

T-33-15

• T-33-13

**MOTOROLA
SEMICONDUCTOR**
TECHNICAL DATA

Designer's Data Sheet
NPN Silicon Power Transistors
1.5 kV Switchmode III Series

These transistors are designed for high-voltage, high-speed, power switching in inductive circuits where fall time is critical. They are particularly suited for line-operated switchmode applications.

Typical Applications:

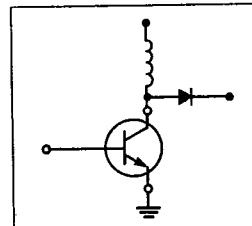
- Switching Regulators
- Inverters
- Solenoids
- Relay Drivers
- Motor Controls
- Deflection Circuits

Features:

- Collector-Emitter Voltage — $V_{CEO(sus)}$ = 1500 Vdc
- Fast Turn-Off Times
 - 80 ns Inductive Fall Time — 100°C (Typ)
 - 110 ns Inductive Crossover Time — 100°C (Typ)
 - 4.5 μ s Inductive Storage Time — 100°C (Typ)
- 100°C Performance Specified for:
 - Reverse-Biased SOA with Inductive Load
 - Switching Times with Inductive Loads
 - Saturation Voltages
 - Leakage Currents

**MJ16018
MJH16018**

POWER TRANSISTORS
10 AMPERES
800 VOLTS
125 and 175 WATTS



MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	MJ16018	MJH16018	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO(sus)}$	800		Vdc
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V_{CEV}	1500		Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	V_{EB}	6		Vdc
Collector Current — Continuous — Peak(1)	I_C I_{CM}	10 15		Adc
Base Current — Continuous — Peak(1)	I_B I_{BM}	8 12		Adc
Total Power Dissipation $\Delta T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $\Delta T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_D	175 100 1	125 50 1	Watts $\text{W}/^\circ\text{C}$
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	T_J, T_{stg}	-65 to 200	-55 to 150	°C

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Max		Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	1	1	°C/W
Lead Temperature for Soldering Purposes; 1/8" from Case for 5 Seconds	T_L	275		°C

(1) Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 5 μ s, Duty Cycle $\leq 10\%$.

CASE 1-06
TO-204AA
MJ16018



CASE 340-02
TO-218AC
MJH16018

MOTOROLA SC XSTRS/R F 12E D 6367254 0085228 0

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
OFF CHARACTERISTICS(1)					
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage (Table 1) ($I_C = 50 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0$)	$V_{CEO(\text{sus})}$	800	—	—	Vdc
Collector Cutoff Current ($V_{CEV} = 1500 \text{ Vdc}, V_{BE(\text{off})} = 1.5 \text{ Vdc}$) ($V_{CEV} = 1500 \text{ Vdc}, V_{BE(\text{off})} = 1.5 \text{ Vdc}, T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$)	I_{CEV}	—	—	0.25 1.5	mAdc
Collector Cutoff Current ($V_{CE} = 1500 \text{ Vdc}, R_{BE} = 50 \Omega, T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$)	I_{CER}	—	—	2.5	mAdc
Emitter Cutoff Current ($V_{EB} = 6 \text{ Vdc}, I_C = 0$)	I_{EBO}	—	—	0.1	mAdc

SECOND BREAKDOWN

Second Breakdown Collector Current with Base Forward Biased	$I_{S/b}$	See Figure 13
Clamped Inductive SOA with Base Reverse Biased	RBSOA	See Figure 14

ON CHARACTERISTICS(1)

Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage ($I_C = 5 \text{ Adc}, I_B = 2 \text{ Adc}$) ($I_C = 10 \text{ Adc}, I_B = 5 \text{ Adc}$) ($I_C = 5 \text{ Adc}, I_B = 2 \text{ Adc}, T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$)	$V_{CE(\text{sat})}$	—	—	1 5 1.5	Vdc
Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage ($I_C = 5 \text{ Adc}, I_B = 2 \text{ Adc}$) ($I_C = 5 \text{ Adc}, I_B = 2 \text{ Adc}, T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$)	$V_{BE(\text{sat})}$	—	—	1.5 1.5	Vdc
DC Current Gain ($I_C = 5 \text{ Adc}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ Vdc}$)	h_{FE}	4	—	—	—

DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

Output Capacitance ($V_{CB} = 10 \text{ Vdc}, I_E = 0, f_{\text{test}} = 1 \text{ kHz}$)	C_{ob}	—	—	450	pF
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SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

Inductive Load (Table 1)					
Storage Time	Baker Clamped ($I_C = 5 \text{ Adc}, I_B1 = 2 \text{ Adc}, V_{BE(\text{off})} = 2 \text{ Vdc}, V_{CE(\text{pk})} = 400 \text{ Vdc}$) PW = 25 μs	$(T_J = 25^\circ\text{C})$	t_{SV}	—	4000
Fall Time			t_{fi}	—	200
Crossover Time			t_c	—	300
Storage Time			t_{SV}	—	4500
Fall Time			t_{fi}	—	250
Crossover Time			t_c	—	375
Resistive Load (Table 1)					
Delay Time	Baker Clamped ($I_C = 5 \text{ Adc}, V_{CC} = 250 \text{ Vdc}, I_B1 = 2 \text{ Adc}, I_B2 = 2 \text{ Adc}, R_{B2} = 3 \Omega, PW = 25 \mu\text{s}$, Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$)	$(T_J = 100^\circ\text{C})$	t_d	—	85
Rise Time			t_r	—	900
Storage Time			t_s	—	4500
Fall Time			t_f	—	200

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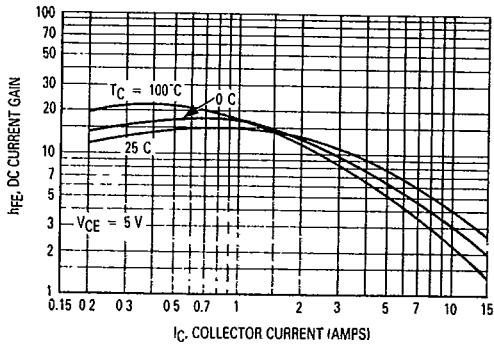
(1) Pulse Test: PW = 300 μs , Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$.

Figure 1. DC Current Gain

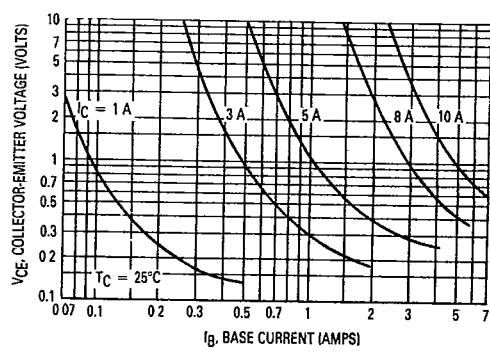


Figure 2. Collector Saturation Region

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TYPICAL STATIC CHARACTERISTICS

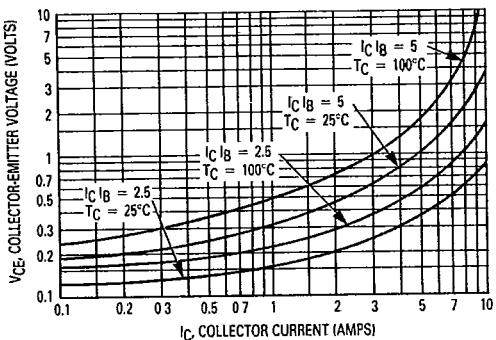


Figure 3. Collector-Emitter Saturation Region

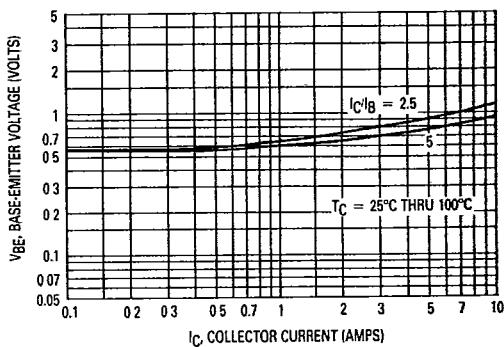


Figure 4. Base-Emitter Saturation Region

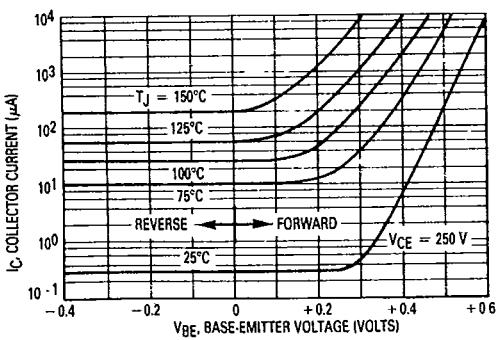


Figure 5. Collector Cutoff Region

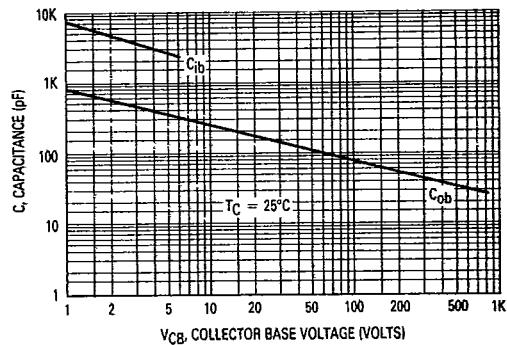


Figure 6. Typical Capacitance

TYPICAL INDUCTIVE SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

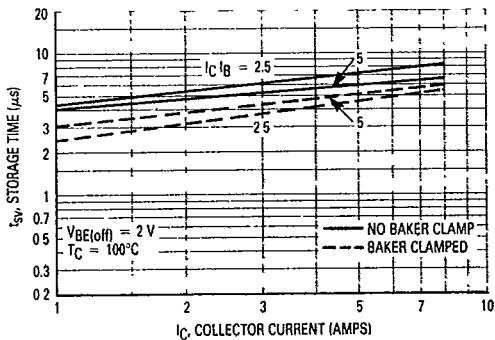


Figure 7. Storage Time

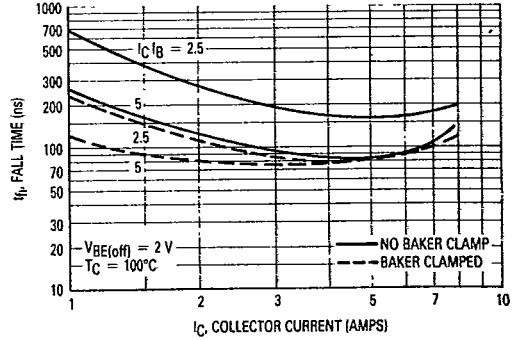


Figure 8. Inductive Switching Fall Time

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TYPICAL INDUCTIVE SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

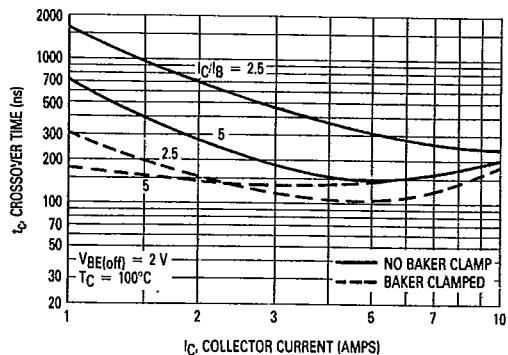


Figure 9. Inductive Switching Crossover Time

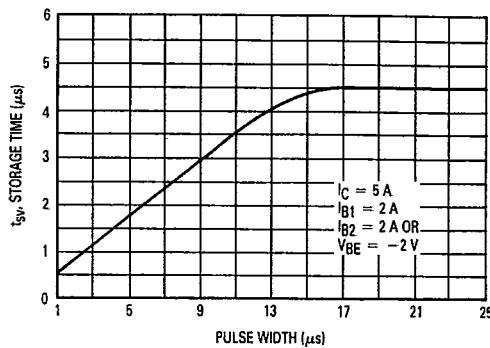
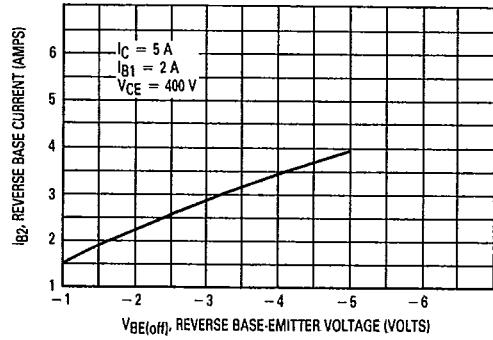
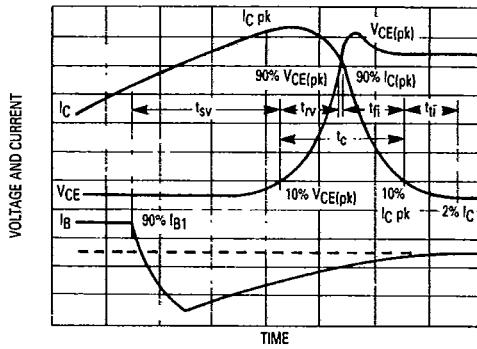
Figure 10. (t_{sv}) Storage Time versus I_B1 Pulse Width

Figure 11. Reverse Base Current versus Off Voltage



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Figure 12. Inductive Switching Measurements

GUARANTEED SAFE OPERATING AREA LIMITS

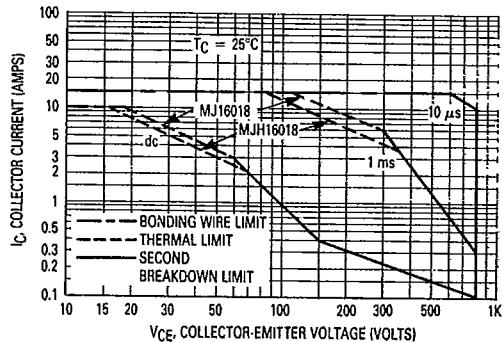


Figure 13. Maximum Forward Bias Safe Operating Area

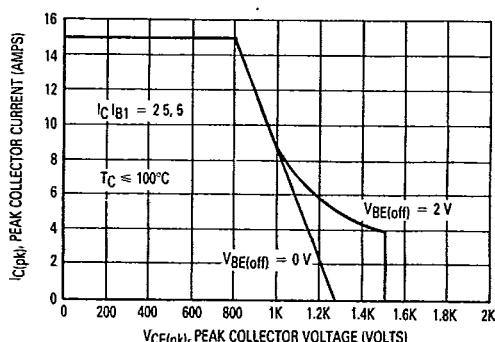


Figure 14. Maximum Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area

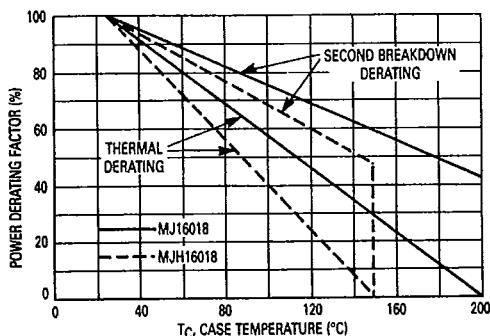


Figure 15. Power Derating

SAFE OPERATING AREA INFORMATION

FORWARD BIAS

There are two limitations on the power handling ability of a transistor: average junction temperature and second breakdown. Safe operating area curves indicate $I_C - V_{CE}$ limits of the transistor that must be observed for reliable operation; i.e., the transistor must not be subjected to greater dissipation than the curves indicate.

The data of Figure 13 is based on $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$; $T_J(\text{pk})$ is variable depending on power level. Second breakdown pulse limits are valid for duty cycles to 10% but must be derated when $T_C \geq 25^\circ\text{C}$. Second breakdown limitations do not derate the same as thermal limitations. Allowable current at the voltages shown on Figure 13 may be found at any case temperature by using the appropriate curve on Figure 15.

$T_J(\text{pk})$ may be calculated from the data in Figure 16. At high case temperatures, thermal limitations will

reduce the power that can be handled to values less than the limitations imposed by second breakdown.

REVERSE BIAS

For inductive loads, high voltage and high current must be sustained simultaneously during turn-off, in most cases, with the base-to-emitter junction reverse biased. Under these conditions the collector voltage must be held to a safe level at or below a specific value of collector current. This can be accomplished by several means such as active clamping, RC snubbing, load line shaping, etc. The safe level for these devices is specified as Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area and represents the voltage-current condition allowable during reverse biased turn-off. This rating is verified under clamped conditions so that the device is never subjected to an avalanche mode. Figure 14 gives the RBSOA characteristics.

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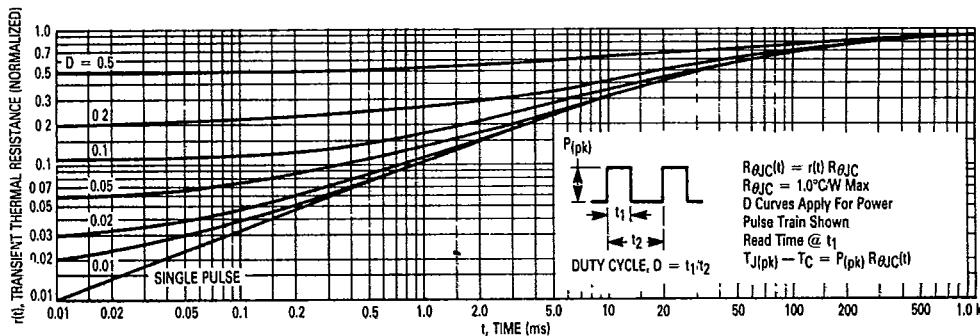


Figure 16. Thermal Response

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Table 1. Test Conditions for Dynamic Performance

V _{CEO(sus)}	R _{BSSOA}	Inductive Switching	Resistive Switching
Drive Circuit			
		<p>Note. Adjust V_{off} to obtain desired $V_{BE(off)}$ at Point A.</p>	
			<p>For t_d and t_f:</p>
Input Conditions	Circuit Values	Test Circuit	
	$L = 10 \text{ mH}$ $R_{B2} = \infty$ $V_{CC} = 20 \text{ Volts}$ $I_{pk} = 50 \text{ mA}$ S_1 Closed	$L = 200 \mu\text{H}$ $R_{B2} = 0$ when $V_{BE(off)}$ is specified or selected for desired I_{B2} $V_{CC} = 20 \text{ Volts}$. Adjusted to obtain desired IC R_B selected for desired $ I_B $ S_1 = Open for h _{FE} clamp condition	<p>for t_d and t_f:</p> <p>$V_{CC} = 250 \text{ Volts}$</p> <p>$R_B$ selected for desired I_B</p> <p>R_L selected for desired I_C for t_d and t_f</p> <p>$V_{CC} = 250 \text{ Volts}$</p> <p>$R_B = 0$</p> <p>$R_B$ & R_{B2} selected for I_B & I_{B2}</p> <p>R_L selected for desired I_C</p>
	$L = 10 \text{ mH}$ $R_{B2} = \infty$ $V_{CC} = 20 \text{ Volts}$ $I_{pk} = 50 \text{ mA}$ S_1 Closed	$L = 200 \mu\text{H}$ $R_{B2} = 0$ when $V_{BE(off)}$ is specified or selected for desired I_{B2} $V_{CC} = 20 \text{ Volts}$. Adjusted to obtain desired IC R_B selected for desired $ I_B $ S_1 = Open for h _{FE} clamp condition	<p>Scope - Tektronix 7403 or Equivalent</p> <p>*Tektronix AM503 PS502 or Equivalent</p>

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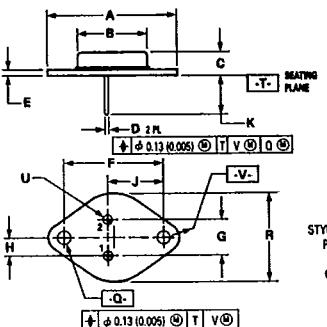
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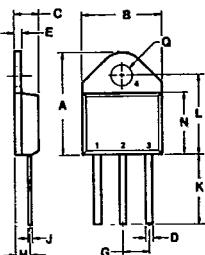
OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



NOTES
 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION INCH.
 3. ALL RULES AND NOTES ASSOCIATED WITH REFERENCED TO-204AA OUTLINE SHALL APPLY.

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	—	29.37	—	1.150
B	—	21.08	—	0.830
C	6.35	8.25	0.250	0.325
D	0.97	1.09	0.038	0.043
E	1.40	1.77	0.055	0.070
F	30.15 BSC	—	1.187 BSC	—
G	10.92 BSC	—	0.430 BSC	—
H	5.46 BSC	—	0.215 BSC	—
J	16.89 BSC	—	0.665 BSC	—
K	11.18	12.19	0.440	0.480
L	3.84	4.19	0.151	0.165
M	—	26.67	—	1.050
N	4.83	5.33	0.190	0.210
O	3.84	4.19	0.151	0.165

CASE 1-06
 TO-204AA
 MJ16018



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	20.32	21.08	0.800	0.830
B	15.49	15.90	0.610	0.626
C	4.19	5.08	0.165	0.200
D	1.02	1.65	0.040	0.065
E	1.35	1.65	0.053	0.065
F	5.21	5.72	0.205	0.225
G	2.41	3.29	0.095	0.126
H	0.38	0.64	0.015	0.025
I	12.70	15.49	0.500	0.610
J	15.88	16.51	0.625	0.650
K	12.19	12.70	0.480	0.500
L	12.19	12.70	0.480	0.500
M	4.04	4.22	0.159	0.166

STYLE 1:
 PIN 1. BASE
 2. Emitter
 CASE COLLECTOR

CASE 340-02
 TO-218AC
 MJH16018