

TOSHIBA PHOTOCOUPLER GaAlAs IRED & PHOTO IC

TLP582

MOS FET GATE DRIVER

TRANSISTOR INVERTER

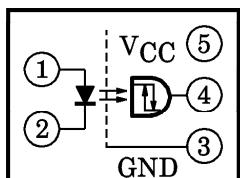
The TOSHIBA TLP582 consists of a GaAlAs light emitting diode and integrated high gain, high speed photodetector.

The detector has a totem pole output circuit that provides source drive and sink drive, and built-in Schmitt trigger.

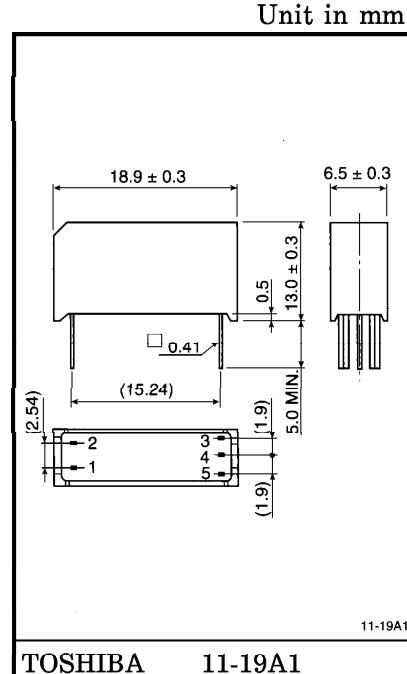
A fiber is used for light-coupling between LED and detector, and for sufficient separation between input side and output side.

- Input Current : $I_F = 5\text{mA}$ (MAX.)
- Power Supply Voltage : $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{~}20\text{V}$
- Switching Speed : $t_{pHL}, t_{pLH} = 400\text{ns}$ (MAX.)
- Common Mode Transient Immunity : $\pm 5000\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$ (MIN.)
- Guaranteed Performance Over Temperature : $-25\text{~}85^\circ\text{C}$
- Isolation Voltage : 5000V_{rms} (MIN.)
- UL Recognized : UL1577, File No. E67349

PIN CONFIGURATION (TOP VIEW)



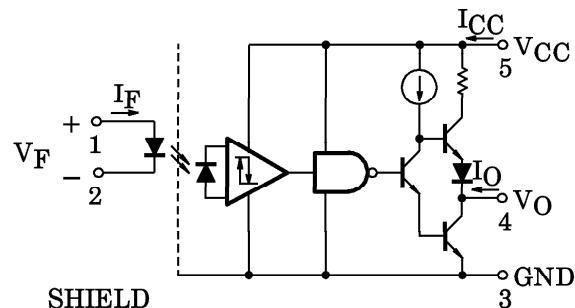
- 1 : LED ANODE
2 : LED CATHODE
3 : GND
4 : V_O (OUTPUT)
5 : V_{CC}



TOSHIBA 11-19A1

Weight : 1.55g

SCHEMATIC



A $0.1\mu\text{F}$ bypass capacitor must be connected between pins 3 and 5.

TRUTH TABLE (Positive Logic)

INPUT	OUTPUT
H	L
L	H

961001EBC2

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MAXIMUM RATINGS

(No Derating Required up to 85°C unless otherwise noted)

CHARACTERISTIC		SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
LED	Forward Current	I _F	25	mA
	Peak Transient Forward Current (Note 1)	I _{FPT}	1	A
	Reverse Voltage	V _R	5	V
DETECTOR	Output Current	I _O	40 / -25	mA
	Peak Output Current (Note 2)	I _{OP}	80 / -50	mA
	Output Voltage	V _O	-0.5~20	V
	Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	-0.5~20	V
	Output Power Dissipation (Note 3)	P _O	100	mW
	Total Package Power Dissipation (Note 4)	P _T	200	mW
	Operating Temperature Range	T _{opr}	-40~85	°C
Storage Temperature Range		T _{stg}	-40~100	°C
Lead Solder Temperature (10s)		T _{sol}	260	°C
Isolation Voltage (AC, 1min., R.H.≤60%, Ta=25°C) (Note 5)		BV _S	5000	V _{rms}

(Note 1) Pulse Width≤1μs, 300pps.

(Note 2) Pulse Width≤5μs, Duty Ratio≤0.025.

(Note 3) Derate 1.8mW/°C above 70°C ambient temperature.

(Note 4) Derate 3.6mW/°C above 70°C ambient temperature.

(Note 5) Device considered a two terminal device : pins 1, 2 shorted together, and pins 3, 4 and 5 shorted together.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Input Current, ON	I _{F(ON)}	7	8	20	mA
Input Voltage, OFF	V _{F(OFF)}	0	—	0.8	V
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	4.5	—	20	V
Operating Temperature	T _{opr}	-25	—	85	°C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Unless otherwise specified, $T_a = -25\text{~}85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{~}20\text{V}$)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION		MIN.	TYP.*	MAX.	UNIT
Input Forward Voltage	V_F	$I_F = 5\text{mA}$, $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$		—	1.35	1.85	V
Temperature Coefficient of Forward Voltage	$\Delta V_F / \Delta T_a$	$I_F = 5\text{mA}$		—	-2	—	$\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input Reverse Current	I_R	$V_R = 3\text{V}$, $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$		—	—	100	μA
Input Capacitance	C_T	$V_F = 0$, $f = 1\text{MHz}$, $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$		—	170	—	pF
Output Leakage Current ($V_O > V_{CC}$)	I_{OHH}	$V_F = 0\text{V}$ $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{V}$	$V_O = 5.5\text{V}$ $V_O = 20\text{V}$	— —	— 0.01	100 500	μA
Logic Low Output Voltage	V_{OL}	$I_{OL} = 6.4\text{mA}$, $I_F = 5\text{mA}$		—	0.4	0.5	V
Logic High Output Voltage	V_{OH}	$I_{OH} = -2.6\text{mA}$, $V_F = 0.8\text{V}$		2.4	3.3	—	V
Logic Low Supply Current	I_{CCL}	$I_F = 7.5\text{mA}$	$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$ $V_{CC} = 20\text{V}$	— —	4.0 4.6	6.0 7.5	mA
Logic High Supply Current	I_{CCH}	$V_F = 0\text{V}$	$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$ $V_{CC} = 20\text{V}$	— —	4.2 4.7	6.0 7.5	mA
Logic Low Short Circuit Output Current (Note 6)	I_{OSL}	$I_F = 7.5\text{mA}$	$V_O = V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$ $V_O = V_{CC} = 20\text{V}$	25 40	55 80	— —	mA
Logic High Short Circuit Output Current (Note 6)	I_{OSH}	$V_F = 0\text{V}$ $V_O = \text{GND}$	$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$ $V_{CC} = 20\text{V}$	-10 -25	-25 -60	— —	mA
Input Current Logic Low Output	I_{FL}	$I_O = 6.4\text{mA}$, $V_O < 0.4\text{V}$		—	—	5	mA
Input Voltage Logic High Output	V_{FH}	$I_O = -2.6\text{mA}$, $V_O > 2.4\text{V}$		0.8	—	—	V
Input Current Hysteresis	I_{HYS}	$V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$		—	0.05	—	mA
Resistance (Input-Output)	R_S	$V_S = 500\text{V}$, R.H. $\leq 60\%$ $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$	(Note 5)	5×10^{10}	10^{14}	—	Ω
Capacitance (Input-Output)	C_S	$V_S = 0$, $f = 1\text{MHz}$, $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$		—	0.15	0.3	pF

* All typical values are at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$, $I_F(\text{ON}) = 7.5\text{mA}$ unless otherwise specified.

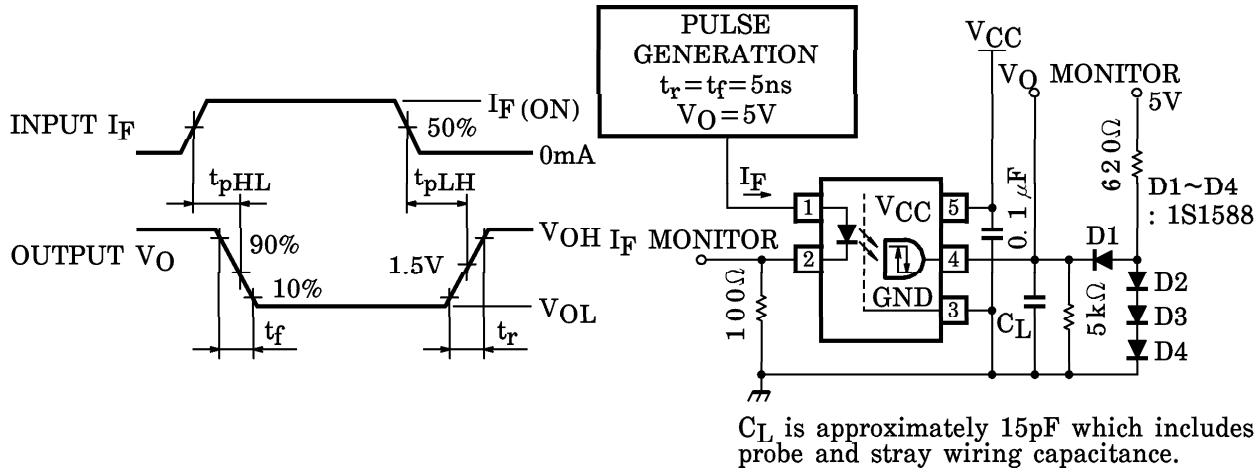
SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (Unless Otherwise specified, $V_{CC} = 4.5 \sim 20V$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CIR-CUIT	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.*	MAX.	UNIT
Propagation Delay Time to Logic High Output (Note 7)	t_{PLH}	1	$I_F = 7.5 \rightarrow 0mA$	—	250	400	ns
Propagation Delay Time to Logic Low Output (Note 7)	t_{PHL}		$I_F = 0 \rightarrow 7.5mA$	—	270	400	ns
Output Rise Time (10-90%)	t_r		$I_F = 7.5 \rightarrow 0mA$, $V_{CC} = 5V$	—	35	75	ns
Output Fall Time (90-10%)	t_f		$I_F = 0 \rightarrow 7.5mA$, $V_{CC} = 5V$	—	20	75	ns
Common Mode Transient Immunity at Logic High Output (Note 8)	C_{MH}	2	$I_F = 0mA$, $V_{CM} = 400V$ $V_O(\text{Min.}) = 2V$	5	10	—	$kV/\mu s$
Common Mode Transient Immunity at Logic Low Output (Note 8)	C_{ML}		$I_F = 7.5mA$, $V_{CM} = 400V$ $V_O(\text{Max.}) = 0.8V$	-5	-10	—	$kV/\mu s$

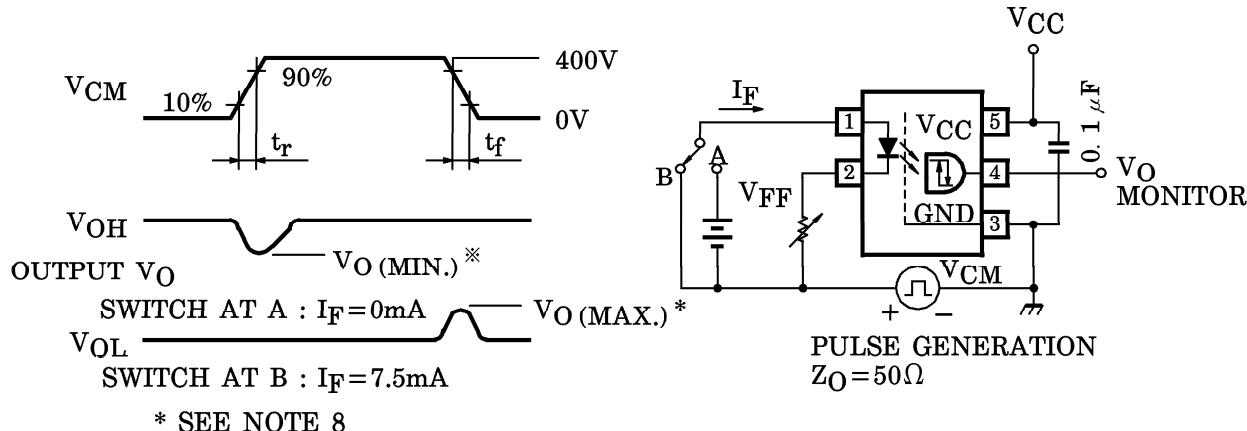
* All typical values are at $T_a = 25^\circ C$, $V_{CC} = 5V$

- (Note 6) Duration of output short circuit time should not exceed 10ms.
- (Note 7) The t_{PLH} propagation delay is measured from the 50% point on the trailing edge of the input pulse to the 1.5V point on the leading edge of the output pulse.
The t_{PHL} propagation delay is measured from the 50% point on the leading edge of the input pulse to the 1.5V point on the trailing edge of the output pulse.
- (Note 8) C_{ML} is the maximum rate of fall of the common mode voltage that can be sustained with the output voltage in the logic low state ($V_O < 0.8V$).
 C_{MH} is the maximum rate of rise of the common mode voltage that can be sustained with the output voltage in the logic low state ($V_O < 2.0V$).
- (Note 9) A ceramic capacitor ($0.1\mu F$) should be connected from pin 3 to pin 5 to stabilize the operation of the high gain linear amplifier. Failure to provide the bypassing may impair the switching property. The total lead length between capacitor and coupler should not exceed 1cm.

TEST CIRCUIT 1 : t_{pLH} , t_{pHL} , t_r and t_f



TEST CIRCUIT 2 : Common Mode Transient Immunity



$$C_{MH} = \frac{320(\text{V})}{t_r(\mu\text{s})}, C_{ML} = \frac{320(\text{V})}{t_f(\mu\text{s})}$$

