

No. 5174

STK405-030

2ch AF Power Amplifier (Split Power Supply) 20W + 20W min, THD = 10%

### **Overview**

The STK405-030, a member of the STK405-000 series, is a low-cost, 2-channel audio power amplifier hybrid IC that is ideal for a wide range of stereo sets. It has dedicated  $6\Omega$  output drive, in contrast with the STK401-000 series which supports  $6\Omega/3\Omega$  output drive.

### **Features**

- · Class B amplifiers
- Output load impedance  $R_L = 6\Omega$  support
- EIAJ-output compatible (f = 1kHz, THD = 10%)
- · Low supply switching shock noise
- Pin assignment grouped into individual blocks of inputs, outputs and supply lines to minimize the adverse effects of pattern layout on operating characteristics
- · External bootstrap circuit not necessary
- · Standby operation possible using external circuit
- Voltage gain VG = 26dB for easy gain distribution within the set
- · Member of 10W/ch to 80W/ch pin-compatible series

### Series Organization

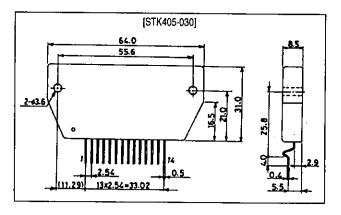
The following devices form a series with differing output capacity. Some of the following devices are under development. Contact your Sanyo sales representative if you require more detailed information.

Туре №.	Output power	Supply voltage [V]		
		V <sub>CC</sub> max	V <sub>cc</sub>	
STK405-010	10W + 10W	±26.0	±14.0	
STK405-030	20W + 20W	±30.5	±18.5	
STK405-050	30W + 30W	±34.5	±22.0	
STK405-070	40W + 40W	±39.0	±25.0	
STK405-090	50W + 50W	±42.0	±26.5	
STK405-100	60W + 60W	±45.0	±29.0	
STK405-110	70W + 70W	±50.0	±31.0	
STK405-120	80W + 80W	±52.5	±33.0	

### **Package Dimensions**

unit: mm

4158



# **Specifications**

# Maximum Ratings at Ta = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Maximum supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> max		±30.5	V
Thermal resistance	θј-с	Per power transistor	3.4	°C/W
Junction temperature	Тj		150	°C
Operating substrate temperature	Tc		125	°C
Storage temperature	Tştg		-30 to +125	°C
Available time for load short-circuit	ts	$V_{CC} = \pm 18.5 \text{V}, R_L = 6\Omega, f = 50 \text{Hz}, P_O = 20 \text{W}$	1	s

# Operating Characteristics at Ta = 25°C, $R_L = 6\Omega$ (noninductive load), $Rg = 600\Omega$ , VG = 26dB

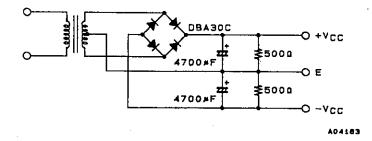
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
Quiescent current	Icco	V <sub>CC</sub> = ±24.0V, no load	, -	12	20	mA
Output power	Po	$V_{CC} = \pm 18.5 \text{V}, f = 1 \text{kHz}, \text{THD} = 10.0\%$	20	-	_	W
Total harmonic distortion	THD	$V_{CC} = \pm 18.5 \text{V}, f = 1 \text{kHz}, P_{O} = 5.0 \text{W}$	-	0.04	0.1	%
Frequency response	f <sub>L</sub> , f <sub>H</sub>	$V_{CC} = \pm 18.5 \text{V}, P_{O} = 1.0 \text{W}, ^{+0}_{-3} \text{dB}$	-	20 to 50k		Hz
Input impedance	r,	$V_{CC} = \pm 18.5 \text{V}, f = 1 \text{kHz}, P_{O} = 1.0 \text{W}$	_	55	- <u> </u>	kΩ
Output noise voltage	V <sub>NO</sub>	$V_{CC} = \pm 24.0V$ , $Rg = 10k\Omega$	-	-	1.2	mVrms
Neutral voltage	V <sub>N</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = ±24.0V	-100	0	+100	mV

All tests are measured using a regulated voltage supply unless otherwise specified.

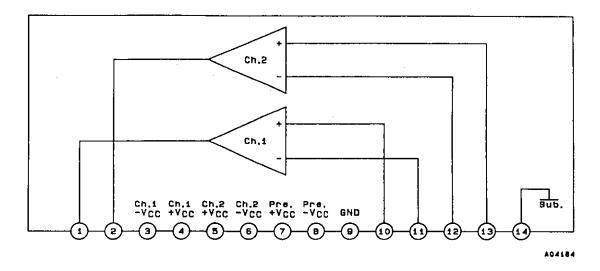
Available time for load short-circuit and output noise voltage are measured using the transformer supply specified below.

The output noise voltage is the peak value of an average-reading meter with an rms value scale (VTVM). A regulated AC supply (50Hz) should be used to eliminate the effects of AC primary line flicker noise.

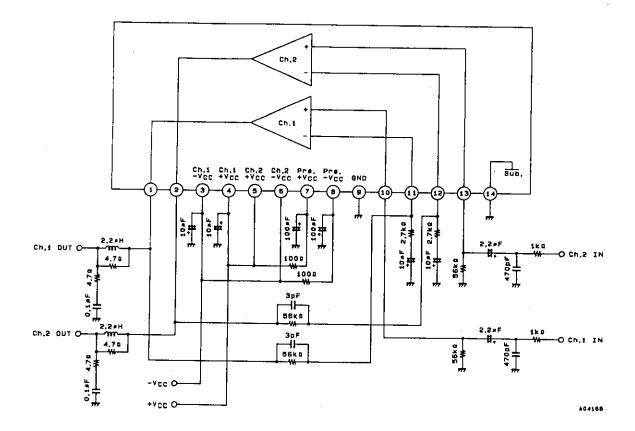
### Specified Transformer Supply (RP-22 or Equivalent)



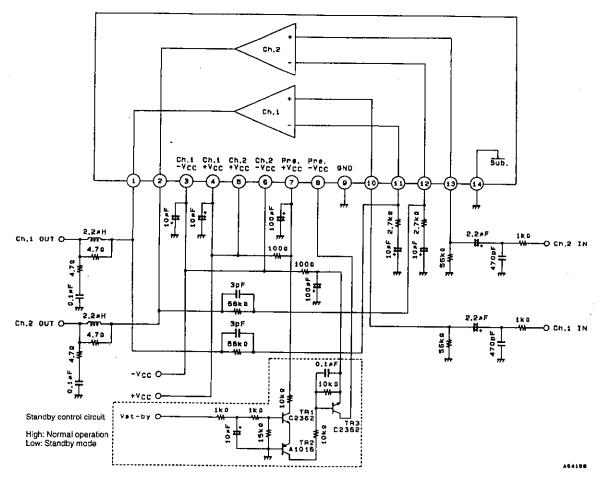
# **Block Diagram**



# **Test Circuit**



### Sample Application Circuit (Standby Mode Supported)



### **Heatsink Design Considerations**

The heatsink thermal resistance,  $\theta c$ -a, required to dissipate the STK405-030 device total power dissipation, Pd, is determined as follows:

Condition 1: IC substrate temperature not to exceed 125°C.

$$Pd \times \theta c - a + Ta < 125^{\circ}C$$
 .....(1)

where Ta is the guaranteed maximum ambient temperature.

Condition 2: Power transistor junction temperature, Tj, not to exceed 150°C.

$$Pd \times \theta c-a + Pd/N \times \theta j-c + Ta < 150^{\circ}C$$
 .....(2)

where N is the number of power transistors and  $\theta$ j-c is the power transistor thermal resistance per transistor. Note that the power dissipated per transistor is the total, Pd, divided evenly among the N power transistors.

Expressions (1) and (2) can be rewritten making  $\theta$ c-a the subject.

$$\theta c-a < (125 - Ta)/Pd$$
....(1)'

$$\theta c-a < (150 - Ta)/Pd - \theta j-c/N \dots (2)'$$

The heatsink required must have a thermal resistance that simultaneously satisfies both expressions.

The heatsink thermal resistance can be determined from (1)' and (2)' once the following parameters have been defined.

- Supply voltage: V<sub>CC</sub>
- · Load resistance: RL
- Guaranteed maximum ambient temperature: Ta

The total device power dissipation when STK405-030  $V_{CC}=\pm18.5V$  and  $R_L=6\Omega$ , for a continuous sine wave signal, is a maximum of 23.5W, as shown in the Pd— $P_O$  characteristic graph.

When estimating the power dissipation for an actual audio signal input, the rule of thumb is to select Pd corresponding to  $1/10 P_0$  max (within safe limits) for a continuous sine wave input. For example,

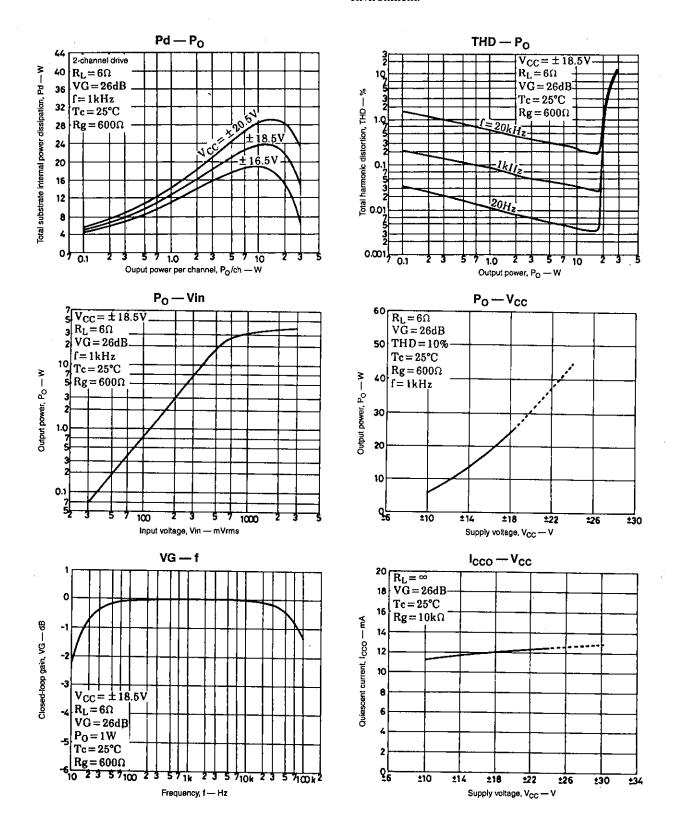
$$Pd = 16W \text{ (for } 1/10 P_O \text{ max} = 2W)$$

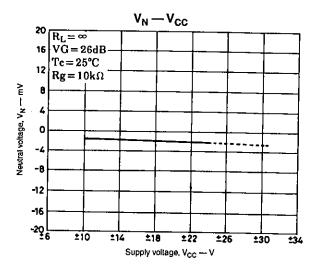
The STK405-030 has 4 power transistors, and the thermal resistance per transistor, 0j-c, is 3.4°C/W. If the guaranteed maximum ambient temperature, Ta, is 50°C, then the required heatsink thermal resistance, 0c-a, is:

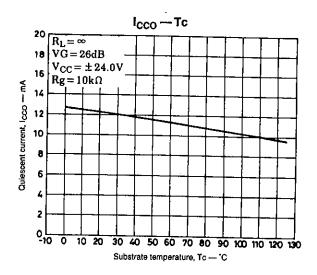
From expression (1)':  $\theta$ c-a < (125 – 50)/16 < 4.68

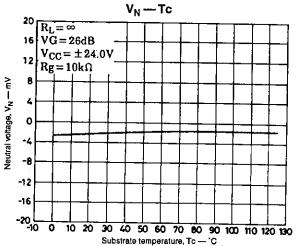
From expression (2)':  $\theta c-a < (150 - 50)/16 - 3.4/4$ < 5.40 Therefore, to satisfy both expressions, the required heatsink must have a thermal resistance less than 4.68°C/W.

This heatsink design example is based on a constant-voltage supply, and should be verified within your specific set environment.









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