SONY

CXA2566M

Headphone Stereos

Description

This is a bipolar IC designed for headphone stereos. It provides functions such as automatic volume limiter control, bass boost, standby, headphone driver and others.

Features

- Low quiescent current (3.2mA at 2.4V Vcc)
- Thermal shutdown circuitry at 120°C
- Headphone driver (30mW at 2.4V Vcc for 16Ω load)
- Bass boost function (9dB)
- Standby function
- Wide operating voltage (1.8 to 5V)
- Automatic volume limiter control (100mVrms)
- Uses SOP 16 pin package

Application

Headphone Stereos

Structure

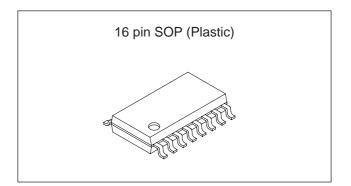
Bipolar silicon monolithic IC

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

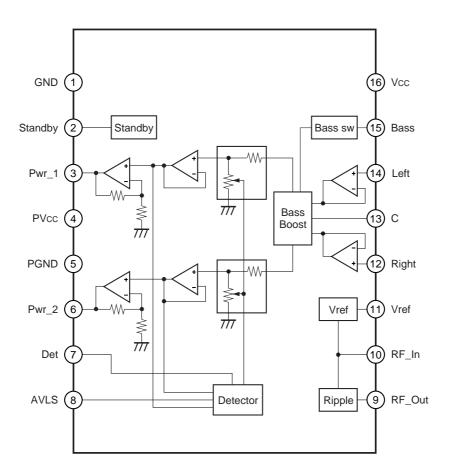
 Supply voltage 	Vcc	7	V
 Operating temperature 	Topr	-20 to +75	°C
 Storage temperature 	Tstg	-65 to +150	°C
 Allowable power dissipation 	PD	500	mW

Operating Conditions

Supply voltage Vcc 1.8 to 5



Block Diagram and Pin Configuration



Pin Description

Pin No.	Symbol	Pin Voltage	Equivalent circuit	Description
1 5	GND PGND	0 0		Pre-amp ground Power amp ground
2	Standby	1	2k W 20k 124 (2) \$100k GND	Standby switch H: Operate L: Standby
3 6	Pwr_1 Pwr_2	1.2 1.2	Vcc 3k 3k GND	Left channel output Right channel output
4 16	PVcc Vcc	0 0		Power amp supply Pre-amp supply
7	Det	<1	10k 10k Vcc 7	Detector output
8	AVLS	0	20k 124 	AVLS switch H: AVLS on L: AVLS off

Pin No.	Symbol	Pin Voltage	Equivalent circuit	Description
9 10	RF_Out RF_In	2.2 2.2	32k VV 124 9 368k My 100 GND	Ripple filter output
11	Vref	1.2	10k 10k Vcc	Voltage reference output
12 14	Right Left	1.2	10k 10k Vcc 124 124 124 124 GND	Right channel input Left channel input
13	С	1.2	32k Vcc Vcc Vcc Vcc Vcc Vcc Vcc Vcc Vcc Vc	Low pass filter output

Pin No.	Symbol	Pin Voltage	Equivalent circuit	Description
15	Bass	1	20k W 20k 124 15 100k GND	Bass switch H: Bass on L: Bass off

Electrical Characteristics

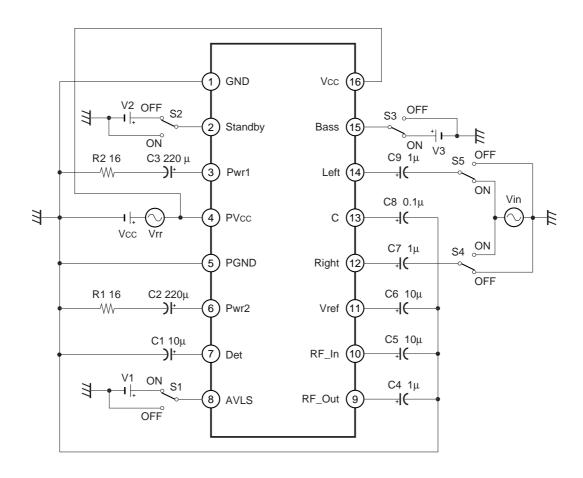
Itama	Complete	Sw Condition			Vin	\/	Management and ditiona		
Items	Symbols	Sw1	Sw2	Sw3	Sw4	Sw5	Vin	Vrr	Measurement conditions
Current consumption 1	Icc1	Off	On	Off	Off	Off			
Current consumption 2	ICC2	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off			
Voltage gain 1	Av1	Off	Off	Off	On	On	-20dBm		
Voltage gain 2	Av2	Off	Off	On	On	On			BB on, ∆Av at 100Hz and 1kHz
AVLS output 1	VAVLS1	On	Off	Off	On	On	50mVp-p		
AVLS output 2	VAVLS2	On	Off	Off	On	On	250mVp-p		
Maximum Power	Po1	Off	Off	Off	On	On			THD = 10%
Distortion factor	THD	Off	Off	Off	On	On			Vo = 0.3Vrms
Noise output	Vno	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off			Rg = 0, A-weight
Ripple Rejection	RR	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off		-20dBm	
Channel Separation	cs	Off	Off	Off	On/ off	Off/ on			Vo = −10dBv
Standby off	Vstandby	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off			
Standby switch	Istandby	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off			Vstandby = 1V
Bass on	V _{Bass}	Off	Off	On	Off	Off			
Bass switch	IBass	Off	Off	On	Off	Off			VBass = 1V
AVLS on	Vavls	On	Off	Off	Off	Off			
AVLS switch	lavis	On	Off	Off	Off	Off			Vavls = 1V

(Unless otherwise specified. Ta = 25°C, Vc = 2.4V, RL = 16Ω , f = 1kHz, standby off, AVLS off, BB off)

No.	Items	Symbols	Measurement conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
1	Current consumption 1	Icc1	Standby on	_	18	23	μΑ
2	Current consumption 2	ICC2		_	3.2	5	mA
3	Voltage gain 1	Av1	Vin = -20dBm	11	11.78	12	dB
4	Voltage gain 2	Av2	BB on, ΔAv at 100Hz and 1kHz	8	9.22	10	dB
5	AVLS output 1	Vavls1	AVLS on, Vin = 50mVp-p	86	103	116	mVrms
6	AVLS output 2	Vavls2	AVLS on, Vin = 250mVp-p	86	104	116	mVrms
7	Maximum Power	Po1	Vcc = 2.4V, THD = 10%	15	30	_	mW
8	Distortion factor	THD	Vo = 0.3Vrms	_	0.13	0.3	%
9	Noise output	Vno	Rg = 0	_	-84	-80	dBm
10	Ripple Rejection	RR*1	fr = 1kMz, Vrr = -20dBm	36	61	_	dB
11	Channel Separation	CS*1	Vo = −10dBv	-46	-50	_	dB
12	Standby off	Vstandby			1		V
13	Standby switch	İstandby	Vstandby = 1V		15		μA
14	Bass on	V _{Bass}			1		V
15	Bass switch	IBass	V _{Bass} = 1V		30		μA
16	AVLS on	Vavls			1		V
17	AVLS switch	lavis	Vavis = 1V		15		μA

^{*1} Values are measured with respect to input source.

Electrical Characteristics Measurement Circuit



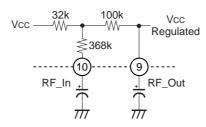
Description of Operation

1) Det Pin (Pin 7)

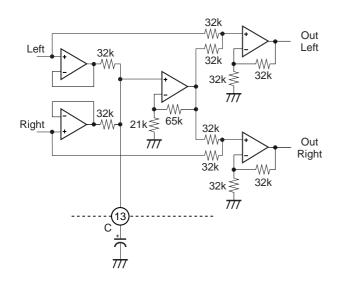
This is the external pin for the detector during AVLS mode. The attack time is determined by the internal charging buffer and the external capacitor. The recovery time is determined by both the 80k impedance inside the IC and the external capacitor.

2) RF_Out (Pin 9) / RF_In (Pin 10)

These are the two external pin for the power supply's ripple filter. It provides a regulated $0.92 \times Vcc$ to the internal circuits. The rejection ratio is determined by the resistors inside the IC and the two external capacitors.



3) C Pin (Pin 13)

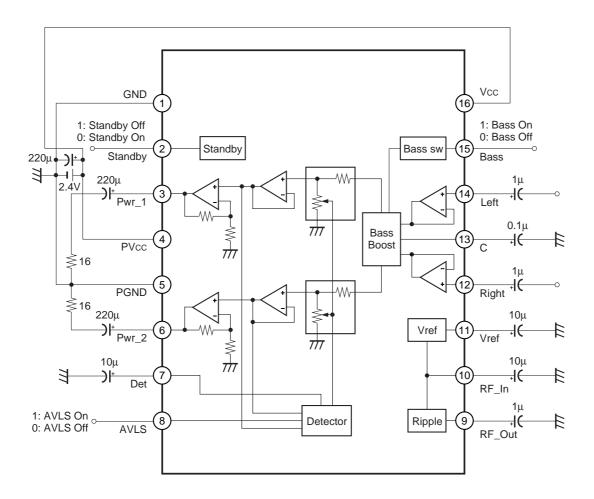


The bass boost circuitry is designed to provide a 9dB gain at 100Hz for $C=0.1\mu F$.

The cut off frequency is determined by:

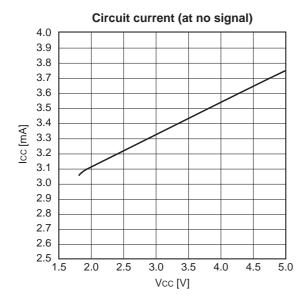
$$f_{\text{cutoff}} = \frac{1}{2\pi \times 16k \times C}$$

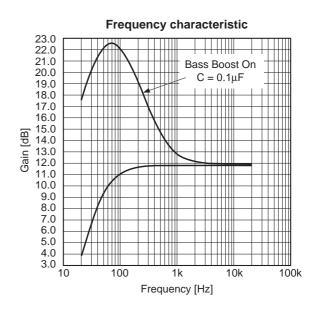
Application Circuit

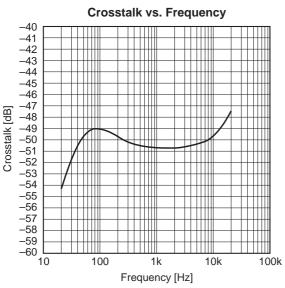


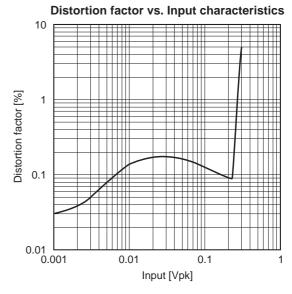
Application circuits shown are typical examples illustrating the operation of the devices. Sony cannot assume responsibility for any problems arising out of the use of these circuits or for any infringement of third party patent and other right due to same.

Example of Representative Characteristics



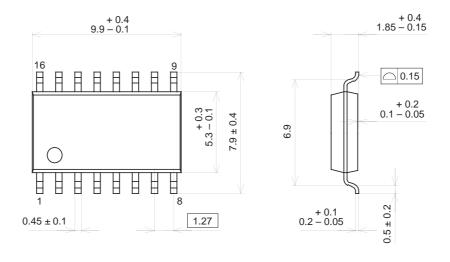


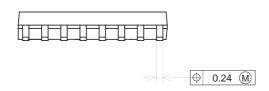




Package Outline Unit: mm

16PIN SOP (PLASTIC)





PACKAGE STRUCTURE

		l	PACKAGE MATERIAL	EPOXY RESIN	
SONY CODE	SOP-16P-L01		.,	El OXI REON	
CONT CODE			LEAD TREATMENT	SOLDER PLATING	
EIAJ CODE	SOP016-P-0300				
			LEAD MATERIAL	COPPER ALLOY	
JEDEC CODE				0.0	
			PACKAGE MASS	0.2g	