

FEATURES	DESCRIPTION
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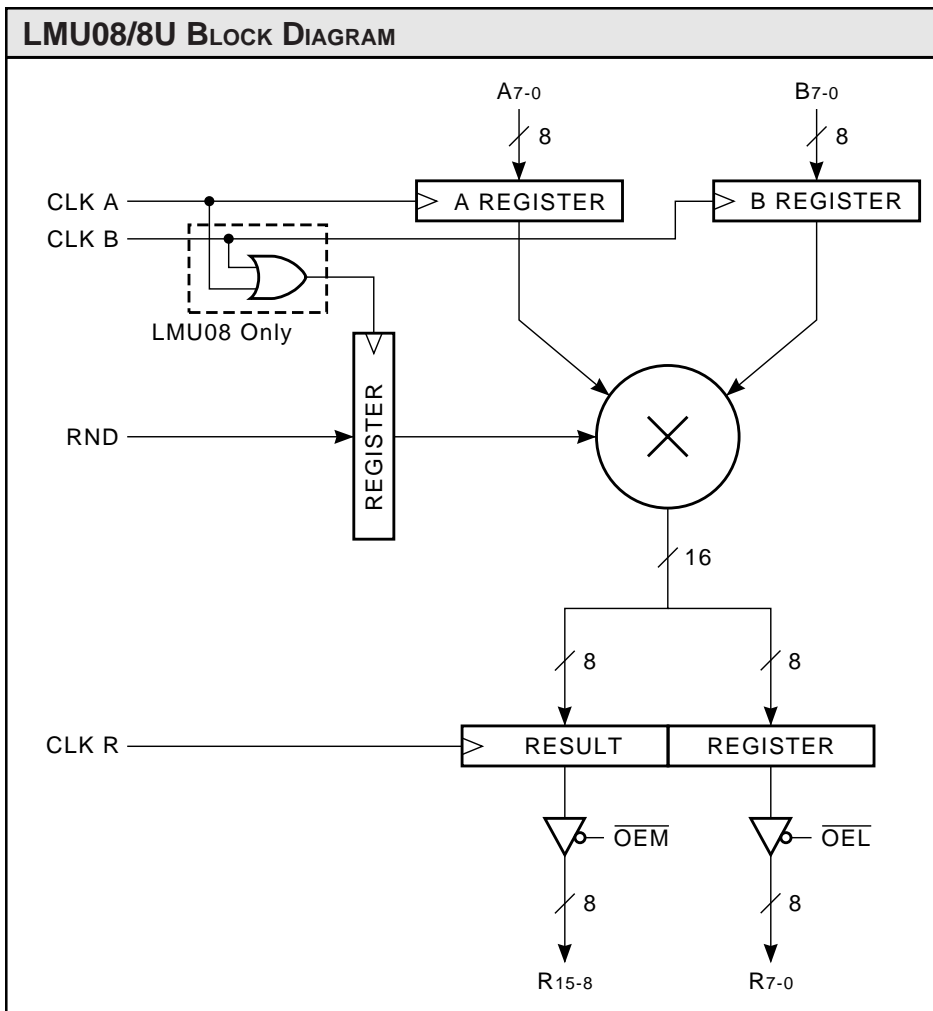
- ❑ 20 ns Worst-Case Multiply Time
- ❑ Low Power CMOS Technology
- ❑ LMU08 Replaces TRW TMC208K
- ❑ LMU8U Replaces TRW TMC28KU
- ❑ Two's Complement (LMU08), or Unsigned Operands (LMU8U)
- ❑ Three-State Outputs
- ❑ Package Styles Available:
  - 40-pin PDIP
  - 44-pin PLCC, J-Lead

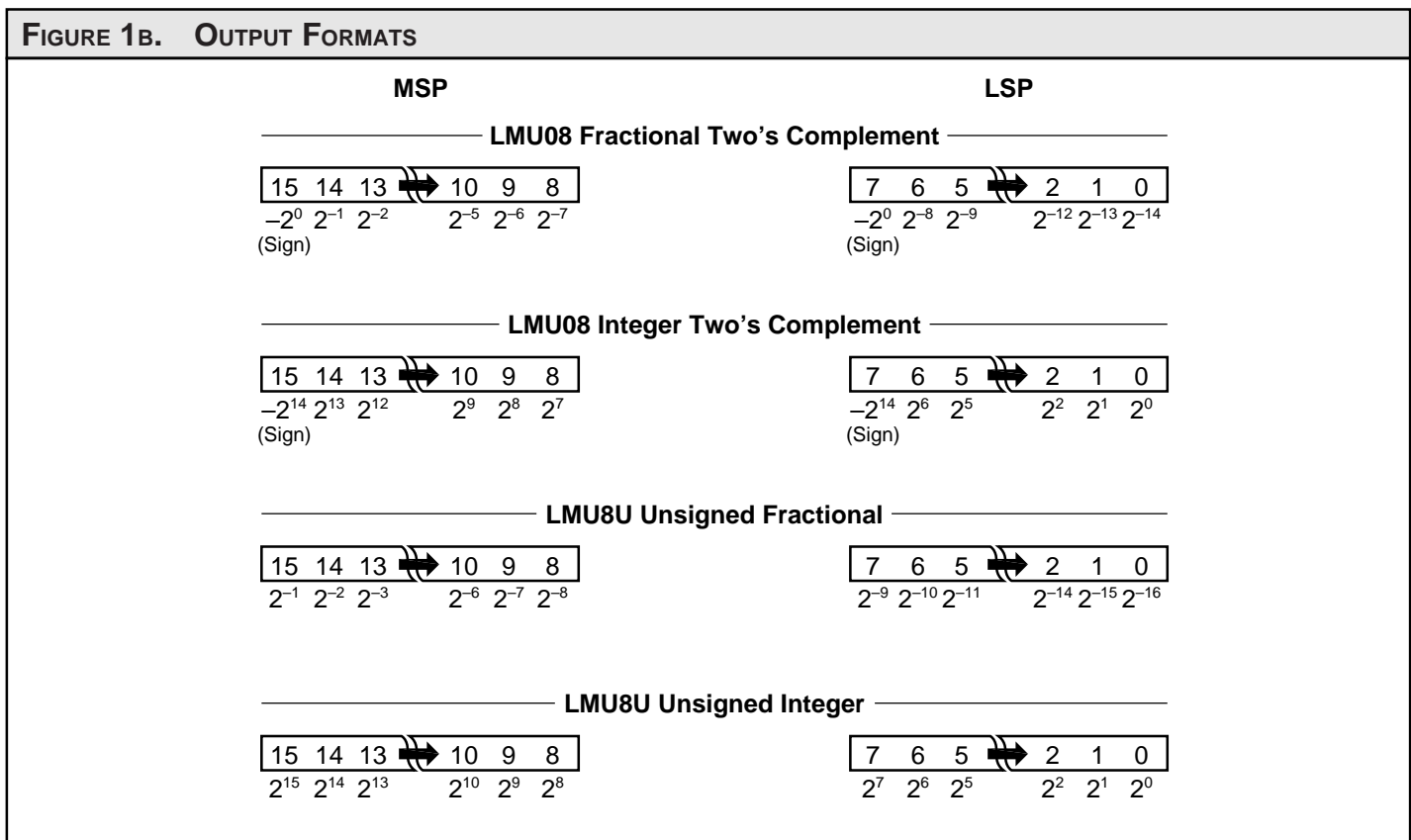
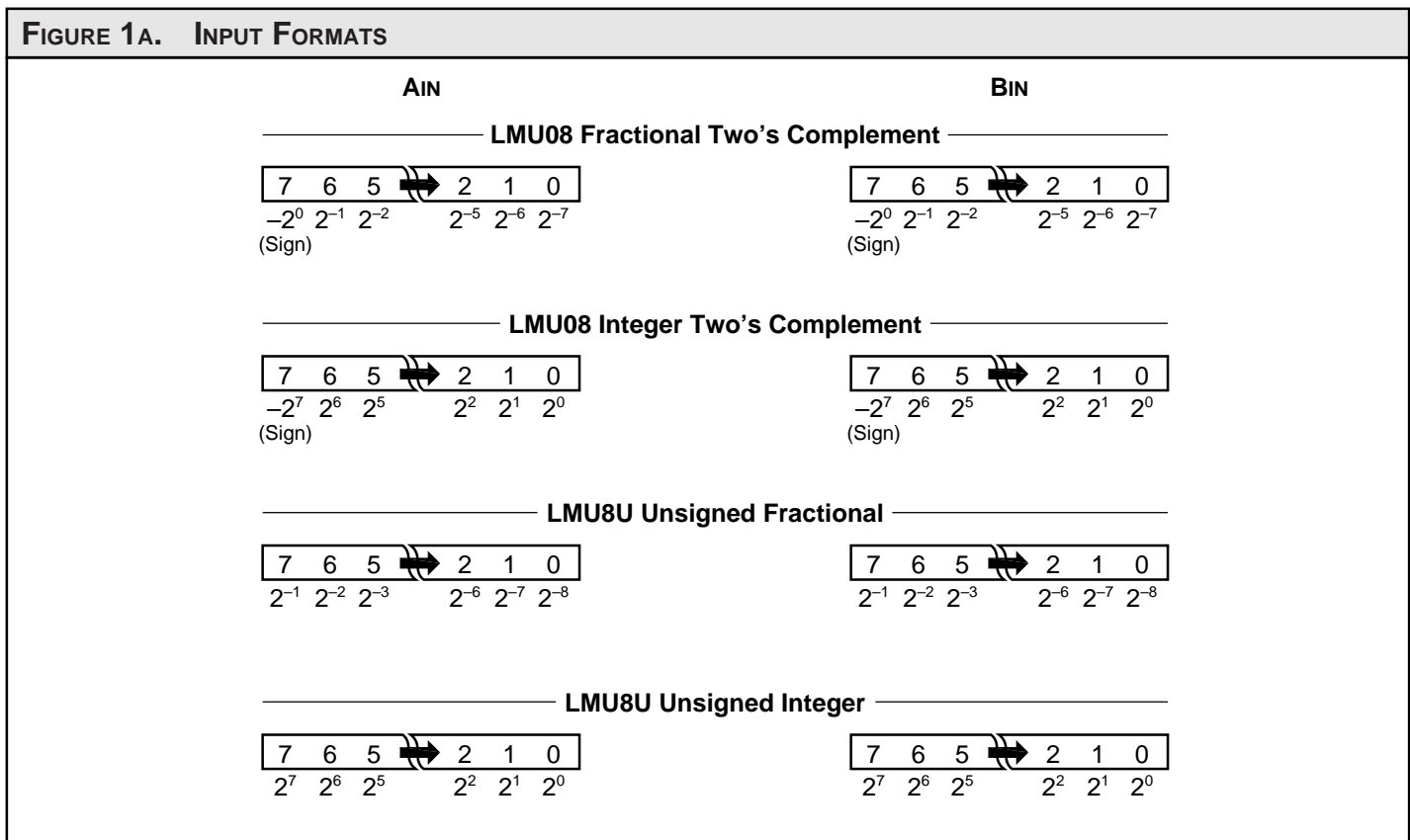
The **LMU08** and **LMU8U** are high-speed, low power 8-bit parallel multipliers. They are pin-for-pin equivalents with TRW TMC208K and TMC28KU type multipliers. Full military ambient temperature range operation is attained by the use of advanced CMOS technology.

Both the LMU08 and the LMU8U produce the 16-bit product of two 8-bit numbers. The LMU08 accepts operands in two's complement format, and produces a two's complement result. The product is provided in two halves with the sign bit replicated as the most significant bit of both halves.

This facilitates use of the LMU08 product as a double precision operand in 8-bit systems. The LMU8U operates on unsigned data, producing an unsigned magnitude result.

Both the LMU08 and the LMU8U feature independently controlled registers for both inputs and the product, which along with three-state outputs allows easy interfacing with microprocessor busses. Provision is made in the LMU08 and LMU8U for proper rounding of the product to 8-bit precision. The round input is loaded at the rising edge of the logical OR of CLK A and CLK B for the LMU08. The LMU8U latches RND on the rising edge of CLK A only. In either case, a '1' is added in the most significant position of the lower product byte when RND is asserted. Subsequent truncation of the least significant product byte results in a correctly rounded 8-bit result.





<b>MAXIMUM RATINGS</b> <i>Above which useful life may be impaired (Notes 1, 2, 3, 8)</i>	
Storage temperature .....	-65°C to +150°C
Operating ambient temperature .....	-55°C to +125°C
V <sub>CC</sub> supply voltage with respect to ground .....	-0.5 V to +7.0 V
Input signal with respect to ground .....	-3.0 V to +7.0 V
Signal applied to high impedance output .....	-3.0 V to +7.0 V
Output current into low outputs .....	25 mA
Latchup current .....	> 400 mA

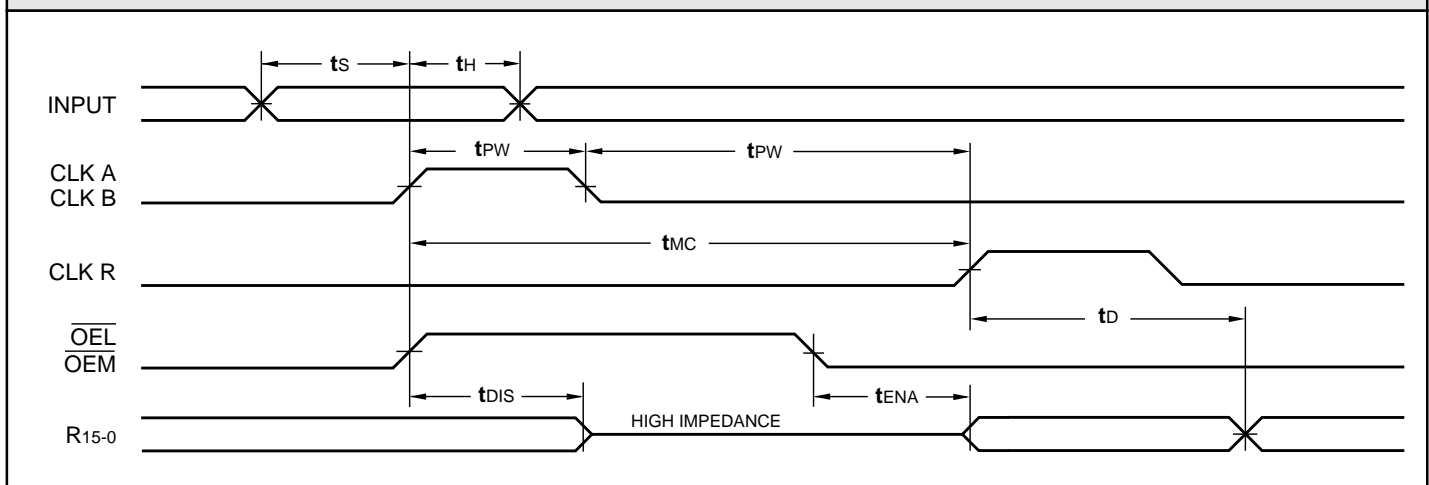
<b>OPERATING CONDITIONS</b> <i>To meet specified electrical and switching characteristics</i>		
Mode	Temperature Range (Ambient)	Supply Voltage
Active Operation, Commercial	0°C to +70°C	4.75 V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 5.25 V
Active Operation, Military	-55°C to +125°C	4.50 V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 5.50 V

<b>ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS</b> <i>Over Operating Conditions (Note 4)</i>						
Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output High Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = Min., I <sub>OH</sub> = -2.0 mA	2.4			V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output Low Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = Min., I <sub>OL</sub> = 8.0 mA			0.5	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input High Voltage		2.0		V <sub>CC</sub>	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input Low Voltage	(Note 3)	0.0		0.8	V
I <sub>Ix</sub>	Input Current	Ground ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> (Note 12)			±20	μA
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Output Leakage Current	Ground ≤ V <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> (Note 12)			±20	μA
I <sub>CC1</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Current, Dynamic	(Notes 5, 6)		8	24	mA
I <sub>CC2</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Current, Quiescent	(Note 7)			1.0	mA

**SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS**

COMMERCIAL OPERATING RANGE (0°C to +70°C) Notes 9, 10 (ns)											
Symbol		Parameter		LMU08/8U–							
				70*		50		35		20*	
				Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max
t <sub>MC</sub>	Clocked Multiply Time		70		50		35		20		
t <sub>PW</sub>	Clock Pulse Width	20		20		10		8			
t <sub>S</sub>	Input Register Setup Time	14		14		14		10			
t <sub>H</sub>	Input Register Hold Time	4		0		0		0			
t <sub>D</sub>	Output Delay		25		20		20		18		
t <sub>ENA</sub>	Three-State Output Enable Delay (Note 11)		24		22		22		15		
t <sub>DIS</sub>	Three-State Output Disable Delay (Note 11)		22		20		20		15		

MILITARY OPERATING RANGE (–55°C to +125°C) Notes 9, 10 (ns)											
Symbol		Parameter		LMU08/8U–							
				90*		60*		45*		25*	
				Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max
t <sub>MC</sub>	Clocked Multiply Time		90		60		45		25		
t <sub>PW</sub>	Clock Pulse Width	25		20		15		10			
t <sub>S</sub>	Input Register Setup Time	20		15		15		15			
t <sub>H</sub>	Input Register Hold Time	5		2		2		2			
t <sub>D</sub>	Output Delay		35		22		22		20		
t <sub>ENA</sub>	Three-State Output Enable Delay (Note 11)		35		24		24		20		
t <sub>DIS</sub>	Three-State Output Disable Delay (Note 11)		35		22		22		20		

**SWITCHING WAVEFORMS**


\*DISCONTINUED SPEED GRADE

**NOTES**

1. Maximum Ratings indicate stress specifications only. Functional operation of these products at values beyond those indicated in the Operating Conditions table is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

2. The products described by this specification include internal circuitry designed to protect the chip from damaging substrate injection currents and accumulations of static charge. Nevertheless, conventional precautions should be observed during storage, handling, and use of these circuits in order to avoid exposure to excessive electrical stress values.

3. This device provides hard clamping of transient undershoot and overshoot. Input levels below ground or above VCC will be clamped beginning at -0.6 V and VCC + 0.6 V. The device can withstand indefinite operation with inputs in the range of -0.5 V to +7.0 V. Device operation will not be adversely affected, however, input current levels will be well in excess of 100 mA.

4. Actual test conditions may vary from those designated but operation is guaranteed as specified.

5. Supply current for a given application can be accurately approximated by:

$$\frac{NCV^2F}{4}$$

where

- N = total number of device outputs
- C = capacitive load per output
- V = supply voltage
- F = clock frequency

6. Tested with all outputs changing every cycle and no load, at a 5 MHz clock rate.

7. Tested with all inputs within 0.1 V of VCC or Ground, no load.

8. These parameters are guaranteed but not 100% tested.

9. AC specifications are tested with input transition times less than 3 ns, output reference levels of 1.5 V (except tDIS test), and input levels of nominally 0 to 3.0 V. Output loading may be a resistive divider which provides for specified IOH and IOL at an output voltage of VOH min and VOL max respectively. Alternatively, a diode bridge with upper and lower current sources of IOH and IOL respectively, and a balancing voltage of 1.5 V may be used. Parasitic capacitance is 30 pF minimum, and may be distributed.

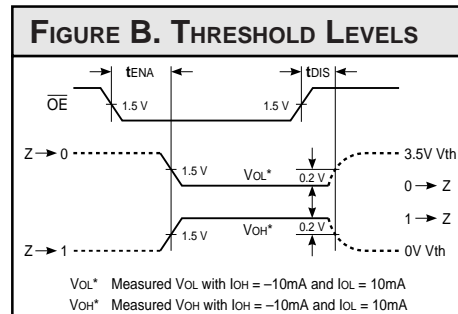
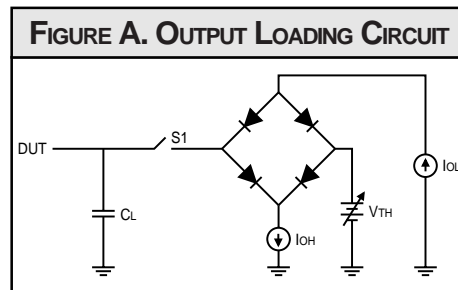
This device has high-speed outputs capable of large instantaneous current pulses and fast turn-on/turn-off times. As a result, care must be exercised in the testing of this device. The following measures are recommended:

- a. A 0.1 μF ceramic capacitor should be installed between VCC and Ground leads as close to the Device Under Test (DUT) as possible. Similar capacitors should be installed between device VCC and the tester common, and device ground and tester common.
- b. Ground and VCC supply planes must be brought directly to the DUT socket or contactor fingers.
- c. Input voltages should be adjusted to compensate for inductive ground and VCC noise to maintain required DUT input levels relative to the DUT ground pin.

10. Each parameter is shown as a minimum or maximum value. Input requirements are specified from the point of view of the external system driving the chip. Setup time, for example, is specified as a minimum since the external system must supply at least that much time to meet the worst-case requirements of all parts. Responses from the internal circuitry are specified from the point of view of the device. Output delay, for example, is specified as a maximum since worst-case operation of any device always provides data within that time.

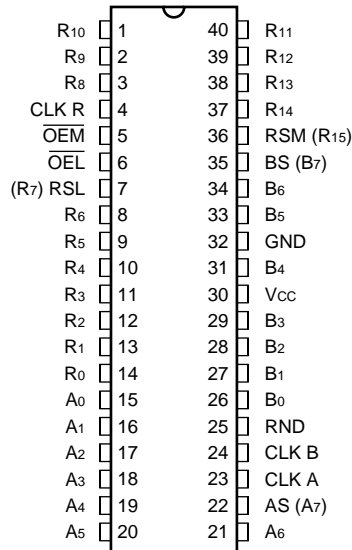
11. For the tENA test, the transition is measured to the 1.5 V crossing point with datasheet loads. For the tDIS test, the transition is measured to the ±200mV level from the measured steady-state output voltage with ±10mA loads. The balancing voltage, VTH, is set at 3.5 V for Z-to-0 and 0-to-Z tests, and set at 0 V for Z-to-1 and 1-to-Z tests.

12. These parameters are only tested at the high temperature extreme, which is the worst case for leakage current.

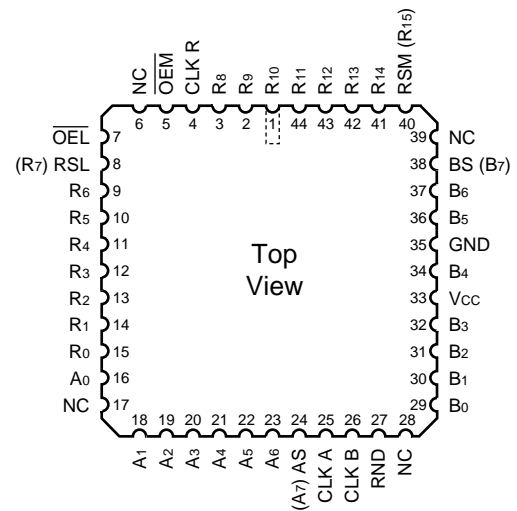


#### LMU08 — ORDERING INFORMATION

40-pin — 0.6" wide



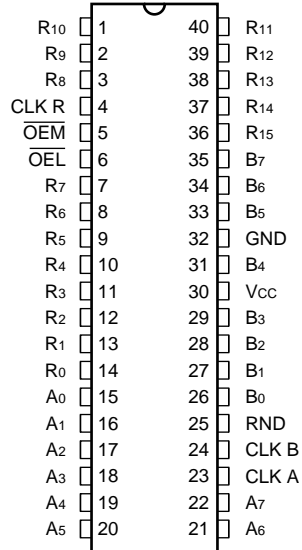
44-pin



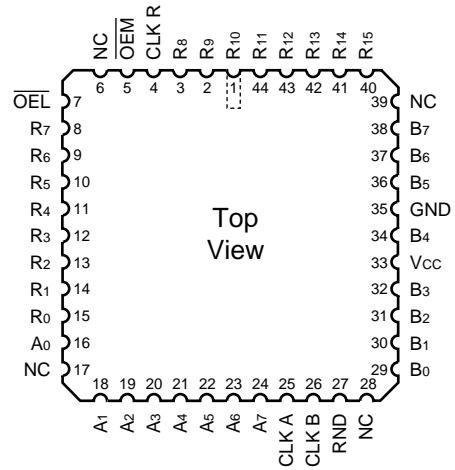
Speed	Plastic DIP (P3)	Plastic J-Lead Chip Carrier (J1)
	<b>0°C to +70°C — COMMERCIAL SCREENING</b>	
50 ns 35 ns	LMU08PC35	LMU08JC50 LMU08JC35
	<b>-55°C to +125°C — COMMERCIAL SCREENING</b>	
	<b>-55°C to +125°C — MIL-STD-883 COMPLIANT</b>	

#### LMU8U — ORDERING INFORMATION

40-pin — 0.6" wide



44-pin



Speed	Plastic DIP (P3)	Plastic J-Lead Chip Carrier (J1)
	<b>0°C to +70°C — COMMERCIAL SCREENING</b>	
50 ns 35 ns	LMU8UPC50 LMU8UPC35	LMU8UJC50 LMU8UJC35
	<b>-55°C to +125°C — COMMERCIAL SCREENING</b>	
	<b>-55°C to +125°C — MIL-STD-883 COMPLIANT</b>	