
			V_{CC} ≦ (V_{IN}, V_{OUT}) ≦ 3.6 V		1.8	—	±20.0	

AC Characteristics (Ta = –40 to 85°C, input: $t_r = t_f = 2.0$ ns, $C_L = 30$ pF, $R_L = 500\ \Omega$) (Note 1)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	V_{CC} (V)	Min	Max	Unit
Propagation delay time (D-Q)	t_{pLH} t_{pHL}	Figure 1, Figure 2	1.8	1.5	9.8	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	0.8	6.1	
			3.3 ± 0.3	0.6	5.1	
Propagation delay time (LE-Q)	t_{pLH} t_{pHL}	Figure 1, Figure 2	1.8	1.5	9.8	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	0.8	6.3	
			3.3 ± 0.3	0.6	5.1	
3-state output enable time	t_{pZL} t_{pZH}	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.8	1.5	9.8	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	0.8	6.5	
			3.3 ± 0.3	0.6	5.0	
3-state output disable time	t_{pLZ} t_{pHZ}	Figure 1, Figure 3	1.8	1.5	7.7	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	0.8	4.3	
			3.3 ± 0.3	0.6	3.9	
Minimum pulse width (LE)	$t_{w\ (H)}$	Figure 1, Figure 2	1.8	4.0	—	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	1.5	—	
			3.3 ± 0.3	1.5	—	
Minimum set-up time	t_s	Figure 1, Figure 2	1.8	2.5	—	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	1.5	—	
			3.3 ± 0.3	1.5	—	
Minimum hold time	t_h	Figure 1, Figure 2	1.8	1.0	—	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	1.0	—	
			3.3 ± 0.3	1.0	—	
Output to output skew	t_{osLH} t_{osHL}	(Note 2)	1.8	—	0.5	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	—	0.5	
			3.3 ± 0.3	—	0.5	

Note 1: For $C_L = 50$ pF, add approximately 300 ps to the AC maximum specification.

Note 2: Parameter guaranteed by design.
($t_{osLH} = |t_{pLHm} - t_{pLHn}|$, $t_{osHL} = |t_{pHLm} - t_{pHLn}|$)

Dynamic Switching Characteristics (Ta = 25°C, input: $t_r = t_f = 2.0$ ns, $C_L = 30$ pF)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	V_{CC} (V)	Typ.	Unit
Quiet output maximum dynamic V_{OL}	V_{OLP}	V_{IH} = 1.8 V, V_{IL} = 0 V (Note)	1.8	0.15	V
		V_{IH} = 2.5 V, V_{IL} = 0 V (Note)	2.5	0.25	
		V_{IH} = 3.3 V, V_{IL} = 0 V (Note)	3.3	0.35	
Quiet output minimum dynamic V_{OL}	V_{OLV}	V_{IH} = 1.8 V, V_{IL} = 0 V (Note)	1.8	−0.15	V
		V_{IH} = 2.5 V, V_{IL} = 0 V (Note)	2.5	−0.25	
		V_{IH} = 3.3 V, V_{IL} = 0 V (Note)	3.3	−0.35	
Quiet output minimum dynamic V_{OH}	V_{OHV}	V_{IH} = 1.8 V, V_{IL} = 0 V (Note)	1.8	1.55	V
		V_{IH} = 2.5 V, V_{IL} = 0 V (Note)	2.5	2.05	
		V_{IH} = 3.3 V, V_{IL} = 0 V (Note)	3.3	2.65	

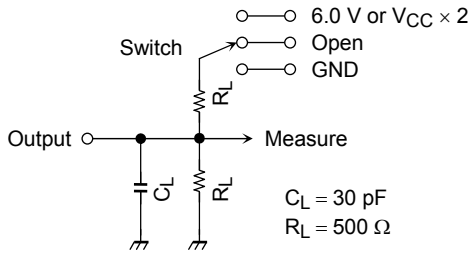
Note: Parameter guaranteed by design.

Capacitive Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	V_{CC} (V)	Typ.	Unit
Input capacitance	C_{IN}	—	1.8, 2.5, 3.3	6	pF
Output capacitance	C_O	—	1.8, 2.5, 3.3	7	pF
Power dissipation capacitance	C_{PD}	f_{IN} = 10 MHz (Note)	1.8, 2.5, 3.3	20	pF

Note: C_{PD} is defined as the value of the internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load.
Average operating current can be obtained by the equation:
$I_{CC\ (opr)} = C_{PD} \cdot V_{CC} \cdot f_{IN} + I_{CC}/8$ (per bit)

AC Test Circuit



Parameter	Switch	
t_{pLH}, t_{pHL}	Open	
t_{pLZ}, t_{pZL}	6.0 V	@V_{CC} = 3.3 ± 0.3 V
	V_{CC} × 2	@V_{CC} = 2.5 ± 0.2 V
		@V_{CC} = 1.8 V
t_{pHZ}, t_{pZH}	GND	

Figure 1

AC Waveform

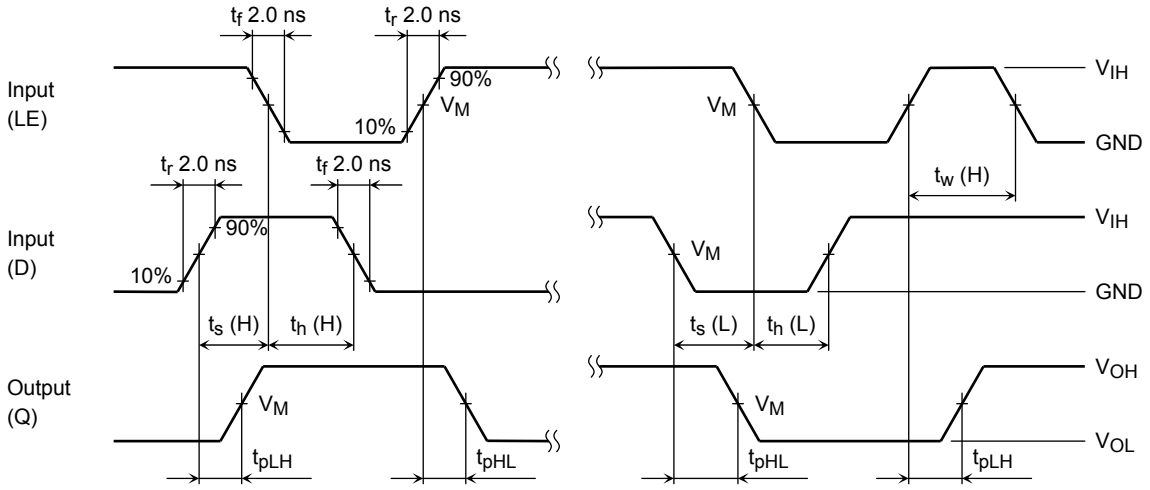


Figure 2 t_{pLH}, t_{pHL}, t_w, t_s, t_h

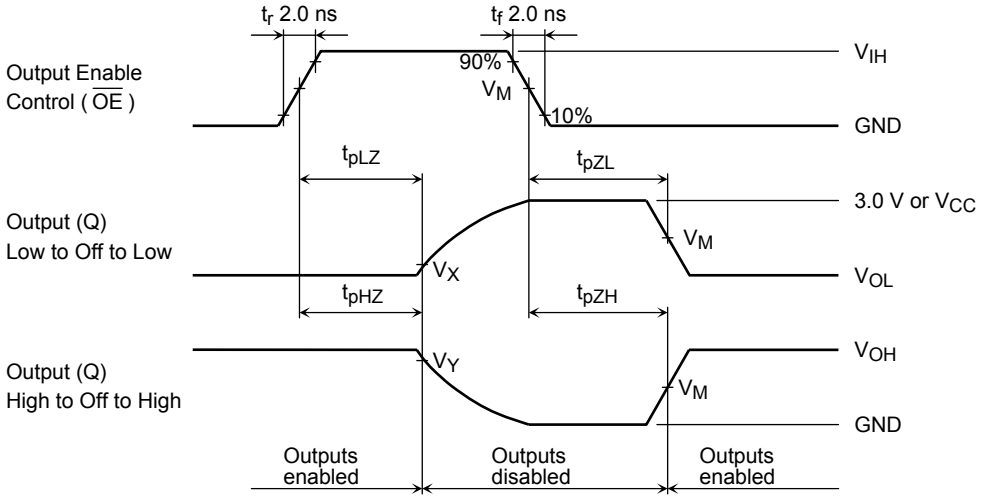
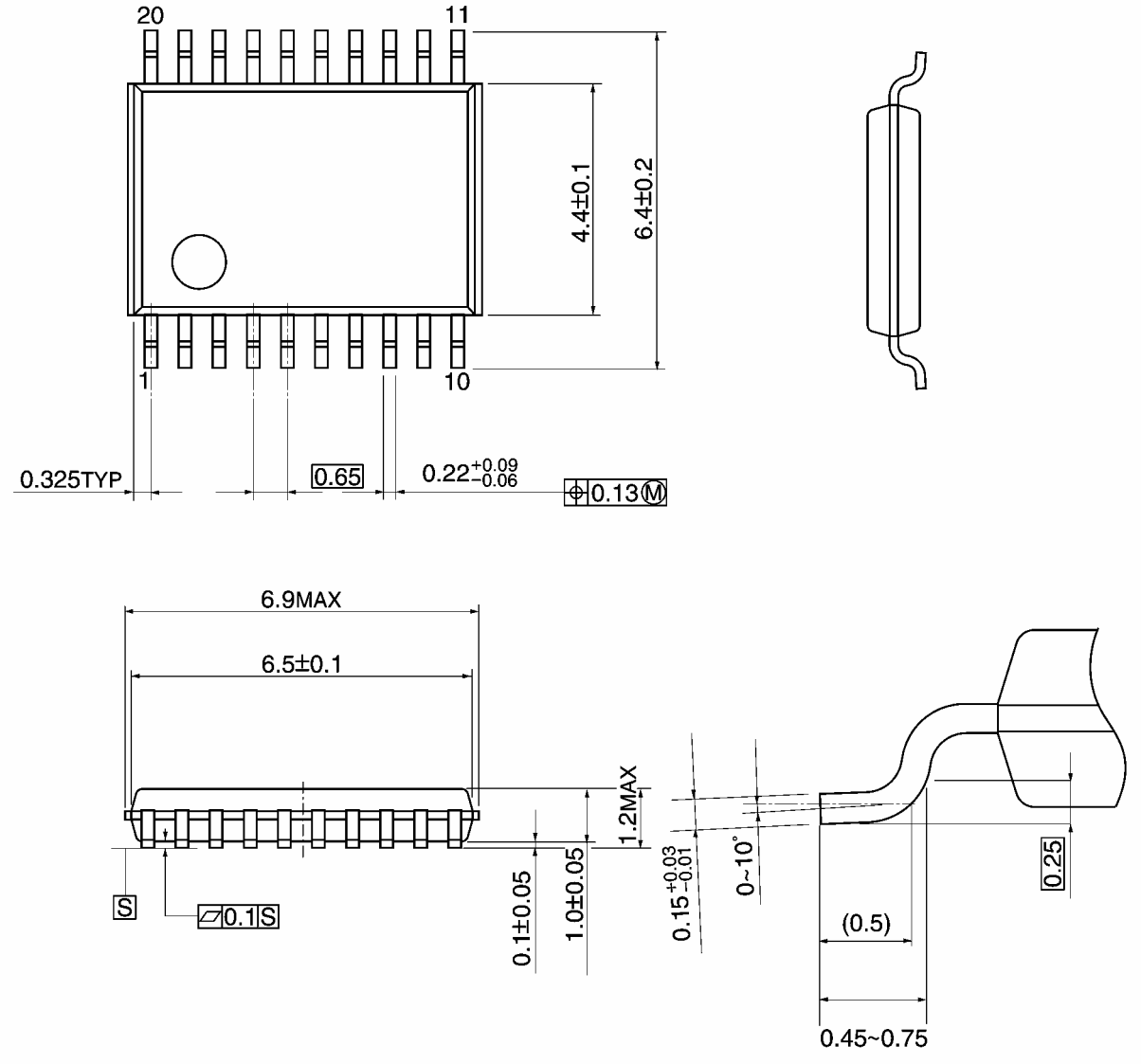


Figure 3 t_{pLZ}, t_{pHZ}, t_{pZL}, t_{pZH}

Symbol	V_{CC}		
	3.3 ± 0.3 V	2.5 ± 0.2 V	1.8 V
V_{IH}	2.7 V	V_{CC}	V_{CC}
V_M	1.5 V	V_{CC}/2	V_{CC}/2
V_X	V_{OL} + 0.3 V	V_{OL} + 0.15 V	V_{OL} + 0.15 V
V_Y	V_{OH} − 0.3 V	V_{OH} − 0.15 V	V_{OH} − 0.15 V

Package Dimensions

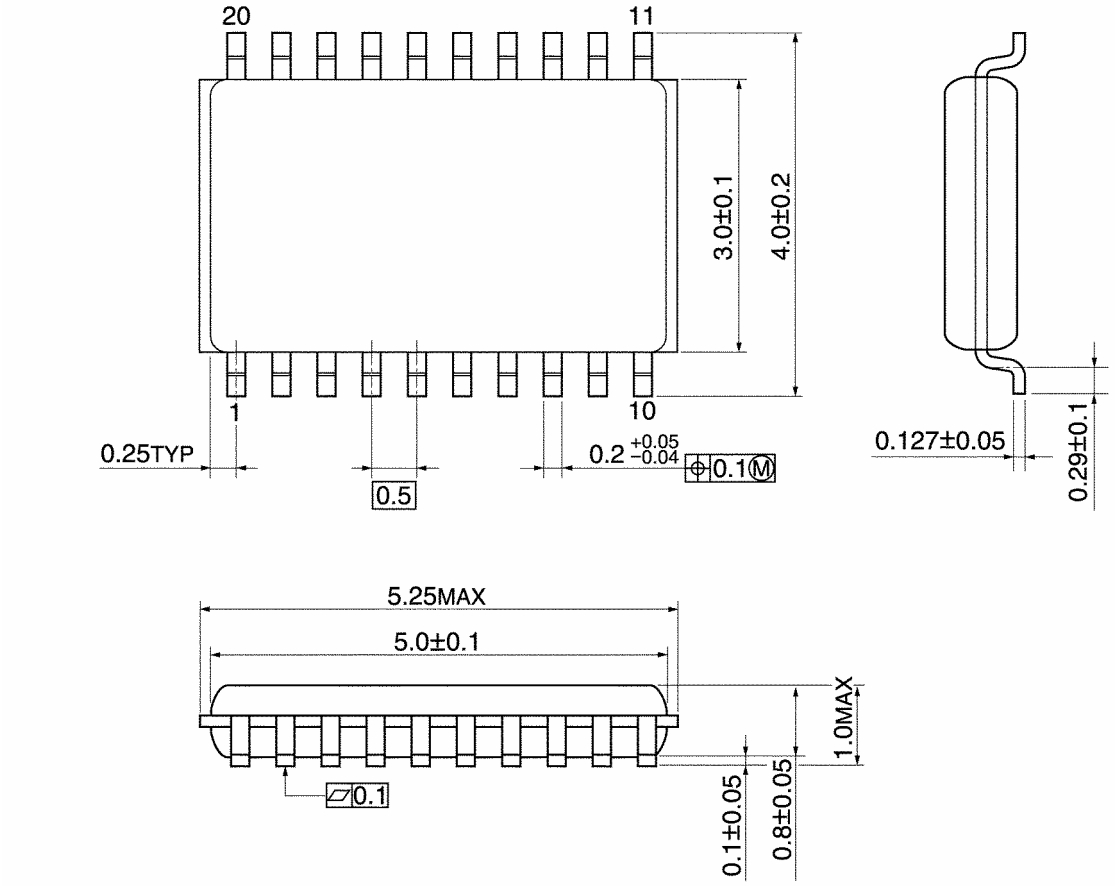
TSSOP20-P-0044-0.65A Unit: mm



Weight: 0.08 g (typ.)

Package Dimensions

VSSOP20-P-0030-0.50 Unit: mm



Weight: 0.03 g (typ.)

RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCT USE

20070701-EN GENERAL

- The information contained herein is subject to change without notice.
- TOSHIBA is continually working to improve the quality and reliability of its products. Nevertheless, semiconductor devices in general can malfunction or fail due to their inherent electrical sensitivity and vulnerability to physical stress. It is the responsibility of the buyer, when utilizing TOSHIBA products, to comply with the standards of safety in making a safe design for the entire system, and to avoid situations in which a malfunction or failure of such TOSHIBA products could cause loss of human life, bodily injury or damage to property.
  In developing your designs, please ensure that TOSHIBA products are used within specified operating ranges as set forth in the most recent TOSHIBA products specifications. Also, please keep in mind the precautions and conditions set forth in the “Handling Guide for Semiconductor Devices,” or “TOSHIBA Semiconductor Reliability Handbook” etc.
- The TOSHIBA products listed in this document are intended for usage in general electronics applications (computer, personal equipment, office equipment, measuring equipment, industrial robotics, domestic appliances, etc.).These TOSHIBA products are neither intended nor warranted for usage in equipment that requires extraordinarily high quality and/or reliability or a malfunction or failure of which may cause loss of human life or bodily injury (“Unintended Usage”). Unintended Usage include atomic energy control instruments, airplane or spaceship instruments, transportation instruments, traffic signal instruments, combustion control instruments, medical instruments, all types of safety devices, etc.. Unintended Usage of TOSHIBA products listed in his document shall be made at the customer’s own risk.
- The products described in this document shall not be used or embedded to any downstream products of which manufacture, use and/or sale are prohibited under any applicable laws and regulations.
- The information contained herein is presented only as a guide for the applications of our products. No responsibility is assumed by TOSHIBA for any infringements of patents or other rights of the third parties which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patents or other rights of TOSHIBA or the third parties.
- Please contact your sales representative for product-by-product details in this document regarding RoHS compatibility. Please use these products in this document in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations that regulate the inclusion or use of controlled substances. Toshiba assumes no liability for damage or losses occurring as a result of noncompliance with applicable laws and regulations.