

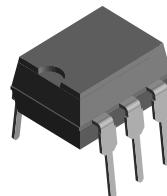
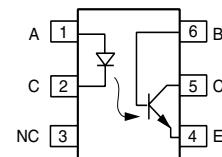
# Optocoupler, Phototransistor Output, With Base Connection

## Features

- Current Transfer Ratio (see order information)
- Isolation Test Voltage 5300 V<sub>RMS</sub>
- Lead-free component
- Component in accordance to RoHS 2002/95/EC and WEEE 2002/96/EC

## Agency Approvals

- UL1577, File No. E52744 System Code H or J, Double Protection


II79004


- DIN EN 60747-5-2 (VDE0884)  
DIN EN 60747-5-5 pending  
Available with Option 1

## Description

The IL1/ IL2/ IL5 are optically coupled isolated pairs employing GaAs infrared LEDs and silicon NPN phototransistor. Signal information, including a DC level, can be transmitted by the drive while maintaining a high degree of electrical isolation between input and output. The IL1/ IL2/ IL5 are especially designed for driving medium-speed logic and can be used to eliminate troublesome ground loop and noise problems. These couplers can be used also to replace relays and transformers in many digital interface applications such as CRT modulation.

## Order Information

| Part     | Remarks                               |
|----------|---------------------------------------|
| IL1      | CTR > 20 %, DIP-6                     |
| IL2      | CTR > 100 %, DIP-6                    |
| IL5      | CTR > 50 %, DIP-6                     |
| IL1-X006 | CTR > 20 %, DIP-6 400 mil (option 6)  |
| IL2-X006 | CTR > 100 %, DIP-6 400 mil (option 6) |
| IL2-X009 | CTR > 100 %, SMD-6 (option 9)         |
| IL5-X009 | CTR > 50 %, SMD-6 (option 9)          |

For additional information on the available options refer to Option Information.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

T<sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified

Stresses in excess of the absolute Maximum Ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation of the device is not implied at these or any other conditions in excess of those given in the operational sections of this document. Exposure to absolute Maximum Rating for extended periods of the time can adversely affect reliability.

## Input

| Parameter                  | Test condition | Symbol            | Value | Unit  |
|----------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------|-------|
| Reverse voltage            |                | V <sub>R</sub>    | 6.0   | V     |
| Forward current            |                | I <sub>F</sub>    | 60    | mA    |
| Surge current              |                | I <sub>FSM</sub>  | 2.5   | A     |
| Power dissipation          |                | P <sub>diss</sub> | 100   | mW    |
| Derate linearly from 25 °C |                |                   | 1.33  | mW/°C |

## Output

| Parameter                           | Test condition       | Part | Symbol     | Value | Unit  |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|------|------------|-------|-------|
| Collector-emitter breakdown voltage |                      | IL1  | $BV_{CEO}$ | 50    | V     |
|                                     |                      | IL2  | $BV_{CEO}$ | 70    | V     |
|                                     |                      | IL5  | $BV_{CEO}$ | 70    | V     |
| Emitter-base breakdown voltage      |                      |      | $BV_{EBO}$ | 7.0   | V     |
| Collector-base breakdown voltage    |                      |      | $BV_{CBO}$ | 70    | V     |
| Collector current                   |                      |      | $I_C$      | 50    | mA    |
|                                     | $t < 1.0 \text{ ms}$ |      | $I_C$      | 400   | mA    |
| Power dissipation                   |                      |      | $P_{diss}$ | 200   | mW    |
| Derate linearly from 25 °C          |                      |      |            | 2.6   | mW/°C |

## Coupler

| Parameter   | Test condition                                     | Symbol    | Value         | Unit             |
|---|--|-----------|---------------|------------------|
| Package power dissipation   |  | $P_{tot}$ | 250           | mW               |
| Derate linearly from 25 °C  |  |           | 3.3           | mW/°C            |
| Isolation test voltage (between emitter and detector referred to standard climate 23 °/50 %RH, DIN 50014) |  | $V_{ISO}$ | 5300          | V <sub>RMS</sub> |
| Creepage  |  |           | ≥ 7.0         | mm               |
| Clearance   |  |           | ≥ 7.0         | mm               |
| Comparative tracking index per DIN IEC 112/VDE 0303, part 1   |  |           | 175           |                  |
| Isolation resistance  | $V_{IO} = 500 \text{ V}, T_{amb} = 25 \text{ °C}$  | $R_{IO}$  | ≥ $10^{12}$   | Ω                |
|   | $V_{IO} = 500 \text{ V}, T_{amb} = 100 \text{ °C}$ | $R_{IO}$  | ≥ $10^{11}$   | Ω                |
| Storage temperature   |  | $T_{stg}$ | - 40 to + 150 | °C               |
| Operating temperature   |  | $T_{amb}$ | - 40 to + 100 | °C               |
| Junction temperature  |  | $T_j$     | 100           | °C               |
| Soldering temperature   | 2.0 mm from case bottom                            | $T_{sld}$ | 260           | °C               |

## Electrical Characteristics

$T_{amb} = 25 \text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Minimum and maximum values are testing requirements. Typical values are characteristics of the device and are the result of engineering evaluation. Typical values are for information only and are not part of the testing requirements.

## Input

| Parameter                           | Test condition                           | Symbol     | Min | Typ. | Max  | Unit |
|-------------------------------------|--|------------|-----|------|------|------|
| Forward voltage                     | $I_F = 60 \text{ mA}$                    | $V_F$      |     | 1.25 | 1.65 | V    |
| Breakdown voltage                   | $I_R = 10 \mu\text{A}$                   | $V_{BR}$   | 6.0 | 30   |      | V    |
| Reverse current                     | $V_R = 6.0 \text{ V}$                    | $I_R$      |     | 0.01 | 10   | μA   |
| Capacitance                         | $V_R = 0 \text{ V}, f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$ | $C_O$      |     | 40   |      | pF   |
| Thermal resistance junction to lead |  | $R_{thjl}$ |     | 750  |      | K/W  |

## Output

| Parameter                            | Test condition                                     | Symbol      | Min | Typ. | Max  | Unit |
|--------------------------------------|--|-------------|-----|------|------|------|
| Collector-emitter capacitance        | $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ , $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$   | $C_{CE}$    |     | 6.8  |      | pF   |
| Collector - base capacitance         | $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ , $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$   | $C_{CB}$    |     | 8.5  |      | pF   |
| Emitter - base capacitance           | $V_{EB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ , $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$   | $C_{EB}$    |     | 11   |      | pF   |
| Collector-emitter leakage current    | $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$                            | $I_{CEO}$   |     | 5.0  | 50   | nA   |
| Collector-emitter saturation voltage | $I_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ , $I_B = 20 \mu\text{A}$ | $V_{CESAT}$ |     | 0.25 |      | V    |
| Base-emitter voltage                 | $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ , $I_B = 20 \mu\text{A}$   | $V_{BE}$    |     | 0.65 |      | V    |
| DC forward current gain              | $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ , $I_B = 20 \mu\text{A}$   | $HFE$       | 200 | 650  | 1800 |      |
| DC forward current gain saturated    | $V_{CE} = 0.4 \text{ V}$ , $I_B = 20 \mu\text{A}$  | $HFE_{sat}$ | 120 | 400  | 600  |      |
| Thermal resistance junction to lead  |  | $R_{thjl}$  |     | 500  |      | K/W  |

## Coupler

| Parameter                  | Test condition                                  | Symbol   | Min | Typ.      | Max | Unit     |
|----------------------------|---|----------|-----|-----------|-----|----------|
| Capacitance (input-output) | $V_{I-O} = 0 \text{ V}$ , $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$ | $C_{IO}$ |     | 0.6       |     | pF       |
| Insulation resistance      | $V_{I-O} = 500 \text{ V}$                       | $R_s$    |     | $10^{14}$ |     | $\Omega$ |

## Current Transfer Ratio

| Parameter  | Test condition                                   | Part | Symbol        | Min | Typ. | Max | Unit |
|--|--|------|---------------|-----|------|-----|------|
| Current Transfer Ratio (collector-emitter saturated) | $I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 0.4 \text{ V}$ | IL1  | $CTR_{CEsat}$ |     | 75   |     | %    |
|  |  | IL2  | $CTR_{CEsat}$ |     | 170  |     | %    |
|  |  | IL5  | $CTR_{CEsat}$ |     | 100  |     | %    |
| Current Transfer Ratio (collector-emitter)           | $I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$  | IL1  | $CTR_{CE}$    | 20  | 80   | 300 | %    |
|  |  | IL2  | $CTR_{CE}$    | 100 | 200  | 500 | %    |
|  |  | IL5  | $CTR_{CE}$    | 50  | 130  | 400 | %    |
| Current Transfer Ratio (collector-base)              | $I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CB} = 9.3 \text{ V}$ | IL1  | $CTR_{CB}$    |     | 0.25 |     | %    |
|  |  | IL2  | $CTR_{CB}$    |     | 0.25 |     | %    |
|  |  | IL5  | $CTR_{CB}$    |     | 0.25 |     | %    |

## Switching Non-saturated

| Parameter      | Current | Delay         | Rise time     | Storage       | Fall time     | Propagation H-L | Propagation L-H |
|----------------|---------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Test condition |         |               |               |               |               |                 |                 |
| Symbol         | $I_F$   | $t_D$         | $t_r$         | $t_S$         | $t_f$         | $t_{PHL}$       | $t_{PLH}$       |
| Unit           | mA      | $\mu\text{s}$ | $\mu\text{s}$ | $\mu\text{s}$ | $\mu\text{s}$ | $\mu\text{s}$   | $\mu\text{s}$   |
| IL1            | 20      | 0.8           | 1.9           | 0.2           | 1.4           | 0.7             | 1.4             |
| IL2            | 4.0     | 1.7           | 2.6           | 0.4           | 2.2           | 1.2             | 2.3             |
| IL5            | 10      | 1.7           | 2.6           | 0.4           | 2.2           | 1.1             | 2.5             |

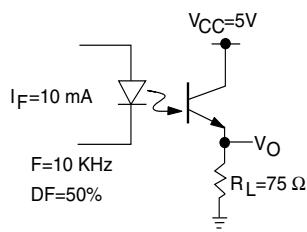
### Switching Saturated

| Parameter      | Current   | Delay   | Rise time | Storage | Fall time | Propagation H-L | Propagation L-H |
|----------------|---|---------|-----------|---------|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Test condition | $V_{CE} = 0.4$ V, $R_L = 1.0$ k $\Omega$ , $V_{CL} = 5.0$ V, $V_{TH} = 1.5$ V |         |           |         |           |                 |                 |
| Symbol         | $I_F$   | $t_D$   | $t_r$     | $t_S$   | $t_f$     | $t_{PHL}$       | $t_{PLH}$       |
| Unit           | mA  | $\mu$ s | $\mu$ s   | $\mu$ s | $\mu$ s   | $\mu$ s         | $\mu$ s         |
| IL1            | 20  | 0.8     | 1.2       | 7.4     | 7.6       | 1.6             | 8.6             |
| IL2            | 5.0   | 1.0     | 2.0       | 5.4     | 13.5      | 5.4             | 7.4             |
| IL5            | 10  | 1.7     | 7.0       | 4.6     | 20        | 2.6             | 7.2             |

### Common Mode Transient Immunity

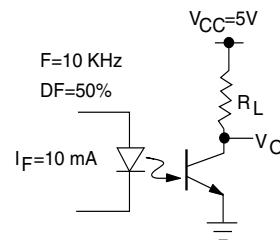
| Parameter                         | Test condition  | Symbol          | Min | Typ. | Max | Unit       |
|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------|-----|------|-----|------------|
| Common mode rejection output high | $V_{CM} = 50$ V <sub>P-P</sub> , $R_L = 1$ k $\Omega$ , $I_F = 10$ mA | CM <sub>H</sub> |     | 5000 |     | V/ $\mu$ s |
| Common mode rejection output low  | $V_{CM} = 50$ V <sub>P-P</sub> , $R_L = 1$ k $\Omega$ , $I_F = 10$ mA | CM <sub>L</sub> |     | 5000 |     | V/ $\mu$ s |
| Common mode coupling capacitance  |   | $C_{CM}$        |     | 0.01 |     | pF         |

### Typical Characteristics (T<sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C unless otherwise specified)



iil1\_01

Figure 1. Non-saturated Switching Schematic



iil1\_02

Figure 2. Saturated Switching Schematic

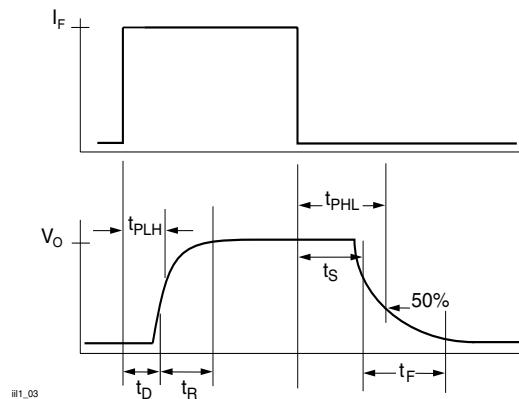


Figure 3. Non-saturated Switching Timing

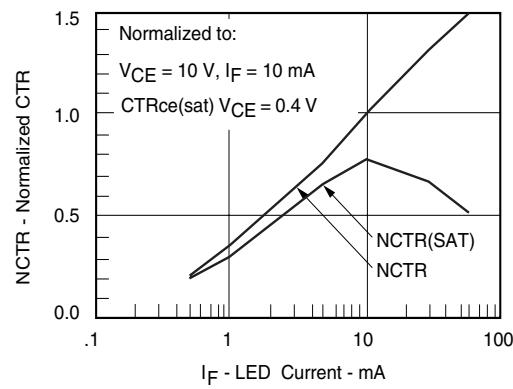


Figure 6. Normalized Non-Saturated and Saturated CTR vs. LED Current

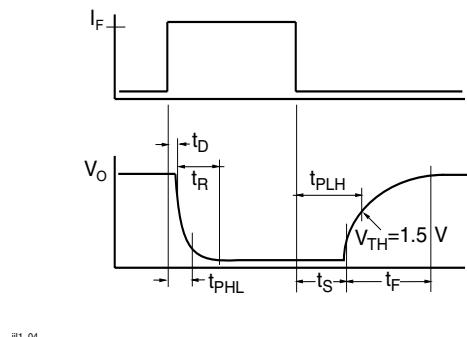


Figure 4. Saturated Switching Timing

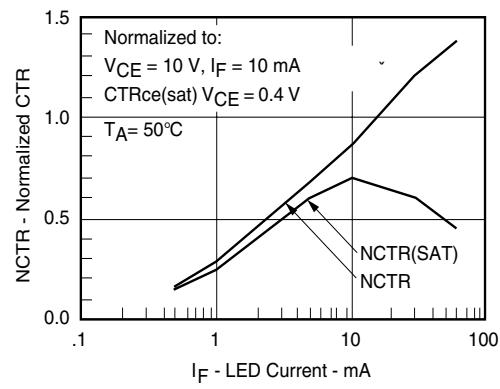


Figure 7. Normalized Non-saturated and Saturated CTR vs. LED Current

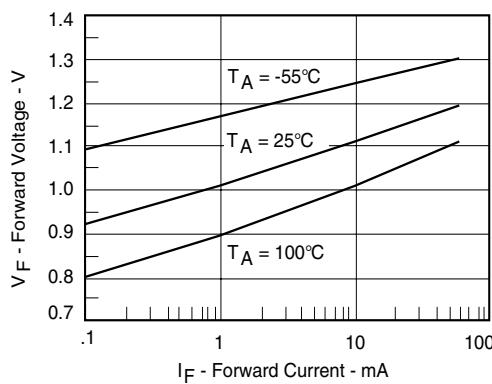


Figure 5. Forward Voltage vs. Forward Current

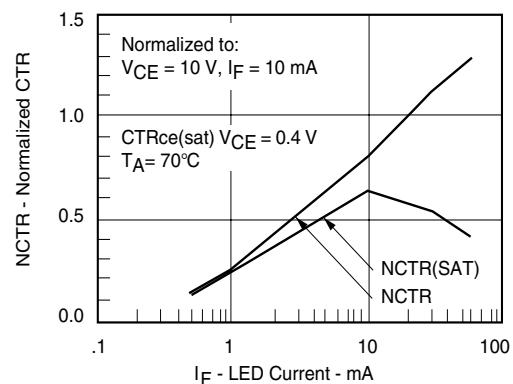
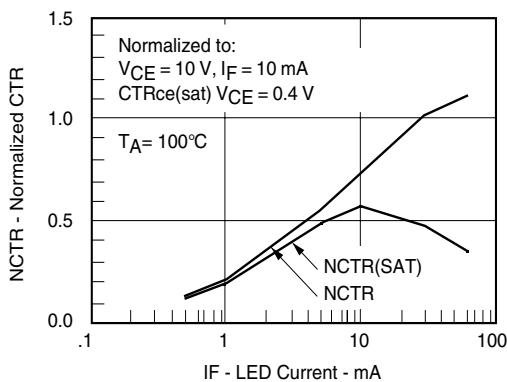
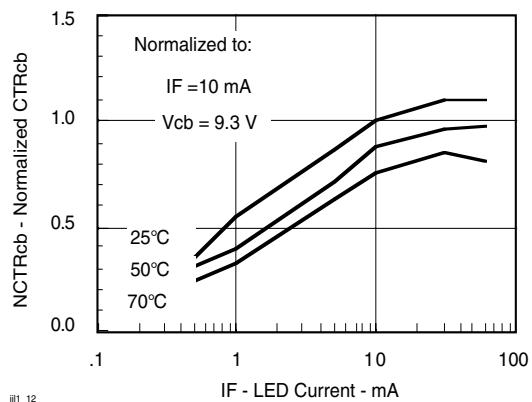


Figure 8. Normalized Non-saturated and Saturated CTR vs. LED Current



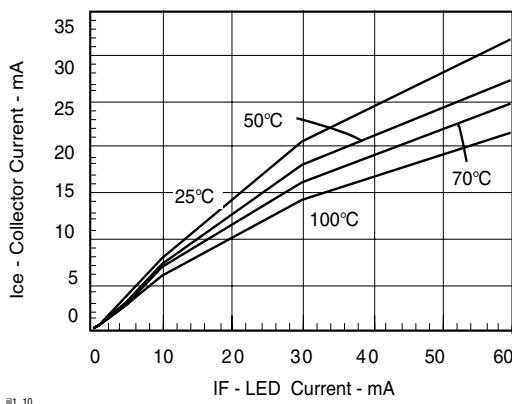
ii1\_09

Figure 9. Normalized Non-Saturated and Saturated CTR,  $T_A = 100\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  vs. LED Current



ii1\_12

Figure 12. Normalized CTR<sub>cb</sub> vs. LED Current and Temperature



ii1\_10

Figure 10. Collector-Emitter Current vs. Temperature and LED Current

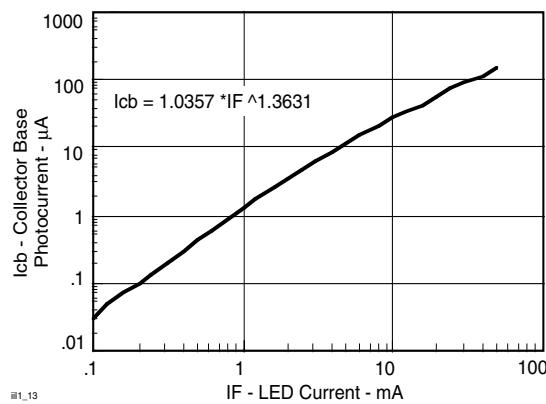
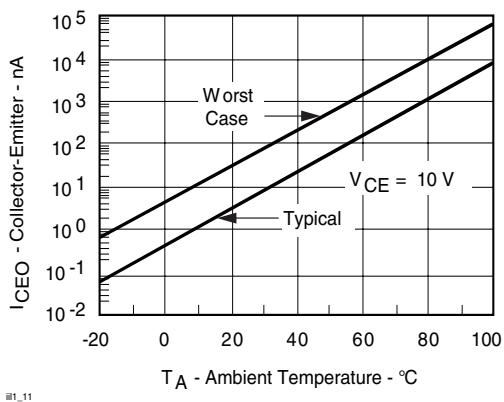


Figure 13. Collector-Base Photocurrent vs. LED Current



ii1\_11

Figure 11. Collector-Emitter Leakage Current vs. Temp.

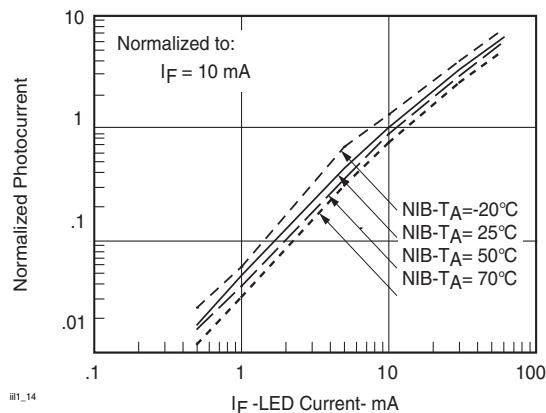


Figure 14. Normalized Photocurrent vs. IF and Temp.

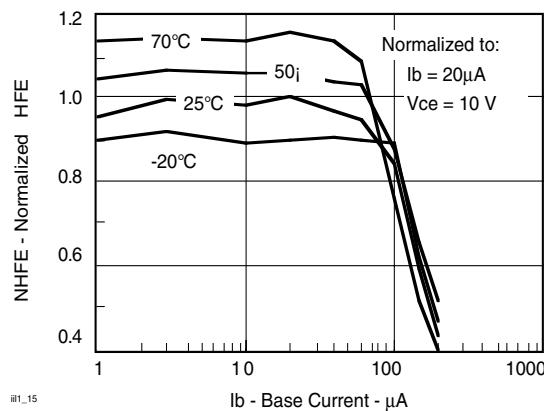


Figure 15. Normalized Non-saturated HFE vs. Base Current and Temperature

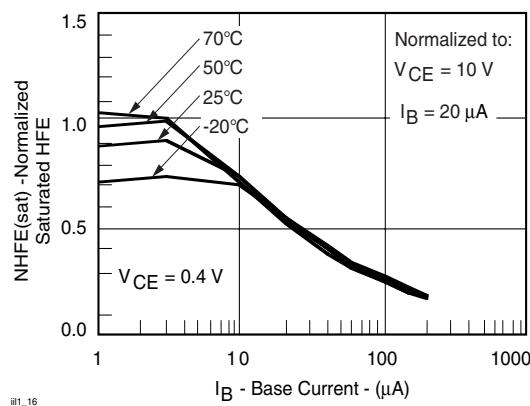


Figure 16. Normalized Saturated HFE vs. Base Current and Temperature

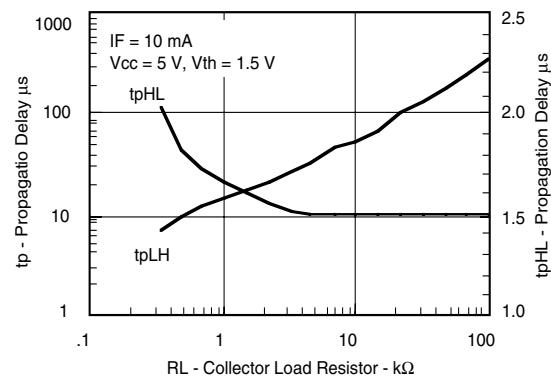
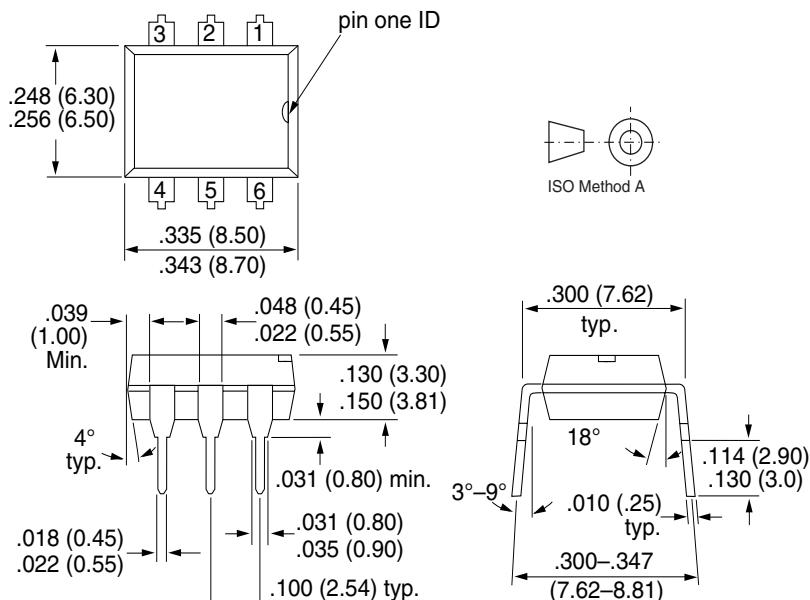
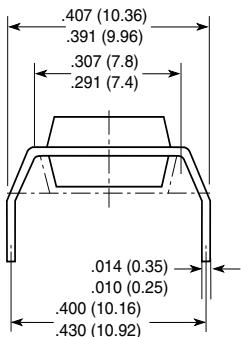


Figure 17. Propagation Delay vs. Collector Load Resistor

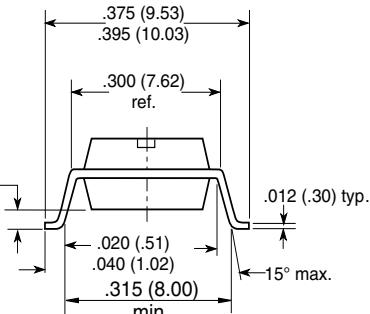
### Package Dimensions in Inches (mm)



i178004

**Option 6**

18493

**Option 9**

## Ozone Depleting Substances Policy Statement

It is the policy of Vishay Semiconductor GmbH to

1. Meet all present and future national and international statutory requirements.
2. Regularly and continuously improve the performance of our products, processes, distribution and operating systems with respect to their impact on the health and safety of our employees and the public, as well as their impact on the environment.

It is particular concern to control or eliminate releases of those substances into the atmosphere which are known as ozone depleting substances (ODSs).

The Montreal Protocol (1987) and its London Amendments (1990) intend to severely restrict the use of ODSs and forbid their use within the next ten years. Various national and international initiatives are pressing for an earlier ban on these substances.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH has been able to use its policy of continuous improvements to eliminate the use of ODSs listed in the following documents.

1. Annex A, B and list of transitional substances of the Montreal Protocol and the London Amendments respectively
2. Class I and II ozone depleting substances in the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the USA
3. Council Decision 88/540/EEC and 91/690/EEC Annex A, B and C (transitional substances) respectively.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH can certify that our semiconductors are not manufactured with ozone depleting substances and do not contain such substances.

We reserve the right to make changes to improve technical design  
and may do so without further notice.

Parameters can vary in different applications. All operating parameters must be validated for each customer application by the customer. Should the buyer use Vishay Semiconductors products for any unintended or unauthorized application, the buyer shall indemnify Vishay Semiconductors against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal damage, injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use.

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