

IC for System Reset (battery backup) Monolithic IC MM1134

Outline

This IC protects SRAM data by setting SRAM in backup mode (setting the CE pin of SRAM low and \overline{CE} pin high with CS signal) when supply voltage falls below a predetermined voltage (detection voltage 3.5V, 4.2V typ.). Then, when supply voltage is getting lower, the main power supply is switched to a battery (switching voltage 3.3V typ.) to enter backup mode with the battery. Meanwhile, when the power supply rises, first it switches to the main power supply (switching voltage 3.3V typ.) from the battey backup mode, then switches SRAM from backup mode to normal mode (by setting the CE pin of SRAM high and \overline{CE} pin low). Data damage can be reliably prevented by this signal processing.

Features

1. Power supply switching circuit (switching between the main power supply and a battery)
2. CS control for SRAM
 - Normal mode: Enables access to SRAM
 - Backup mode: Disables access to SRAM, low current consumption mode
3. With CS signal gate circuit

Characteristics

| | | |
|---|--------------------------------|------------------|
| 1. Battery back-up | | |
| 1. Low IC current consumption (loss current) | | 0.3 μ A typ. |
| 2. Drop voltage inside IC (input/output voltage difference) | $I_o=100\mu A$ | 0.3V typ. |
| 3. Reverse current (reverse leak current) | | 0.1 μ A max. |
| 2. Normal operation | | |
| 1. Drop voltage inside IC (input/output voltage difference) | $I_o=50\mu A$ | 0.2V typ. |
| 2. Output voltage $V_{cc}=5V$ | $I_o=50mA$ | 4.8V typ. |
| 3. Battery- V_{cc} switching voltage | | 3.3V typ. |
| 4. Detection voltage (CS, \overline{CS} , reset output) | A : 3.5V typ. B : 4.2V typ. | |

Package

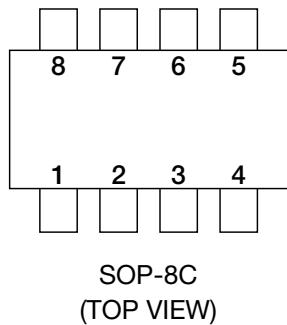
SOP-8C (MM1134 □F)

* The box represents a rank of detection voltage.

Applications

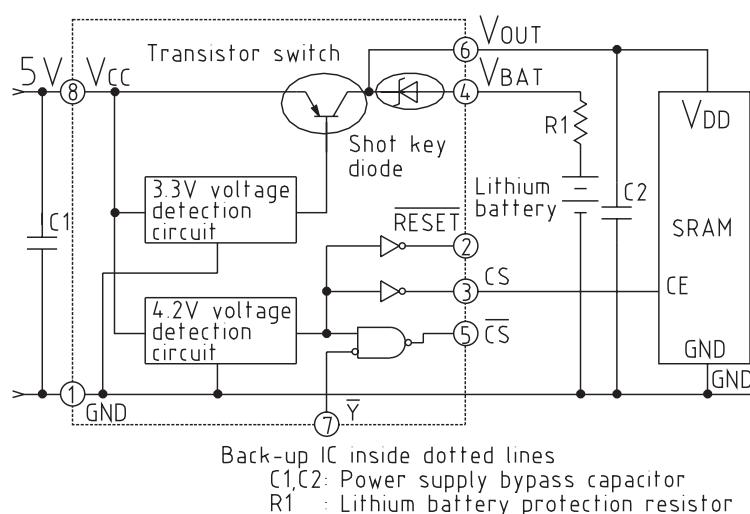
1. Memory cards (SRAM cards)
2. PCs, word processors
3. Fax machines, photocopiers, other OA equipment
4. Sequence controllers, other FA equipment
5. SRAM-mounted devices such as video game devices

Pin Assignment

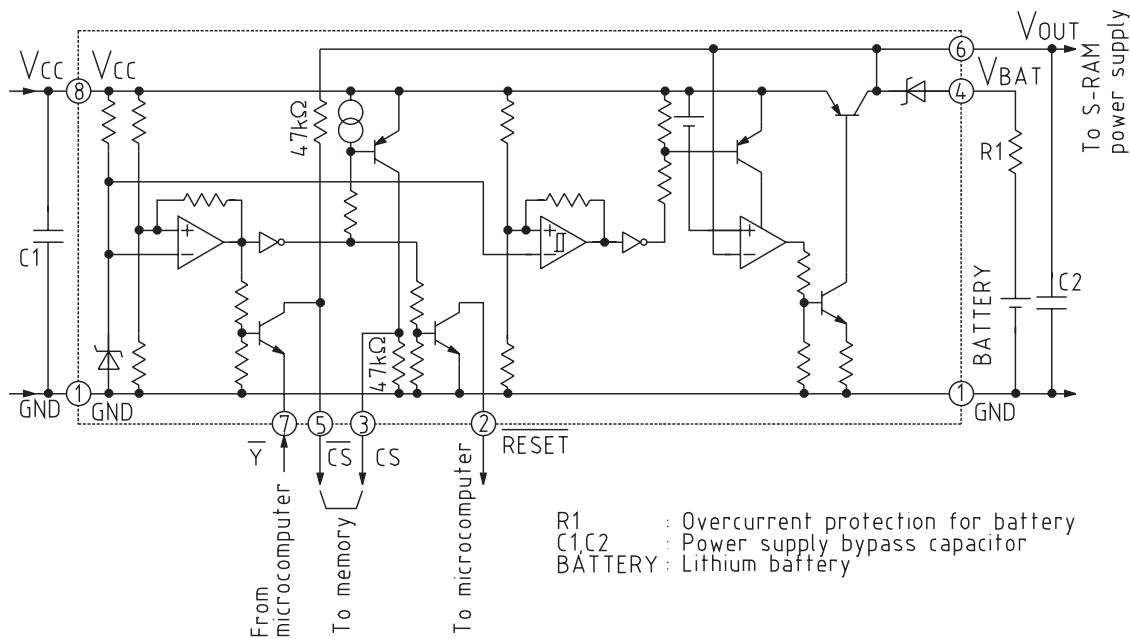


| Pin no. | Pin name |
|---------|-------------------|
| 1 | GND |
| 2 | RESET |
| 3 | CS |
| 4 | V _{BATT} |
| 5 | CS |
| 6 | V _{OUT} |
| 7 | Y |
| 8 | V _{CC} |

Block Diagram



Equivalent Circuit Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

| Item | Symbol | Rating | Units |
|-----------------------|----------------------|----------|-------|
| Storage temperature | T _{STG} | -40~+125 | °C |
| Operating temperature | T _{OPR} | -20~+75 | °C |
| Power supply voltage | V _{CC} max. | -0.3~7 | V |
| Operating voltage | V _{CCOP} | -0.3~7 | V |
| Allowable loss | P _d | 300 | mW |
| Output current | I _{O1} | 80 | mA |
| Output current | I _{O2} | 200 | μA |

Note : I_{O1} expresses V_{CC} output current value, and I_{O2} expresses V_{BATT} output current value.

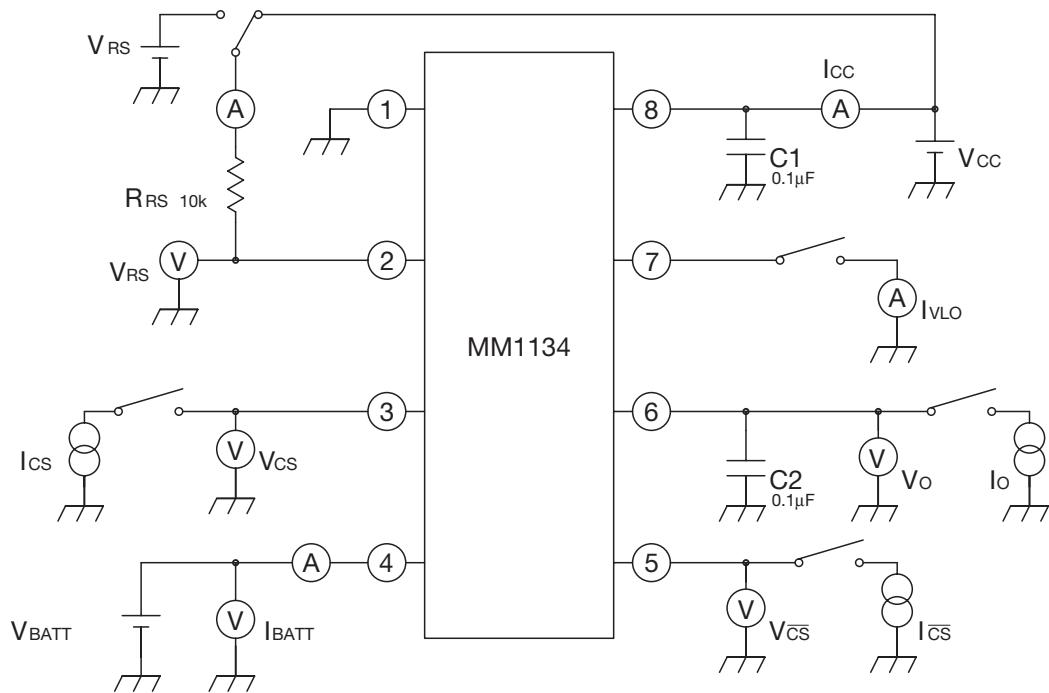
Electrical Characteristics

Typical model: MM1134B(Except where noted otherwise, Ta=25°C, Vcc=Vrs=5V, Rrs=10kΩ)

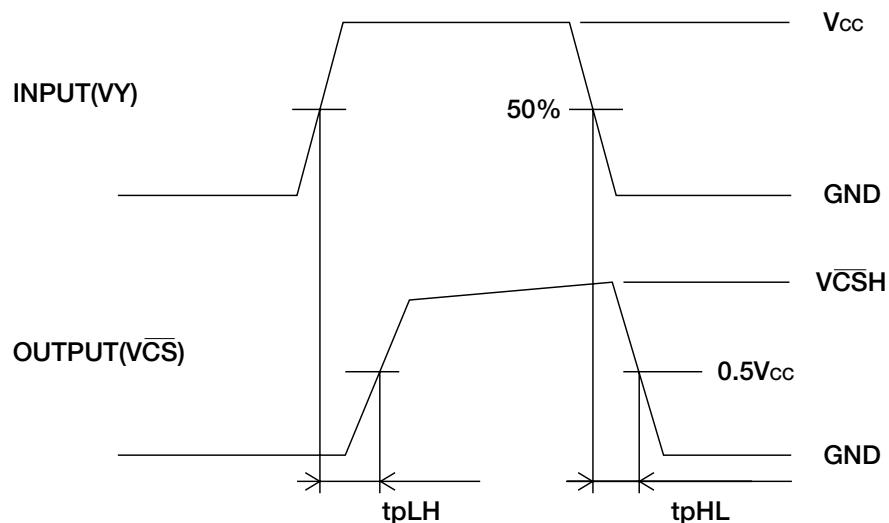
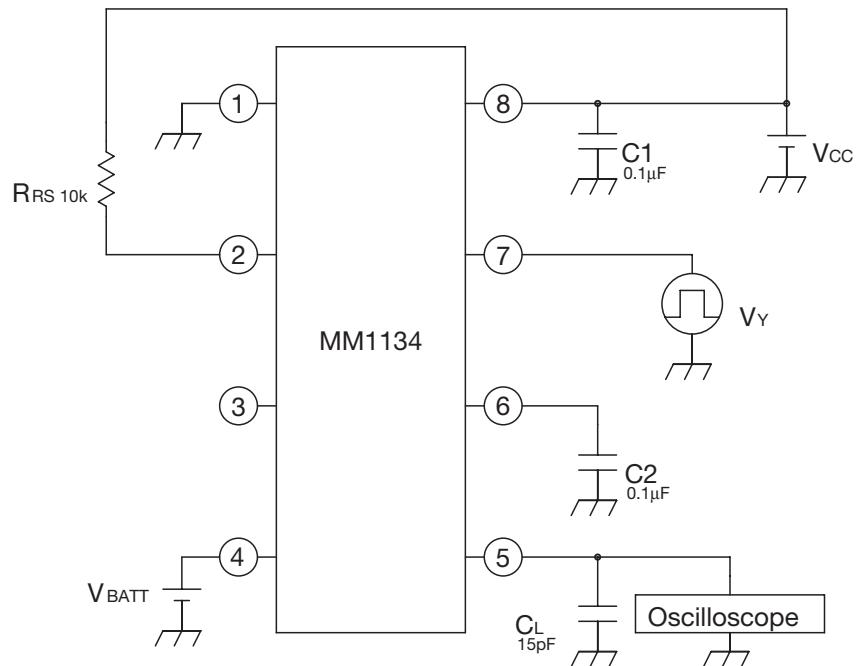
| Item | Symbol | Measuring circuit | Measurement conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units |
|--|--------|-------------------|--|--------|-------|-------|-------|
| Consumption current | Icc | 1 | Vcc=5V, VBATT=3V, Io1=0mA | | 1.4 | 2.2 | mA |
| I/O voltage difference 1 | Vsat1 | 1 | Vcc=5V, VBATT=3V, Io1=1mA | | 0.03 | 0.05 | V |
| Output voltage 1 | Vo1 | 1 | Vcc=5V, VBATT=3V, Io1=1mA | 4.95 | 4.97 | | V |
| Output voltage 2 | Vo2 | 1 | Vcc=5V, VBATT=3V, Io1=15mA | 4.75 | 4.90 | | V |
| Output voltage 3 | Vo3 | 1 | Vcc=5V, VBATT=3V, Io1=50mA | 4.70 | 4.80 | | V |
| Detection voltage | Vs | 1 | Vcc=H→L | 4.00 | 4.20 | 4.40 | V |
| Hysteresis voltage | ΔVs | 1 | Vcc=L→H | 50 | 100 | 200 | mV |
| Reset output voltage L | Vrsl | 1 | Vcc=3.7V | | 0.2 | 0.4 | V |
| Reset leakage current H | Irsh | 1 | Vcc=5V, Vrs=7.0V | | ±0.01 | ±0.1 | μA |
| Reset operation limit voltage | Vopl | 1 | Vrsl≤0.4V, Vcc=H→L | | 0.8 | 1.2 | V |
| CS output voltage L | VcsL | 1 | Vcc=3.7V, VBATT=3V, Ics=1μA | | | 0.1 | V |
| CS output voltage H | Vcsh | 1 | Vcc=5V, VBATT=3V, Ics=-1μA | 4.90 | | | V |
| CS output voltage L | Vcsl | 1 | Vcc=5V, VBATT=3V, Ics=1μA, V̄y=0V | | | 0.2 | V |
| CS output voltage H | Vcsh | 1 | Vcc=3.7V, VBATT=3V, Ics=-1μA, V̄y=0V Vcc=5V, VBATT=3V, Ics=-1μA, V̄y=5V | V0-0.1 | | | V |
| Detection voltage temperature characteristic | Vs/ΔT | 1 | | | | ±0.05 | /°C |
| Power supply switching voltage | Vb | 1 | Vcc=H→L | 3.15 | 3.30 | 3.45 | V |
| Hysteresis voltage | ΔVb | 1 | Vcc=L→H | 50 | 100 | 200 | mV |
| Switching voltage temperature characteristic | Vb/ΔT | 1 | | | | ±0.05 | /°C |
| Loss current | IBL | 1 | Vcc=0V, VBATT=3V, Io2=0μA | | 0.3 | 0.5 | μA |
| I/O voltage difference 2 | Vsat2 | 1 | Vcc=0V, VBATT=3V, Io2=1μA | | 0.2 | 0.3 | V |
| Output voltage 4 | Vo4 | 1 | Vcc=0V, VBATT=3V, Io2=1μA | 2.7 | 2.8 | | V |
| Output voltage 5 | Vo5 | 1 | Vcc=0V, VBATT=3V, Io2=100μA | 2.6 | 2.7 | | V |
| Reverse current | Iorev | 1 | Vcc=5V, VBATT=0V | | | 0.1 | μA |
| Y pin Lo level current | Iylo | 1 | Vcc=5V, VBATT=3V, V̄y=0V | | 150 | 400 | μA |
| Ȳ pin | tplh | 2 | Vy=L→H, Cl=15pF * | | 8 | 20 | ns |
| Pin transmission delay time | tphl | 2 | Vy=H→L, Cl=15pF * | | 8 | 20 | ns |
| Reference voltage (typical) | Vref | | | | 1.25 | | V |

Note : When input pulse rise and fall time is less than 6Nsec.

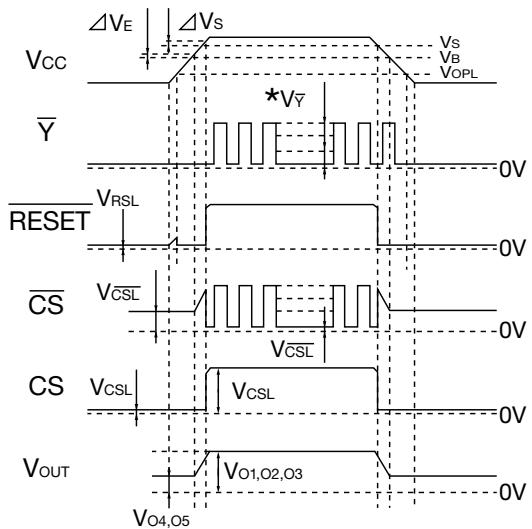
Measuring circuit 1



Measuring circuit 2



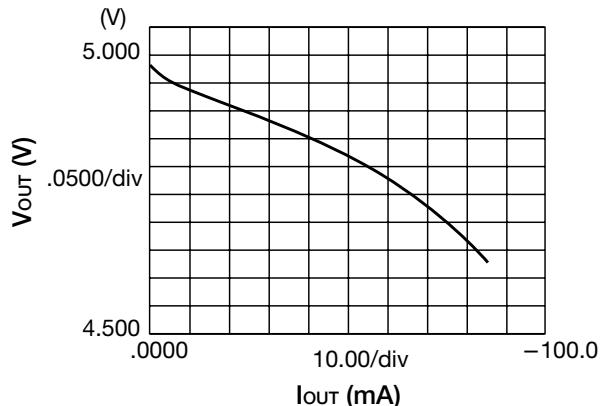
Timing Chart



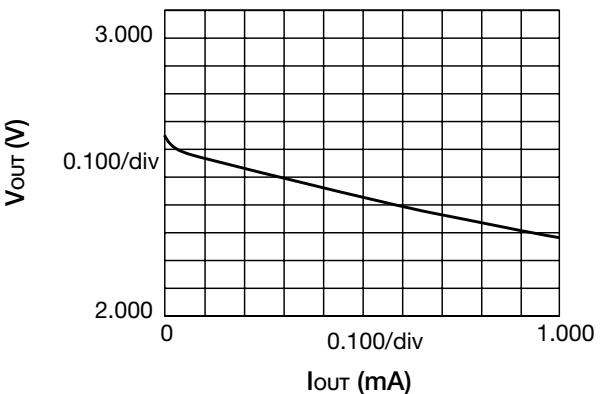
* Use \bar{Y} pin input voltage at less than 5V when $V_{CC} \leq V_s$.

Characteristics

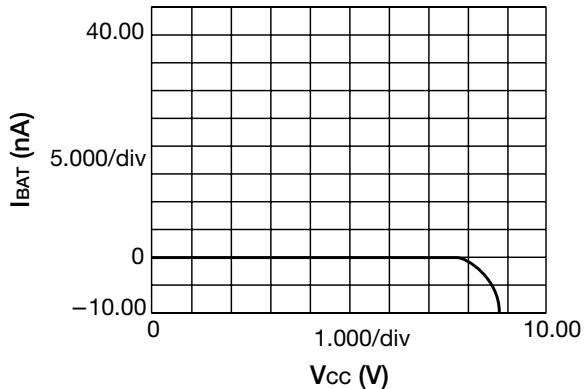
■ $V_{OUT}-I_{OUT}$ ($V_{CC}=5.0V$)



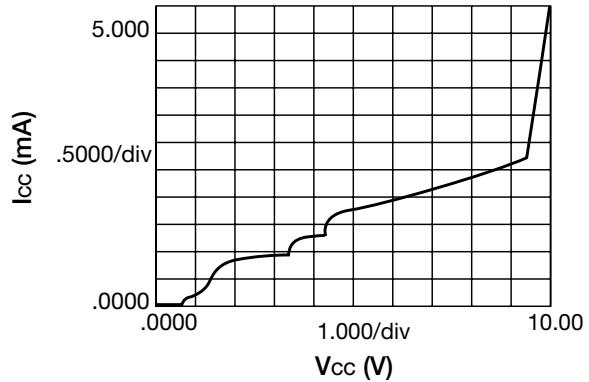
■ $V_{OUT}-I_{OUT}$ ($V_{BAT}=3.0V$)



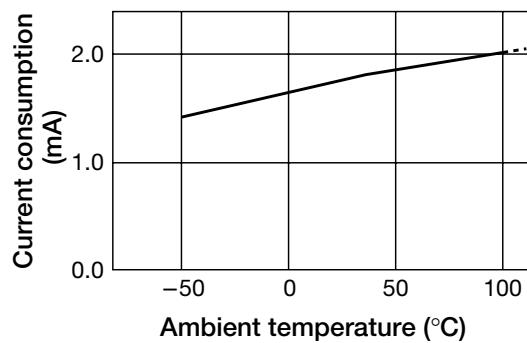
■ $V_{CC}-I_{BAT}$



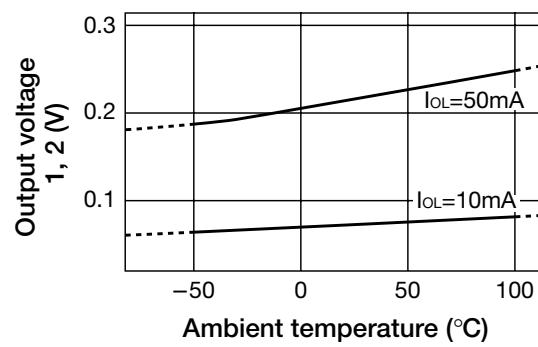
■ $V_{CC}-I_{CC}$



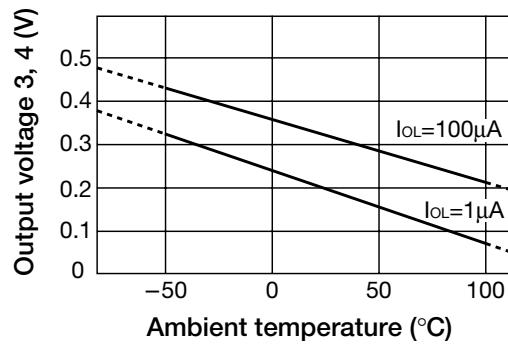
■ Current consumption-Temperature characteristics



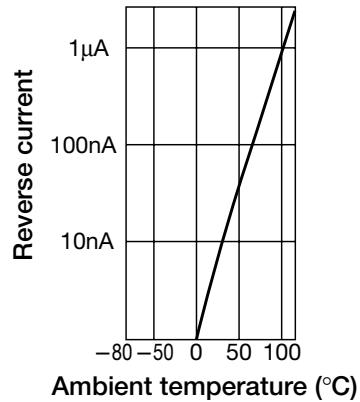
■ Output voltage 1, 2-Temperature characteristics



■ Output voltage 3, 4-Temperature



■ Reverse current-Temperature



■ Loss current-Temperature

