

# **Current Transducer LTSR 15-NP**

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed, mixed, with a galvanic isolation between the primary circuit (high power) and the secondary circuit (electronic circuit).



**Electrical data** 



Supply voltage (± 5 %)

Current consumption @  $V_c = 5 \text{ V}$ 





 $I_{PN} = 15 A$ 

I <sub>P</sub>	Primary nominal current rms	15	At
I <sub>PN</sub>		$0 \pm 48^{1)}$	At
	Output voltage (Analog) @ I <sub>P</sub>	2.5 ± (0.625	5· <b>I</b> <sub>P</sub> / <b>I</b> <sub>PN</sub> ) V
	$\mathbf{I}_{P} = 0$	2.5 <sup>2)</sup>	V
V,	Reference voltage (internal reference), refout mode	2.5 <sup>3)</sup>	V
	Reference voltage (external reference), refin mode	1.9 2.7 4)	V
G	Sensitivity	41.6	mV/A
Ν	Number of secondary turns (± 0.1 %)		2000
R		≥ 2	kΩ
С	Lmaxi Maximum capacitive loading	500	pF
R	Internal measuring resistance (± 0.5 %)	83.33	Ω
	CR <sub>IM</sub> Temperature coefficient of R <sub>IM</sub>	< 50	ppm/K

Ac	curacy - Dynamic performance data				
X	Accuracy @ $I_{PN}$ , $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	± 0.2	%		
	Accuracy with $\mathbf{R}_{\text{IM}} @ \mathbf{I}_{\text{PN}}$ , $\mathbf{T}_{\text{A}} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	± 0.7	%		
$\mathbf{\epsilon}_{\scriptscriptstyle L}$	Linearity error	< 0.1	%		
		Maxi			
TCV	Temperature coefficient of $\mathbf{V}_{OUT}/\mathbf{V}_{REF} \otimes \mathbf{I}_{P} = 0$				
	- 40°C + 85°C	64	ppm/K		
TCG	Temperature coefficient of <b>G</b> - 40°C + 85°C	50 <sup>6)</sup>	ppm/K		
$\mathbf{V}_{OM}$	$V_{CM}$ Magnetic offset voltage @ $I_p = 0$				
	after an overload of 3 x I <sub>PN</sub>	± 0.5	mV		
	5 x I <sub>PN</sub>	± 2.0	mV		
	10 x I <sub>PN</sub>	± 2.0	mV		
TCV <sub>REF</sub> Temperature coefficient of internal V <sub>REF</sub>					
	@ $I_p = 0$ - 10°C + 85°C	50	ppm/K		
	- 40°C 10°C	100	ppm/K		
t <sub>ra</sub>	Reaction time @ 10 % of I <sub>PN</sub>	< 100	ns		
t,	Response time to 90 % of I <sub>PN</sub> step	< 400	ns		
di/dt	di/dt accurately followed	> 35	A/µs		
BW	Frequency bandwidth (0 0.5 dB)	DC 100	kHz		

Notes: ¹) Only in refout mode or with external REF less than 2.525 V and greater than 2.475 V. For external REF out of these limits see leaflet. ²)  $\mathbf{V}_{\text{OUT}}$  is linked to  $\mathbf{V}_{\text{REF}}$ , by conception the difference between these two nodes for  $\mathbf{I}_{\text{P}} = 0$  is maximum  $\pm$  25 mV, 2.475 V <  $\mathbf{V}_{\text{OUT}}$  < 2.525 V. ³) In Refout mode at  $\mathbf{T}_{\text{A}} = 25$ °C, 2.475 V <  $\mathbf{V}_{\text{REF}}$  < 2.525 V. The minimal impedance loading the ref pin should be > 220 kΩ. Internal impedance = 600 Ω. For most applications you need to buffer this output to feed it into an ADC for example. ⁴) To overdrive the REF (1.9 V .. 2.7 V) maxi  $\pm$  1 mA is needed.

(-0.5 .. 1 dB)

 $_{\rm S}^{\rm 5)}$   ${\bf I}_{\rm S} = {\bf I}_{\rm P}/{\bf N}_{\rm S}$ .  $^{\rm 6)}$  Only due to TCR  $_{\rm IM}$ .

#### **Features**

- Closed loop (compensated) multirange current transducer using the Hall effect
- Unipolar voltage supply
- Isolated plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0
- · Compact design for PCB mounting
- Incorporated measuring resistance
- Extended measuring range
- Access to the internal voltage reference
- Possibility to feed the transducer reference from external supply.

# **Advantages**

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- Very low temperature drift
- Optimized response time
- · Wide frequency bandwidth
- No insertion losses
- High immunity to external interference
- Current overload capability.

## **Applications**

- AC variable speed drives and servo motor drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- · Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Power supplies for welding applications.

#### **Application Domain**

• Industrial.

Copyright protected

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DC .. 200

kHz

5

 $28 + I_s^{5} + (V_{OLT}/R_1) \text{ mA}$ 



## **Current Transducer LTSR 15-NP**

General data				
$\mathbf{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$	Ambient operating temperature	- 40 + 85	°C	
Ts	Ambient storage temperature	- 40 + 100	°C	
3	Insulating material group	III a		
m	Mass	10	g	
	Standards	EN 50178: 1997	7	
		IEC 60950-1: 2001		
Iso	olation characteristics			
V <sub>d</sub>	Rms voltage for AC isolation test, 50/60 Hz, 1 min	3	kV	

Isolation characteristics				
$\hat{\mathbf{V}}_{d}$	Rms voltage for AC isolation test, 50/60 Hz, 1 min Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 $\mu s$	3 > 8	kV kV	
$\mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{e}}$	Rms voltage for partial discharge extinction @ 10pC	Mini > 1.5	kV	
dCp dCl CTI	Creepage distance <sup>7)</sup> Clearance distance <sup>8)</sup> Comparative Tracking Index (Group III a)	Mini 15.35 6.2 175	m m m m	

# **Application examples**

According to EN 50178 and IEC 61010-1 standards and following conditions:

- Over voltage category OV 3
- Pollution degree PD2
- Non-uniform field

	EN 50178	IEC 61010-1
dCp, dCl, $\hat{\mathbf{V}}_{\mathbf{w}}$	Rated isolation voltage	Nominal voltage
Single isolation	600 V	600 V
Reinforced isolation	300 V	300 V

Notes: 7) On housing

8) On PCB with soldering pattern UTEC93-703.

## Safety



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.

Caution, risk of electrical shock

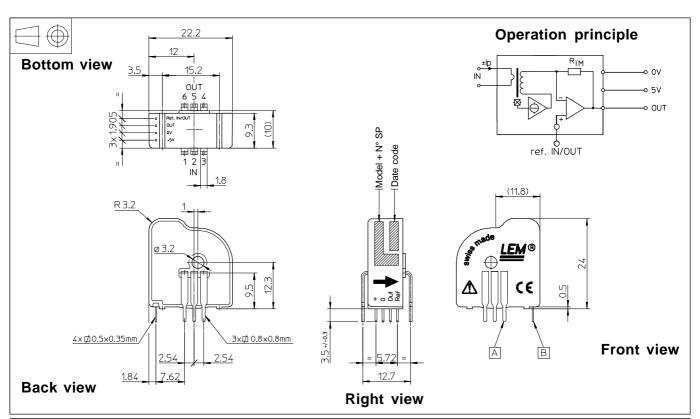


When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply). Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage. This transducer is a built-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation. A protective housing or additional shield could be used. Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

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# **Dimensions LTSR 15-NP** (in mm. 1 mm = 0.0394 inch)



Number of primary turns	Primary nominal current rms I <sub>PN</sub> [A]	Nominal <sup>9)</sup> output voltage <b>V</b> <sub>OUT</sub> [V]	Primary resistance $\mathbf{R}_{P}$ [ $\mathrm{m}\Omega$ ]	Primary insertion inductance L <sub>P</sub> [µH]	Recommended connections
1	± 15	2.5 ± 0.625	0.18	0.013	6 5 4 OUT  O
2	± 7.5	2.5 ± 0.625	0.81	0.05	6 5 4 OUT O O O IN 1 2 3
3	± 5	2.5 ± 0.625	1.62	0.12	6 5 4 OUT

#### **Mechanical characteristics**

• General tolerance

• Fastening & connection of primary Recommended PCB hole

• Fastening & connection of secondary Recommended PCB hole

• Additional primary through-hole

 $\pm 0.2\,mm$ 

6 pins 0.8 x 0.8 mm

1.3 mm

4 pins 0.5 x 0.35 mm

0.8 mm

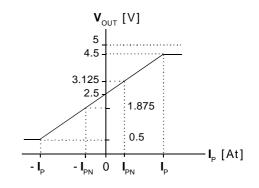
 $\varnothing \, 3.2 \, mm$ 

#### Remarks

- $V_{OUT}$  is positive when  $I_p$  flows from terminals 1, 2, 3 to terminals
- For the EMC, the acceptance criteria are available on request.
- Temperature of the primary jumper should not exceed 100 [°C].

Note: 9) Output voltage when LTSR 15-NP is used with internal reference.

# **Output Voltage - Primary Current**



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