8,192-word × 8-bit High Speed CMOS Static RAM

HITACHI

ADE-203-618B (Z) Rev. 2.0 Sep. 24, 1996

Description

The Hitachi HM9264B is 64k-bit static RAM organized 8-kword \times 8-bit. It realizes higher performance and low power consumption by 1.5 μ m CMOS process technology. The device, packaged in 450 mil SOP (foot print pitch width), 600 mil plastic DIP, is available for high density mounting.

Features

• High speed

— Fast access time: 85/100 ns (max)

Low power

— Standby: $10 \,\mu\text{W}$ (typ)

— Operation: 15 mW (typ) (f = 1 MHz)

Single 5 V supply

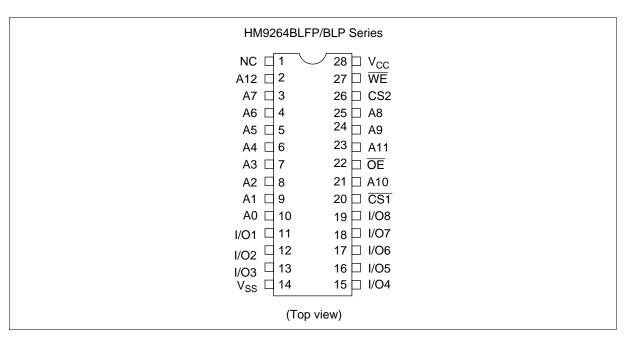
- Completely static memory
 - No clock or timing strobe required
- Equal access and cycle times
- · Common data input and output
 - Three state output
- Directly TTL compatible
 - All inputs and outputs
- Battery backup operation capability

Ordering Information

Type No.	Access time	Package
HM9264BLFP-8L HM9264BLFP-10L	85 ns 100 ns	450-mil, 28-pin plastic SOP(FP-28DA)
HM9264BLP-8L HM9264BLP-10L	85 ns 100 ns	600-mil, 28-pin plastic DIP (DP-28)

Note: HM9264B series can't be applied for Aerospace, Aircraft, Nucleus Plants, Main Flame Computers, Medical Life-support System, and Automobile Engine Control and Industrial machines. (e.g. Communication Hubs, NC, and others.)

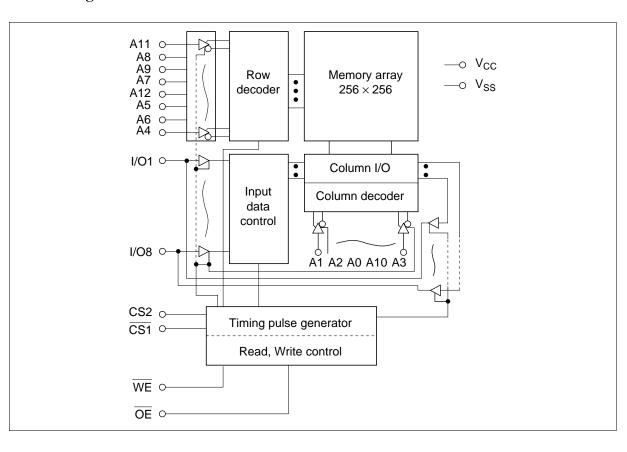
Pin Arrangement



Pin Description

Pin name	Function
A0 to A12	Address input
I/O1 to I/O8	Data input/output
CS1	Chip select 1
CS2	Chip select 2
WE	Write enable
ŌĒ	Output enable
NC	No connection
V _{cc}	Power supply
V _{SS}	Ground

Block Diagram



Function Table

WE	CS1	CS2	OE	Mode	V _{cc} current	I/O pin	Ref. cycle
×	Н	×	×	Not selected (power down)	I_{SB}, I_{SB1}	High-Z	_
×	×	L	×	Not selected (power down)	I_{SB}, I_{SB1}	High-Z	_
Н	L	Н	Н	Output disable	I _{cc}	High-Z	_
Н	L	Н	L	Read	I _{cc}	Dout	Read cycle (1)–(3)
L	L	Н	Н	Write	I _{cc}	Din	Write cycle (1)
L	L	Н	L	Write	I _{cc}	Din	Write cycle (2)

Note: x: H or L

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power supply voltage*1	V _{cc}	-0.5 to +7.0	V
Terminal voltage*1	V _T	-0.5^{*2} to $V_{cc} + 0.3^{*3}$	V
Power dissipation	P _T	1.0	W
Operating temperature	Topr	0 to + 70	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg	-55 to +125	°C
Storage temperature under bias	Tbias	-10 to +85	°C

Notes: 1. Relative to V_{ss}

2. V_T min: -3.0 V for pulse half-width ≤ 50 ns

3. Maximum voltage is 7.0 V

Recommended DC Operating Conditions (Ta = 0 to +70°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V _{cc}	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
	V _{SS}	0	0	0	V
Input high voltage	V _{IH}	2.2	_	V _{cc} + 0.3	V
Input low voltage	V _{IL}	-0.3 ^{*1}	_	0.8	V

Note: 1. V_{IL} min: -3.0 V for pulse half-width ≤ 50 ns

DC Characteristics (Ta = 0 to +70°C, V_{CC} = 5 V ±10%, V_{SS} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ ^{*1}	Max	Unit	Test conditions
Input leakage current	I _{LI}	_	_	2	μΑ	Vin = V _{SS} to V _{CC}
Output leakage current	I _{LO}	_	_	2	μΑ	$\overline{\text{CS1}} = \text{V}_{\text{IH}} \text{ or } \text{CS2} = \text{V}_{\text{IL}} \text{ or } \overline{\text{OE}} = \text{V}_{\text{IH}} \text{ or } \overline{\text{WE}} = \text{V}_{\text{IL}}, \text{ V}_{\text{I/O}} = \text{V}_{\text{SS}} \text{ to } \text{V}_{\text{CC}}$
Operating power supply current	I _{CCDC}	_	7	15	mA	$\overline{\text{CS1}} = \text{V}_{\text{IL}}, \text{CS2} = \text{V}_{\text{IH}}, \text{I}_{\text{I/O}} = 0 \text{ mA}$ others = $\text{V}_{\text{IH}}/\text{V}_{\text{IL}}$
Average operating power supply current	I _{CC1}	_	30	45	mA	$\label{eq:min_cycle} \frac{\text{Min cycle, duty} = 100\%,}{\text{CS1}} = V_{\text{IL}}, \text{CS2} = V_{\text{IH}}, \text{I}_{\text{I/O}} = 0 \text{ mA} \\ \text{others} = V_{\text{IH}}/V_{\text{IL}}$
	I _{CC2}	_	3	5	mA	$\begin{split} & \frac{\text{Cycle time} = 1 \mu\text{s, duty} = 100\%, \ I_{\text{I/O}} = 0 mA}{\text{CS1}} \leq 0.2 \text{ V, CS2} \geq V_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V,} \\ & V_{\text{IH}} \geq V_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V, } V_{\text{IL}} \leq 0.2 \text{ V} \end{split}$
Standby power supply current	I _{SB}	_	1	3	mA	$\overline{\text{CS1}} = \text{V}_{\text{IH}}, \text{CS2} = \text{V}_{\text{IL}}$
	I _{SB1}	_	2	50	μΑ	$\overline{\text{CS1}} \ge \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V}, \text{ CS2} \ge \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V} \text{ or } 0 \text{ V} \le \text{CS2} \le 0.2 \text{ V}, 0 \text{ V} \le \text{Vin}$
Output low voltage	V _{OL}	_	_	0.4	V	I _{OL} = 2.1 mA
Output high voltage	V _{OH}	2.4	_	_	V	$I_{OH} = -1.0 \text{ mA}$

Notes: 1. Typical values are at $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$, $Ta = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ and not guaranteed.

Capacitance (Ta = 25°C, f = 1.0 MHz)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test conditions
Input capacitance*1	Cin	_	_	5	pF	Vin = 0 V
Input/output capacitance*1	C _{I/O}	_	_	7	pF	V _{I/O} = 0 V

Note: 1. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.

AC Characteristics (Ta = 0 to +70°C, V_{CC} = 5 V ± 10%, unless otherwise noted.)

Test Conditions

• Input pulse levels: 0.8 V to 2.4 V

• Input and output timing reference level: 1.5 V

• Input rise and fall time: 10 ns

• Output load: 1 TTL Gate + C_L (100 pF) (Including scope & jig)

Read Cycle

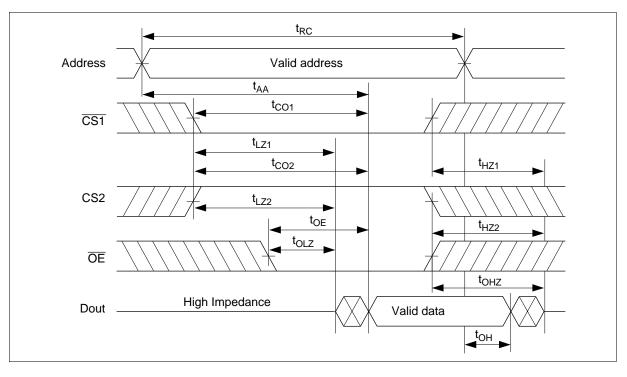
			HM9264B-8L		HM9264B-10L			
Parameter		Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Read cycle time		t _{RC}	85	_	100	_	ns	
Address access time		t _{AA}	_	85	_	100	ns	
Chip select access time	CS1	t _{co1}	_	85	_	100	ns	
	CS2	t _{CO2}	_	85	_	100	ns	
Output enable to output valid		t _{OE}	_	45	_	50	ns	
Chip selection to output in low-Z	CS1	t _{LZ1}	10	_	10	_	ns	2
	CS2	t _{LZ2}	10	_	10	_	ns	2
Output enable to output in low-Z		t _{OLZ}	5	_	5	_	ns	2
Chip deselection in to output in high-Z	CS1	t _{HZ1}	0	30	0	35	ns	1, 2
	CS2	t _{HZ2}	0	30	0	35	ns	1, 2
Output disable to output in high-Z		t _{OHZ}	0	30	0	35	ns	1, 2
Output hold from address change		t _{oh}	10	_	10	_	ns	

Notes: 1. t_{HZ} is defined as the time at which the outputs achieve the open circuit conditions and are not referred to output voltage levels.

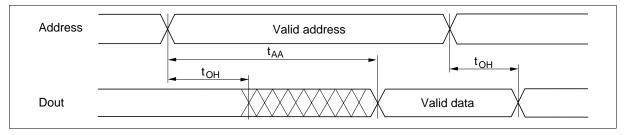
3. Address must be valid prior to or simultaneously with CS1 going low or CS2 going high.

^{2.} At any given temperature and voltage condition, t_{HZ} maximum is less than t_{LZ} minimum both for a given device and from device to device.

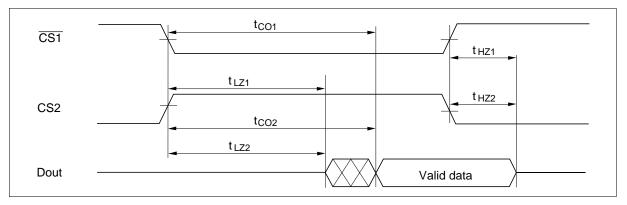
Read Timing Waveform (1) $(\overline{WE} = V_{IH})$



Read Timing Waveform (2) $(\overline{WE}=V_{IH},\,\overline{OE}=V_{IL})$



Read Timing Waveform (3) $(\overline{WE}=V_{IH},\,\overline{OE}=V_{IL})^{*3}$



Write Cycle

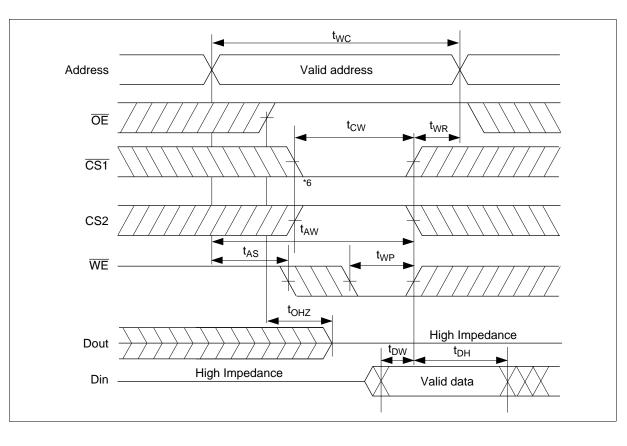
		HM92	HM9264B-8L		HM9264B-10L		
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Write cycle time	t _{wc}	85	_	100	_	ns	
Chip selection to end of write	t _{cw}	75	_	80	_	ns	2
Address setup time	t _{AS}	0	_	0	_	ns	3
Address valid to end of write	t _{AW}	75	_	80	_	ns	
Write pulse width	t _{WP}	55	_	60	_	ns	1, 9
Write recovery time	t _{WR}	0	_	0	_	ns	4
WE to output in high-Z	t _{WHZ}	0	30	0	35	ns	5
Data to write time overlap	t _{DW}	40	_	40	_	ns	
Data hold from write time	t _{DH}	0	_	0	_	ns	
Output active from end of write	t _{ow}	5	_	5	_	ns	
Output disable to output in high-Z	t _{OHZ}	0	30	0	35	ns	5

Notes: 1. A write occurs during the overlap of a low $\overline{CS1}$, and high CS2, and a high \overline{WE} . A write begins at the latest transition among $\overline{CS1}$ going low, CS2 going high and \overline{WE} going low. A write ends at the earliest transition among $\overline{CS1}$ going high CS2 going low and \overline{WE} going high. Time t_{WP} is measured from the beginning of write to the end of write.

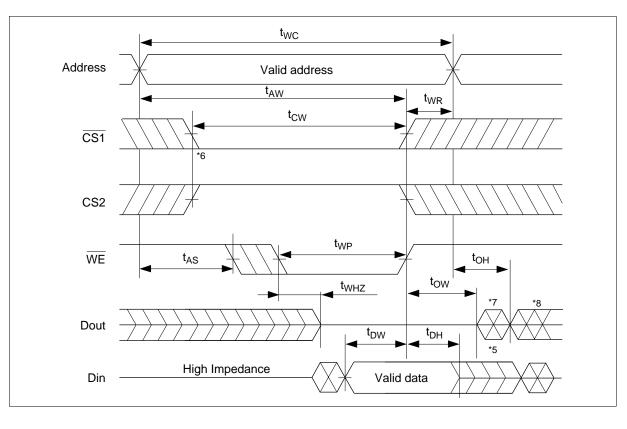
- 2. t_{cw} is measured from the later of $\overline{CS1}$ going low or CS2 going high to the end of write.
- 3. $\,t_{\mbox{\tiny AS}}$ is measured from the address valid to the beginning of write.
- t_{WR} is measured from the earliest of CS1 or WE going high or CS2 going low to the end of write cycle.
- 5. During this period, I/O pins are in the output state, therefore the input signals of the opposite phase to the outputs must not be applied.
- 6. If CS1 goes low simultaneously with WE going low after WE goes low, the outputs remain in high impedance state.
- 7. Dout is the same phase of the written data in this write cycle.
- 8. Dout is the read data of the next address
- In the write cycle with OE low fixed, t_{WP} must satisfy the following equation to avoid a problem of data bus contention

 $t_{WP} \ge t_{WHZ} \max + t_{DW} \min$.

Write Timing Waveform (1) $(\overline{OE} \operatorname{Clock})$



Write Timing Waveform (2) (\overline{OE} Low Fixed) (\overline{OE} = V_{IL})



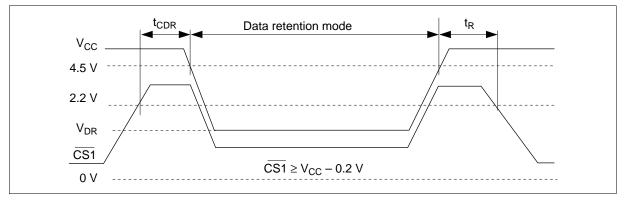
Low V_{CC} **Data Retention Characteristics** ($Ta = 0 \text{ to } +70^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ ^{⁺1}	Max	Unit	Test conditions ^{*4}
V _{cc} for data retention	V_{DR}	2.0	_	_	V	
Data retention current	I _{CCDR}	_	1*1	25 ^{*2}	μΑ	$\begin{tabular}{ll} $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}, 0 \text{ V} \leq \text{Vin} \leq \text{V}_{CC} \\ \hline $CS1 \geq \text{V}_{CC}$ -0.2 \text{ V}, $CS2 \geq \text{V}_{CC}$ -0.2 \text{ V} \\ $or \ 0 \ \text{V} \leq CS2 \leq 0.2 \text{ V} \end{tabular}$
Chip deselect to data retention time	t _{CDR}	0	_	_	ns	See retention waveform
Operation recovery time	t _R	t _{RC} *3	_	_	ns	_

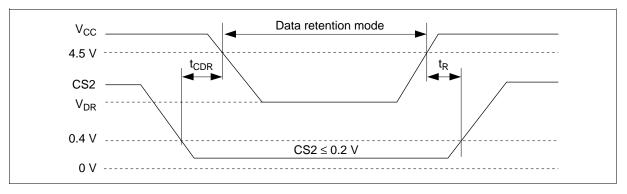
Notes: 1. Reference data at Ta = 25°C.

- 2. $10 \mu A \text{ max at Ta} = 0 \text{ to} + 40^{\circ} \text{C}.$
- 3. t_{RC} = read cycle time.
- 4. CS2 controls address buffer, WE buffer, CS1 buffer, OE buffer, and Din buffer. If CS2 controls data retention mode, Vin levels (address, WE, OE, CS1, I/O) can be in the high impedance state. If CS1 controls data retention mode, CS2 must be CS2 ≥ V_{cc} − 0.2 V or 0 V ≤ CS2 ≤ 0.2 V. The other input levels (address, WE, OE, I/O) can be in the high impedance state.

Low V_{CC} **Data Retention Timing Waveform** (1) ($\overline{CS1}$ Controlled)



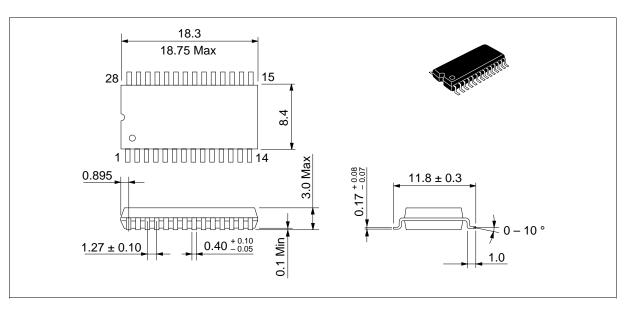
Low V_{CC} Data Retention Timing Waveform (2) (CS2 Controlled)



Package Dimensions

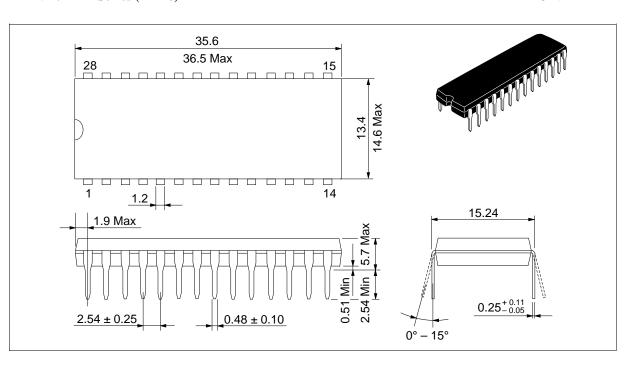
HM9264BLFP Series (FP-28DA)

Unit: mm



HM9264BLP Series (DP-28)

Unit: mm



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HITACHI

Hitachi, Ltd.

Semiconductor & IC Div. Nippon Bldg., 2-6-2, Ohte-machi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100, Japan Tel: Tokyo (03) 3270-2111 Fax: (03) 3270-5109

For further information write to:

Hitachi America, Ltd.
Semiconductor & IC Div.
2000 Sierra Point Parkway
Brisbane, CA. 94005-1835
U S A

Tel: 415-589-8300 Fax: 415-583-4207 Hitachi Europe GmbH
Electronic Components Group
Continental Europe
Dornacher Straße 3
D-85622 Feldkirchen
München
Tel: 089-9 91 80-0
Fax: 089-9 29 30 00

Hitachi Europe Ltd.
Electronic Components Div.
Northern Europe Headquarters
Whitebrook Park
Lower Cookham Road
Maidenhead
Berkshire SL6 8YA

United Kingdom Tel: 0628-585000 Fax: 0628-778322 Hitachi Asia Pte. Ltd. 16 Collyer Quay #20-00 Hitachi Tower Singapore 0104 Tel: 535-2100

Hitachi Asia (Hong Kong) Ltd. Unit 706, North Tower, World Finance Centre, Harbour City, Canton Road

Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon Hong Kong Tel: 27359218 Fax: 27306071

Fax: 535-1533

Revision Record

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1.0	Jul. 23, 1996	Initial issue	I.Ogiwara	M. Watanabe
2.0	Sep. 24, 1996	Change of Product note Change of AC Characteristics notes format		