

GP1S53 Compact Potointerrupter

■ Features

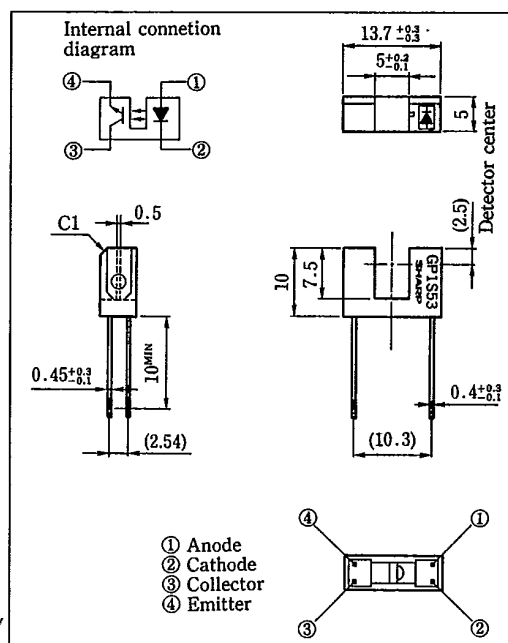
1. Compact type
2. High sensing accuracy (Slit width: 0.5mm)
3. PWB mounting type

■ Applications

1. OA equipment, such as FDDs, printers, facsimiles
2. VCRs
3. Optoelectronic switches

■ Outline Dimensions

(Unit : mm)



■ Absolute Maximum Rating

(Ta=25°C)

	Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Input	Forward current	I_F	50	mA
	*1 Peak forward current	I_{FM}	1	A
	Reverse voltage	V_R	6	V
Output	Power dissipation	P	75	mW
	Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CEO}	35	V
	Emitter-collector voltage	V_{ECO}	6	V
	Collector current	I_C	20	mA
	Collector power dissipation	P_C	75	mW
Operating temperature		T_{opr}	-25 ~ +85	°C
Storage temperature		T_{stg}	-40 ~ +100	°C
**Soldering temperature		T_{sol}	260	°C

*1 Pulse width $\leq 100\mu s$, Duty ratio=0.01

*2 For 5 seconds

SHARP

■ Electro-optical Characteristics

(Ta=25°C)

	Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input	Forward voltage	V_F	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	—	1.25	1.4	V
	Peak forward voltage	V_{FM}	$I_{FM}=0.5\text{A}$	—	3	4	V
	Reverse current	I_R	$V_R=3\text{V}$	—	—	10	μA
Output	Collector dark current	I_{CEO}	$V_{CE}=20\text{V}$	—	10^{-9}	10^{-7}	A
	Current transfer ratio	CTR	$I_F=20\text{mA}$, $V_{CE}=5\text{V}$	2.5	—	75	%
Transfer characteristics	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_F=40\text{mA}$, $I_C=0.2\text{mA}$	—	—	0.4	V
	Response time (Rise)	t_r	$V_{CE}=2\text{V}$, $I_C=2\text{mA}$	—	3	15	μs
	Response time (Fall)	t_f	$R_L=100\Omega$	—	4	20	μs

Fig. 1 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

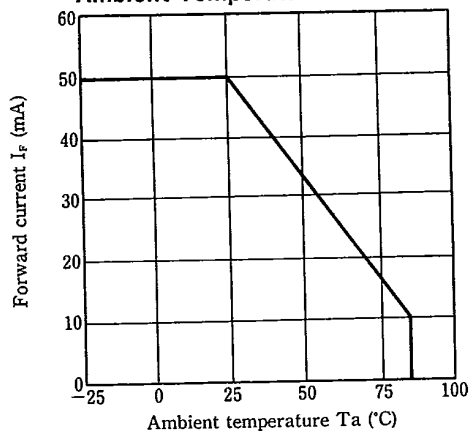


Fig. 2 Collector Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

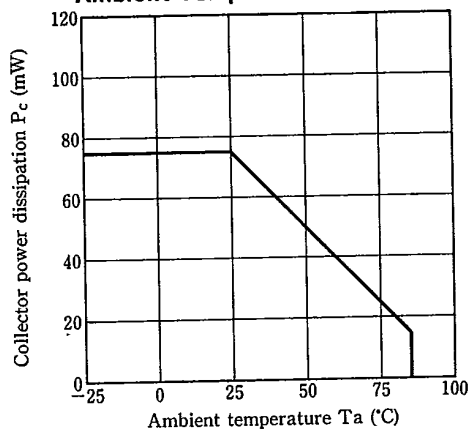


Fig. 3 Peak Forward Current vs. Duty Ratio

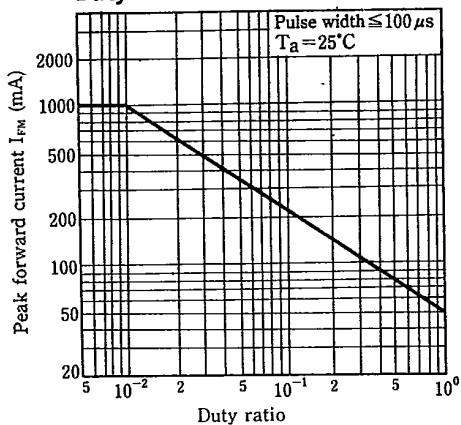
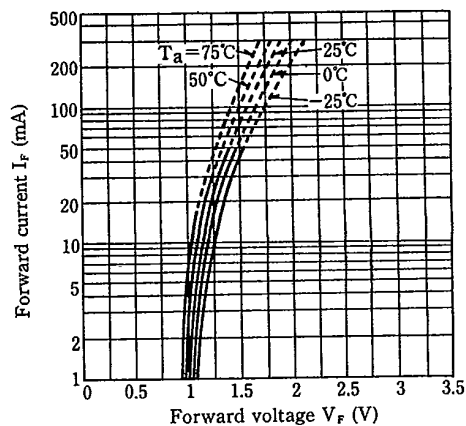


Fig. 4 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage



SHARP

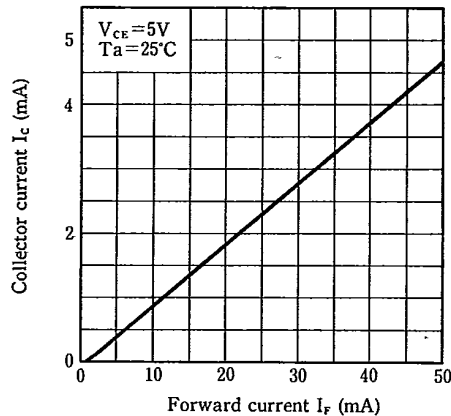
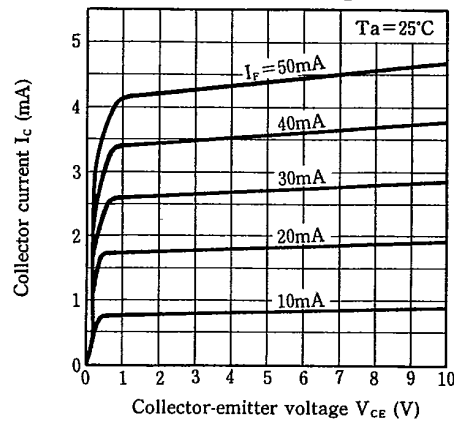
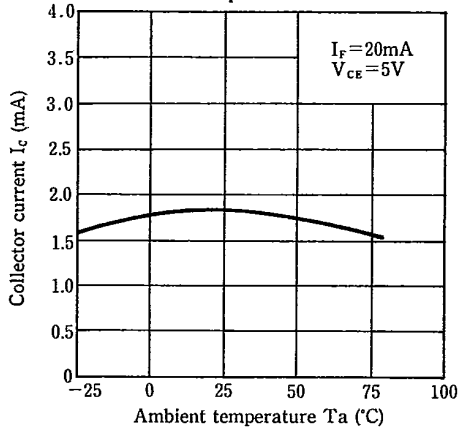
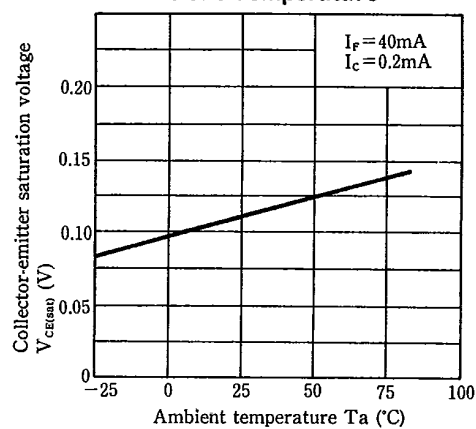
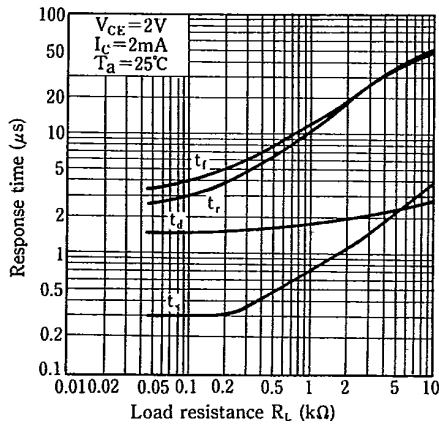
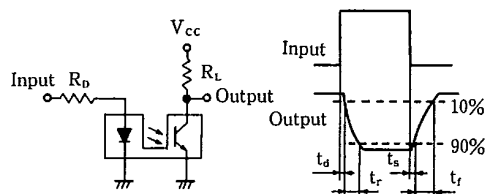
Fig. 5 Collector Current vs. Forward Current**Fig. 6 Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage****Fig. 7 Collector Current vs. Ambient Temperature****Fig. 8 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature****Fig. 9 Response Time vs. Load Resistance****Test Circuit for Response Time**

Fig. 10 Frequency Response

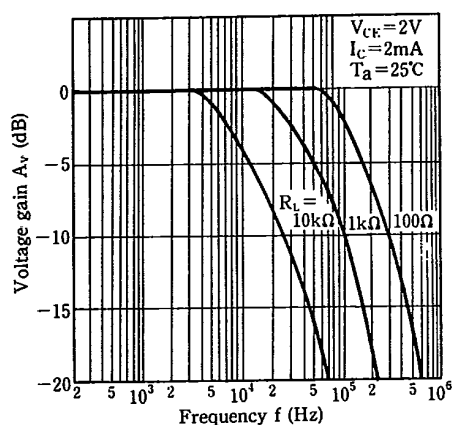


Fig. 11 Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

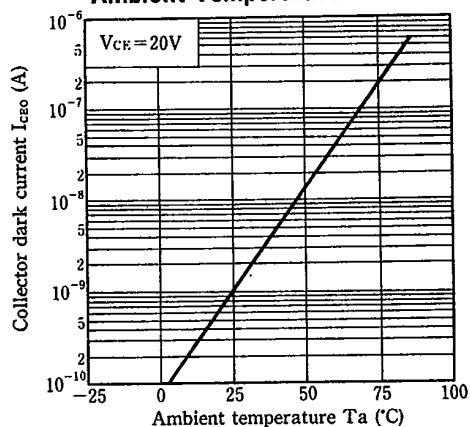


Fig. 12 Relative Collector Current vs. Shield Distance (1)

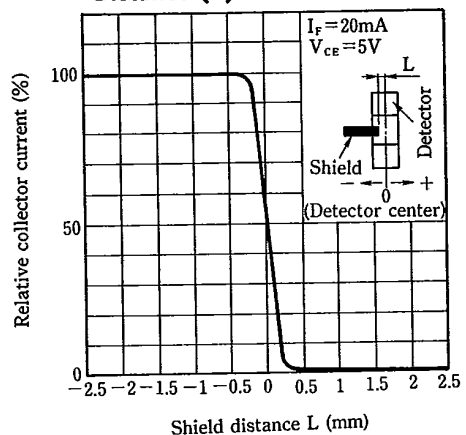


Fig. 13 Relative collector Current vs. Shield Distance (2)

