

**NTE1570 (NPN Tuner) & NTE1572 (FET Tuner)  
 Integrated Circuit  
 TV Video IF, Sound IF**

**Functions:**

**PIF**

- Three Controlled IF Amplifier Stages
- Video Demodulator Controlled by Picture Carrier
- Black Noise and White Noise Inverter
- Peak AGC
- DC Amplifier for RF AGC Out

**SIF**

- Three Differential IF Amplifier Stages
- Phase Detector
- DC Controlled Attenuator
- Audio Amplifier Stage with NFB Terminal

**Features:**

- PIF, SIF, ATT Audio Driver
- 2 Chip Color TV System is Possible with NTE1547

**PIF**

- High Gain, Wide Band IF Amplifier
- AGC Characteristics with Excellent Stability
- Excellent DG/DP Characteristics
- Excellent S/N Characteristics due to Delayed 3 Stage AGC Action
- Negative Video Output Signal
- Switch Off the Video Part with VTR Switch

**SIF**

- Excellent Limiter Characteristics
- Excellent Attenuator Characteristics

**Absolute Maximum Ratings:** ( $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified)

Supply Voltage, $V_{CC}$ .....	15V
Pin11 Open Voltage, $V_{11}$ .....	15V
Video DC Output Current, $I_{15}$ .....	6mA
Audio DC Output Current, $I_3$ .....	3mA
Pin2 Voltage, $V_2$ .....	15V
Power Dissipation, $P_D$ .....	1.6W
Derate Above $25^\circ\text{C}$ .....	12.8mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operating Temperature Range, $T_{opr}$ .....	$-20^\circ$ to $+65^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature range, $T_{stg}$ .....	$-55^\circ$ to $+150^\circ\text{C}$

**Electrical Characteristics:** ( $T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 12\text{V}$ ,  $f_p = 58.75\text{MHz}$ ,  $f_s = 54.25\text{MHz}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>PIF Section</b>						
Recommended Supply Voltage	$V_{CC}$		10.8	12.0	13.2	V
Supply Current	$I_{CC}$		50	72	95	mA
Video DC Output Voltage NTE1570	$V_{15}$	$SW_1: 2, SW_2: 2$	5.2	5.5	5.8	V
NTE1572		$SW_1: 1, SW_2: 2$				
AFT DC Output Voltage NTE1570	$V_{13}$	$SW_1: 2, SW_2: 2$	5.3	6.8	8.3	V
NTE1572		$SW_1: 1, SW_2: 2$				
NTE1570	$V_{14}$	$SW_1: 2, SW_2: 2$				
NTE1572		$SW_1: 1, SW_2: 2$				
AFT DC Offset Voltage NTE1570	$\Delta V_{13-14}$	$SW_1: 2, SW_2: 2$	-1.5	0	+1.5	V
NTE1572		$SW_1: 1, SW_2: 2$				
RF AGC Residual Output Voltage NTE1570	$V_{11(\text{sat})}$	$SW_1: 2, SW_2: 2$	-	-	0.5	V
NTE1572		$SW_1: 1, SW_2: 2$				
RF AGC Leakage Current NTE1570	$I_{11(\text{leak})}$	$SW_1: 2, SW_2: 1$	-	-	1.0	$\mu\text{A}$
NTE1572		$SW_1: 1, SW_2: 1$				
Video Sensitivity (Pin7–Pin8)	$v_i$	Note 1	60	150	250	$\mu\text{V}_{\text{rms}}$
AGC Range	$\Delta A_{\text{PIF}}$	Note 2	60	64	-	dB
Sync Tip Level Voltage ( $V_{15}$ )	$V_{\text{SYNC}}$	Note 3	2.3	2.5	2.7	V
Maximum IF Input Voltage (PIF)	$i_{\text{IN}(\text{MAX})}$	Note 4	100	120	-	$\text{mV}_{\text{rms}}$
White Noise Threshold Level ( $V_{15}$ )	$V_{\text{WTH}}$	Note 5	5.8	6.2	6.6	V
White Noise Clamp Level ( $V_{15}$ )	$V_{\text{WCL}}$	Note 5	3.7	4.1	4.5	V
Black Noise Threshold Voltage ( $V_{15}$ )	$V_{\text{BTH}}$	Note 5	1.4	1.6	1.8	V
Black Noise Clamp Level ( $V_{15}$ )	$V_{\text{BCL}}$	Note 5	2.9	3.3	3.7	V
Video Frequency Response	$f_{\text{BW}}$	Note 6	4.5	5.5	-	MHz
Suppression of Carrier	CL	Note 7	40	50	-	dB
Suppression of 2 <sup>nd</sup> Carrier	$I_{2\text{nd}}$	Note 8	40	50	-	dB
920kHz Beat Level	$I_{920}$	Note 9	33	38	-	dB
Differential Phase	DP	Note 10	-	3.5	5.0	deg
Differential Gain	DG	Note 10	-	7	10	%
PIF Input Impedance	$R_{\text{IN}(\text{PIF})}$	Note 11	1.5	3.0	6.0	$\text{k}\Omega$
PIF Input Capacitance	$C_{\text{IN}(\text{PIF})}$	Note 11	-	3	10	pF
AFT Output Voltage Upper	$V_{13\text{U}}, V_{14\text{U}}$	Note 13	11.7	11.9	12.0	V
Lower	$V_{13\text{L}}, V_{14\text{L}}$		1.8	2.3	2.8	V

**Electrical Characteristics (Cont'd):** ( $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 12\text{V}$ ,  $f_p = 58.75\text{MHz}$ ,  $f_S = 54.25\text{MHz}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
RF AGC Maximum Available Current NTE1570	$I_{4(\text{max})}$	SW <sub>1</sub> : 2, SW <sub>2</sub> : 1	7.0	–	–	mA
NTE1572		SW <sub>1</sub> : 1, SW <sub>2</sub> : 1	0.3	–	–	mA
RF AGC Delay Setting Range (Delay)	$V_{IN}$	Note 14	5	7	9	V
AFT Band Width	$\Delta F_W$	Note 13	1.4	–	–	MHz
Video Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}$	Note 15	2.25	2.50	2.75	V
SIF Output Voltage	$S_{OUT}$	Note 16	200	400	600	mV <sub>rms</sub>
<b>SIF Section</b>						
Input Limiting Voltage	$V_{IN(\text{LIM})}$	$R_D = \infty$ , Note 17	–	200	400	$\mu\text{V}_{\text{rms}}$
AM Rejection Ratio	AMR	SIF IN: $f = 4.5\text{MHz}$ , $f_m = 400\text{Hz}$ , $\Delta f = \pm 25\text{kHz}$ , AM: 30%, $v_{in} = 100\text{dB}\mu$	40	45	–	dB
Recovered Output Voltage	$V_{OD}$	SIF IN: $f = 4.5\text{MHz}$ , $f_m = 400\text{Hz}$ , $\Delta f = \pm 25\text{kHz}$ , $v_{in} = 80\text{dB}\mu$ , $R_D = 12\text{k}\Omega$	0.5	0.75	–	$V_{\text{rms}}$
Total Harmonic Distortion	THD	SIF IN: $f = 4.5\text{MHz}$ , $f_m = 400\text{Hz}$ , $\Delta f = \pm 25\text{kHz}$ , $v_{in} = 80\text{dB}\mu$	–	1.0	–	%
Max. Audio Output Voltage	$V_{OM}$	SIF IN: $f = 4.4$ to $4.6\text{MHz}$	4.0	–	–	$V_{P-P}$
SIF Input Impedance	$R_{IN(\text{SIF})}$	$f = 4.5\text{MHz}$	10	20	30	$\text{k}\Omega$
SIF Input Capacitance	$C_{IN(\text{SIF})}$	$f = 4.5\text{MHz}$	–	3.0	–	pF
DET Output Impedance	$R_{O(\text{DET})}$	Note 18	10	15	20	$\text{k}\Omega$
DC Voltage, Pin21 NTE1570	$V_{21}$	SW <sub>1</sub> : 2, SW <sub>2</sub> : 2	3.5	4.4	5.3	V
NTE1572		SW <sub>1</sub> : 1, SW <sub>2</sub> : 2	3.5	4.4	5.3	V
DC Voltage, Pin23 NTE1570	$V_{23}$	SW <sub>1</sub> : 2, SW <sub>2</sub> : 2	4.8	6.0	7.2	V
NTE1572		SW <sub>1</sub> : 1, SW <sub>2</sub> : 2	4.8	6.0	7.2	V
DC Voltage, Pin1 NTE1570	$V_1$	SW <sub>1</sub> : 2, SW <sub>2</sub> : 2	6.0	6.7	7.4	V
NTE1572		SW <sub>1</sub> : 1, SW <sub>2</sub> : 2	6.0	6.7	7.4	V
Max. Attenuation	ATT MAX	Note 19	60	–	–	dB
DC Volume Gain	$G_{\text{ATT MAX}}$	$R_A = 0$	4	6	8	dB
ATT Characteristics	$V_1$	Note 22	3.4	3.8	4.2	V
		Note 23	4.5	4.9	5.3	V
Signal Leakage	$V_{PT}$	Note 20	–	1.0	3.0	mV <sub>rms</sub>
AF Amp Gain	$G_V \text{ AF}$	Note 21	–	20	–	dB
AF Amp Distortion	THD AF	$P_{23A} = 1V_{PP}$ , 400Hz, SW <sub>3</sub> : ON, ATT: –26dB Setting	–	1.5	–	%
AF Amp Max. Output Voltage	$V_{OAF\text{MAX}}$	THD <sub>AF</sub> = 5%, Note 21	1.5	2.0	–	$V_{\text{rms}}$
AF Output DC Voltage NTE1570	$V_3$	SW <sub>1</sub> : 2, SW <sub>2</sub> : 2	6.7	7.7	8.8	V
NTE1572		SW <sub>1</sub> : 1, SW <sub>2</sub> : 2	6.7	7.7	8.8	V

## Notes:

- Note 1.  $V_{AGC}$  (P5 EXT. Applying Voltage) = 11.5V, PIF IN:  $f = 58.75\text{MHz}$  1kHz 30% AM Modulation. Adjust PIF input level ( $v_i$ ) so that the detected output of  $P_{15A}$  with high impedance probe will be  $0.8V_{P-P}$  and measure the input level.
- Note 2.  $V_{AGC} = 4V$ . Measure PIF input level ( $v_i$ ) same as Note 1.
- Note 3. PIF IN:  $f = 58.75\text{MHz}$  CW  $15\text{mV}_{\text{rms}}$ . Measure DC level of  $P_{15}$ .
- Note 4. PIF IN:  $f = 58.75\text{MHz}$ , APL 100%, 87.5% AM modulation.  $P_5$ : Ppen.  
(1) Adjust PIF input level  $50\text{mV}_{P-P}$  and measure the detected output level  $v_{01P-P}$ .  
(2) Then increase the input level so that the detected output level will be  $1.1 \times v_{01P-P}$  and measure the input level.
- Note 5.  $V_{AGC} = 8V$ . PIF IN:  $58.75\text{MHz} \pm 10\text{MHz}$  variable or sweep  $15\text{mV}_{\text{rms}}$  measure DC level of  $P_{15}$ .
- Note 6.  $V_{AGC} = 8V$  (GR = 30dB).  $SG_1$ :  $58.75\text{MHz}$  CW,  $SG_2$ :  $58.65$  to  $40\text{MHz}$  variable.  
(1) Setting output of  $SG_1$  so that DC level of  $P_{15}$  will be  $4V$ .  
(2) Setting output of  $SG_2$  ( $58.65\text{MHz}$ ) so that AC level of  $P_{15}$  will be  $0.5V_{P-P}$ .  
(3) Decreasing frequency of  $SG_2$  until AC level of  $P_{15}$  will be  $0.35V_{P-P}$  ( $-3\text{dB}$  of  $0.5V_{P-P}$ ) then read  $f_{SG2} = F$ ,  $f_{BW} = 58.75 - F$  MHz
- Note 7.  $SG_1$ :  $58.75\text{MHz}$ , 1kHz 80% AM modulation  $100\text{mV}_{\text{rms}}$ .  $SG_2$ ,  $SG_3$ : OFF. Setting  $V_{AGC}$  so that output AC level of  $P_{15}$  will be  $2.7V_{P-P}$ . Measure CL of  $P_{15}$  after setting to 0% AM of  $SG_1$ .
- Note 8. Measure  $I_{2nd}$  of  $P_{15}$  same as Note 7.
- Note 9.  $V_{AGC} = 8V$ .  $SG_1$ :  $58.75\text{MHz}$  (P = Picture)  $100\text{mV}_{\text{rms}}$ .  $SG_2$ :  $54.25\text{MHz}$  (S = Sound)  $32\text{mV}_{\text{rms}}$  ( $-10\text{dB}$  of  $SG_1$ ).  $SG_3$ :  $55.17\text{MHz}$  (C = Chroma)  $32\text{mV}_{\text{rms}}$  ( $-10\text{dB}$  of  $SG_1$ ).  
(1) Setting  $V_{AGC}$  so that the output tip level (lower) of  $P_{15}$  will be  $3V$  DC.  
(2) Measure the level difference (dB) between c-level and  $920\text{kHz}$  level.
- Note 10.  $V_{AGC} = 8V$ . PIF IN:  $f = 58.75\text{MHz}$  video signal (ramp) 87.5% AM  $100\text{mV}_{P-P}$ . Setting ATT so that the sync tip level of  $P_{15}$  will be  $2.5V$  DC. Measure DP and DG.
- Note 11.  $V_{AGC} = 5V$ ,  $f = 58.75\text{MHz}$ . Measure  $R_{IN}$ ,  $C_{IN}$ .
- Note 12. AFT sensitivity  $\Delta F/\Delta(V_{13}-V_{14})$   
(1) INT, AGC ( $P_5$  Open)  
(2) PIF Input:  $58.75\text{MHz} \pm 1\text{MHz}$ , CW  $15\text{mV}_{\text{rms}}$ .  
(3) Read the frequency ( $f_1$ ) of PIF when  $V_{13}-V_{14} = -1V$ .  
(4) Read the frequency ( $f_2$ ) of PIF when  $V_{13}-V_{14} = 1V$ .  
Then calculate  $\Delta F/\Delta(V_{13}-V_{14}) = |f_1-f_2|$
- Note 13.  $\Delta F_W$ ,  $V_{13U}$ ,  $V_{14U}$ ,  $V_{13L}$ ,  $V_{14L}$   
(1) INT AGC ( $P_5$  Open)  
(2) PIF IN:  $58.75\text{MHz} \pm 10\text{MHz}$  CW  $15\text{mV}_{\text{rms}}$   
(3)  $9\text{pF}$  at Pin16 should be shorted  
(4) Read the frequency ( $f_1$  or  $f_2$ ) when the  $V_5$  or  $V_6$  reduced to 90% level of A or B with varying the frequency. Then band width is the difference from center frequency ( $f_0$ ).
- Note 14.  $P_5$ : Open. PIF IN:  $58.75\text{MHz}$  CW  $20\text{mV}_{\text{rms}}$ .  
(1) Adjust the voltage of Pin3 so that the voltage of Pin4 will be  $6V$  DC.  
(2) Measure the voltage at Pin3.
- Note 15.  $P_5$ : Open. PIF IN:  $58.75\text{MHz}$ , 100% APL 87.5% AM modulation signal amplitude  $50\text{mV}_{P-P}$ . Measure detected output voltage (White peak to sync tip).
- Note 16.  $P_5$ : Open.  $SG_1$ :  $58.75\text{MHz}$  CW  $100\text{mV}_{\text{rms}}$ .  $SG_2$ :  $54.25\text{MHz}$  CW  $25\text{mV}_{\text{rms}}$ . Measure SIF ( $4.5\text{MHz}$ ) output voltage at  $P_{15}$ .
- Note 17. SIF IN:  $f = 4.5\text{MHz}$ , FM  $f_{MOD} = 400\text{Hz}$ ,  $\Delta f = \pm 25\text{kHz}$ .  
(1) Adjust SIF input level  $100\text{mV}_{P-P}$  and measure the detected output level  $v_{OS}$ .  
(2) Then decrease the input level so that the detected output level will be  $3\text{dB}$  down of  $v_{OS}$  and measure the input level.

**Notes (cont'd):**

**Note 18. Output Impedance**

- (1) SIF IN:  $f = 4.5\text{MHz}$ , FM  $f_{\text{MOD}} = 400\text{Hz}$ ,  $\Delta f = \pm 25\text{kHz}$ ,  $80\text{dB}\mu$ .
- (2) At  $P_{23}$  read the  $V_{O1}$  at  $R_X = \infty$ , then read the  $R_X$  when recovered output become  $V_{O1}/2$  with varying the  $R_X$ . The  $R_X$  is the output impedance.

**Note 19. ATT MAX.**

- (1) SIF IN:  $f = 4.5\text{MHz}$ , FM  $f_{\text{MOD}} = 400\text{Hz}$ ,  $\Delta f = \pm 25\text{kHz}$ ,  $80\text{dB}\mu$ .
- (2) Read the 400Hz component of  $V_{A1}$  at  $P_2$  with  $R_A = 0$ , then read  $V_{A1'}$  with  $R_A = \infty$ .

**Note 20.  $V_{PT}$**

- (1) SIF IN:  $f = 4.5\text{MHz}$ , FM  $f_{\text{MOD}} = 400\text{Hz}$ ,  $\Delta f = \pm 25\text{kHz}$ ,  $80\text{dB}\mu$ .
- (2) Read the 400Hz component at  $P_3$ .

**Note 21.  $G_V$  AF**

- (1) Apply 400Hz  $0.1V_{\text{rms}}$  signal to  $P_2$ .
- (2) Read the output voltage at  $P_3$ .

**Note 22.** Read the 400Hz component of  $V_{A1}$  at  $P_2$  with  $R_A = 0$ . Set  $R_A$  so that  $V_{A1'} = 1/2V_{A1}$  ( $-6\text{dB}$ ), then read DC voltage of Pin1 ( $V_1$ ).

**Note 23.** Read the 400Hz component of  $V_{A1}$  at  $P_2$  with  $R_A = 0$ . Set  $R_A$  so that  $V_{A1'} = 3.16 \times 10^{-3}V_{A1}$  ( $-50\text{dB}$ ), then read DC voltage of Pin1 ( $V_1$ ).

**Pin Connection Diagram**

