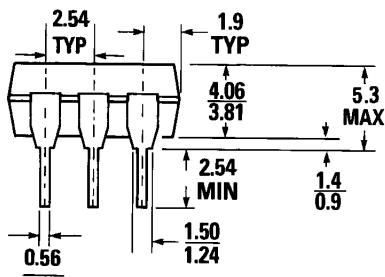
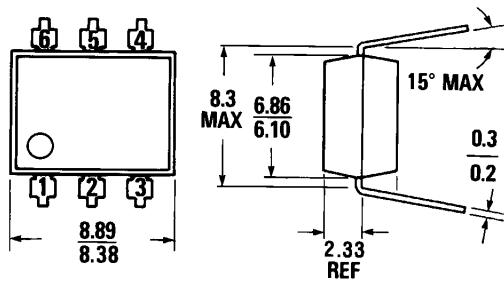




PHOTOTRANSISTOR OPTOCOUPLER

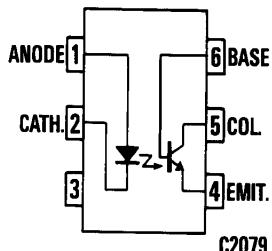
MCT2E

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



DIMENSIONS IN mm
PACKAGE CODE K

ST1603A



Equivalent Circuit

DESCRIPTION

The MCT2E is a NPN silicon planar phototransistor optically coupled to a gallium arsenide infrared emitting diode.

FEATURES & APPLICATIONS

- Utility/economy isolator
- AC line/digital logic isolator
- Digital logic/digital logic isolator
- Telephone/telegraph line receiver
- Twisted pair line receiver
- High frequency power supply feedback control
- Relay contact monitor
- Power supply monitor
- UL recognized — File E90700

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Storage temperature -55°C to 150°C
Operating temperature -55°C to 100°C
Lead soldering temperature (10 sec) 260°C

INPUT DIODE

Forward current 60 mA
Reverse voltage 3.0 V
Peak forward current
(1 μs pulse, 300 pps) 3.0 A

Power dissipation at 25°C ambient 200 mW
Derate linearly from 25°C 2.6 mW/°C

OUTPUT TRANSISTOR

Power dissipation at 25°C ambient 200 mW
Derate linearly from 25°C 2.6 mW/°C
Total package power dissipation at 25°C ambient
(LED plus detector) 250 mW
Derate linearly from 25°C 3.3 mW/°C
Collector-Emitter Current (I_{CE}) 50 mA



PHOTOTRANSISTOR OPTOCOUPLER

ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature Unless Otherwise Specified)

INDIVIDUAL COMPONENT CHARACTERISTICS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
INPUT DIODE						
Forward voltage	V_F		1.25	1.50	V	$I_F=20 \text{ mA}$
Reverse voltage	V_R	3.0	25		V	$I_R=10 \mu\text{A}$
Junction capacitance	C_J		50		pF	$V_r=0 \text{ V}, f=1 \text{ MHz}$
Reverse leakage current	I_R	.01	10		μA	$V_R=3.0 \text{ V}$
OUTPUT TRANSISTOR						
DC forward current gain	h_{FE}	100	250			$V_{CE}=5 \text{ V}, I_c=100 \mu\text{A}$
Collector to emitter breakdown volt.	BV_{CEO}	30	85		V	$I_C=1.0 \text{ mA}, I_F=0$
Collector to base breakdown voltage	BV_{CBO}	70	165		V	$I_C=10 \mu\text{A}, I_F=0$
Emitter to collector breakdown voltage	BV_{ECO}	7	14		V	$I_E=100 \mu\text{A}, I_F=0$
Collector to emitter, leakage current	I_{CEO}	5	50	nA		$V_{CE}=10 \text{ V}, I_F=0$
Collector to base leakage current	I_{CBO}	0.1	20	nA		$V_{CB}=10 \text{ V}, I_F=0$
Capacitance collector to emitter	C_{CEO}	8		pF		$V_{CE}=0$
Capacitance collector to base	C_{CBO}	20		pF		$V_{CB}=10 \text{ V}$
Capacitance emitter to base	C_{ECB}	10		pF		$V_{BE}=0$

TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

DC CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
DC collector current transfer ratio	CTR_{CE}	20	60		%	$V_{CE}=10 \text{ V}, I_F=10 \text{ mA}$, Note 1
DC base current transfer ratio	CTR_{CB}	.35			%	$V_{CB}=10 \text{ V}, I_F=10 \text{ mA}$
Collector-emitter, saturation voltage	$V_{CE} (\text{sat})$	0.24	0.4	V		$I_C=2.0 \text{ mA}, I_F=16 \text{ mA}$

TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
SWITCHING TIMES						
Non-saturated collector	Delay time	t_d	0.5		μs	$R_L=100 \Omega, I_C=2 \text{ mA}, V_{CC}=10 \text{ V}$
	Rise time	t_r	2.5		μs	Fig. 10
	Storage time	t_s	0.1		μs	
	Fall time	t_f	2.6		μs	
Saturated collector	Delay time	t_d	2.0		μs	$R_L=1 \text{ K}\Omega, I_C=2 \text{ mA}, V_{CC}=10 \text{ V}$
	Rise time	t_r	15		μs	
	Storage time	t_s	0.1		μs	
	Fall time	t_f	15		μs	



PHOTOTRANSISTOR OPTOCOUPLER

ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C Free Air Temperature Unless Otherwise Specified) (Cont'd)

TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS (Cont'd)

	SYMBOL	TYP.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
SWITCHING TIMES (Cont'd)				
Saturated				
t _{on} (from 5 V to 0.8 V)	t _{on} (SAT)	5	μs	R _L =2 KΩ, I _F =15 mA, V _{CC} =5 V
t _{off} (from SAT to 2.0 V)	t _{off} (SAT)	25		R _B =open
Saturated				
t _{on} (from 5 V to 0.8 V)	t _{on} (SAT)	5	μs	R _L =2 KΩ, I _F =20 mA, V _{CC} =5 V
t _{off} (from SAT to 2.0 V)	t _{off} (SAT)	18		R _B =100 KΩ
Non-saturated				
Base	Rise time	t _r	175	ns R _L =1 KΩ, V _{CE} =10 V
	Fall time	t _f	175	ns
Bandwidth (see note 2)	B _w	150	KHz	I _C =2 mA, V _{CE} =10 V, R _L =100Ω

ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS

CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
Steady state isolation voltage	V _{iso}	7500			VAC-PEAK	I _{IO} ≤ 1 μA, 1 minute
		5300			VAC-rms	I _{IO} ≤ 1 μA, 1 minute
Isolation resistance		10 ¹¹	10 ¹²		Ω	V _{IO} =500 V
Isolation capacitance		.5			pF	F=1 MHz

TYPICAL ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Free Air Temperature Unless Otherwise Specified)

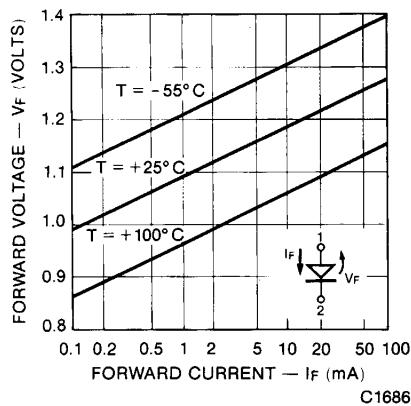


Fig. 1. Forward Voltage vs. Current

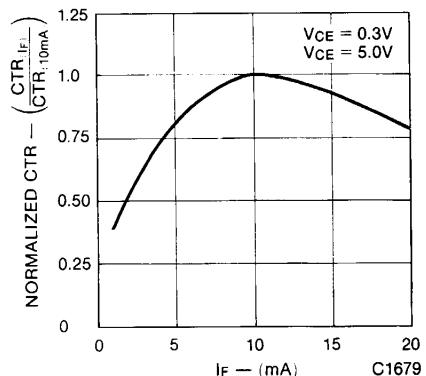


Fig. 2. Normalized CTR vs. Forward Current

TYPICAL ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

(25°C Free Air Temperature Unless Otherwise Specified) (Cont'd)

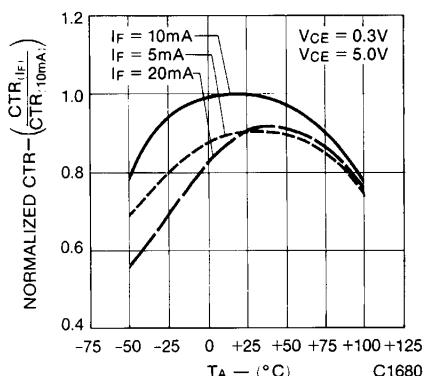


Fig. 3. Normalized CTR vs.
Temperature

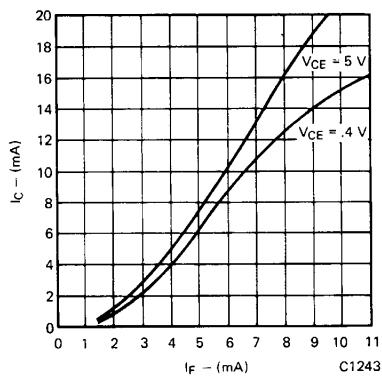


Fig. 4. Collector Current vs.
Forward Current

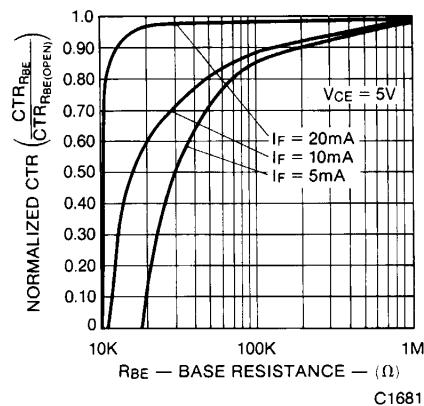


Fig. 5. CTR vs. RBE (Unsaturated)

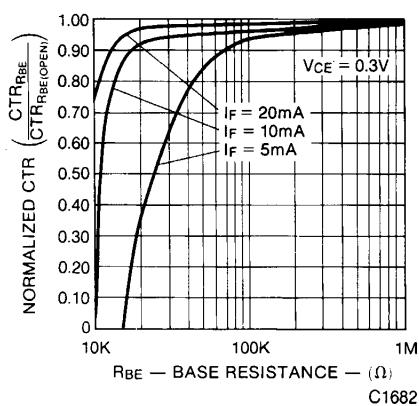


Fig. 6. CTR vs. RBE (Saturated)

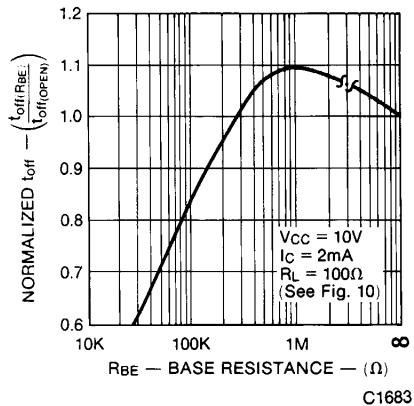


Fig. 7. Normalized T_{OFF} vs. RBE

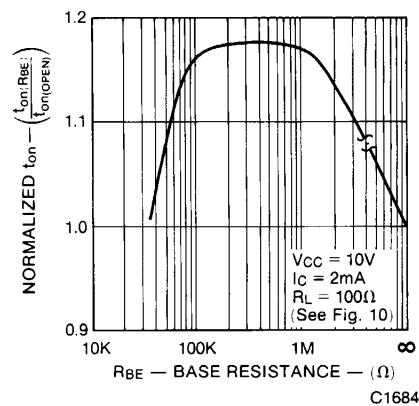


Fig. 8. Normalized T_{ON} vs. RBE



PHOTOTRANSISTOR OPTOCOUPLER

TYPICAL ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (25°C Free Air Temperature Unless Otherwise Specified) (Cont'd)

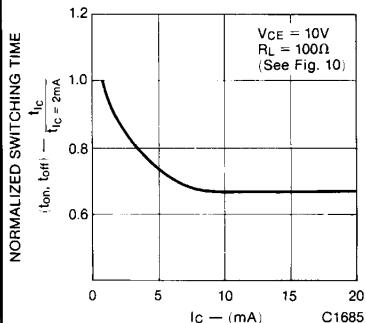


Fig. 9. Switching Time vs. IC

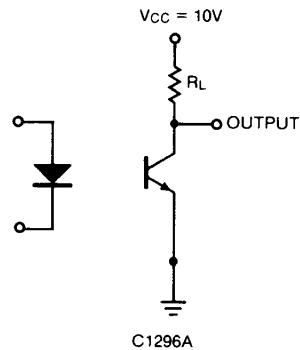


Fig. 10. Switching Time Test Circuit

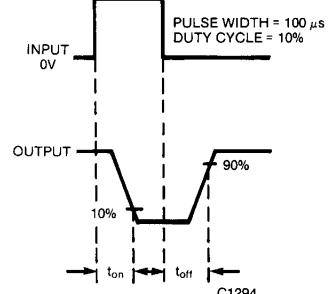
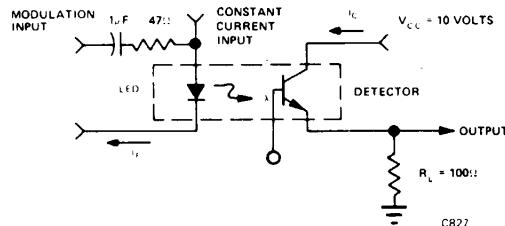


Fig. 11. Switching Time Waveforms

OPERATING SCHEMATICS



Modulation Circuit Used to Obtain Output vs. Frequency Plot

NOTES

1. The current transfer ratio (I_c/I_s) is the ratio of the detector collector current to the LED input current with V_{CE} at 10 volts.
2. The frequency at which I_c is 3 dB down from the 1 kHz value.
3. Rise time (t_r) is the time required for the collector current to increase from 10% of its final value, to 90%. Fall time (t_f) is the time required for the collector current to decrease from 90% of its initial value, to 10%.