

## Resistor LED for 12 V Supply Voltage

| Color               | Type     | Technology   | Angle of Half Intensity<br>$\pm\varphi$ |
|---------------------|----------|--------------|-----------------------------------------|
| High efficiency red | TLRH5400 | GaAsP on GaP | 30°                                     |
| Yellow              | TLRY5400 | GaAsP on GaP | 30°                                     |
| Green               | TLRG5400 | GaP on GaP   | 30°                                     |

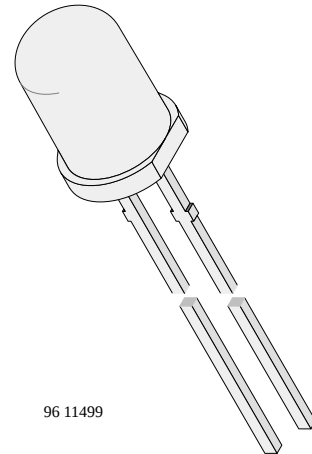
### Description

These devices are developed for the automotive industry and other industries which use 12 V sources. The TLR.540. series contains an integrated resistor for current limiting in series with the LED chip. This allows the lamp to be driven from a 12 V source without an external current limiter.

Available colors are red, yellow and green. The luminous intensity of such an LED is measured at constant voltage of 12 V.

These tinted diffused lamps provide a wide off-axis viewing angle.

These LEDs are intended for space critical applications such as automobile instrument panels, switches and others which are driven from a 12 V source.



### Features

- With current limiting resistor for 12 V
- Cost effective: save space and resistor cost
- Standard  $\varnothing$  5 mm (T-1 $\frac{3}{4}$ ) package
- Wide viewing angle
- Choice of three bright colors
- Luminous intensity categorized
- Yellow and green color categorized
- Luminous intensity and color are measured at 12 V

### Applications

Status light in cars and other applications with a 12 V source  
 OFF / ON indicator in cars and other applications with a 12 V source  
 Background illumination for switches  
 Off / On indicator in switches

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

$T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

TLRH5400 , TLR5400 , TLRG5400 ,

| Parameter                           | Test Conditions                      | Symbol     | Value       | Unit               |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------|-------------|--------------------|
| Reverse voltage                     |                                      | $V_R$      | 6           | V                  |
| Forward voltage                     | $T_{amb} \leq 65^{\circ}\text{C}$    | $V_F$      | 16          | V                  |
| Power dissipation                   | $T_{amb} \leq 65^{\circ}\text{C}$    | $P_V$      | 240         | mW                 |
| Junction temperature                |                                      | $T_j$      | 100         | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Storage temperature range           |                                      | $T_{stg}$  | -55 to +100 | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Soldering temperature               | $t \leq 5\text{ s}$ , 2 mm from body | $T_{sd}$   | 260         | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Thermal resistance junction/ambient |                                      | $R_{thJA}$ | 150         | K/W                |

## Optical and Electrical Characteristics

$T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

**High efficiency red (TLRH5400 )**

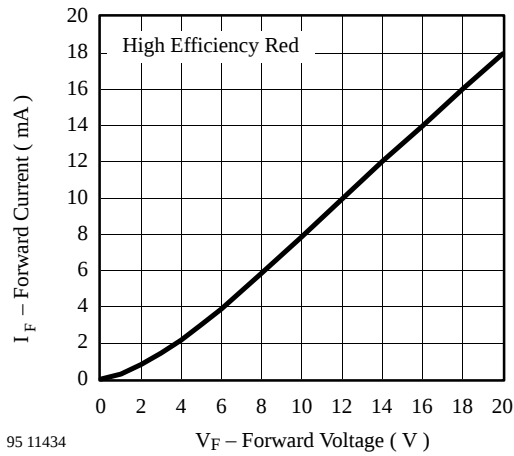
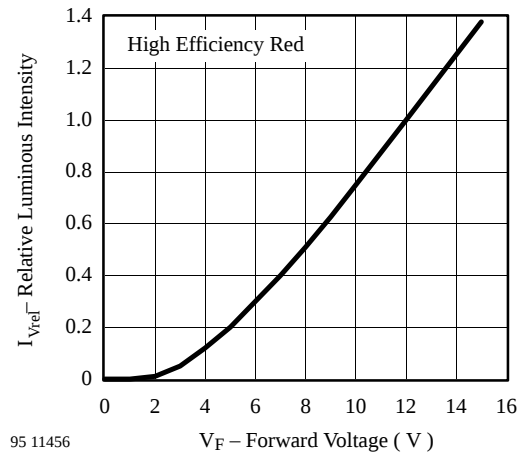
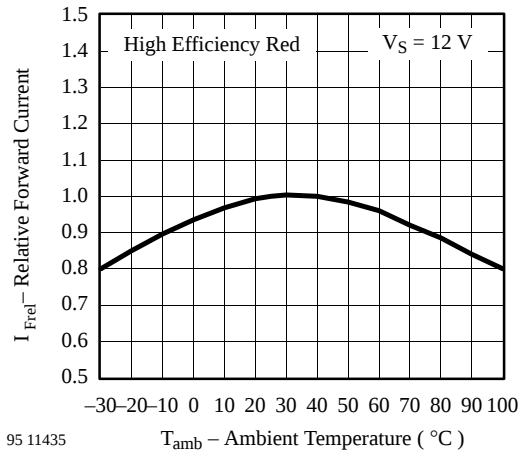
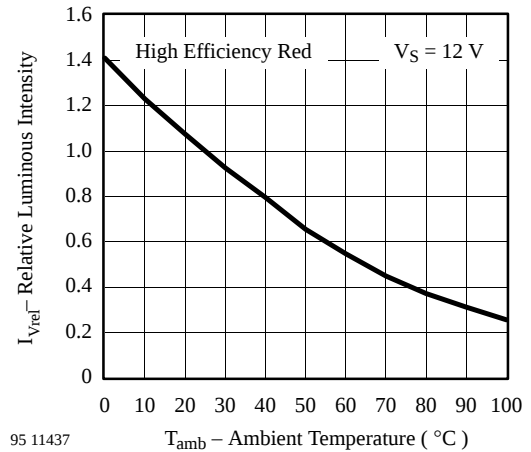
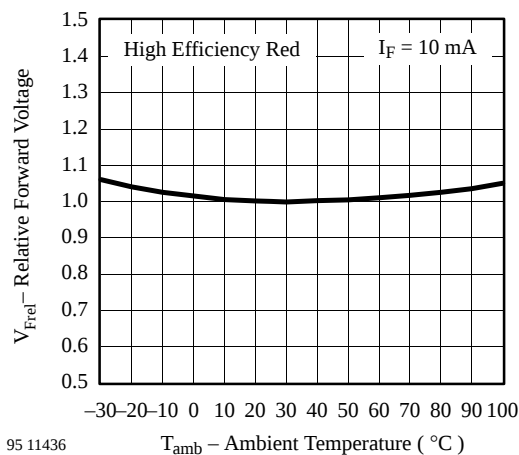
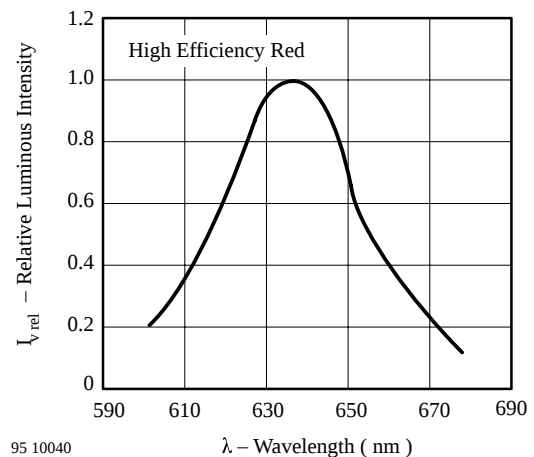
| Parameter               | Test Conditions                | Type | Symbol      | Min | Typ      | Max | Unit |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|------|-------------|-----|----------|-----|------|
| Luminous intensity      | $V_F = 12\text{ V}$            |      | $I_V$       | 1.6 | 4        |     | mcd  |
| Dominant wavelength     | $V_F = 12\text{ V}$            |      | $\lambda_d$ | 612 |          | 625 | nm   |
| Peak wavelength         | $V_F = 12\text{ V}$            |      | $\lambda_p$ |     | 635      |     | nm   |
| Angle of half intensity | $V_F = 12\text{ V}$            |      | $\phi$      |     | $\pm 30$ |     | deg  |
| Forward current         | $V_S = 12\text{ V}$            |      | $I_F$       |     | 10       | 12  | mA   |
| Breakdown voltage       | $I_R = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$  |      | $V_{BR}$    | 6   | 20       |     | V    |
| Junction capacitance    | $V_R = 0$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ |      | $C_j$       |     | 50       |     | pF   |

**Yellow (TLRY5400 )**

| Parameter               | Test Conditions                | Type | Symbol      | Min | Typ      | Max | Unit |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|------|-------------|-----|----------|-----|------|
| Luminous intensity      | $V_F = 12\text{ V}$            |      | $I_V$       | 1.6 | 4        |     | mcd  |
| Dominant wavelength     | $V_F = 12\text{ V}$            |      | $\lambda_d$ | 581 |          | 594 | nm   |
| Peak wavelength         | $V_F = 12\text{ V}$            |      | $\lambda_p$ |     | 585      |     | nm   |
| Angle of half intensity | $V_F = 12\text{ V}$            |      | $\phi$      |     | $\pm 30$ |     | deg  |
| Forward current         | $V_S = 12\text{ V}$            |      | $I_F$       |     | 10       | 12  | mA   |
| Breakdown voltage       | $I_R = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$  |      | $V_{BR}$    | 6   | 20       |     | V    |
| Junction capacitance    | $V_R = 0$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ |      | $C_j$       |     | 50       |     | pF   |

**Green (TLRG5400 )**

| Parameter               | Test Conditions                | Type | Symbol      | Min | Typ      | Max | Unit |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|------|-------------|-----|----------|-----|------|
| Luminous intensity      | $V_F = 12\text{ V}$            |      | $I_V$       | 1.6 | 4        |     | mcd  |
| Dominant wavelength     | $V_F = 12\text{ V}$            |      | $\lambda_d$ | 562 |          | 575 | nm   |
| Peak wavelength         | $V_F = 12\text{ V}$            |      | $\lambda_p$ |     | 565      |     | nm   |
| Angle of half intensity | $V_F = 12\text{ V}$            |      | $\phi$      |     | $\pm 30$ |     | deg  |
| Forward current         | $V_S = 12\text{ V}$            |      | $I_F$       |     | 10       | 12  | mA   |
| Breakdown voltage       | $I_R = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$  |      | $V_{BR}$    | 6   | 20       |     | V    |
| Junction capacitance    | $V_R = 0$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ |      | $C_j$       |     | 50       |     | pF   |

**Typical Characteristics** ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified)

**Figure 1 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage**

**Figure 4 Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Voltage**

**Figure 2 Relative Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature**

**Figure 5 Rel. Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature**

**Figure 3 Relative Forward Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature**

**Figure 6 Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Wavelength**

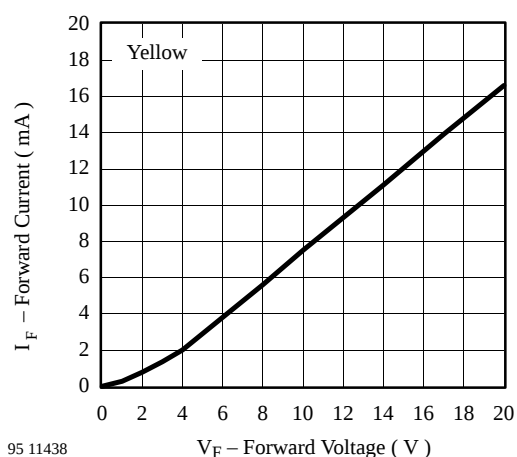


Figure 7 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

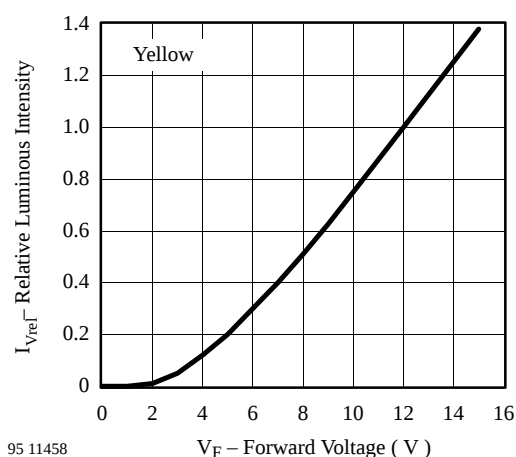


Figure 10 Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Voltage

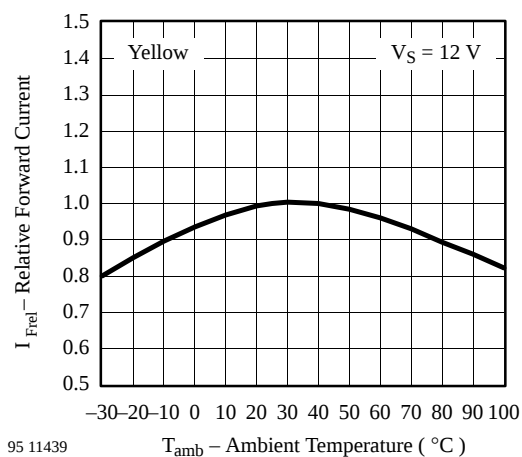


Figure 8 Relative Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

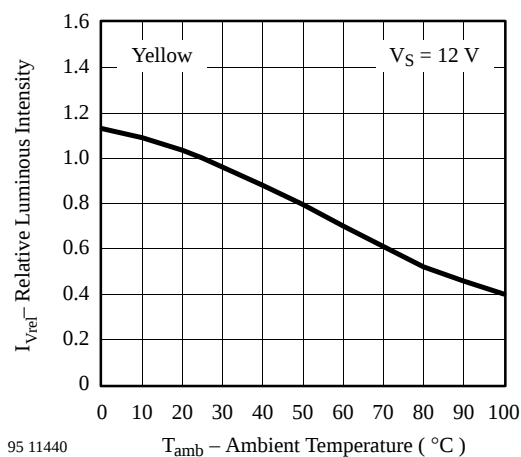


Figure 11 Rel. Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature

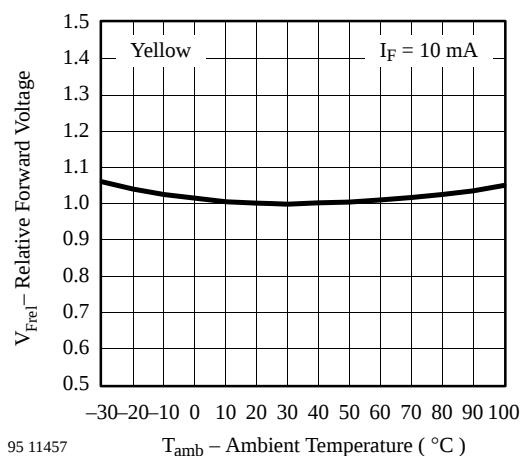


Figure 9 Relative Forward Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

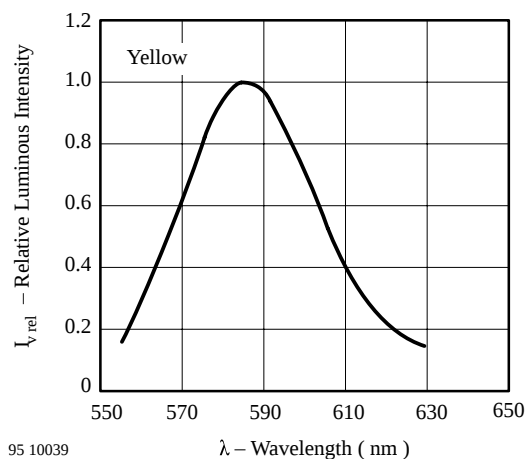


Figure 12 Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Wavelength

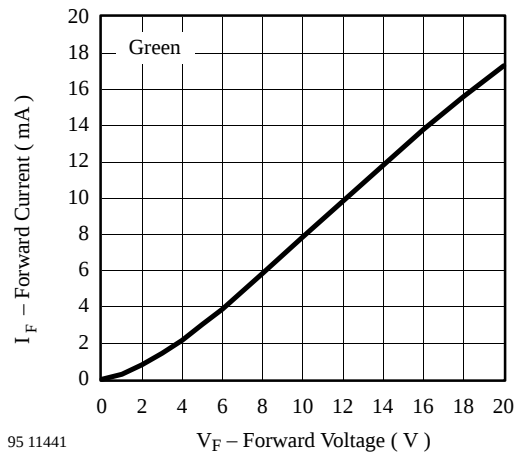


Figure 13 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

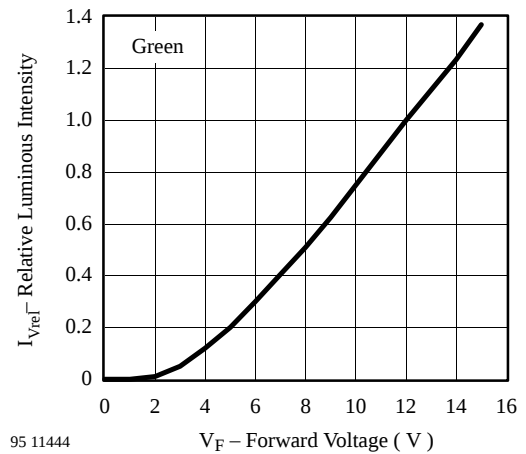


Figure 16 Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Voltage

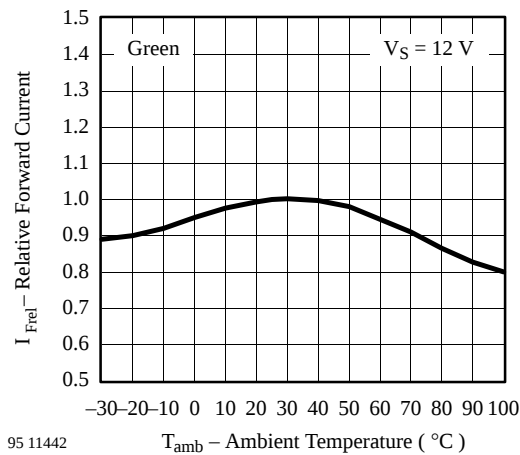


Figure 14 Relative Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

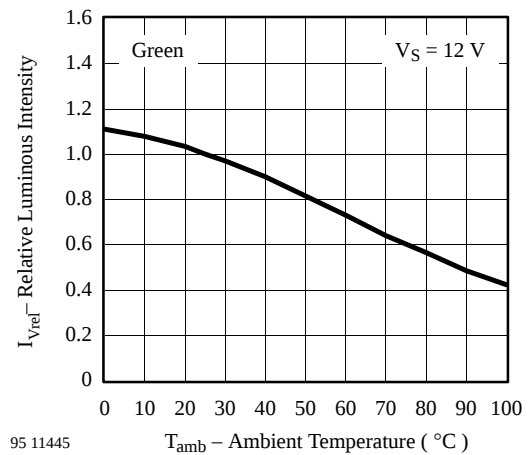


Figure 17 Rel. Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature

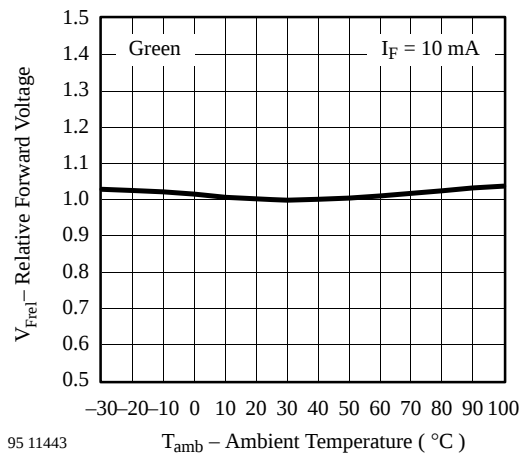


Figure 15 Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Voltage

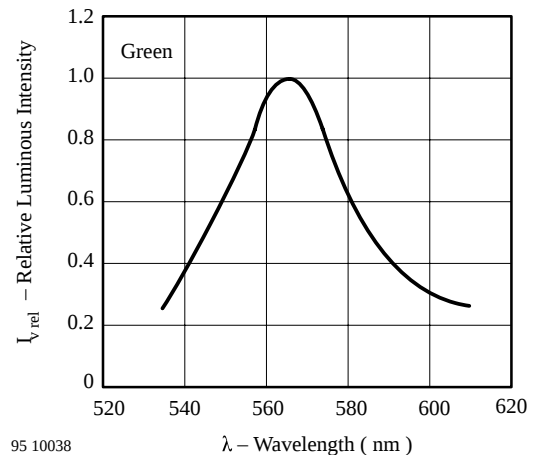
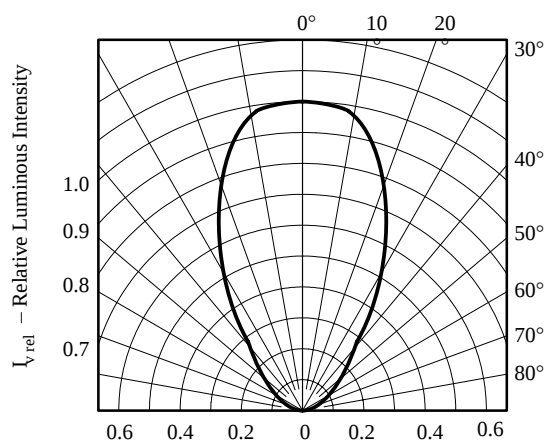


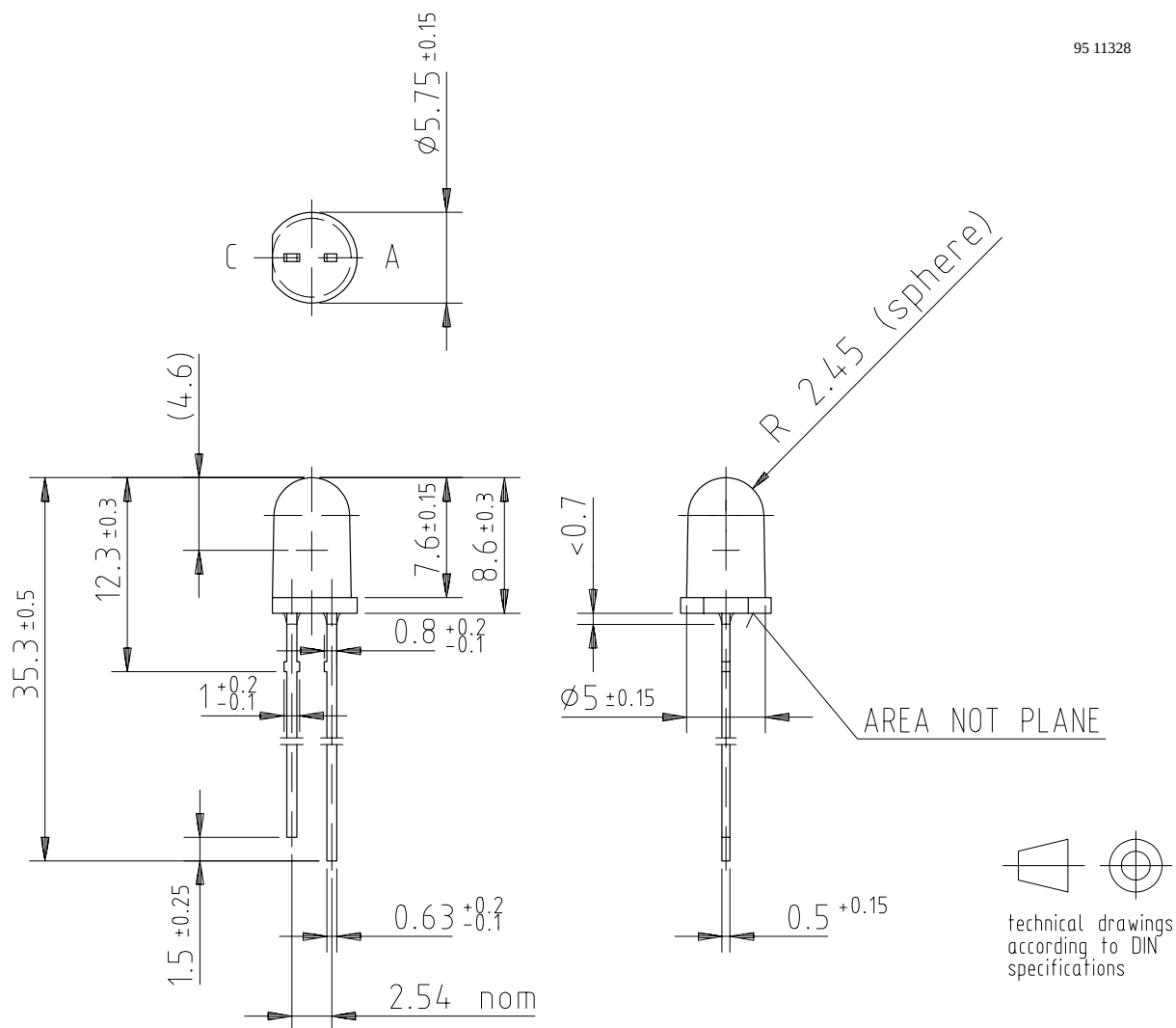
Figure 18 Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Wavelength



95 10042

Figure 19 Rel. Luminous Intensity vs. Angular Displacement

### Dimensions in mm





## **Ozone Depleting Substances Policy Statement**

It is the policy of **Vishay Semiconductor GmbH** to

1. Meet all present and future national and international statutory requirements.
2. Regularly and continuously improve the performance of our products, processes, distribution and operating systems with respect to their impact on the health and safety of our employees and the public, as well as their impact on the environment.

It is particular concern to control or eliminate releases of those substances into the atmosphere which are known as ozone depleting substances (ODSs).

The Montreal Protocol (1987) and its London Amendments (1990) intend to severely restrict the use of ODSs and forbid their use within the next ten years. Various national and international initiatives are pressing for an earlier ban on these substances.

**Vishay Semiconductor GmbH** has been able to use its policy of continuous improvements to eliminate the use of ODSs listed in the following documents.

1. Annex A, B and list of transitional substances of the Montreal Protocol and the London Amendments respectively
2. Class I and II ozone depleting substances in the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the USA
3. Council Decision 88/540/EEC and 91/690/EEC Annex A, B and C (transitional substances) respectively.

**Vishay Semiconductor GmbH** can certify that our semiconductors are not manufactured with ozone depleting substances and do not contain such substances.

**We reserve the right to make changes to improve technical design and may do so without further notice.**

Parameters can vary in different applications. All operating parameters must be validated for each customer application by the customer. Should the buyer use Vishay-Telefunken products for any unintended or unauthorized application, the buyer shall indemnify Vishay-Telefunken against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal damage, injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH, P.O.B. 3535, D-74025 Heilbronn, Germany  
Telephone: 49 (0) 7131 67 2831, Fax number: 49 (0) 7131 67 2423