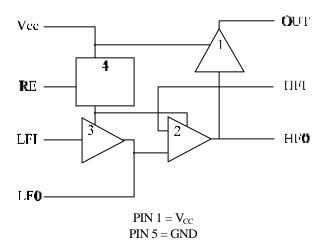
Tone Ringer

The SL2410 is a bipolar integrated circuit designed for telephone bell replacement.

- Designed for Telephone Bell Replacement
- Low Curent Drain
- Adjustable 2-frequency Tone
- Adjustable Warbling Rate
- Extension Tone Ringer Modules
- Alarms or Other Alerting Devices
- External Triggering or Ringer Disable
- Built-in hysteresis prevents false triggering and rotary dial 'Chirps'



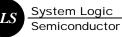
LOGIC DIAGRAM



- 1. Output amplifier
- 2. High frequency oscillator
- 3. Low frequency oscillator
- Hysteresis regulator (Regulator circuit has built-in hysteresis to prevent false triggering and rotary dial "Chirps")

PIN ASSIGNMENT

V _{CC} 10	S OUT
RH 2	7 🗌 IIFI
lfi 🛛 3	n 🗌 HFO
1.FA 🔤 4	5 GND



PIN DESCRIPTION

NAME	PIN	DESCRIPTION	
V _{CC}	1	Positive power supply.	
RE	2	nitiation of oscillation start input	
LFI	3	ow frequency oscillator input	
LF0	4	Low frequency oscillator output	
GND	5	Negative power supply	
HF0	6	High frequency oscillator output	
HFI	7	High frequency oscillator input	
OUT	8	Tone output	

MAXIMUM RATINGS*

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V _{CC}	DC Supply Voltage (Referenced to GND)	to +30.0	V
P _D	Power Dissipation in Still Air, Plastic DIP	400	mW
Tstg	Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C

* Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur.

Functional operation should be restricted to the Recommended Operating Conditions.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Symbol	Parameter		Max	Unit
V _{CC} DC Supply Voltage (Referenced to GND)		13.0	29.0	V
T _A	Operating Temperature	-45	+65	°C

This device contains protection circuitry to guard against damage due to high static voltages or electric fields. However, precautions must be taken to avoid applications of any voltage higher than maximum rated voltages to this high-impedance circuit. For proper operation, V_{IN} and V_{OUT} should be constrained to the range GND \leq (V_{IN} or V_{OUT}) \leq V_{CC}.

Unused inputs must always be tied to an appropriate logic voltage level (e.g., either GND or V_{CC}). Unused outputs must be left open.



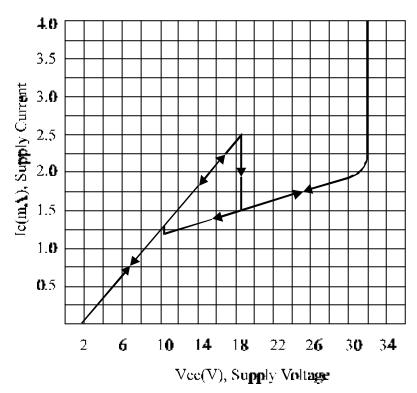
			Guaranteed Limits			
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V _{SI}	Initiation Supply Voltage (1)	See Fig. 1	16.8		21.2	V
I_{SI}	Initiation Supply Current (1)		1.4		4.2	mA
V_{SUS}	Sustaining Voltage (2)	See Fig. 1	9.5		12.2	V
$\mathbf{I}_{\mathrm{SUS}}$	Sustaining Current (2)	No Load V _{CC} =V _{SUS} See Fig. 1	0.7		2.5	mA
V _{TR}	Trigger Voltage (3)	V _{cc} =15V	8.8		12.2	V
I _{TR}	Trigger Current (3,5)	V _{CC} =15V	5.0		1000	μΑ
V _{DIS}	Disable Voltage (4)	V _{CC} =21V	-		0.7	V
I _{DIS}	Disable Current (4)	V _{CC} =15V	-20		-	μΑ
V _{OH}	High-Level Output Voltage	V _{CC} =21V, I _{OH} =-15mA, Pin 6=6V, Pin 7=GND	16.7		21.0	V
V _{OL}	Low-Level Output Voltage	V _{CC} =21V, I _{OL} =15mA, Pin 6=GND, Pin 7=6V	-		1.8	V
$I_{\rm IN}$	Maximun Input Leakage Current (Pin 3)	Pin 3=6V, Pin 4=GND, V _{CC} =21V	-		1.0	μΑ
	(Pin 7)	Pin 7=6V, Pin 6=GND, V _{CC} =21V	-		1.0	μΑ
\mathbf{f}_{H1}	High Frequency 1	R ₃ =191KΩ,C ₃ =6800pF	461		563	Hz
\mathbf{f}_{H2}	High Frequency 2	R ₃ =191KΩ,C ₃ =6800pF	576		704	Hz
\mathbf{f}_{L}	Low Frequency	$R_2=165K\Omega, C_2=0.47\mu F$	9.0		11.0	Hz

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS(Voltages Referenced to GND, $T_A = -45$ to $+65^{\circ}$ C)

Notes:

1. Initiation supply voltage (V_{SI}) is the supply voltage required to start the tone ringer oscillating.

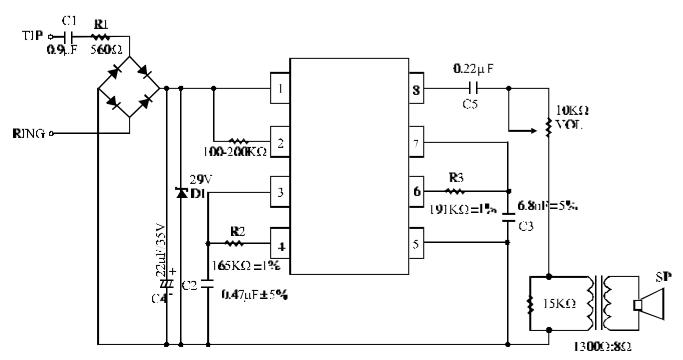
- 2. Sustaining voltage (V_{SUS}) is the supply voltage required to maintain oscillation.
- 3. V_{TR} and I_{TR} are the conditions applied to trigger in to start oscillation for $V_{SUS} \leq V_{CC} \leq V_{SI}$.
- 4. V_{DIS} and I_{DIS} are the conditions applied to trigger in to inhibit oscillation for $V_{SI} \leq V_{CC}$.
- 5. Trigger current must be limited to this value externally.



CIRCUIT CURRENT-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (NO LOAD)











APPLICATION NOTE

The application circuit illustrates the use of the SL2410 devices in typical telephone or extension tone ringer application.

The AC ringer signal voltage appears across the TIP and RING inputs of the circuit and is attenuated by capacitor C_1 and resistor R_1 .

C₁ also provides isolation from DC voltages (48V) on the exchange line.

After full wave rectification by the bridge diode, the waveform is filtered by capacitor C_4 to provide a DC supply for the tone ringer chip.

As this voltage exceeds the initiation voltage (V_{SI}) , oscillation starts.

With the components shown, the ouptut frequency chops between $512(f_{h1})$ and 640Hz (f_{h2}) at a 10Hz (f_L) rate. The loudspeaker load is coupled through a 1300Ω to 8Ω ransformer.

The output coupling capacitor C_5 is required with transformer coupled loads.

When driving a piezo-ceramic transducer type load, the coupling C_5 and transformer (1300 Ω :8 Ω) are not required. However, a current limiting resistor is required.

The low frequency oscillator oscillates at a rate (f_L) controlled by an external resistor (R_2) and capacitor (C_2). The frequency can be determined using the relation $f_L=1/1.289R_2xC_2$. The high frequency oscillates at a f_{H1} , f_{H2} controlled by an external resistor (R_3) and capacitor (C_3). The frequency can be determined using the relation $f_{H1}=1/1.504R_3xC_3$, $f_{H2}=1/1.203R_3xC_3$.

TRIGGERING SL2410 FROM CMOS OR TTL LOGIC

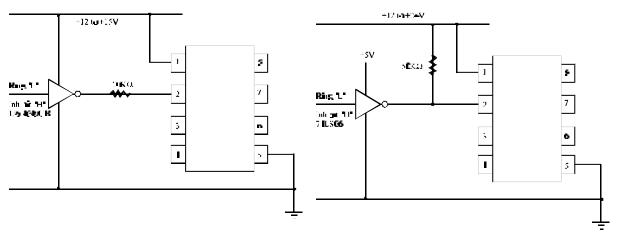
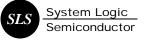
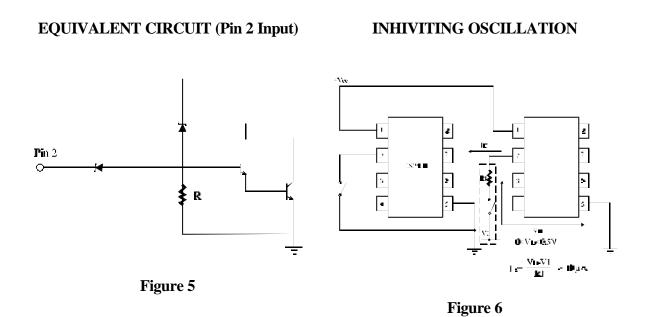


Figure 3

Figure 4





PROGRAMMING THE SL2410 INITIATION SUPPLY VOLTAGE

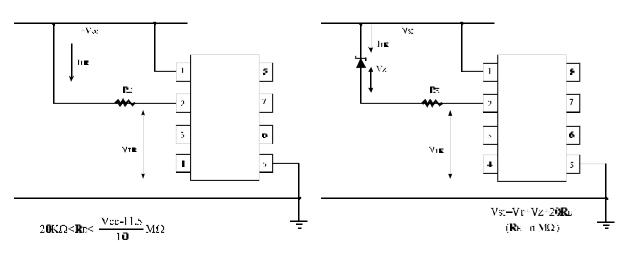


Figure 7



