

# DATA SHEET

## **SA9500**

Dual-band, CDMA/AMPS  
downconverter IC

Product specification  
Supersedes data of 1998 Jul 07  
IC17 Data Handbook

1998 Aug 11

## Dual-band, CDMA/AMPS downconverter IC

SA9500

**DESCRIPTION**

The SA9500 integrates all the front end receive mixers necessary for use in dual-band, triple-mode CDMA/AMPS cellular phone handsets. There are three individual mixer blocks, each optimised for high linearity with low power consumption for operation in one of the following modes: High-band 1900MHz PCS CDMA, low-band 800MHz cellular CDMA or analog FM AMPS/TACS modes. Additionally, the entire circuit can be powered down and put into sleep mode, reducing the supply current to less than 20 $\mu$ A. The circuit has been designed in our advanced QUBiC2 BiCMOS process with 20GHz  $f_T$ .

**FEATURES**

- PCS and cellular downconverter mixers typical performance:
  - PCS: Gain=11.3dB, NF=8.3dB, IIP3= +1.4dBm
  - CDMA: Gain=10.7dB, NF=9.6dB, IIP3= +6.3dBm
  - FM: Gain= 7.2dB, NF=10.2dB, IIP3= +5.9dBm
- Separate, selectable IF outputs to suit FM and CDMA bandwidths
- Integrated frequency doubler for PCS mixer LO

- Programmable wideband LO output buffer
- Low voltage operation down to 2.7V
- Low current consumption in "idle"/receive modes:
  - PCS : 20.0mA @ 2.7V
  - CDMA: 20.2mA @ 2.7V
  - FM: 7.7mA @ 2.7V
- Low standby current in sleep mode <20 $\mu$ A
- TSSOP20 package

**APPLICATIONS**

- 800MHz analog FM and CDMA digital receivers
- 1900MHz PCS band CDMA digital receivers
- Supports dual-mode and triple-mode operation
- Digital mobile communications equipment
- Portable, low power radio equipment

**ORDERING INFORMATION**

EXTENDED TYPE NUMBER	PACKAGE			
	PINS	PIN POSITION	MATERIAL	CODE
SA9500DH	20	TSSOP	Plastic thin shrink small outline package; body 6.5 x 4.4 x 1.1 mm	SOT360-1

# Dual-band, CDMA/AMPS downconverter IC

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## BLOCK DIAGRAM

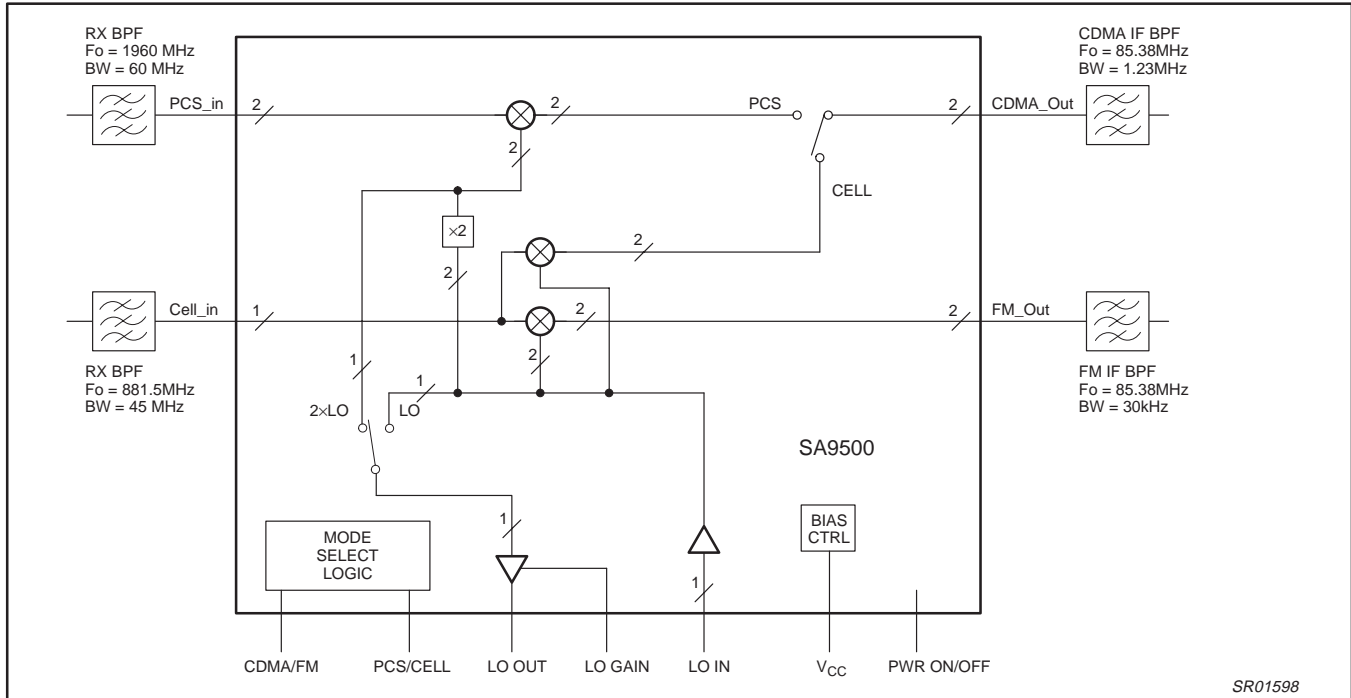


Figure 1. Block Diagram

Table 1. Mode Selection Summary

PCS/CEL (Pin 6)	CDMA/FM/LO doubler (Pin 17)	MODE
low	low	Cellular FM
low	high	Cellular CDMA
high	low	CDMA PCS, 1GHz (LO out)
high	high	CDMA PCS, 2GHz (2xLO out)

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## PIN CONFIGURATION

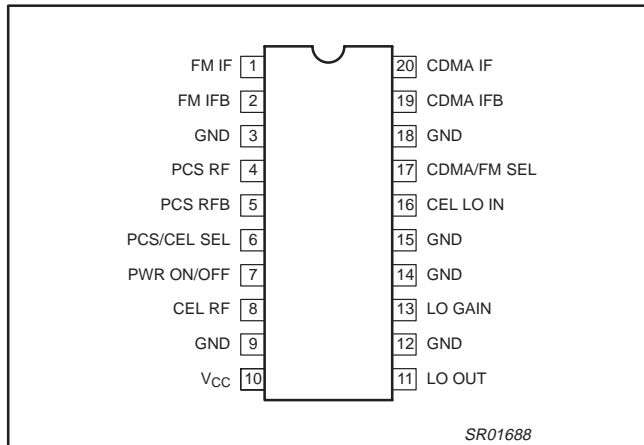


Figure 2. Pin Configuration

## PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
1	FM IF	Non-inverting FM IF output
2	FM IFB	Inverting FM IF output
3	GND	Analog ground
4	PCS RF	non-inverting PCS RF input
5	PCS RFB	Inverting PCS RF input
6	PCS/CEL SEL	PCS and cellular band select
7	PWR ON/OFF	Power enable
8	CEL RF	Cellular RF input
9	GND	Ground
10	V <sub>CC</sub>	Power supply
11	LO OUT	LO output to synthesizer
12	GND	Ground
13	LO GAIN	Logic signal which adjusts the gain of the LO buffer
14	GND	Ground
15	GND	Ground
16	CEL LO	Cellular LO input
17	CDMA/FM SEL	CDMA and FM mode select in the cellular band; selects LO buffer output frequency in PCS mode
18	GND	Ground
19	CDMA IFB	Inverting CDMA IF output
20	CDMA IF	Non-inverting CDMA IF output

## FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

### Mode Selection Logic

The SA9500 downconverter IC has several modes of operation for which the selection logic is summarized in Table 1 and defined in detail in Table 2. Different mode selections require different portions of the circuit to be active. It should be noted that only the states specified in Table 2 are valid selections for operation.

### Local Oscillator Section

Drive for the local oscillator is provided through a single ended input via pin16. The LO signal has to be AC-coupled into the circuit and needs to be externally matched. Inside the circuit, the LO signal is amplified and buffered to drive: Either the cellular CDMA mixer or FM mixer or the frequency doubler for the PCS mixer LO and additionally one of the LO output buffers. The mode selection summary in Table 1 shows the logic to apply to pins 6 and 17 to choose one of four possible modes. The LO output buffer can supply either the same frequency as that input on pin 16 or doubled frequency LO in CDMA PCS modes. The LO output power range can be programmed between high gain and low gain (idle mode) settings with LO gain on pin 13.

### Cellular and PCS Mixers

The SA9500 has one single ended cellular band RF input which feeds either the cellular CDMA mixer or the cellular FM mixer circuits. Each mixer is optimized to meet cellular band CDMA or analog FM requirements. The cellular FM mixer has its own dedicated differential output on pins 1 and 2 which should be externally matched to the FM IF SAW filter. The cellular CDMA mixer shares the same output pins with the CDMA PCS mixer. Selection between these two mixers is via pin 6 (PCS/CEL) and as the two mixers are never on at the same time, it allows a common CDMA SAW filter to be used for both bands. The CDMA PCS mixer has a differential RF input which should be used with an external balun matching circuit. To avoid upsetting the internal biasing, the RF inputs at both cellular and PCS band mixers should be AC-coupled. The CDMA and FM IF mixer outputs are of the open collector type. So, they should be biased to the supply voltage V<sub>CC</sub> with external tuning inductors which can also serve in the matching of the IF SAW filter.

## Dual-band, CDMA/AMPS downconverter IC

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## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

PARAMETER	RATINGS	UNITS
Supply voltage ( $V_{CC}$ )	-0.3 to +6.0	V
Logic input voltage	-0.3 to $V_{CC}+0.3$	V
Maximum power input	+20	dBm
Power dissipation, $T_{amb}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	800	mW
Maximum operating junction temperature	150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Storage temperature	-65 to +150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	LIMITS			UNITS
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Supply voltage ( $V_{CC}$ )		2.7	2.85	3.3	V
Logic input voltage range	LOW	-0.3		$0.2V_{CC}$	V
	HIGH	$0.5V_{CC}$		$V_{CC}+0.3$	V
Operating ambient temperature range ( $T_{amb}$ )		-30		+85	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Operating junction temperature range		0		105	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

## MODE SELECT LOGIC AND DC CHARACTERISTICS

Table 2. Mode Logic Definition

$V_{CC} = +2.7\text{ V to }+3.3\text{ V}$ ;  $T_{amb} = -30^{\circ}\text{C to }+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless specified otherwise.

MODE	MODE DESCRIPTION	LO GAIN/	POWER/	PCS/CEL	CDMA/FM	TYPICAL CURRENT CONSUMPTION	MAXIMUM CURRENT CONSUMPTION	FIGURE
1	PCS RxTx (with doubled LO out)	high	high	high	high	27.0 mA	30.6 mA	3
2	PCS Idle (with doubled LO out)	low	high	high	high	21.3 mA	24.3 mA	4
3	PCS RxTx	high	high	high	low	23.5 mA	26.5 mA	5
4	PCS Rx Idle	low	high	high	low	20.0 mA	22.5 mA	6
5	Cellular CDMA RxTx	high	high	low	high	24 mA	28 mA	7
6	Cellular CDMA Rx Idle	low	high	low	high	20.2 mA	24 mA	8
7	Cellular FM RxTx	high	high	low	low	11 mA	14.4 mA	9
8	Cellular FM Rx Idle	low	high	low	low	7.7 mA	9.9 mA	10
9	Sleep	x	low	x	x	12 $\mu\text{A}$	60 $\mu\text{A}$	11

## NOTE:

x = Don't care

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**AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** $V_{CC} = +2.7V$  to  $+3.3V$ ;  $T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}C$ ;  $P_{Io} = -3$  dBm,  $f_{IF} = 85.40$  MHz; unless specified otherwise.

Appropriate external matching necessary.

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	LIMITS					UNITS
		MIN.	$-3\sigma$	TYP.	$+3\sigma$	MAX.	
<b>Cellular Band Downconverter</b>							
RF input frequency range		869				894	MHz
LO input frequency range		950				1030	MHz
IF output frequency range (CDMA)		50				300	MHz
IF output frequency range (FM)		50				300	MHz
IF output load impedance	CDMA, differential			1000			$\Omega$
	FM, single-ended, with ext. balun			850			$\Omega$
Conversion gain	CDMA		9.5	10.7	11.6		dB
	FM		5.5	7.2	7.8		dB
Noise figure	CDMA mode, SSB			9.6	10.5		dB
	FM mode, SSB			10.2	11.0		dB
Input IP3	CDMA mode, tone spacing = 800 kHz		3.5	6.3			dBm
	FM mode, tone spacing = 60 kHz		4.5	5.9			dBm
RF input return loss	$Z_S = 50\Omega$			11.0			dB
LO input return loss	$Z_S = 50\Omega$			10.0			dB
LO output return loss	$Z_S = 50\Omega$			8.0			dB
LO input power range		-6.0		-3.0		0.0	dBm
LO output power range	$Z_L = 50\Omega$ with LO buffer @ low gain		-16.0	-15.0	-14.0		dBm
	with LO buffer @ high gain		-7.5	-5.0	-4.0		dBm
LO (input and output) to RF leakage	Single-ended in, single-ended out			-34.5	-31.5		dBm
LO (input and output) to IF leakage (CDMA)	Single-ended in, differential out			-33.6	-29.0		dBm
LO (input and output) to IF leakage (FM)	Single-ended in, differential out			-20.0	-19.0		dBm
RF to LO (input) isolation	Single-ended in, single-ended out		30	32.8			dB
RF to IF isolation (CDMA)	Single-ended in, differential out		20	22.3			dB
RF to IF isolation (FM)	Single-ended in, differential out		6	8.2			dB
LO output to LO input isolation	Single-ended in, single-ended out		26.5	34.5			dB
Spurious response rejection	With Tx band interferer at LO input port or LO buffer output port of -40 dBm max and with $P_{int} = -31$ dBm in Rx band.		61.0				dB

## Dual-band, CDMA/AMPS downconverter IC

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**AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (continued) $V_{CC} = +2.7V$  to  $+3.3V$ ;  $T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}C$ ;  $P_{Io} = -3$  dBm,  $f_{IF} = 85.40$  MHz; unless specified otherwise.

Appropriate external matching necessary.

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	LIMITS					UNITS
		MIN.	$-3\sigma$	TYP.	$+3\sigma$	MAX.	
<b>PCS Downconverter</b>							
RF input frequency range		1810				1990	MHz
LO input frequency range	With doubler	1007				1050	MHz
IF output frequency range		50				300	MHz
IF output load impedance	Differential			1000			$\Omega$
Conversion gain	@ $f_{IF}$ , over RF/LO frequency ranges		9.5	11.3	11.7		dB
Noise figure	@ $f_{IF}$ , over RF/LO frequency ranges, SSB			8.3	10.5		dB
Input IP3	@ $f_{IF}$ , over RF/LO frequency ranges		1.0	1.4			dBm
RF input return loss	$Z_S = 50\Omega$ , with external balun			7.5			dB
LO input return loss	$Z_S = 50\Omega$			10			dB
LO output return loss	$Z_S = 50\Omega$ , single LO out			8			dB
LO input power range		-6		-3		0	dBm
LO output power range	$Z_L = 50\Omega$ , single LO out with LO buffer @ low gain		-16.0	-15.0	-14.0		dBm
	with LO buffer @ high gain		-7.5	-5.0	-4.0		dBm
LO (input and output) to RF leakage	Single-ended in, single-ended out, with and without doubler			-39.0	-35		dBm
LO (input and output) to IF leakage	Single-ended in, differential out, with and without doubler			-47.0	-35		dBm
RF to LO (input) isolation	Single-ended in, single-ended out, with and without doubler		30	56.0			dB
RF to IF isolation	Single-ended in, differential out		20	42.0			dB
LO output to LO input isolation	Single-ended in, single-ended out, with doubler		30	35.0			dB
Spurious response rejection	1/2 IF spur, $f_{IF} = 85.4$ MHz/111.38 MHz, with and without doubler, $P_{int} = -30$ dBm at RF input.		56.0	58.0			dB
	With Tx band interferer at LO input port or LO buffer output port of -40 dBm max and with $P_{int} = -21$ dBm in Rx band.		71.0				dB

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## PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

### DC Current Consumption / Mixer Noise Figure

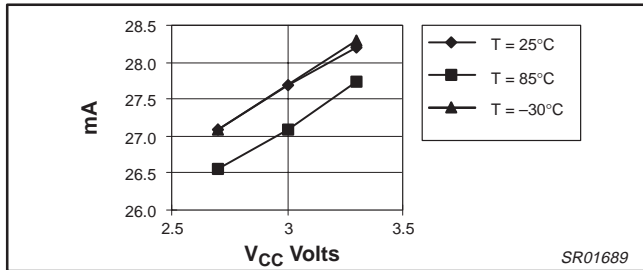


Figure 3. PCS RxTx (with doubled LO out) current

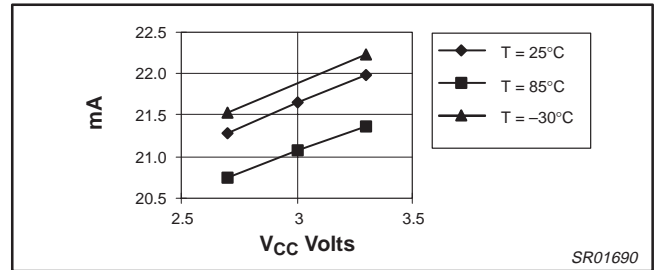


Figure 4. PCS Idle (with doubled LO out) current

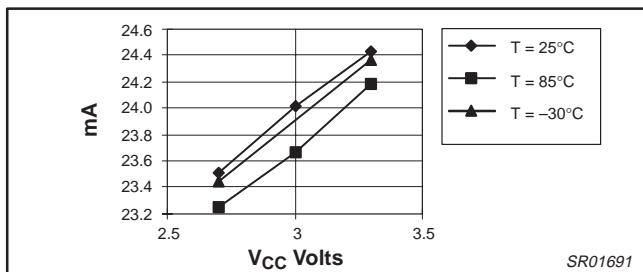


Figure 5. PCS RxTx current

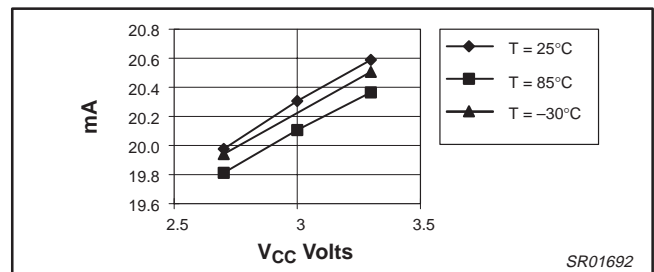


Figure 6. PCS Rx Idle current

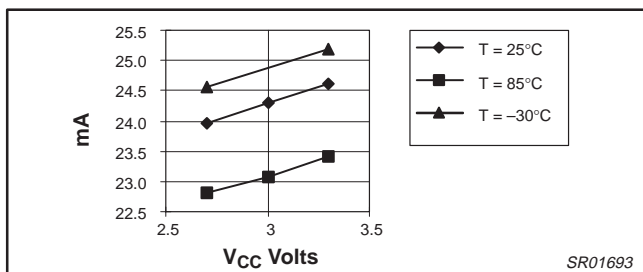


Figure 7. Cellular CDMA RxTx current

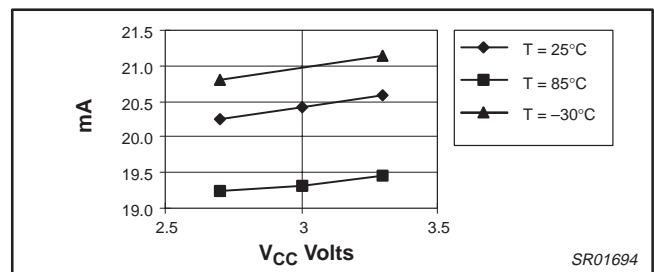


Figure 8. Cellular CDMA Rx Idle current

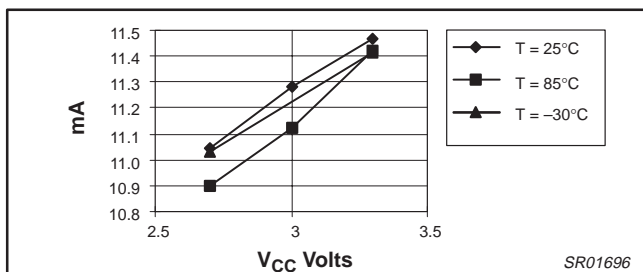


Figure 9. Cellular FM RxTx current

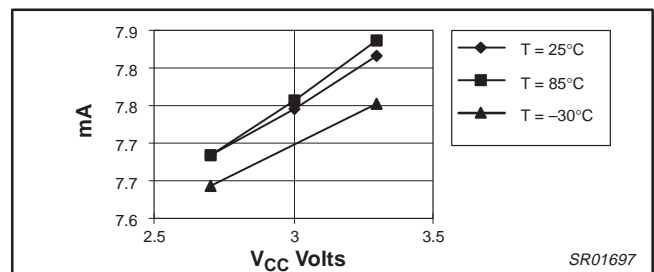


Figure 10. Cellular FM Rx Idle current

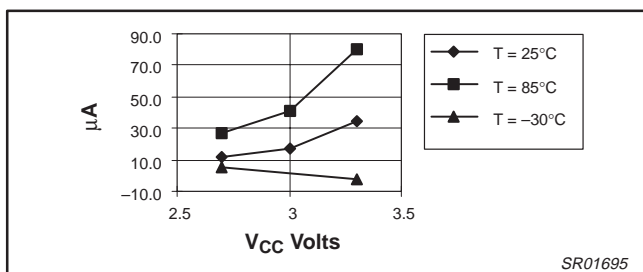


Figure 11. Sleep current

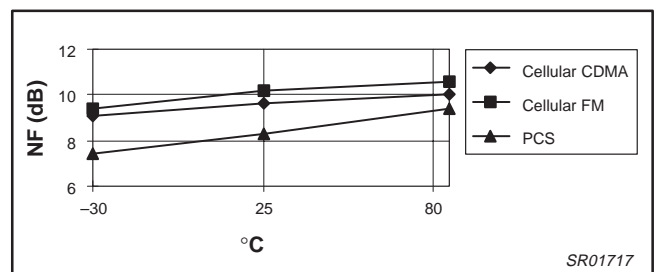


Figure 12. Mixer Noise Figure (V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.7V)



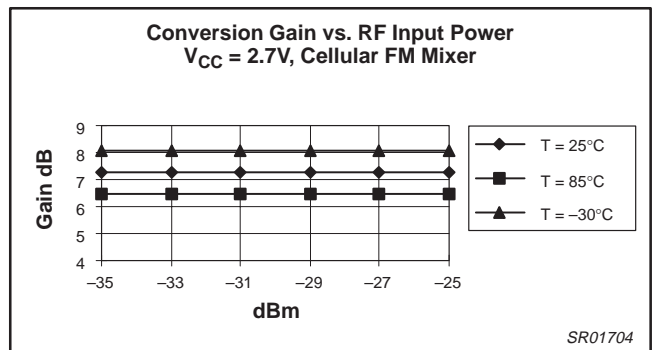
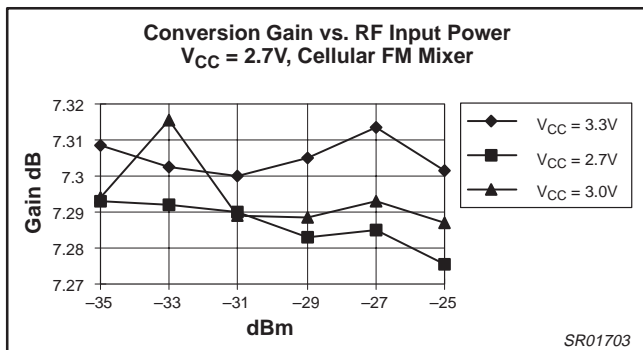
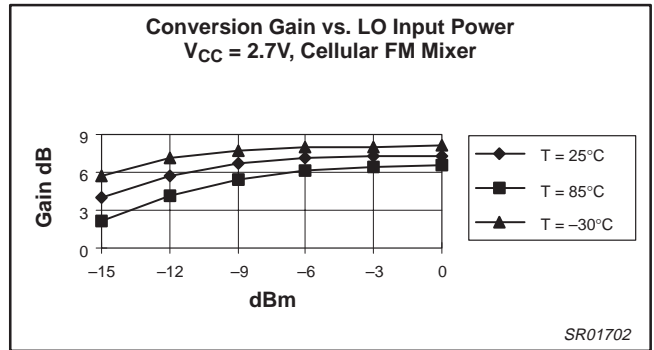
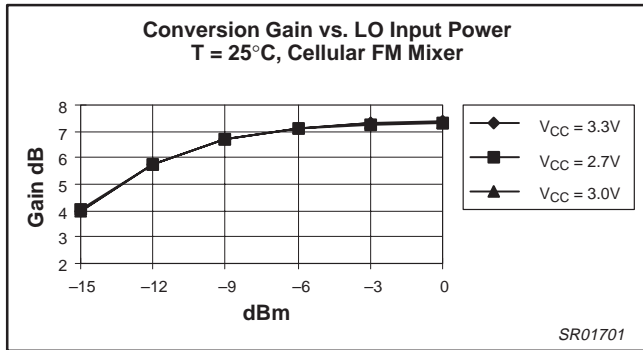
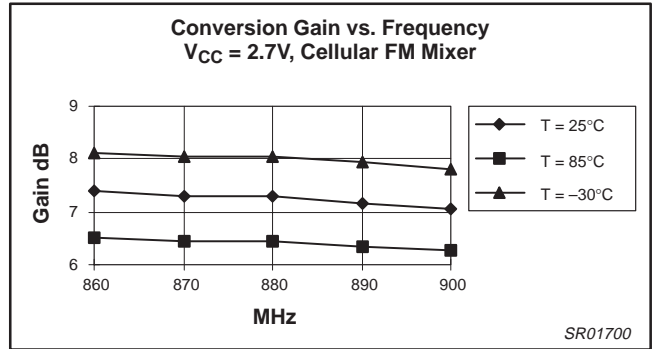
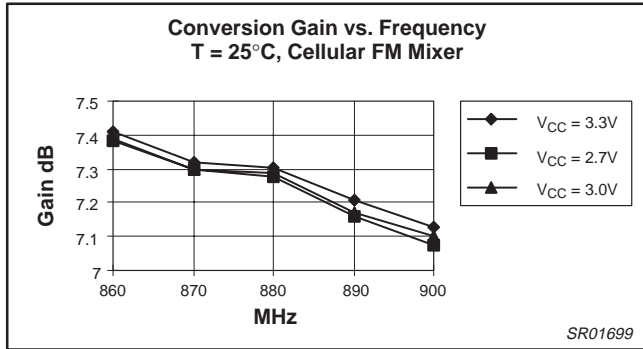
# Dual-band, CDMA/AMPS downconverter IC

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## PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

### Conversion Gain – FM Mixer

$f_{LO} = 965.9\text{MHz}$  @  $-3\text{dBm}$ ,  $f_{RF} = 880.5\text{MHz}$  @  $-30\text{dBm}$ ,  $f_{IF} = 85.4\text{MHz}$ : unless otherwise specified or implied.



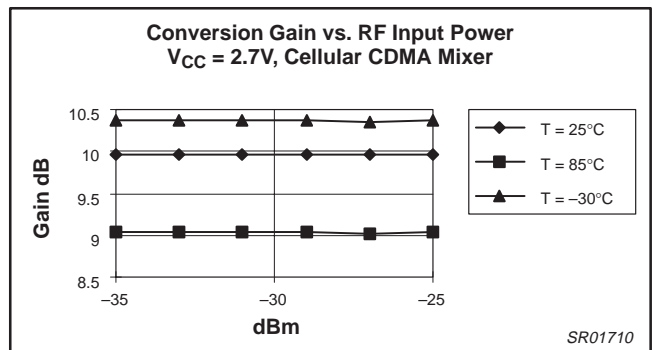
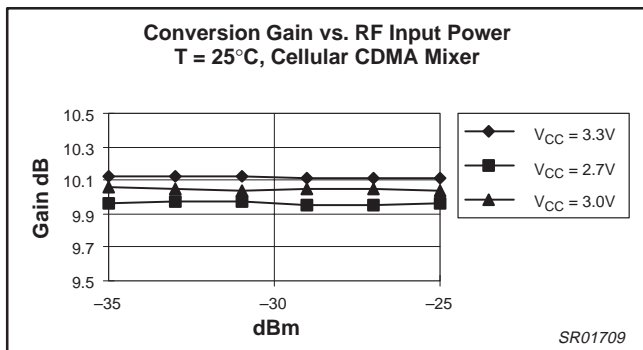
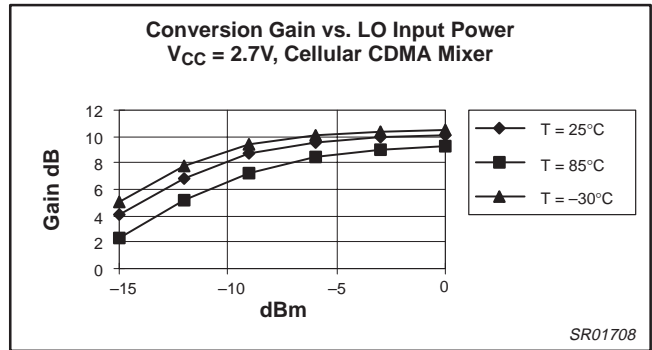
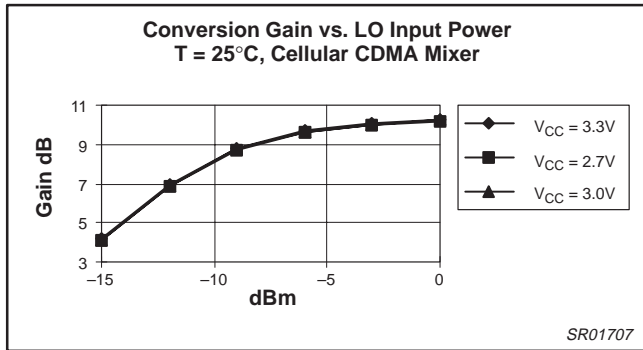
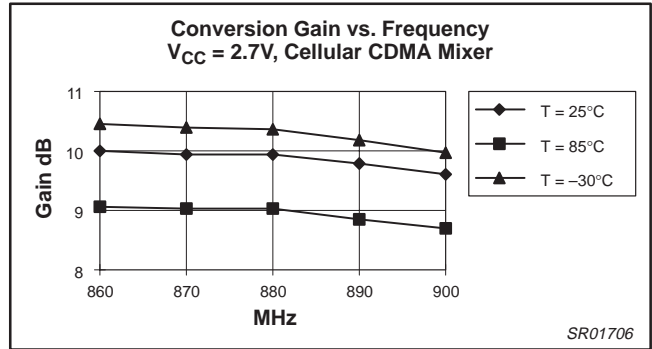
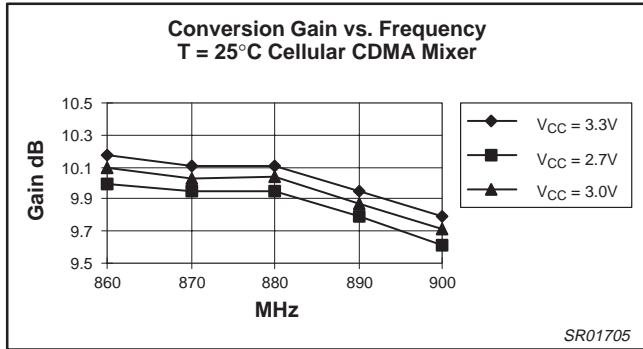
# Dual-band, CDMA/AMPS downconverter IC

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## PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

### Conversion Gain – Cellular Band CDMA Mixer

$f_{LO} = 965.9\text{MHz}$  @  $-3\text{dBm}$ ,  $f_{RF} = 880.5\text{MHz}$  @  $-30\text{dBm}$ ,  $f_{IF} = 85.4\text{MHz}$ : unless otherwise specified or implied.



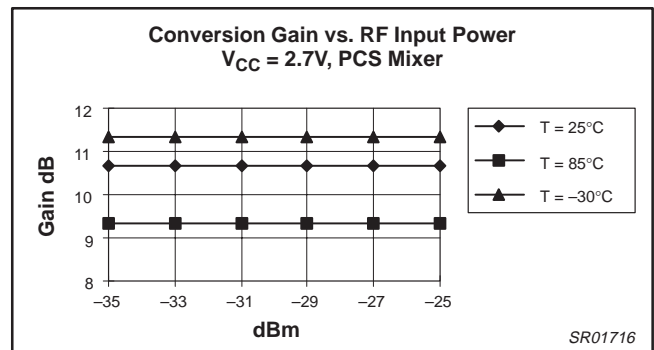
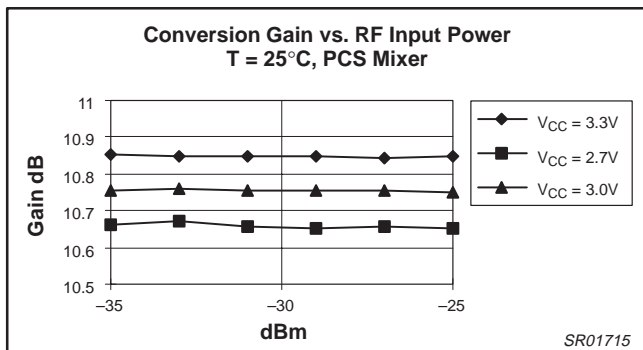
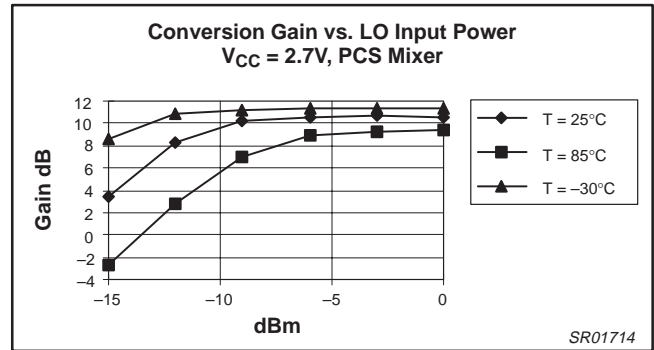
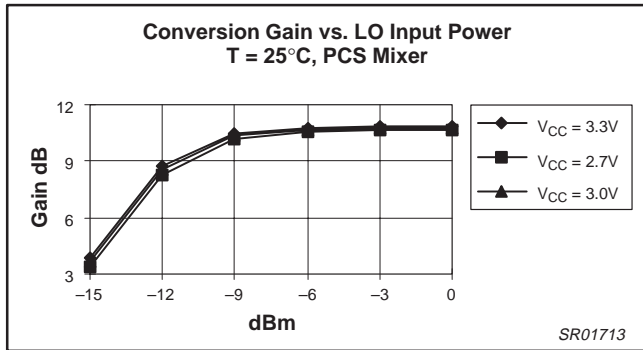
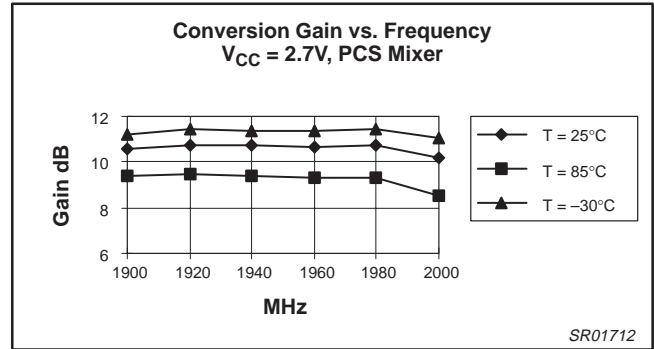
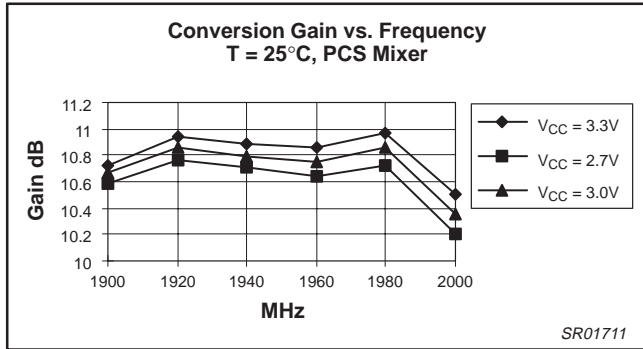
# Dual-band, CDMA/AMPS downconverter IC

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## PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

### Conversion Gain – PCS Mixer

$f_{LO} = 1022.45\text{MHz}$  (doubled on-chip) @  $-3\text{dBm}$ ,  $f_{RF} = 1959.5\text{MHz}$  @  $-30\text{dBm}$ ,  $f_{IF} = 85.4\text{MHz}$ : unless otherwise specified or implied.

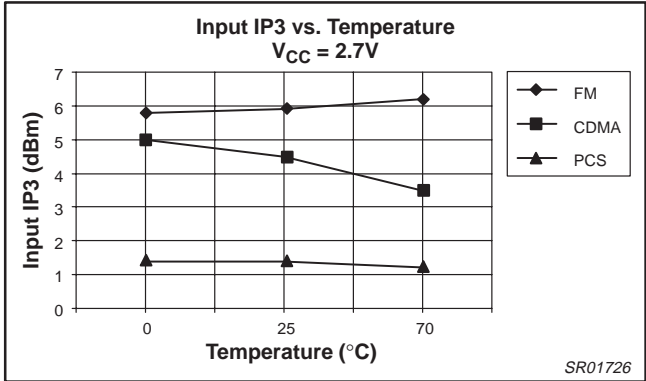


# Dual-band, CDMA/AMPS downconverter IC

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## PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

### Input IP3



# Dual-band, CDMA/AMPS downconverter IC

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## PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

### S-Parameters

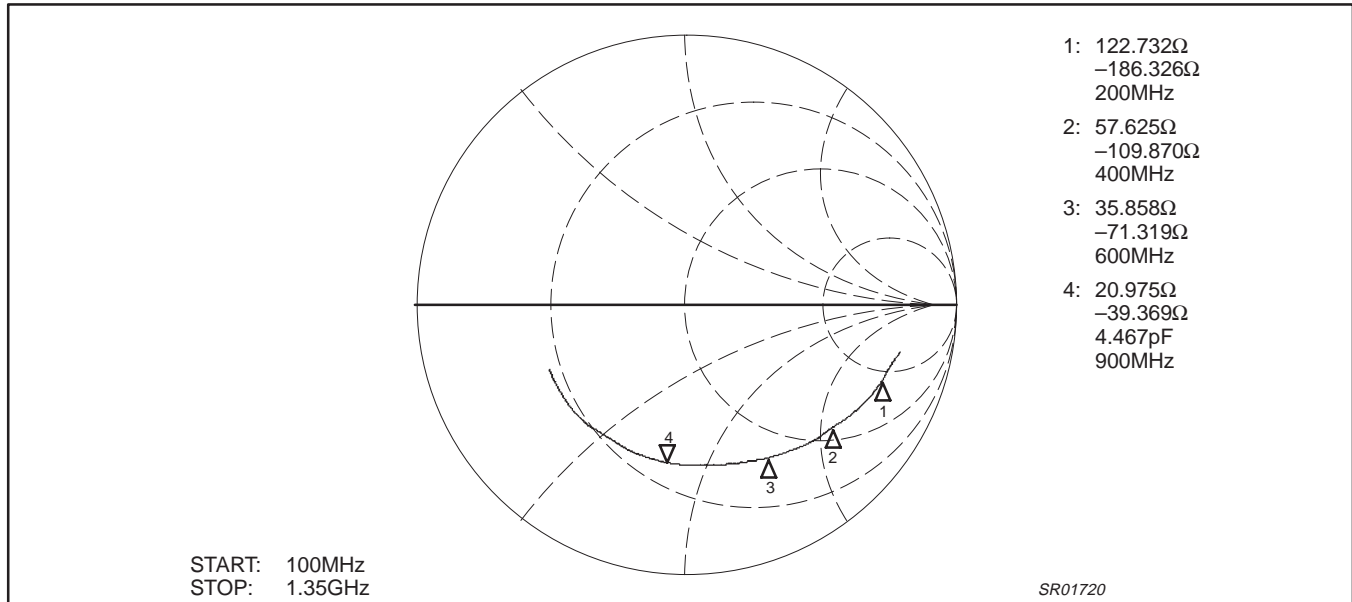


Figure 13. Typical  $S_{11}$  of Cellular RF Input for CDMA Mode @  $V_{CC} = 2.8V$

Table 3. Typical S-Parameter of Cellular RF Input for CDMA and FM Mode @  $V_{CC} = 2.8V$

Frequency (MHz)	CDMA Mode		FM Mode	
	$ S_{11} $	$\angle S_{11}$ (DEG)	$ S_{11} $	$\angle S_{11}$ (DEG)
100	0.82	-12.7	0.77	-10.9
150	0.80	-16.8	0.76	-15.1
200	0.79	-21.5	0.75	-19.9
250	0.77	-26.2	0.74	-25.0
300	0.75	-30.9	0.72	-29.9
350	0.74	-35.7	0.70	-34.9
400	0.72	-40.4	0.68	-39.8
450	0.70	-45.5	0.65	-44.5
500	0.68	-50.6	0.63	-48.6
550	0.66	-56.4	0.60	-53.1
600	0.65	-61.5	0.58	-56.9
650	0.64	-67.1	0.57	-60.6
700	0.62	-72.6	0.56	-64.5
750	0.61	-78.6	0.56	-68.5
800	0.60	-84.1	0.58	-74.2
850	0.59	-90.3	0.57	-84.4
900	0.59	-96.9	0.53	-89.7
950	0.58	-104.1	0.51	-93.9
1000	0.58	-110.4	0.50	-97.8
1050	0.57	-116.8	0.50	-102.4
1100	0.57	-123.2	0.50	-107.3
1150	0.56	-129.8	0.50	-112.4
1200	0.56	-136.2	0.51	-117.5
1250	0.56	-142.3	0.51	-122.1
1300	0.55	-148.4	0.52	-126.6
1350	0.54	-155.1	0.52	-131.3

Dual-band, CDMA/AMPS downconverter IC

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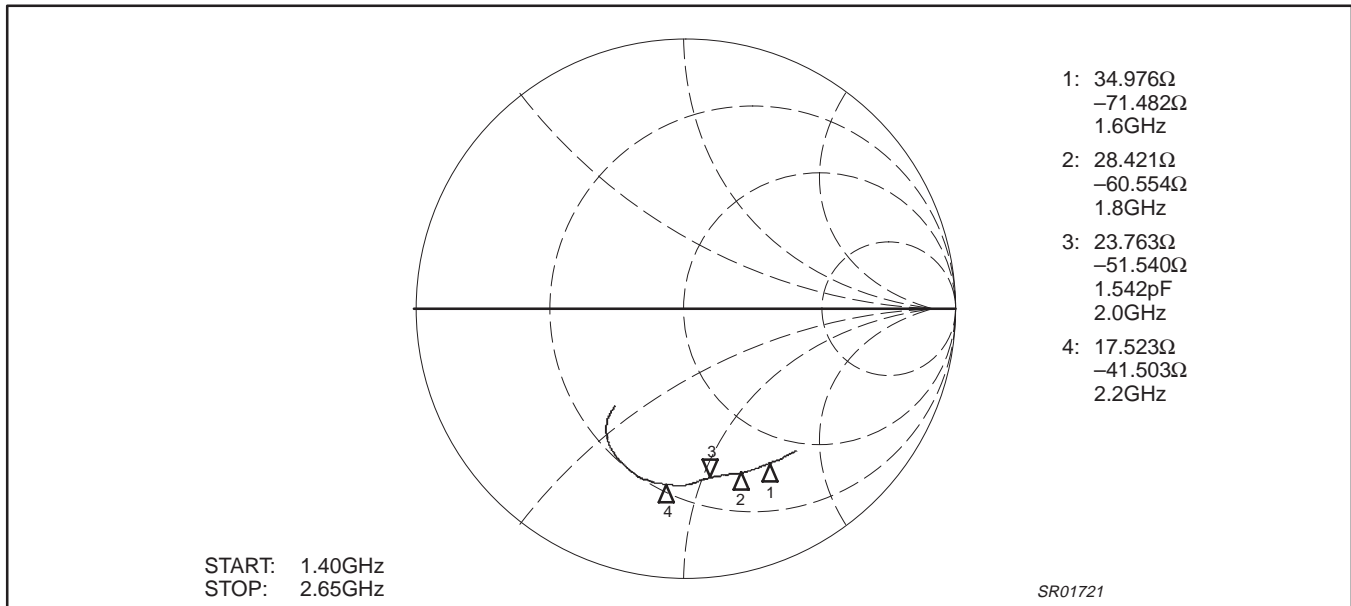


Figure 14. Typical S<sub>11</sub> of PCS RF and PCS RFB Input @ V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.8V

Table 4. Typical S-Parameter of PCS RF and PCS RFB Input @ V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.8V

Frequency (MHz)	S <sub>11</sub>	<S <sub>11</sub> (DEG)
1400	0.68	-52.9
1450	0.67	-55.0
1500	0.67	-57.6
1550	0.66	-59.6
1600	0.66	-61.8
1650	0.66	-64.2
1700	0.65	-66.5
1750	0.65	-69.0
1800	0.65	-71.9
1850	0.65	-74.7
1900	0.64	-77.2
1950	0.64	-80.0
2000	0.64	-82.0
2050	0.65	-85.0
2100	0.66	-88.3
2150	0.67	-92.1
2200	0.66	-96.5
2250	0.66	-100.8
2300	0.65	-105.6
2350	0.63	-110.3
2400	0.61	-114.7
2450	0.58	-118.9
2500	0.54	-122.3
2550	0.50	-124.2
2600	0.47	-125.0
2650	0.45	-125.1

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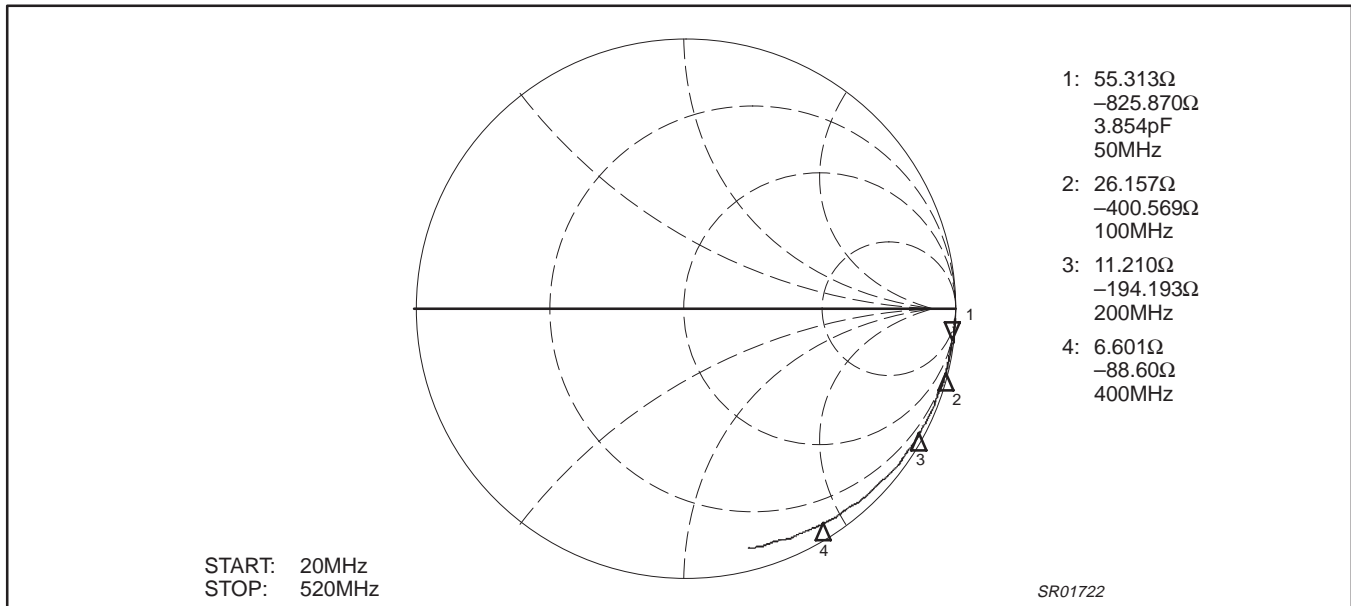


Figure 15. Typical  $S_{22}$  of CDMA IF, CDMA IFB Output at  $V_{CC} = 2.8V$

Table 5. Typical S-Parameter of CDMA IF and CDMA IFB, FM IF and FM IFB Output @  $V_{CC} = 2.8V$

Frequency (MHz)	CDMA If and CDMA IFB		FM IF and FM IFB Output	
	$ S_{22} $	$\angle S_{22}$ (DEG)	$ S_{22} $	$\angle S_{22}$ (DEG)
20	0.99	-2.8	0.99	-3.5
40	0.99	-5.6	0.99	-7.0
60	0.99	-8.5	0.99	-10.3
80	0.98	-11.3	0.98	-13.7
100	0.98	-14.2	0.98	-17.2
120	0.98	-17.0	0.98	-20.7
140	0.98	-19.9	0.98	-24.2
160	0.98	-22.9	0.98	-27.7
180	0.97	-25.8	0.97	-31.2
200	0.97	-28.8	0.97	-34.7
220	0.97	-31.5	0.96	-37.9
240	0.97	-34.6	0.96	-41.5
260	0.97	-37.6	0.95	-45.1
280	0.96	-40.4	0.95	-48.6
300	0.96	-43.5	0.94	-52.1
320	0.96	-46.4	0.94	-55.5
340	0.95	-49.3	0.93	-58.9
360	0.95	-52.6	0.92	-62.5
380	0.94	-55.4	0.91	-65.9
400	0.94	-58.7	0.90	-69.5
420	0.94	-61.3	0.90	-72.5
440	0.93	-64.4	0.89	-76.0
460	0.93	-67.6	0.88	-79.6
480	0.92	-70.8	0.87	-83.0
500	0.92	-74.1	0.87	-86.7
520	0.91	-77.1	0.86	-89.8

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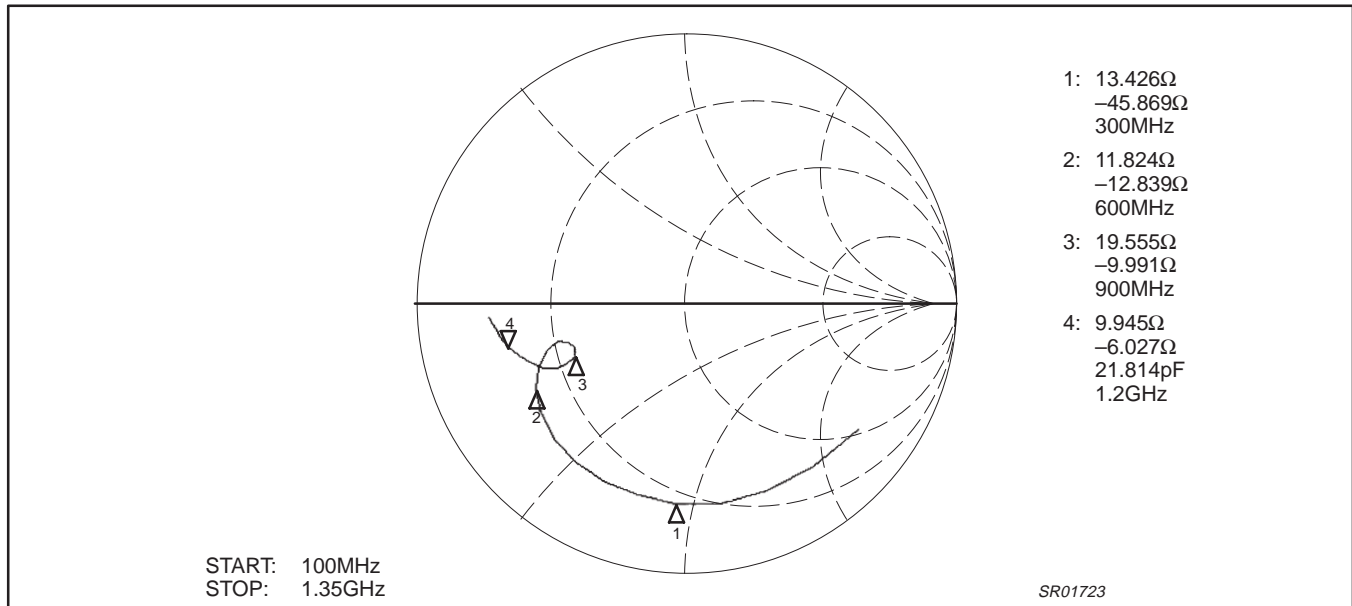


Figure 16. Typical  $S_{11}$  of LO Input @  $V_{CC} = 2.8V$

Table 6. Typical S-Parameter of LO Input @  $V_{CC} = 2.8V$

Frequency (MHz)	$ S_{11} $	$\angle S_{11}$ (DEG)
100	0.80	-36.7
150	0.77	-52.1
200	0.76	-66.9
250	0.76	-80.4
300	0.75	-92.7
350	0.74	-103.8
400	0.73	-114.0
450	0.72	-123.9
500	0.70	-133.1
550	0.67	-141.7
600	0.64	-149.7
650	0.59	-156.1
700	0.54	-160.9
750	0.49	-162.7
800	0.45	-160.9
850	0.44	-157.4
900	0.46	-153.7
950	0.49	-152.4
1000	0.54	-152.9
1050	0.57	-155.3
1100	0.61	-158.4
1150	0.64	-162.0
1200	0.67	-165.7
1250	0.69	-168.9
1300	0.71	-172.1
1350	0.73	-175.2



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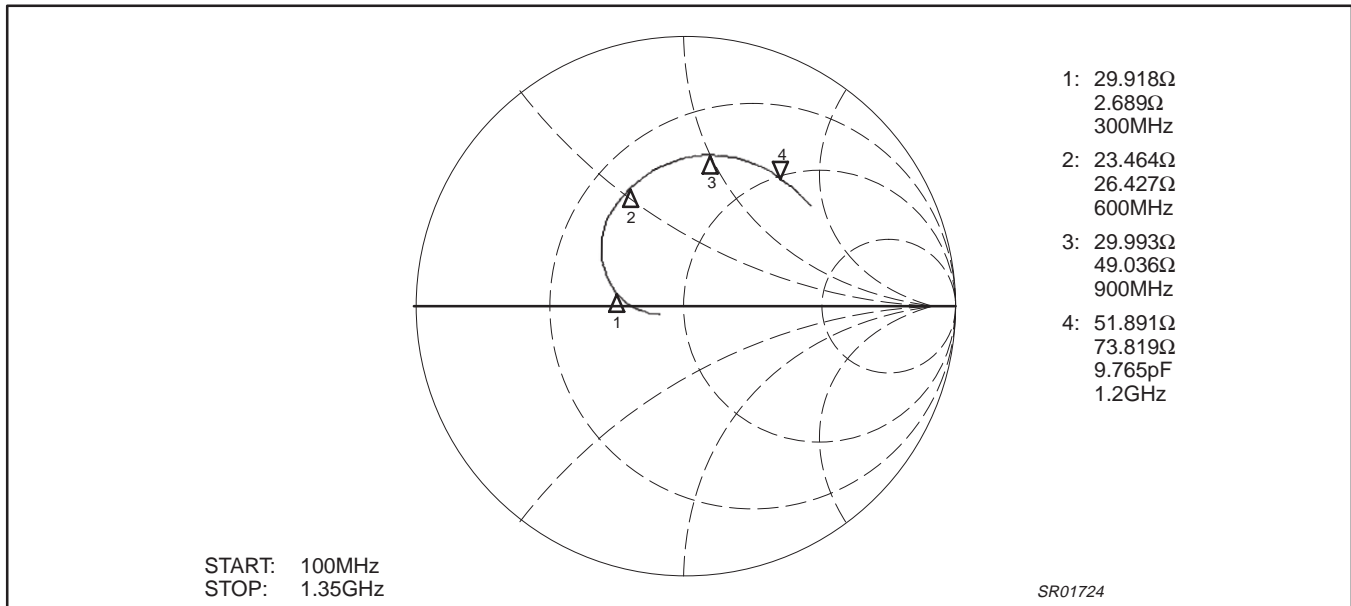


Figure 17. Typical  $S_{22}$  of LO Output for Cellular Band without Frequency Doubler @  $V_{CC} = 2.8V$

Table 7. Typical S-Parameter of LO Output without Doubler @  $V_{CC} = 2.8V$

Frequency (MHz)	$ S_{22} $	$\angle S_{22}$ (DEG)
100	0.10	-161.1
150	0.13	-165.3
200	0.17	-172.6
250	0.21	179.5
300	0.25	170.5
350	0.30	160.7
400	0.35	150.9
450	0.40	141.0
500	0.43	131.2
550	0.46	123.1
600	0.48	115.3
650	0.50	108.6
700	0.52	102.2
750	0.53	96.2
800	0.55	90.9
850	0.56	85.7
900	0.56	80.7
950	0.57	75.9
1000	0.58	71.2
1050	0.58	66.7
1100	0.59	61.8
1150	0.59	57.4
1200	0.59	52.6
1250	0.59	47.7
1300	0.59	43.1
1350	0.59	38.7

Dual-band, CDMA/AMPS downconverter IC

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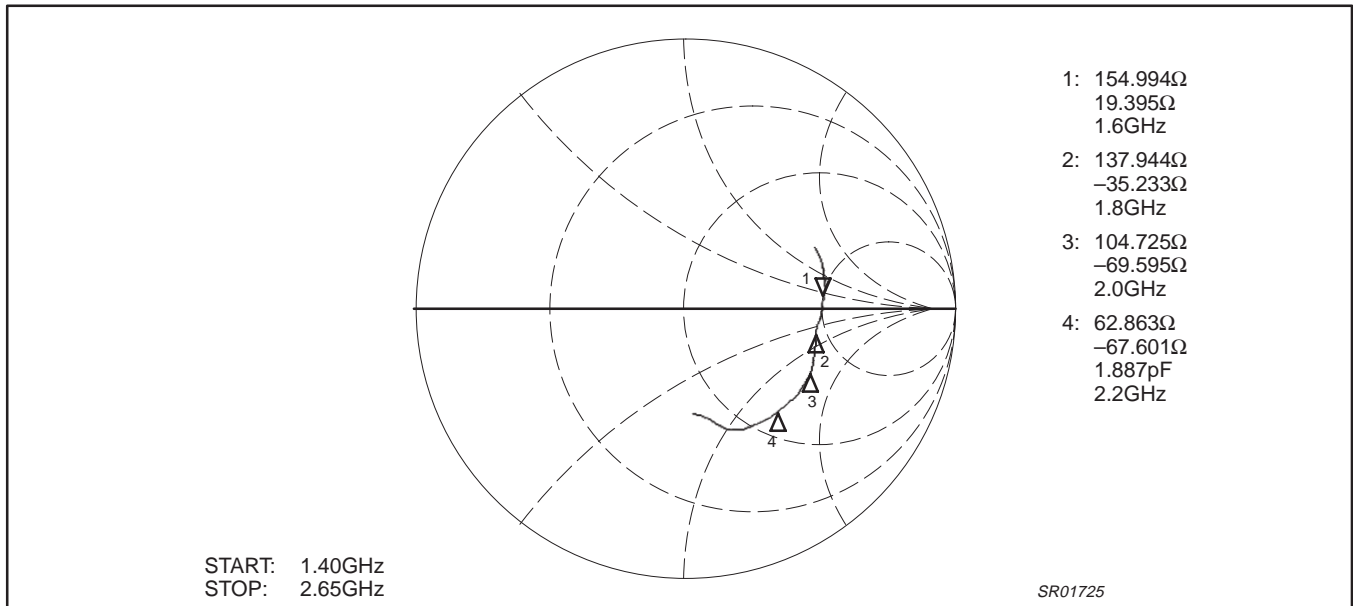


Figure 18. Typical  $S_{22}$  of LO Output for PCS Band with Doubler @  $V_{CC} = 2.8V$

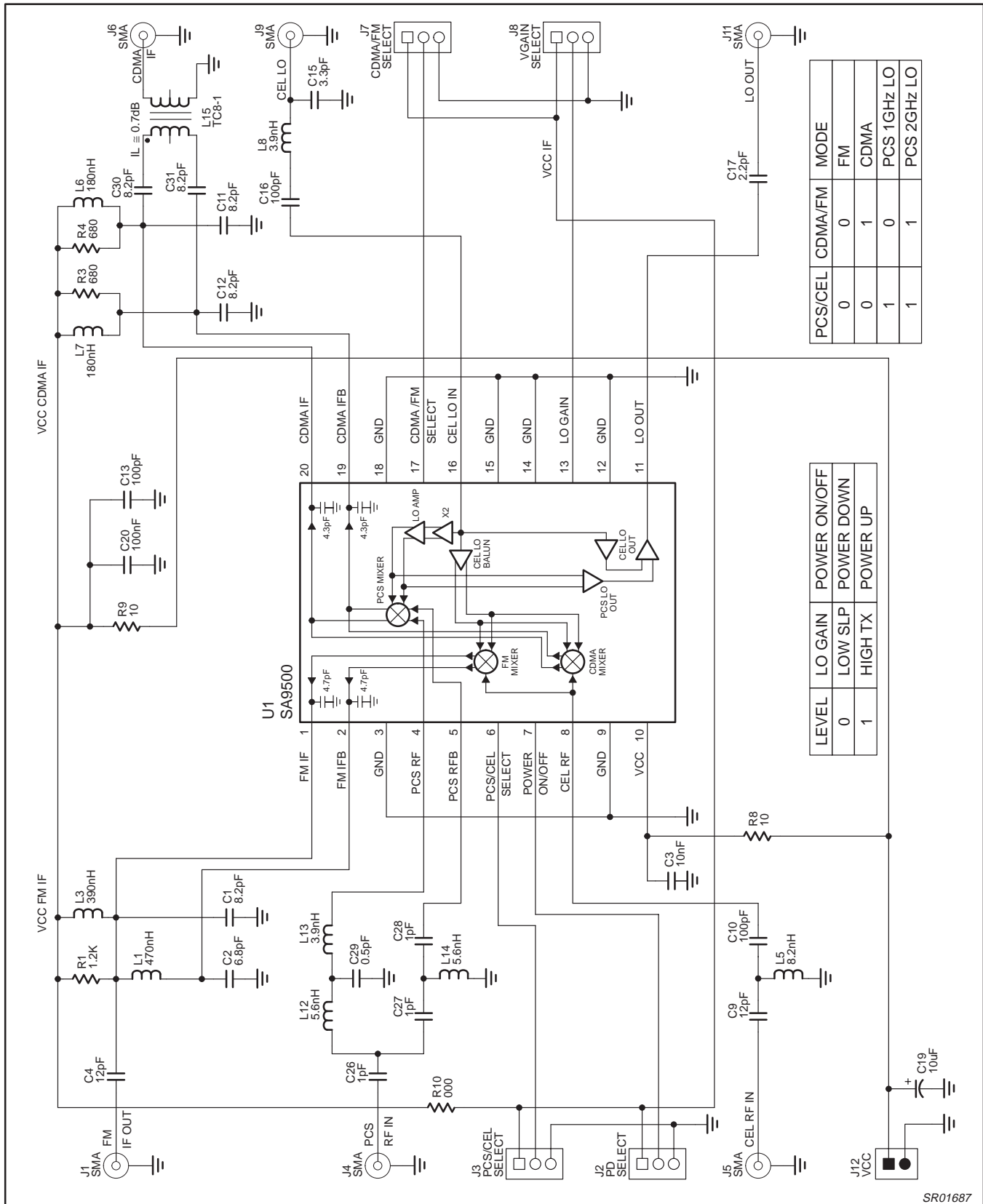
Table 8. Typical S-Parameter of LO Output for PCS Band with Doubler @  $V_{CC} = 2.8V$

Frequency (MHz)	$ S_{22} $	$\angle S_{22}$ (DEG)
1400	0.53	25.1
1450	0.54	19.9
1500	0.53	14.7
1550	0.53	9.9
1600	0.52	5.1
1650	0.51	0.1
1700	0.51	-3.7
1750	0.50	-8.0
1800	0.50	-11.2
1850	0.50	-14.5
1900	0.51	-18.7
1950	0.52	-23.2
2000	0.52	-27.6
2050	0.53	-33.0
2100	0.53	-37.9
2150	0.53	-43.2
2200	0.52	-48.3
2250	0.52	-53.2
2300	0.51	-58.5
2350	0.50	-64.5
2400	0.48	-69.5
2450	0.45	-73.8
2500	0.42	-76.4
2550	0.41	-78.6
2600	0.40	-81.2
2650	0.40	-84.8

# Dual-band, CDMA/AMPS downconverter IC

## SA9500

### DEMONSTRATION BOARD DIAGRAM

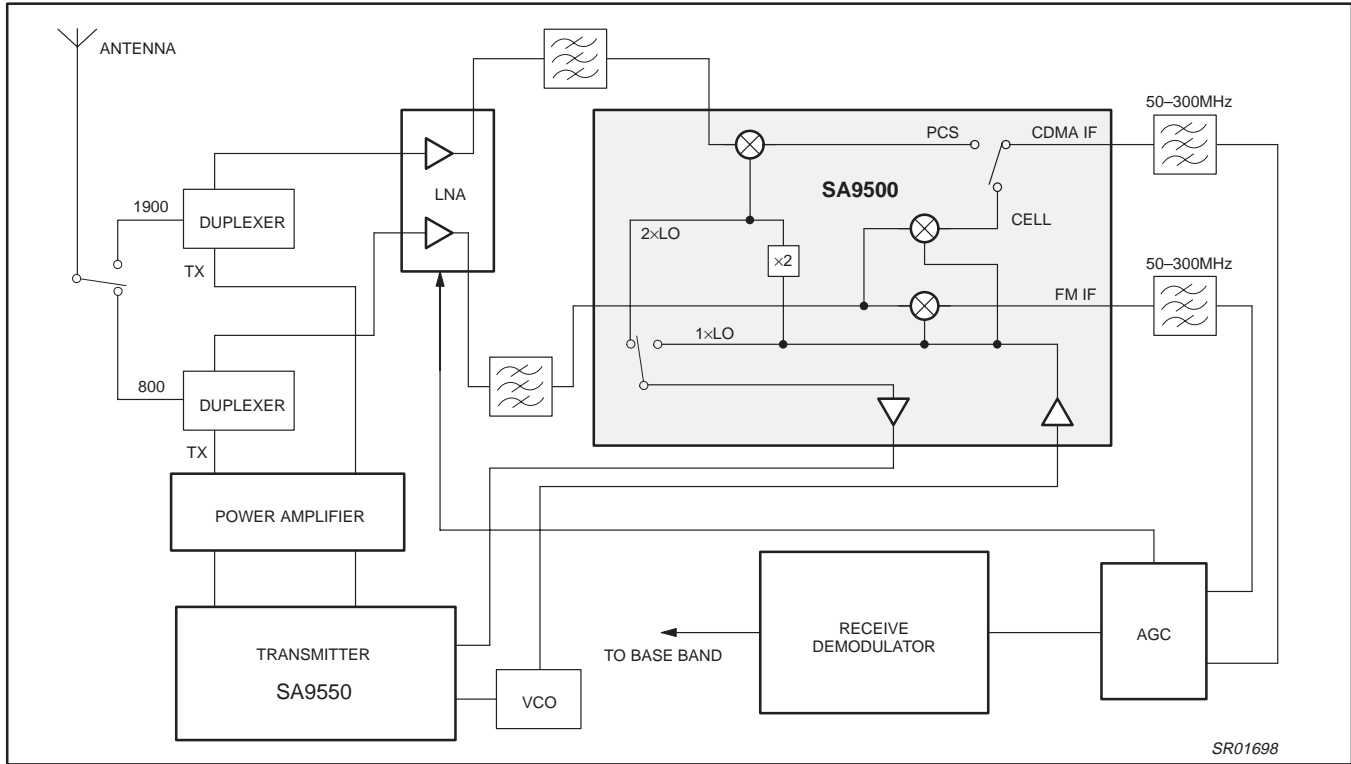


SR01687

# Dual-band, CDMA/AMPS downconverter IC

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## APPLICATION BLOCK DIAGRAM

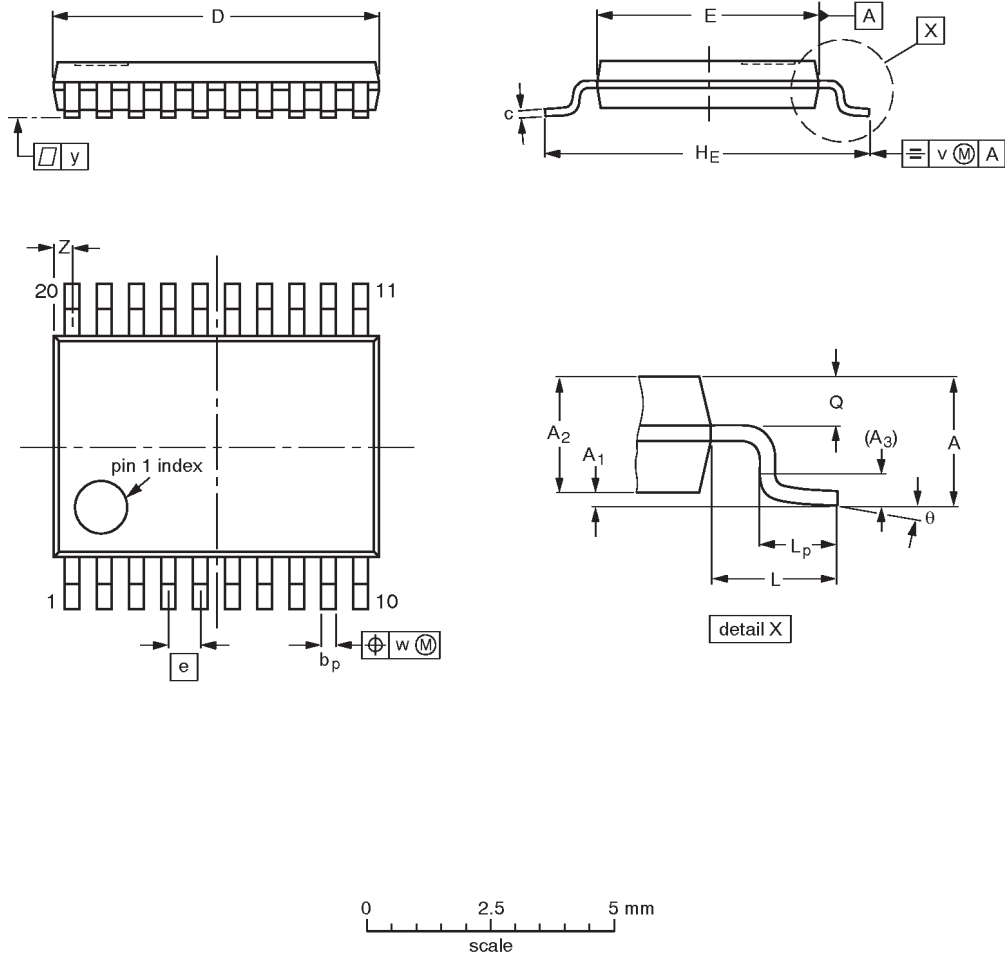


Dual-band, CDMA/AMPS downconverter IC

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TSSOP20: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 20 leads; body width 4.4 mm

SOT360-1



DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)

UNIT	A max.	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	b <sub>p</sub>	c	D <sup>(1)</sup>	E <sup>(2)</sup>	e	H <sub>E</sub>	L	L <sub>p</sub>	Q	v	w	y	Z <sup>(1)</sup>	θ
mm	1.10	0.15 0.05	0.95 0.80	0.25	0.30 0.19	0.2 0.1	6.6 6.4	4.5 4.3	0.65	6.6 6.2	1.0	0.75 0.50	0.4 0.3	0.2	0.13	0.1	0.5 0.2	8° 0°

Notes

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.
2. Plastic interlead protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE VERSION	REFERENCES				EUROPEAN PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
	IEC	JEDEC	EIAJ			
SOT360-1		MO-153AC				-93-06-16- 95-02-04

## Dual-band, CDMA/AMPS downconverter IC

SA9500

**Data sheet status**

Data sheet status	Product status	Definition [1]
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Preliminary specification	Qualification	This data sheet contains preliminary data, and supplementary data will be published at a later date. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design and supply the best possible product.
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