

MJE1320

Designer's™ Data Sheet
NPN Silicon Power Transistor
Switchmode Series

This transistor is designed for high-voltage, power switching in inductive circuits where RBSOA and breakdown voltage are critical. They are particularly suited for line-operated switchmode applications.

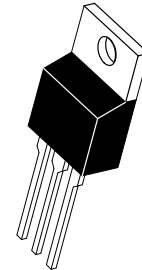
Typical Applications:

- Fluorescent Lamp Ballasts
- Inverters
- Solenoid and Relay Drivers
- Motor Controls
- Deflection Circuits

Features:

- High V_{CEV} Capability (1800 Volts)
- Low Saturation Voltage
- 100°C Performance Specified for:
 - Reverse-Biased SOA with Inductive Loads
 - Switching Times with Inductive Loads
 - Saturation Voltages
 - Leakage Currents

POWER TRANSISTOR
2 AMPERES
900 VOLTS
80 WATTS



CASE 221A-06
TO-220AB

MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Rating | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|--|----------------|-------------|-------|
| Collector-Emitter Voltage | $V_{CEO(sus)}$ | 900 | Vdc |
| Collector-Emitter Voltage | V_{CEV} | 1800 | Vdc |
| Emitter Base Voltage | V_{EB} | 9 | Vdc |
| Collector Current — Continuous | I_C | 2 | Adc |
| Peak(1) | I_{CM} | 5 | |
| Base Current — Continuous | I_B | 1.5 | Adc |
| Peak(1) | I_{BM} | 2.5 | |
| Total Power Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ C$ | P_D | 80 | Watts |
| @ $T_C = 100^\circ C$ | | 32 | |
| Derate above 25°C | | 0.64 | W/°C |
| Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range | T_J, T_{stg} | -65 to +150 | °C |

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Characteristic | Symbol | Max | Unit |
|--|-----------------|------|------|
| Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case | $R_{\theta JC}$ | 1.56 | °C/W |
| Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering Purposes: 1/8" from Case for 5 Seconds | T_L | 275 | °C |

(1) Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 5 ms, Duty Cycle \leq 10%.

Designer's Data for "Worst Case" Conditions — The Designer's Data Sheet permits the design of most circuits entirely from the information presented. SOA Limit curves — representing boundaries on device characteristics — are given to facilitate "worst case" design.

SWITCHMODE is a trademark of Motorola, Inc.

MJE1320

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

| Characteristic | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|--|----------------|-----|-----|-------------|------|
| OFF CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Collector–Emitter Sustaining Voltage ($I_C = 50\text{ mA}$, $I_B = 0$) | $V_{CEO(sus)}$ | 900 | — | — | Vdc |
| Collector Cutoff Current ($V_{CEV} = \text{Rated Value}$, $V_{BE(off)} = 1.5\text{ Vdc}$) ($V_{CEV} = \text{Rated Value}$, $V_{BE(off)} = 1.5\text{ Vdc}$, $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$) | I_{CEV} | — | — | 0.25 2.5 | mAdc |
| Emitter Cutoff Current ($V_{EB} = 9\text{ Vdc}$, $I_C = 0$) | I_{EBO} | — | — | 0.25 | mAdc |

SECOND BREAKDOWN

| | | | | | |
|---|-----------|---------------|--|--|--|
| Second Breakdown Collector Current with base forward biased | $I_{S/b}$ | See Figure 13 | | | |
| Clamped Inductive SOA with Base Reverse Biased | RBSOA | See Figure 14 | | | |

ON CHARACTERISTICS(1)

| | | | | | | |
|---|--|---------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------|
| DC Current Gain ($V_{CE} = 5\text{ Vdc}$) | $I_C = 2\text{ Adc}$ $I_C = 1\text{ Adc}$ | h_{FE} | 2.5 3 | 4.5 7 | — — | — — |
| Collector–Emitter Saturation Voltage ($I_C = 1\text{ Adc}$, $I_B = 0.5\text{ Adc}$) ($I_C = 2\text{ Adc}$, $I_B = 1\text{ Adc}$) ($I_C = 1\text{ Adc}$, $I_B = 0.5\text{ Adc}$, $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$) | | $V_{CE(sat)}$ | — — — | 0.18 0.3 0.3 | 1 2.5 1.5 | Vdc |
| Base–Emitter Saturation Voltage ($I_C = 1\text{ Adc}$, $I_B = 0.5\text{ Adc}$) ($I_C = 2\text{ Adc}$, $I_B = 1\text{ Adc}$) ($I_C = 1\text{ Adc}$, $I_B = 0.5\text{ Adc}$, $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$) | | $V_{BE(sat)}$ | — — — | 0.2 0.9 0.15 | 1.5 2.8 1.5 | Vdc |

DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

| | | | | | |
|--|----------|---|----|---|----|
| Output Capacitance ($V_{CB} = 10\text{ Vdc}$, $I_E = 0$, $f_{test} = 1\text{ MHz}$) | C_{ob} | — | 80 | — | pF |
|--|----------|---|----|---|----|

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

| Resistive Load (Table 1) | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|---------------------------|----------|-----|-----|---------------|---------------|
| Delay Time | $V_{CC} = 250\text{ Vdc}$, $I_C = 1\text{ A}$ $I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 0.5\text{ Adc}$ $t_p = 25\text{ }\mu\text{s}$, Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$ | t_d | — | 0.1 | — | μs | |
| Rise Time | | t_r | — | 0.8 | — | μs | |
| Storage Time | | t_s | — | 4 | — | μs | |
| Fall Time | | t_f | — | 0.8 | — | μs | |
| Inductive Load, Clamped (Table 2) | | | | | | | |
| Storage Time | $I_C = 1\text{ A}$, $V_{clamp} = 400\text{ Vdc}$, $V_{BE(off)} = 2\text{ Vdc}$, $I_{B1} = 0.5\text{ Adc}$ | $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | t_{sv} | — | 2.8 | — | μs |
| Crossover Time | | | t_c | — | 2.2 | — | μs |
| Storage Time | | $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$ | t_{sv} | — | 3.7 | 10.5 | μs |
| Crossover Time | | | t_c | — | 3.5 | 10 | μs |
| Fall Time | | | | | | | |

(1) Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 300 μs . Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$.

TYPICAL STATIC CHARACTERISTICS

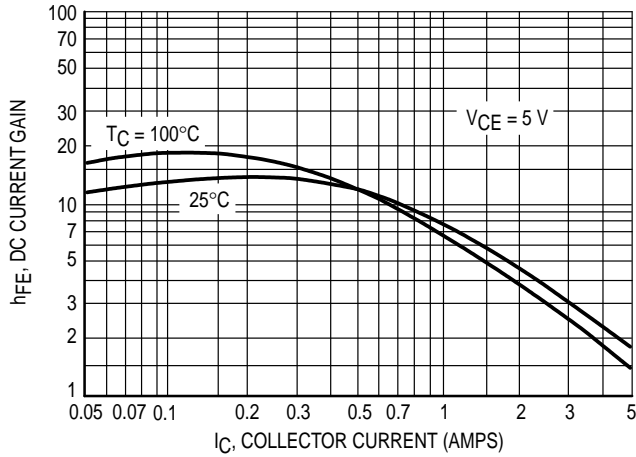


Figure 1. DC Current Gain

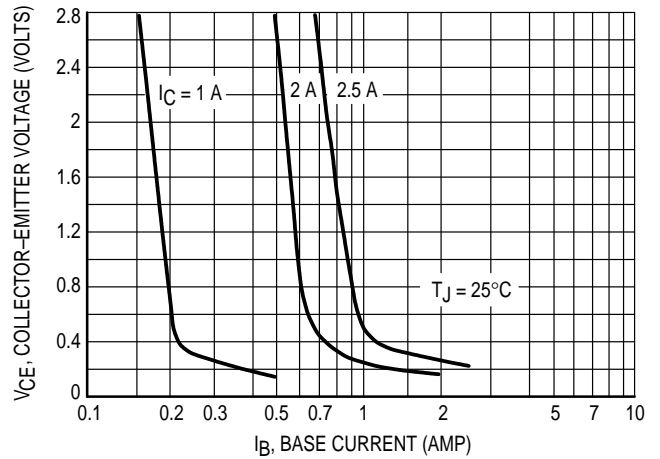


Figure 2. Collector Saturation Region

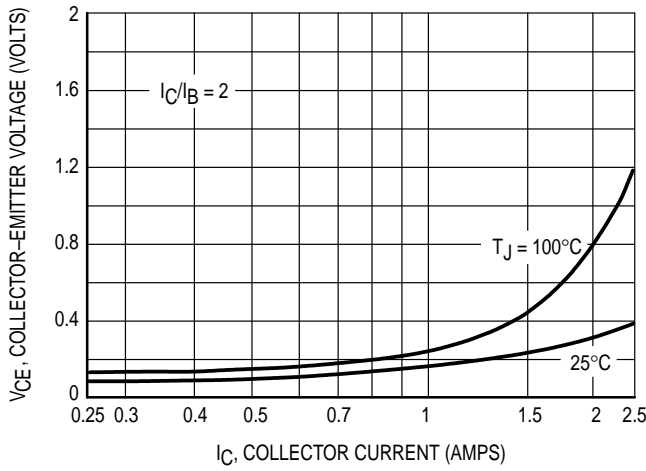


Figure 3. Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage

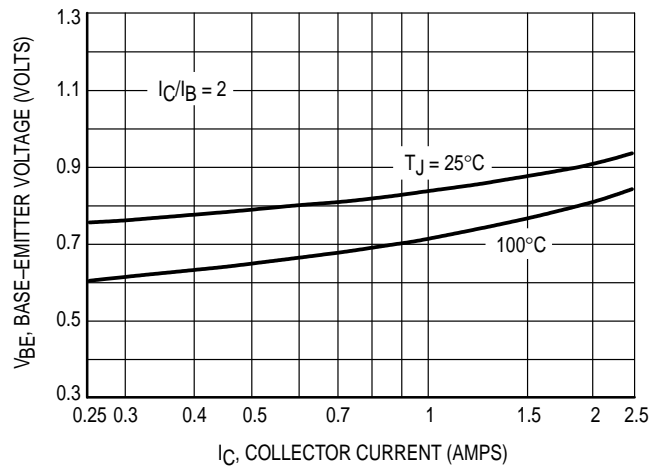


Figure 4. Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage

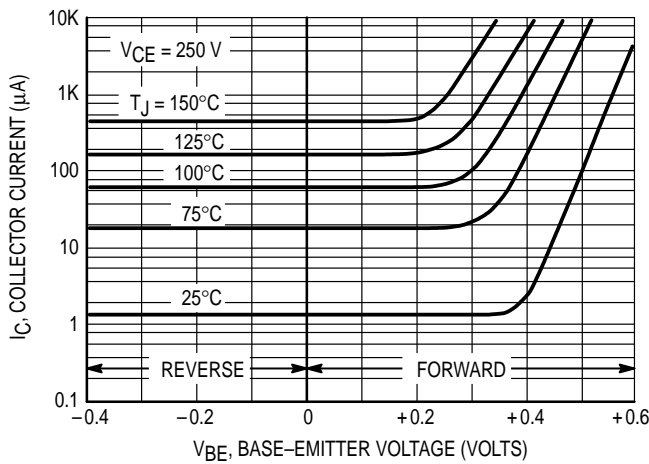


Figure 5. Collector Cutoff Region

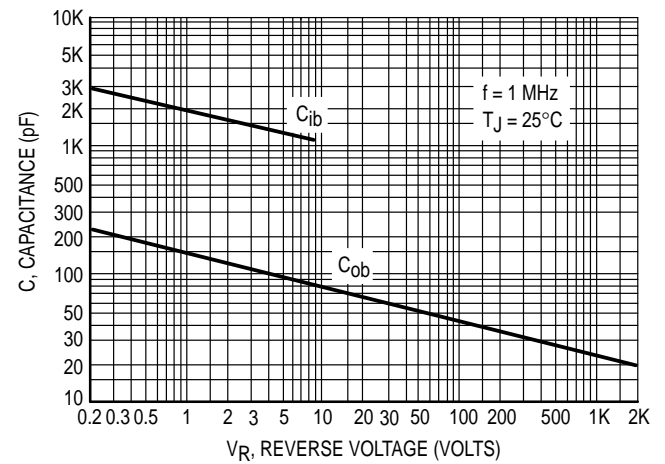


Figure 6. Capacitance Variation

TYPICAL DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

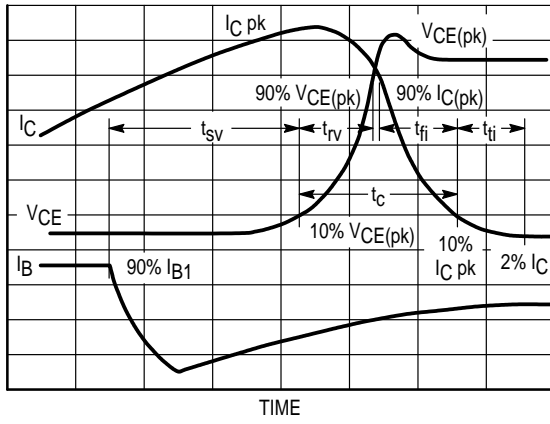


Figure 7. Inductive Switching Measurements

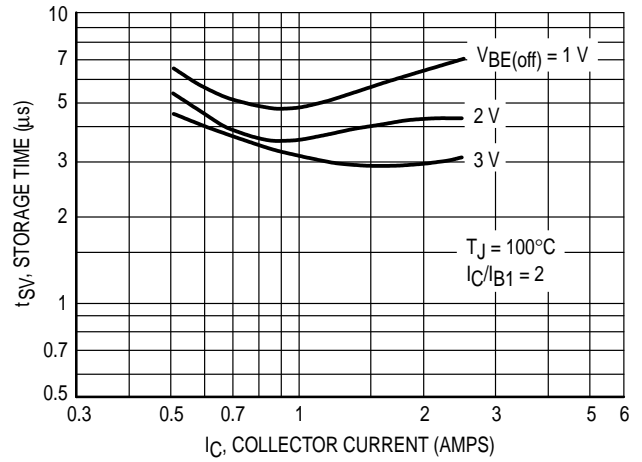


Figure 8. Inductive Storage Time

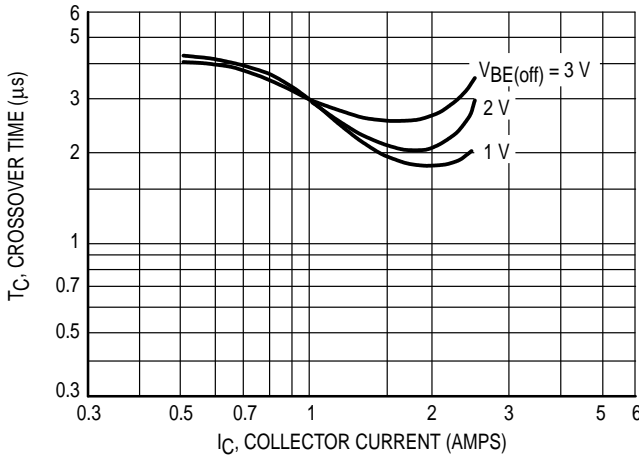


Figure 9. Inductive Crossover Time

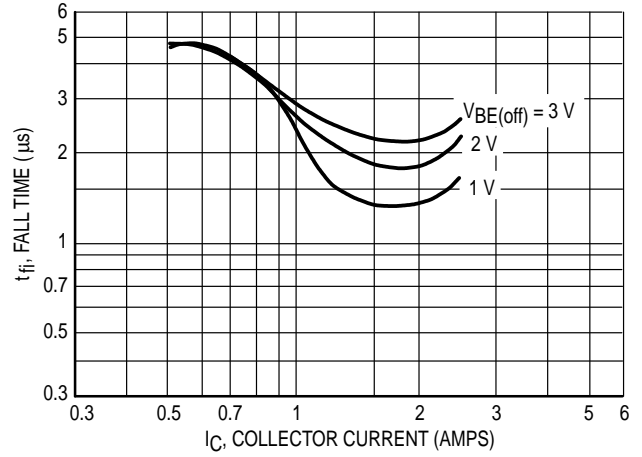
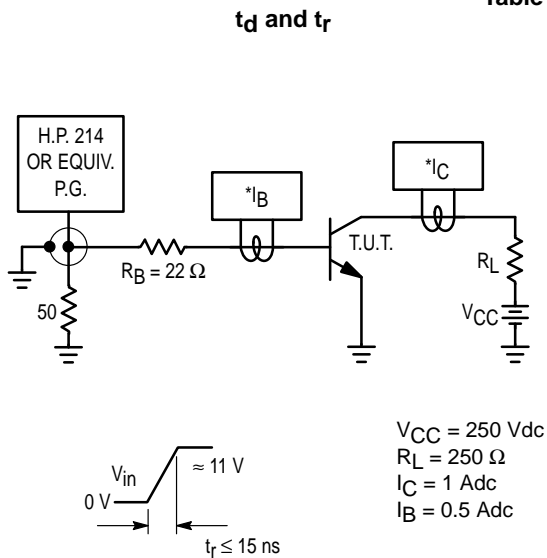


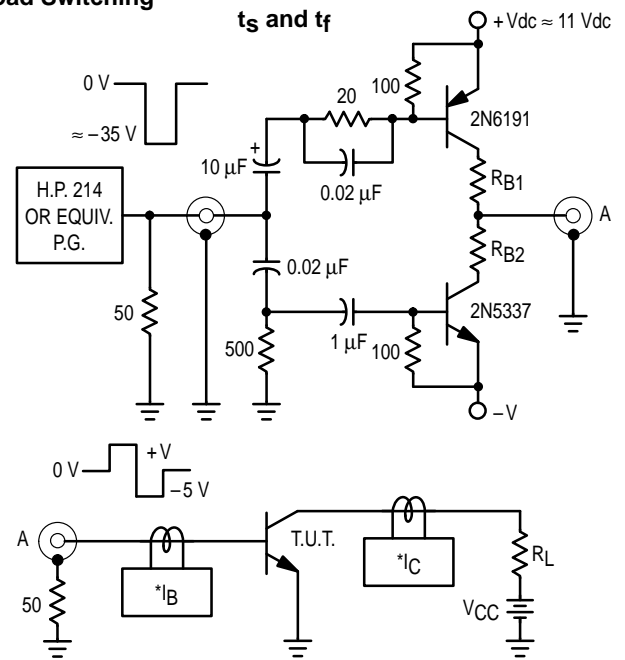
Figure 10. Inductive Fall Time

Table 1. Resistive Load Switching



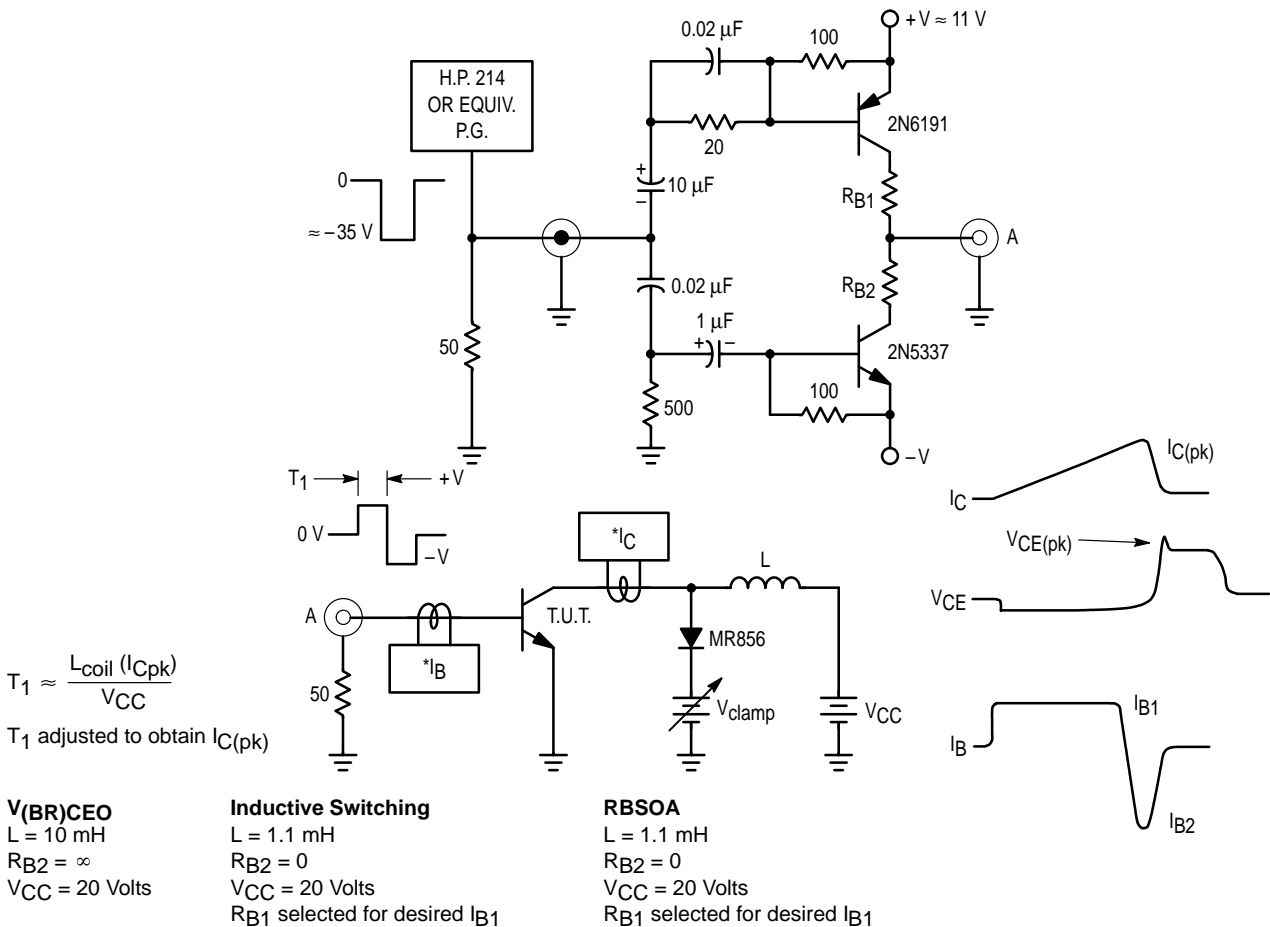
*Tektronix AM503
P6302 or Equivalent

$V_{CC} = 250 \text{ Vdc}$
 $R_L = 250 \Omega$
 $I_C = 1 \text{ Adc}$
 $I_B = 0.5 \text{ Adc}$



$V_{CC} = 250 \text{ Vdc}$ $I_{B1} = 0.5 \text{ Adc}$ $R_{B1} = 22 \Omega$
 $R_L = 250 \Omega$ $I_{B2} = 0.5 \text{ Adc}$ $R_{B2} = 10 \Omega$
 $I_C = 1 \text{ Adc}$ For $V_{BE(off)} = 5 \text{ V}$ $R_{B2} = 0 \Omega$
Note: Adjust $-V$ to obtain desired $V_{BE(off)}$ at Point A.

Table 2. Inductive Load Switching



*Tektronix
 P-6042 or
 Equivalent

Scope — Tektronix
 7403 or
 Equivalent

Note: Adjust $-V$ to obtain desired $V_{BE(off)}$ at Point A.

SAFE OPERATING AREA INFORMATION

FORWARD BIAS

There are two limitations on the power handling ability of a transistor: average junction temperature and second breakdown. Safe operating area curves indicate $I_C - V_{CE}$ limits of the transistor that must be observed for reliable operation; i.e., the transistor must not be subjected to greater dissipation than the curves indicate.

The data of Figure 12 is based on $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$; $T_{J(pk)}$ is variable depending on power level. Second breakdown pulse limits are valid for duty cycles to 10% but must be derated when $T_C \geq 25^\circ\text{C}$. Second breakdown limitations do not derate the same as thermal limitations. Allowable current at the voltages shown on Figure 12 may be found at any case temperature by using the appropriate curve on Figure 11.

$T_{J(pk)}$ may be calculated from the data in Figure 14. At high case temperatures, thermal limitations will reduce the

power that can be handled to values less than the limitations imposed by second breakdown.

REVERSE BIAS

For inductive loads, high voltage and high current must be sustained simultaneously during turn-off, in most cases, with the base-to-emitter junction reverse biased. Under these conditions the collector voltage must be held to a safe level at or below a specific value of collector current. This can be accomplished by several means such as active clamping, RC snubbing, load line shaping, etc. The safe level for these devices is specified as Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area and represents the voltage-current condition allowable during reverse biased turnoff. This rating is verified under clamped conditions so that the device is never subjected to an avalanche mode. Figure 13 gives the RBSOA characteristics.

GUARANTEED SAFE OPERATING AREA

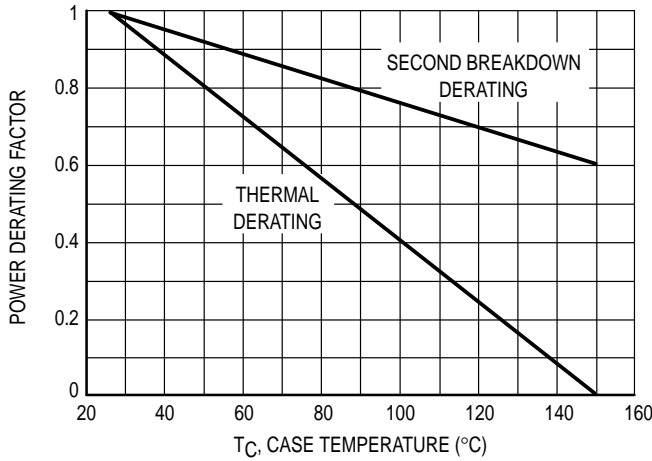


Figure 11. Power Derating

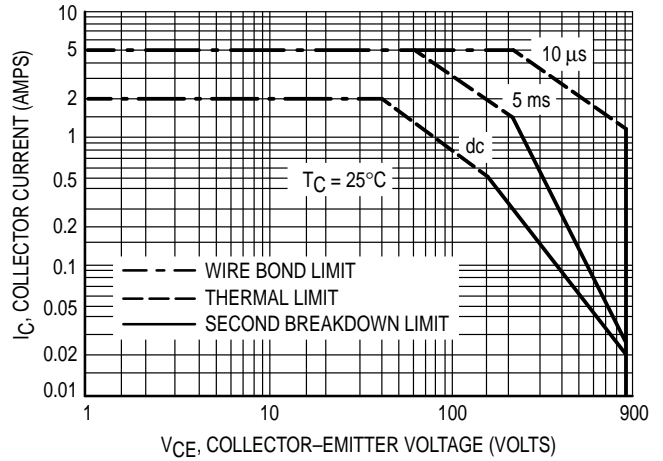


Figure 12. Maximum Rated Forward Bias Safe Operating Area

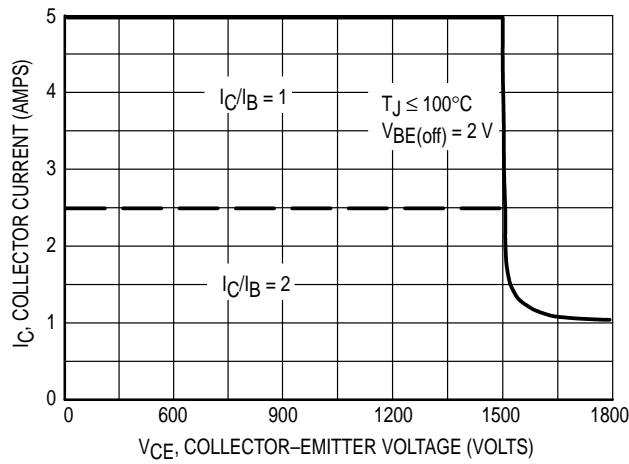


Figure 13. Maximum Rated Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area

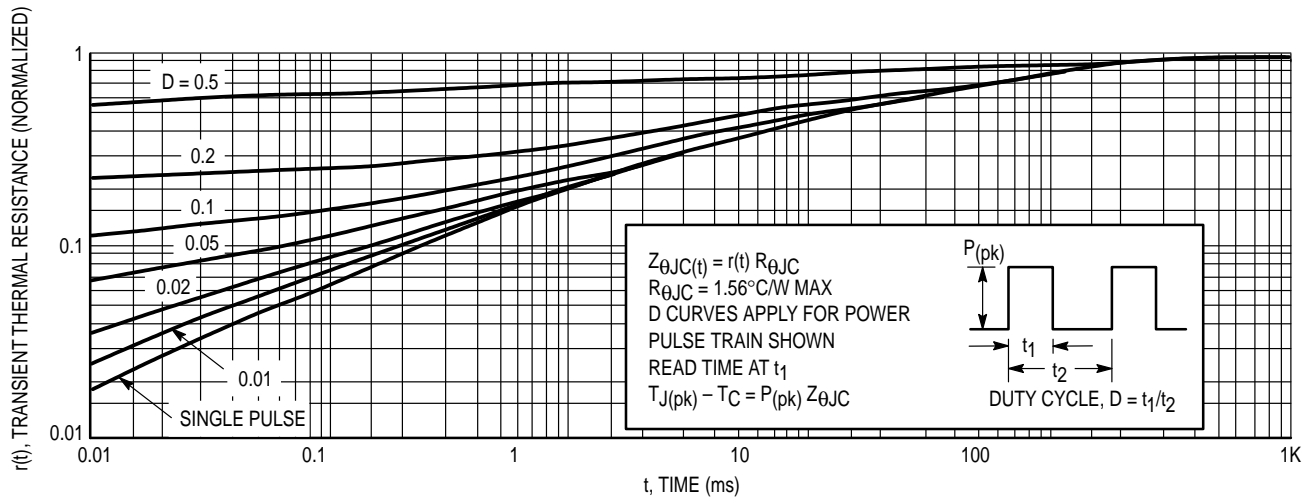
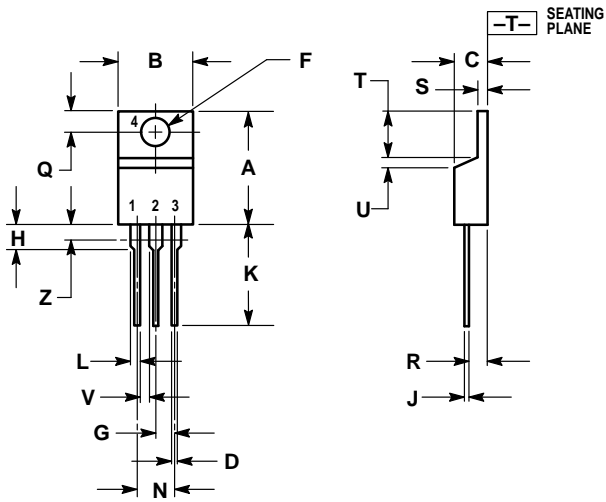


Figure 14. Thermal Response

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS




- NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
 3. DIMENSION Z DEFINES A ZONE WHERE ALL BODY AND LEAD IRREGULARITIES ARE ALLOWED.

| DIM | INCHES | | MILLIMETERS | |
|-----|--------|-------|-------------|-------|
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX |
| A | 0.570 | 0.620 | 14.48 | 15.75 |
| B | 0.380 | 0.405 | 9.66 | 10.28 |
| C | 0.160 | 0.190 | 4.07 | 4.82 |
| D | 0.025 | 0.035 | 0.64 | 0.88 |
| F | 0.142 | 0.147 | 3.61 | 3.73 |
| G | 0.095 | 0.105 | 2.42 | 2.66 |
| H | 0.110 | 0.155 | 2.80 | 3.93 |
| J | 0.018 | 0.025 | 0.46 | 0.64 |
| K | 0.500 | 0.562 | 12.70 | 14.27 |
| L | 0.045 | 0.060 | 1.15 | 1.52 |
| N | 0.190 | 0.210 | 4.83 | 5.33 |
| Q | 0.100 | 0.120 | 2.54 | 3.04 |
| R | 0.080 | 0.110 | 2.04 | 2.79 |
| S | 0.045 | 0.055 | 1.15 | 1.39 |
| T | 0.235 | 0.255 | 5.97 | 6.47 |
| U | 0.000 | 0.050 | 0.00 | 1.27 |
| V | 0.045 | — | 1.15 | — |
| Z | — | 0.080 | — | 2.04 |

- STYLE 1:
 PIN 1. BASE
 2. COLLECTOR
 3. EMITTER
 4. COLLECTOR

CASE 221A-06
 TO-220AB
 ISSUE Y

Motorola reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. Motorola makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does Motorola assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation consequential or incidental damages. "Typical" parameters can and do vary in different applications. All operating parameters, including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. Motorola does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others. Motorola products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as components in systems intended for surgical implant into the body, or other applications intended to support or sustain life, or for any other application in which the failure of the Motorola product could create a situation where personal injury or death may occur. Should Buyer purchase or use Motorola products for any such unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall indemnify and hold Motorola and its officers, employees, subsidiaries, affiliates, and distributors harmless against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use, even if such claim alleges that Motorola was negligent regarding the design or manufacture of the part. Motorola and  are registered trademarks of Motorola, Inc. Motorola, Inc. is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer.

How to reach us:

USA / EUROPE: Motorola Literature Distribution;
P.O. Box 20912; Phoenix, Arizona 85036. 1-800-441-2447

JAPAN: Nippon Motorola Ltd.; Tatsumi-SPD-JLDC, Toshikatsu Otsuki,
6F Seibu-Butsuryu-Center, 3-14-2 Tatsumi Koto-Ku, Tokyo 135, Japan. 03-3521-8315

MFAX: RMFAX0@email.sps.mot.com – TOUCHTONE (602) 244-6609
INTERNET: <http://Design-NET.com>

HONG KONG: Motorola Semiconductors H.K. Ltd.; 8B Tai Ping Industrial Park,
51 Ting Kok Road, Tai Po, N.T., Hong Kong. 852-26629298

